

# What's RDR

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KEK

For RDR Management Board



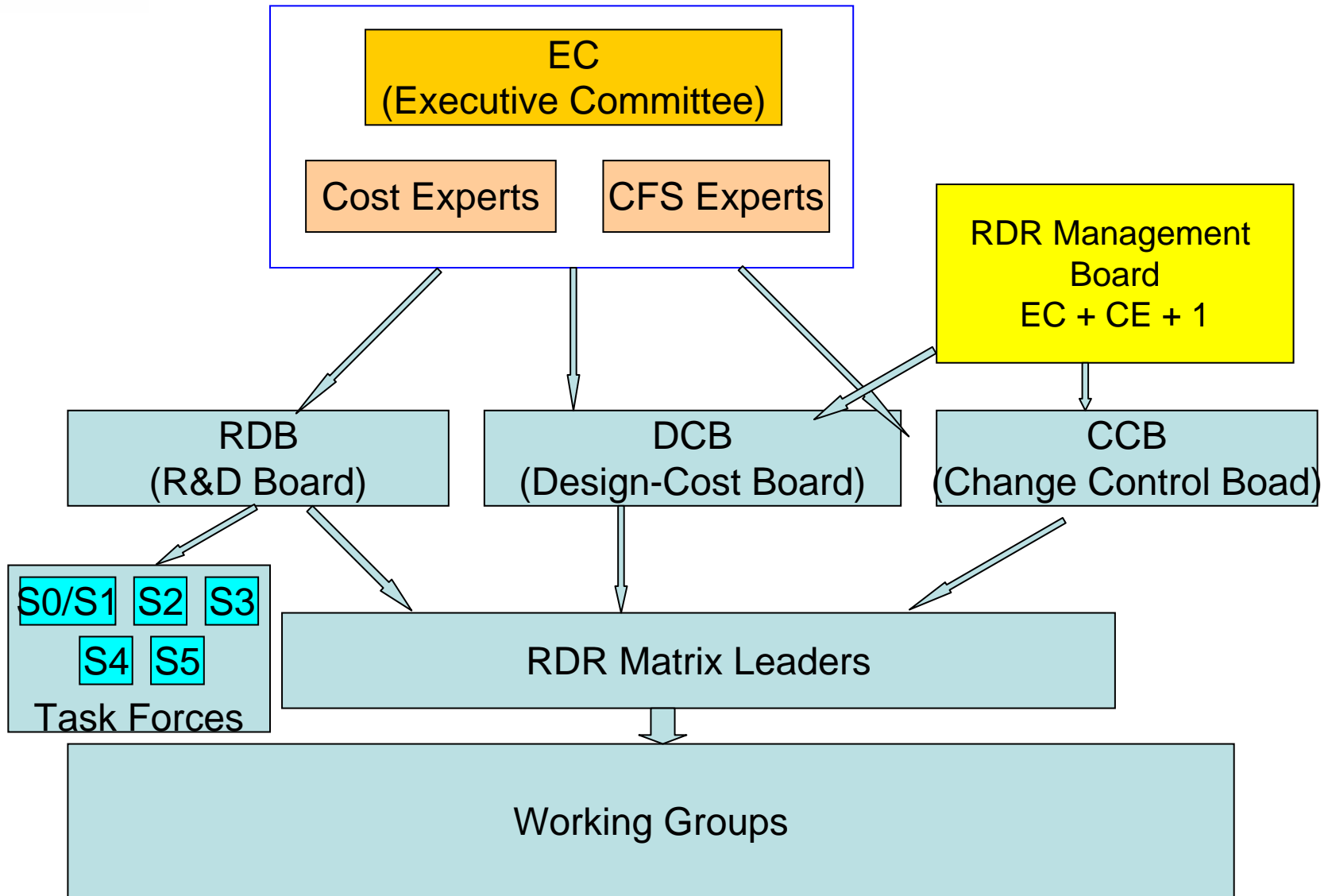
# ILC Milestones

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- 2004 Aug. ICFA Decision of SC Technology (ICHEP at Beijing)
- 2005 Aug. Formation of GDE (Snowmass Workshop)
- 2005 Dec. BCD (Baseline Configuration Document) completed (Frascati Workshop)
- 2007 Feb. **Draft of RDR** (Reference Design Report) with Cost to be open to public (Beijing GDE Workshop)  
**We came to this point today,**  
Then,
- EDR (Engineering Design Report), Site Selection, Approval, Construction...



# GDE Structure





# RDR Management Board

- Consists of GDE Director, 3 cost engineers, 3 accelerator design leaders and 1 integration scientist (plus 3 Regional Directors)
- Jobs
  - **Coordinate design and costing work for RDR: i.e., making schedule, initiate design changes, organize review meetings, giving inputs to the editor team, etc.**
- Report to the EC
- Every week teleconference, every month face-to-face meeting
- Ends its role when RDR is finalized



# Change Control Board

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- Consists of 9 people for 3 regions (Asia, Americas, Europe)
- Jobs: control the design changes written in the BCD (Baseline Configuration Document)
- Receive CCR (Change Control Request)
- Initiate discussion among all GDE members and WWS people
- Decide small changes by itself
- Pass recommendation to EC for large changes (> ~100M\$)



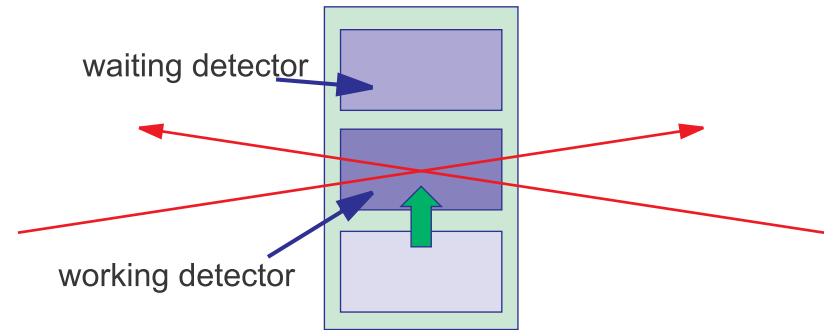
# Steps in the Last 1 Year

- Bangalore GDE Meeting Mar.9-14
  - Design temporarily frozen
  - Established costing methodology
  - Cost estimation started
  - **ILCSC-MAC1 Apr. @FNAL**
- Vancouver GDE Meeting Jul.19-22
  - 1<sup>st</sup> stage cost sum
  - Identified cost driver
  - Cost reduction work started (target: 30%)  
Restart of changing design
  - **ILCSC-MAC2 Sep. @KEK**
- Valencia GDE Meeting Nov.6-10
  - 2nd stage sum
  - Internal review Dec. @SLAC)
  - **ILCSC-MAC3 Jan. @Daresbury)**



# Design Changes Since Vancouver

- 2IP (2mard+20mrad)
  - 2IP (14mrad+14mrad)
  - 1IP (14mrad + push-pull)
- 3DRs (1e-, 2e+), 2 tunnels
  - 2DR (1e-,1e+), 2 tunnels
  - 2DR (1e-,1e+), 1 tunnel
- Central injector complex
- Reduce number of shafts and sizes of caverns
- And numerous small ones
  - Larger RF unit (reduce power sources)
  - Muon wall 9m+18m → 5m
  - Reduce positron target redundancy
  - Reduce RF unit overhead
  - Surface detector assembly
  - Tunnel diameter 5m → 4.5m



# What's RDR

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- Conceptual design
- With first-stage cost estimation
- Engineering details not yet contained

But what is published today is not RDR but  
**Draft of RDR**

- Not yet the final official version
- There are still many numerical inconsistencies
- There can be small changes in the next couple of months.
- But their cost impact will not be large.





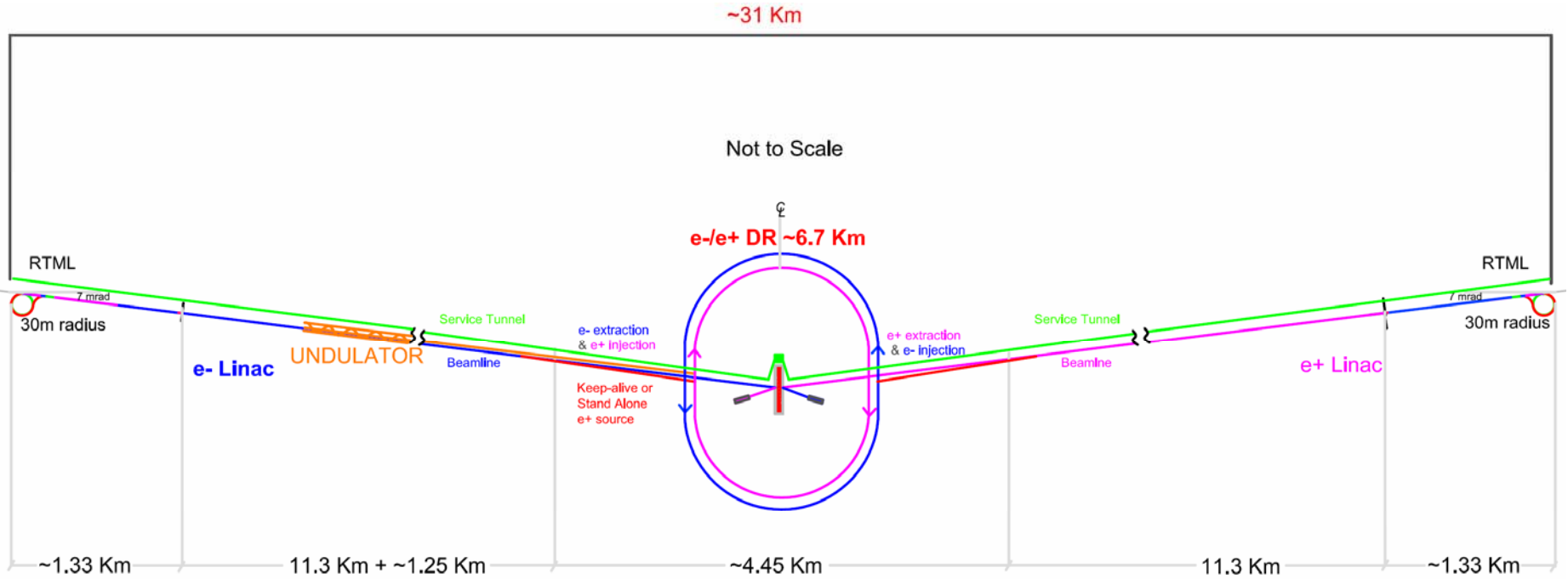
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# How Does ILC Look Like Now ?

1<sup>st</sup> Stage: 500 GeV



Schematic Layout of the 500 GeV Machine



# Parameter Principle

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- Define 'Parameter Plane' instead of a single parameter set.
- We often encounter problems, unexpected or underestimated, in actual accelerators.
- Better to prepare for possible parameter changes during operation for machine flexibility.
- Thus, the several, representative parameter sets on the parameter plane are defined.
- They give essentially the same (paper) luminosity.
- Subsystems should be designed so as to satisfy all the sets at least in the design stage



# Basic Global Parameters

Max. Center-of-mass energy	500	GeV
Peak Luminosity	$\sim 2 \times 10^{34}$	1/cm <sup>2</sup> s
Beam Current	9.0	mA
Repetition rate	5	Hz
Average accelerating gradient	31.5	MV/m
Beam pulse length	0.95	ms
Total Site Length	31	km
Total AC Power Consumption	$\sim 230$	MW



# Beam Parameters for 500GeV cms

	Nominal	Low Q	Large Y	Low P	
Number of Particles	2	1	2	2	$10^{10}$
Number of bunches	2625	5120	2625	1320	
Bunch interval (buckets)	369(480)	189(246)	369(480)	480(624)	ns( )
Average current	9.0	9.0	9.0	6.8	mA
Norm.emittance at IP x/y	10/0.04	10/0.03	10/0.08	10(0.036)	$\mu\text{m}$
Beta at IP x/y	20/0.4	11/0.2	11/0.6	11/0.2	mm
Rms beamsize at IP x/y	639/5.7	474/3.5	474/9.9	474/3.8	nm
Rms bunch length	300	200	500	200	$\mu\text{m}$
Disruption param x/7	0.174/19.4	0.108/14.6	0.520/24.9	0.211/26.1	
Beamstrahlung param Y	0.048	0.050	0.038	0.097	
Energy loss by beamstr.	2.4	1.7	2.7	5.5	%
# of photons of beamstr.	1.32	0.91	1.77	1.72	
Pinch enhancement	1.71	1.48	2.18	1.64	
Geometric luminosity	1.20	1.35	0.935	1.21	$10^{34}$
Luminosity	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	$10^{34}$

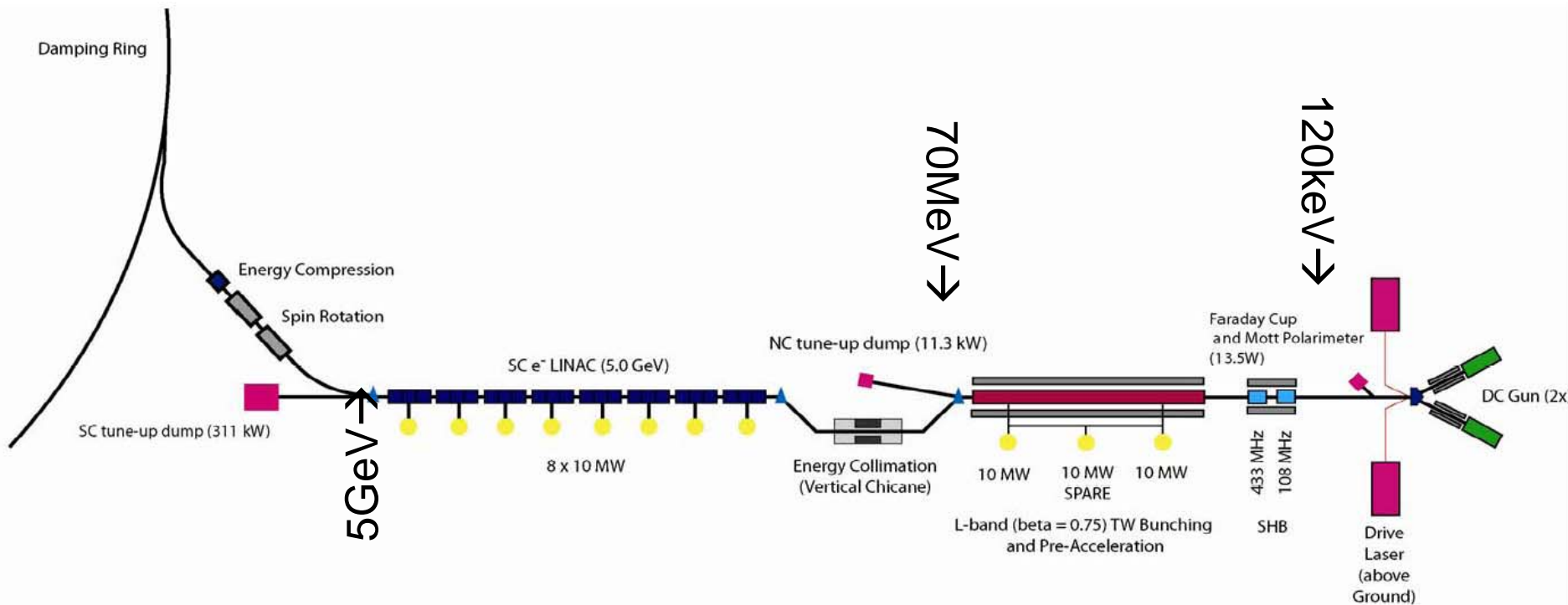


# Range of Parameters

	min	-	nominal	-	max	
Number of particles	1	-	2	-	2	$10^{10}$
Number of bunches	1320	-	2625	-	5120	
Linac bunch interval	189	-	369	-	480	ns
DR bunch interval	3.08	-	6.15	-	12.3	ns
Bunch length	200	-	300	-	500	$\mu\text{m}$
Vertical emittance	0.03	-	0.04	-	0.08	$\mu\text{m}$
Beta at IP (x)	11	-	11	-	20	mm
Beta at IP (y)	0.2	-	0.4	-	0.6	mm

# Electron Source

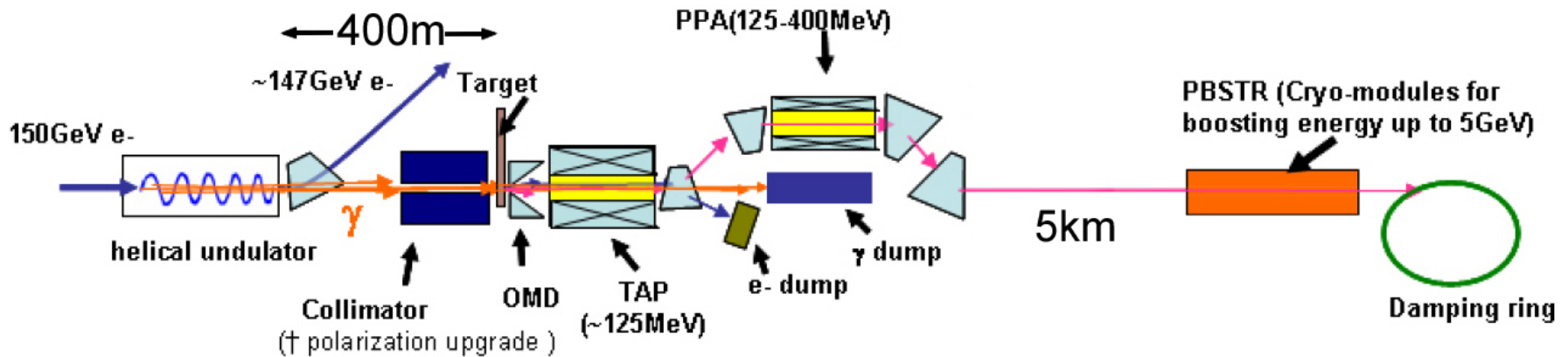
- Polarized gun (laser on surface) polarization >80%
- SHB
- NC TW L-band tapered ( $\beta=0.75 \rightarrow 1$ ) buncher
- SC linac to 5GeV



# Positron Source

- Undulator scheme

- Electron beam at 150GeV



- Undulator

- Helical, superconducting
- length ~100m (~200m for polarized e+)
- $K=0.92$ ,  $\lambda=1.15\text{cm}$ , ( $B=0.86\text{T}$ )

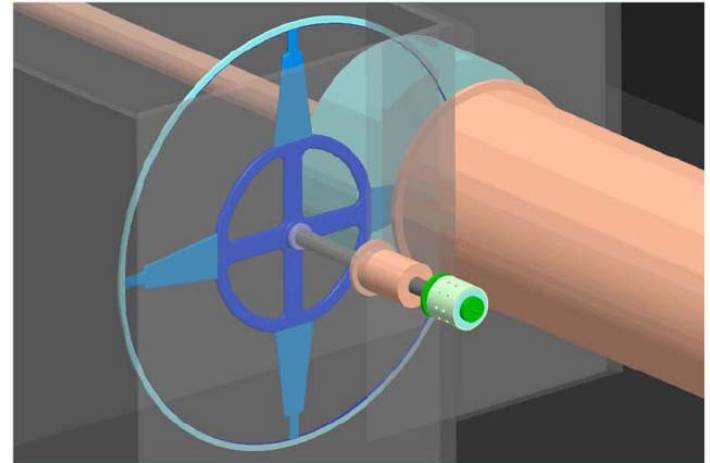
- Needs 'keep-alive source'

- 10% intensity
- Share 5GeV linac



# R&D items

- Undulator fabrication (SC, pitch 1cm, 0.86T)
- Target (titanium alloy, diam.1m, 1.4cm thick, rotating at 100m/s)
- Target region design



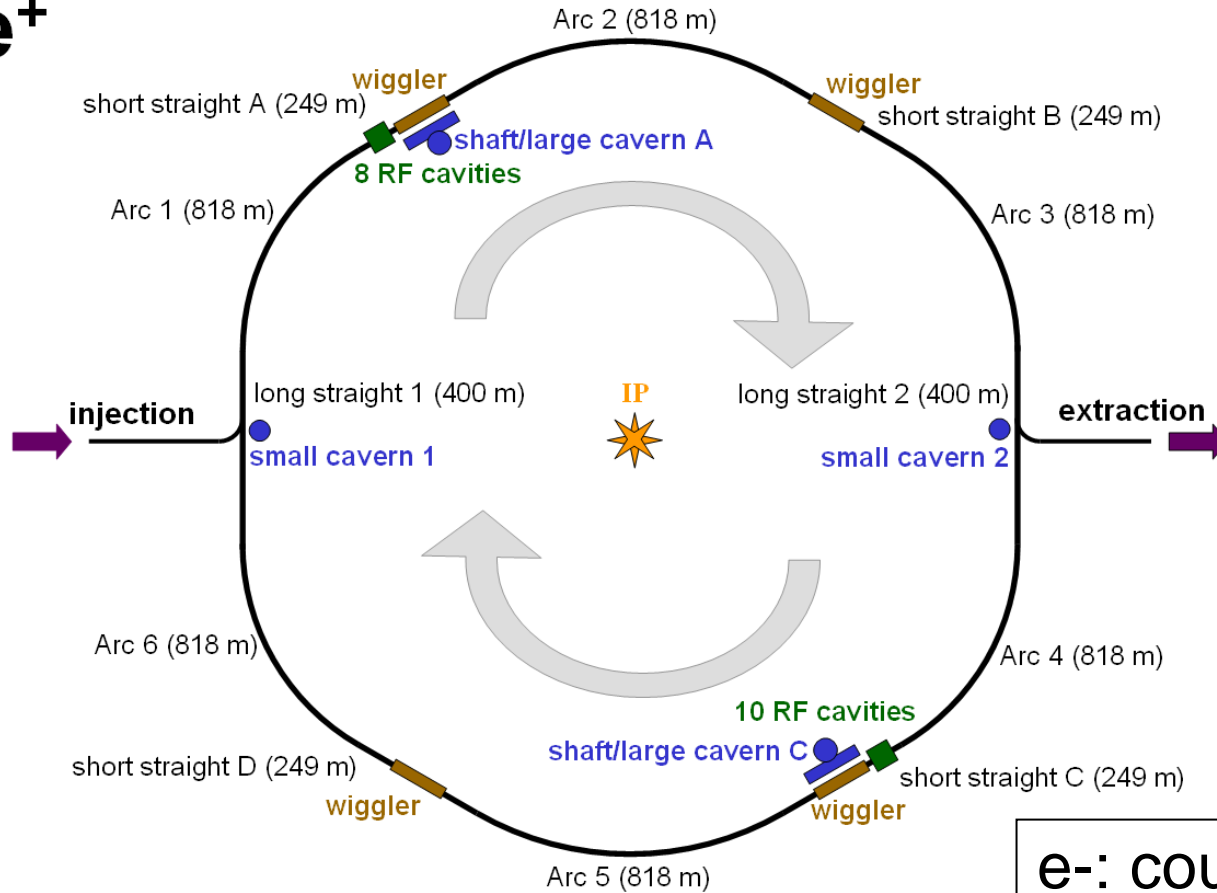


# Damping Rings

- 1e- and 1e+ ring in the same tunnel
- Beam energy 5GeV
- Circumference 6.7km
- Requirements
  - **Bunch population  $2 \times 10^{10}$**
  - **Number of bunches  $\sim 2600$  (max  $\sim 5100$ )**
  - **Extracted beam**
    - Norm.emittance  $\epsilon_{\gamma x} = 8 \mu\text{m}$ ,  $\epsilon_{\gamma y} = 0.02 \mu\text{m}$
    - Bunch length 9mm
    - Energy spread 0.13%

# Schematic Layout

$e^+$

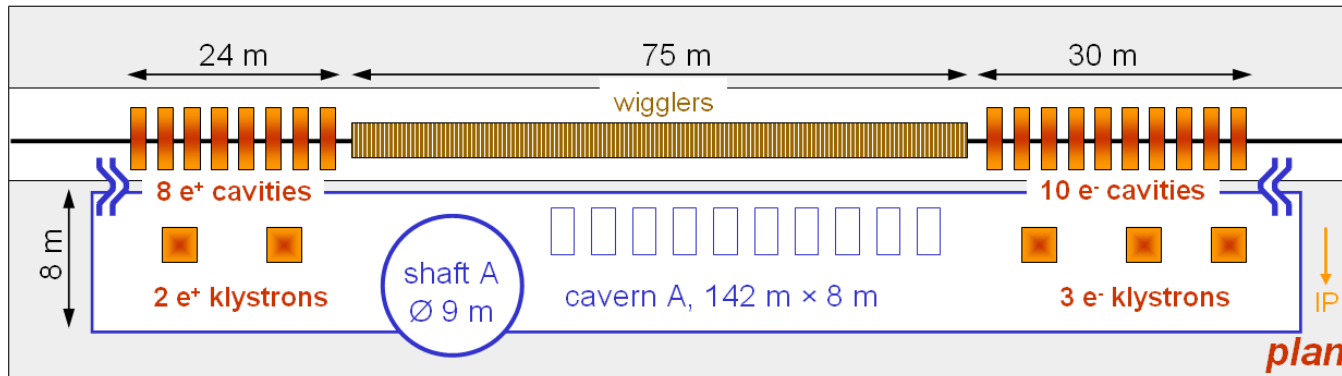


$e^-$ : counter-clockwise

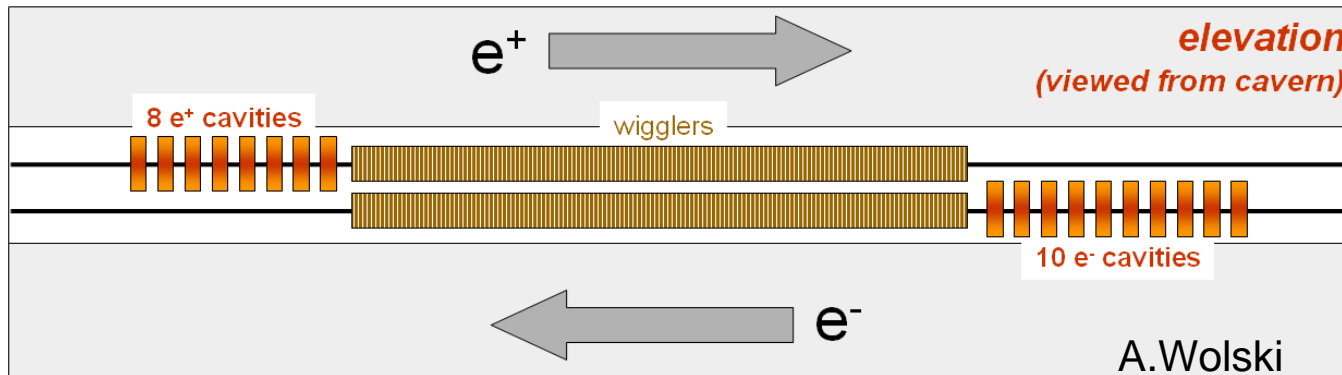
2 vertical shafts

A. Wolski

# Wiggler-RF Region



Plan View



Side View

$e^+$  RF does not overlap with  $e^-$  RF

Tunnel diameter 5m



# DR Remaining Issues

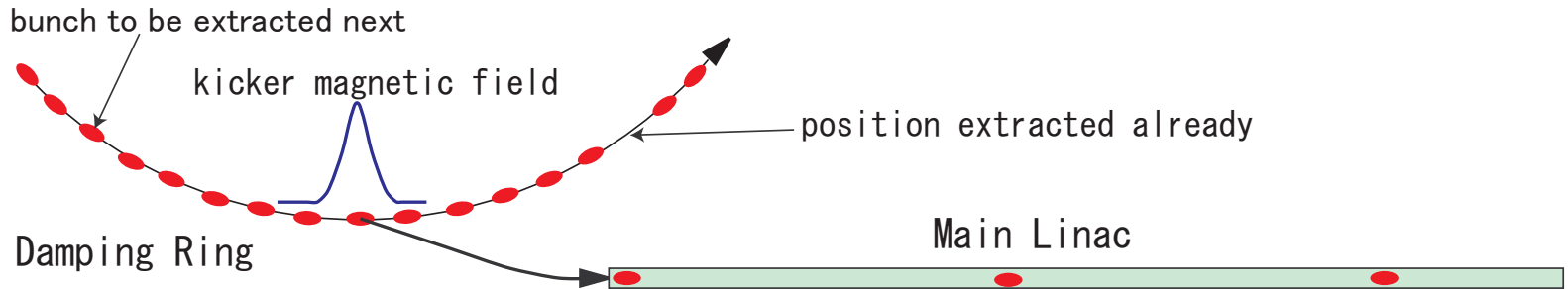
- Injection/extraction kickers
- Instabilities
  - **Electron-cloud, Fast Ion, microwave, ...**
- Dynamic aperture
- Tuning for low emittance
- 650MHz RF system

Task Force S3 has been established for DR R&D

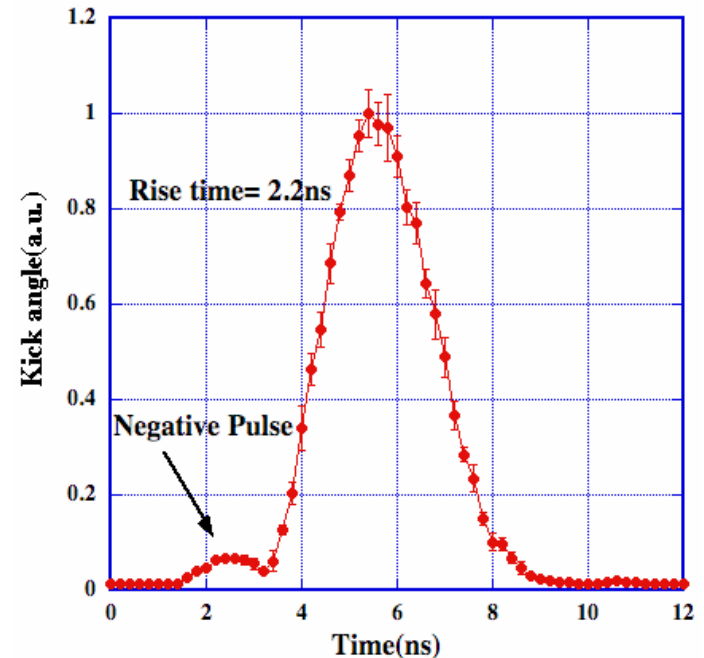
- Defining work packages
- Available machines
  - KEK-ATF
  - CESR, HERA, KEKB

# Kicker System

- Must extract bunches one-by-one

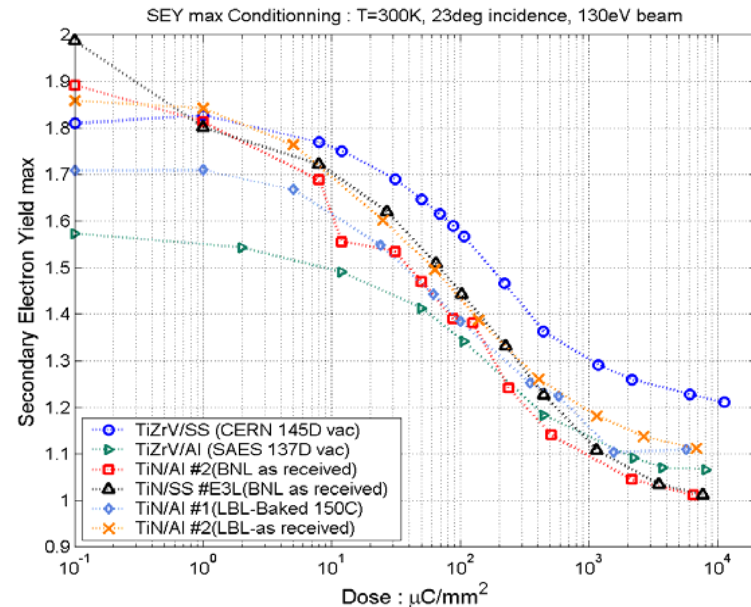
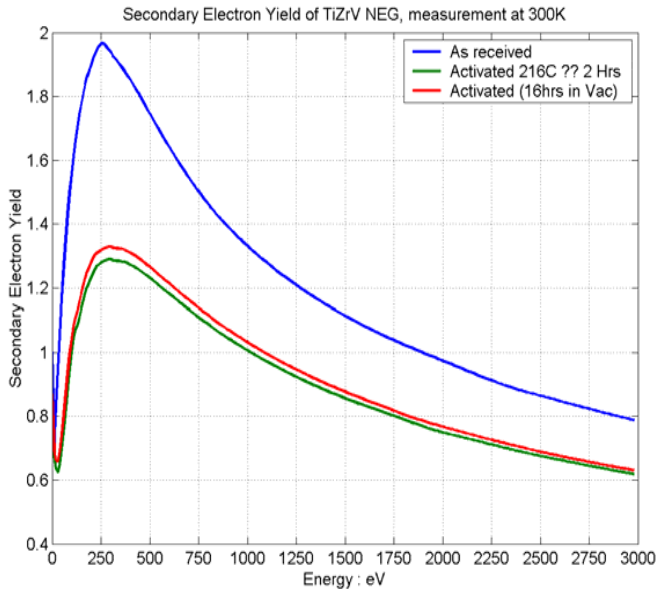


- Specification
  - rise, fall time < 3ns
  - rep.rate 5.5MHz
  - pulse length 1ms
  - stability < 0.1%  
(can be relaxed by feedforward)
- Fast kicker needed
  - A system with fast pulser and stripline developed at KEK. Unit test done.



# Electron Cloud

- Secondary electrons attracted by positron beam causes an instability
- Max of SEY (Secondary Electron Yield) should be  $< 1.1$
- Possible cures
  - Coating with NEG
  - Solenoids in free field region
  - Grooves on the chamber wall
  - Clearing electrode





# Fast Ion Instability

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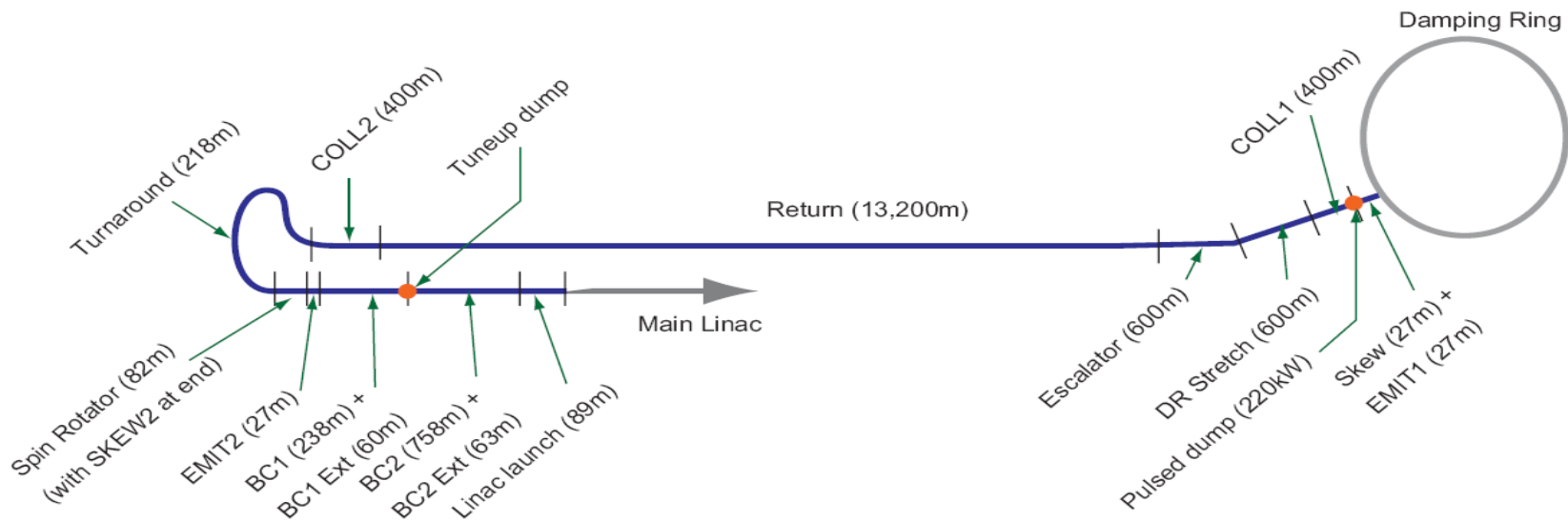
- Ions created from ionization by electrons are attracted by electrons and cause instability
- Cures
  - Low vacuum pressure  $\sim 1\text{nTor}$
  - Bunch-by-bunch feedback system
  - Gaps between bunch trains





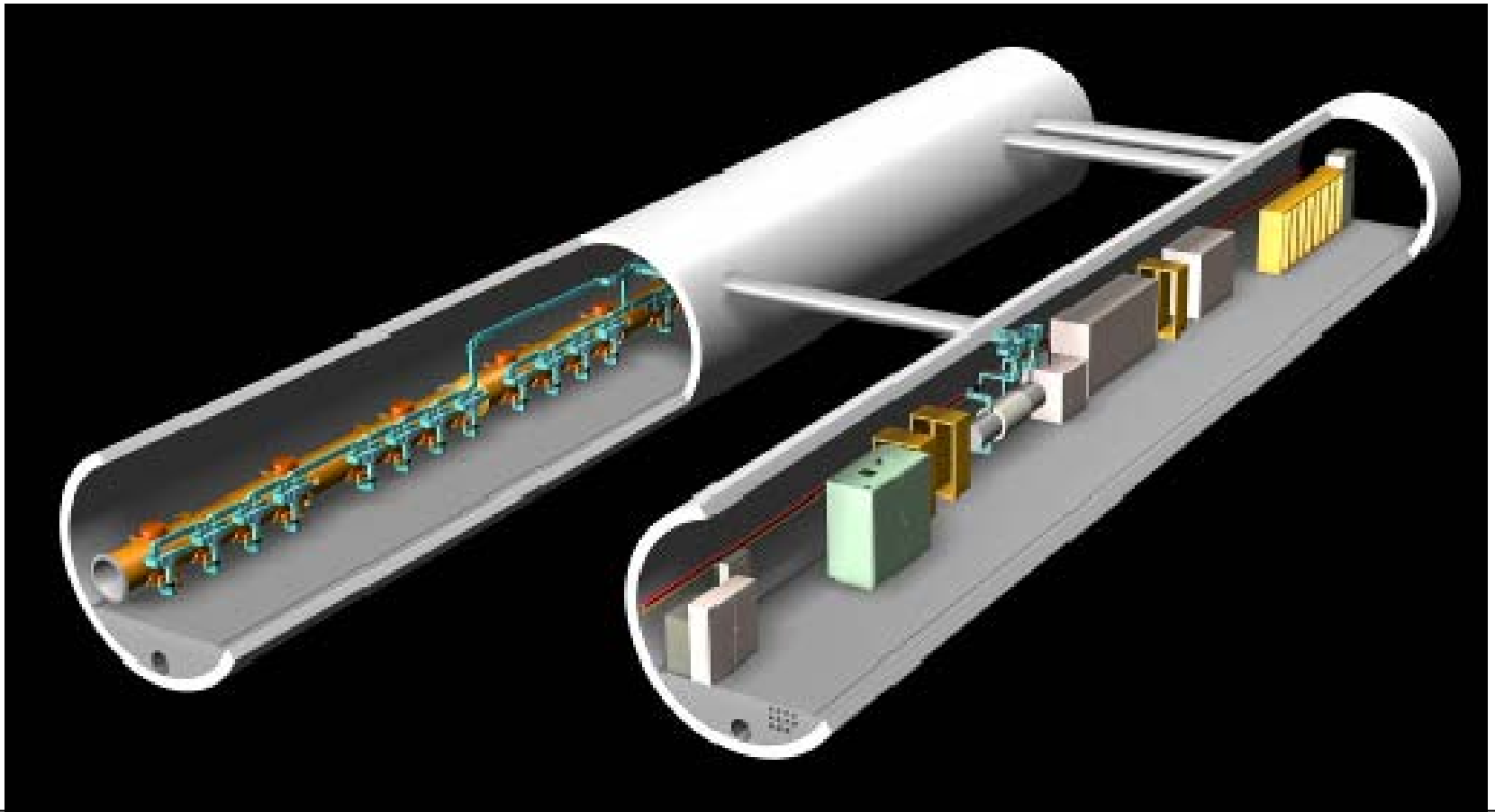
# RTML (Ring To Main Linac)

- ~14 km long transport
- Turn-around
- Spin Rotator
- Bunch compressor (2 stages)  
9mm  $\rightarrow$  300 $\mu$ m (nominal param)  
9mm  $\rightarrow$  200 $\mu$ m possible (Low Q param)
- Diagnostics and collimators



# Main Linac

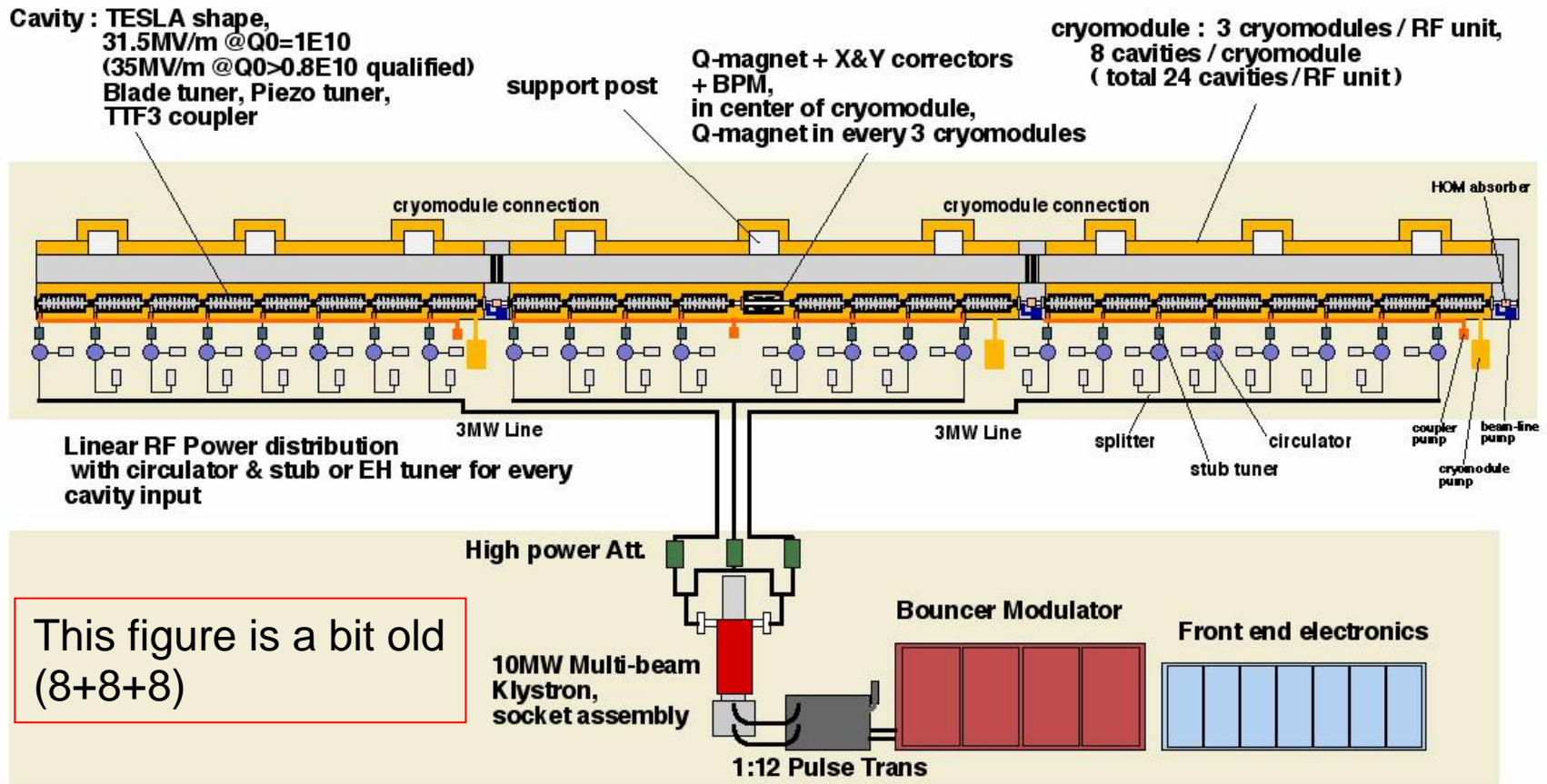
- Length  $\sim 11\text{km} \times 2$  (Average gradient  $31.5\text{MV/m}$ )
- 2 tunnels (diameter  $4.5\text{m}$ )





# Linac Unit

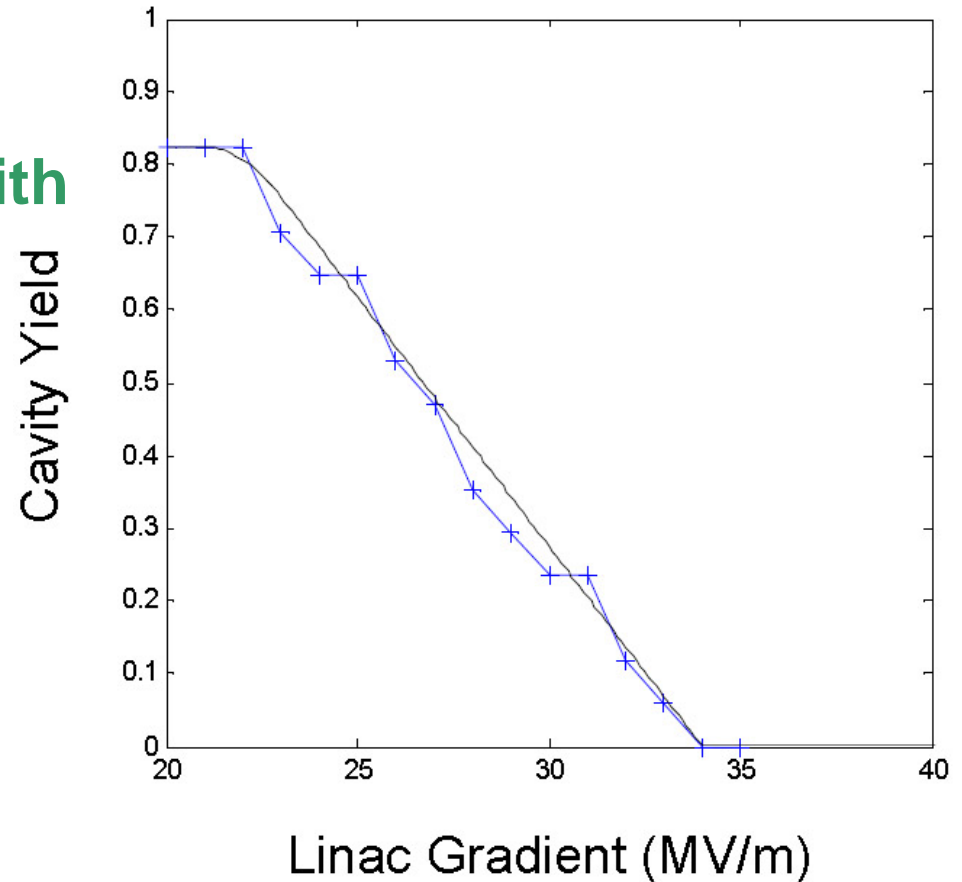
- Bouncer type modulator
- Multi-beam klystron (10MW/ 1.6m)



This figure is a bit old (8+8+8)

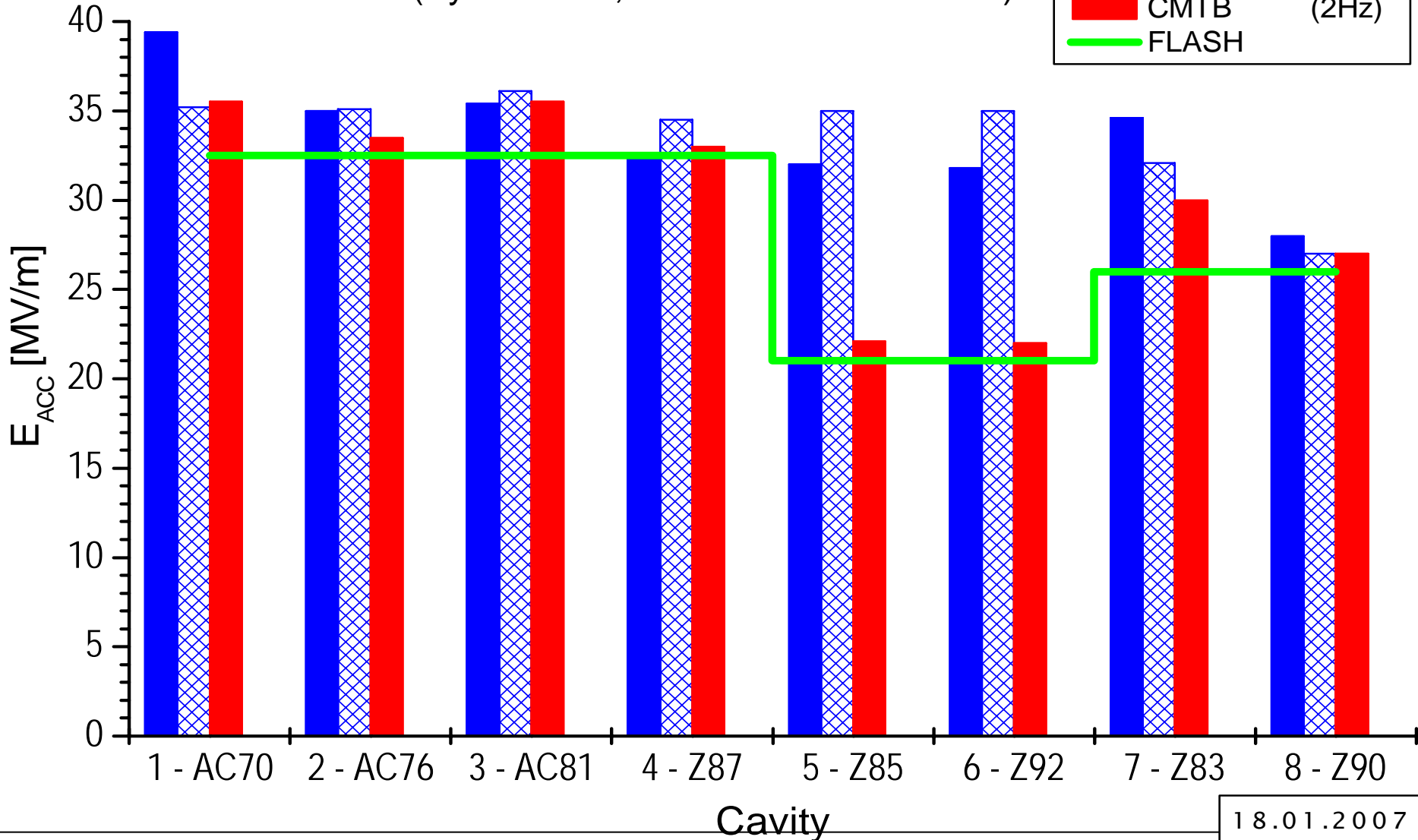
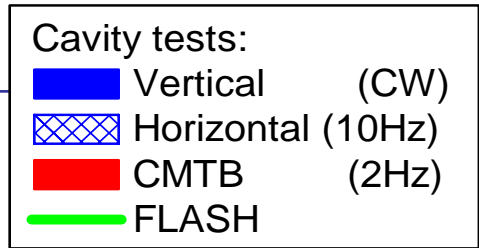
RF power system should accommodate 35MV/m operation.

- **Baseline Choice**
  - **Accept only those with  $>35\text{MV/m}$   $Q_0 > 8e9$  in vertical test**
  - **Average gradient for operation  $31.5\text{MV/m}$**
  - **TESLA type**
  - **Electro-polishing**
- **Yield for  $>35\text{MV/m}$  is still too low**



Statistics of 17 ZANON cavities

(By D.Kostin, slide from D.Reshenke)



# Alternative

- LL-type cavity
  - Lower max.B field at same Acc.gradient
  - Potentially higher gradient  $> 40\text{MV/m}$
  - Under development at KEK
  - Single-cell test successful (max. over  $50\text{MV/m}$ )
  - But 9-cell cavities are still poor (max.  $29\text{MV/m}$ )



- Nb material:  
Single crystal, Large grain

# S0 Program

- Task Force S0 created a report for the R&D program to establish 35 MV/m (vert.test)
  - **Tight-loop process**  
repeated surface treatment with small number of cavities including exchange of cavities among Asia-US-Europe in 2007
  - **Production-like process**  
many cavities with the same recipe
- Time line
  - **decide cavity type by ~mid 2008**
  - **Establish high yield by ~mid 2009**
- Task Force S1 for establishing 31.5MV/m (average gradient)

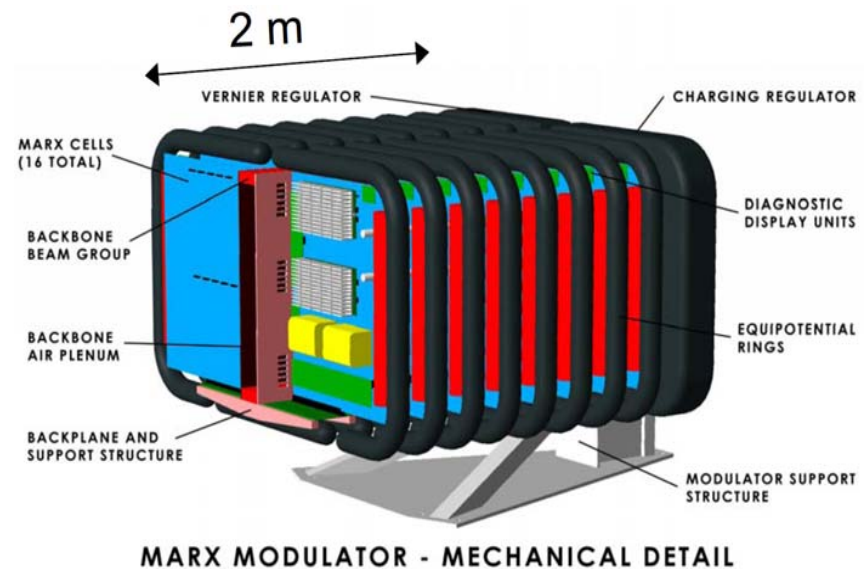
# Modulator

- Bouncer-type modulator
  - Design at FNAL
  - Has been working for 10 years
  - More cost-efficient design under way

- Alternative:

## Marx Modulator

- Under development at SLAC
- 12kV Marx cell x 16
- IGBT switch
- Saving of ~180M\$
- SLAC prototype produced 70kV with 6 cells





# Klystron

Requirements:

- 10MW
- 1.6ms
- life >40000hrs?



Thales



CPI



Toshiba

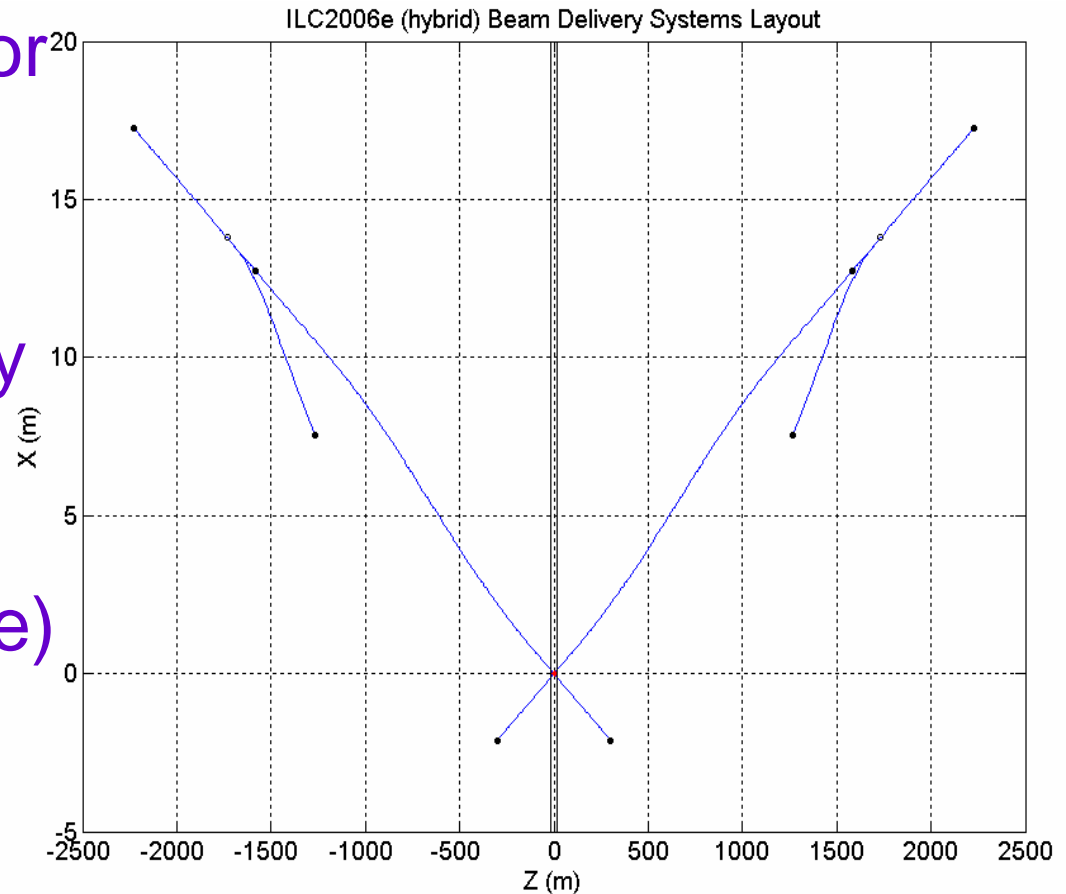
**• Toshiba klystron being tested at DESY at full spec for > 700hrs.  
→ Nearly established except for the life**

**• Horizontally mounted klystron needed for small tunnel diameter.  
(Bidding for Euro-XFEL)**



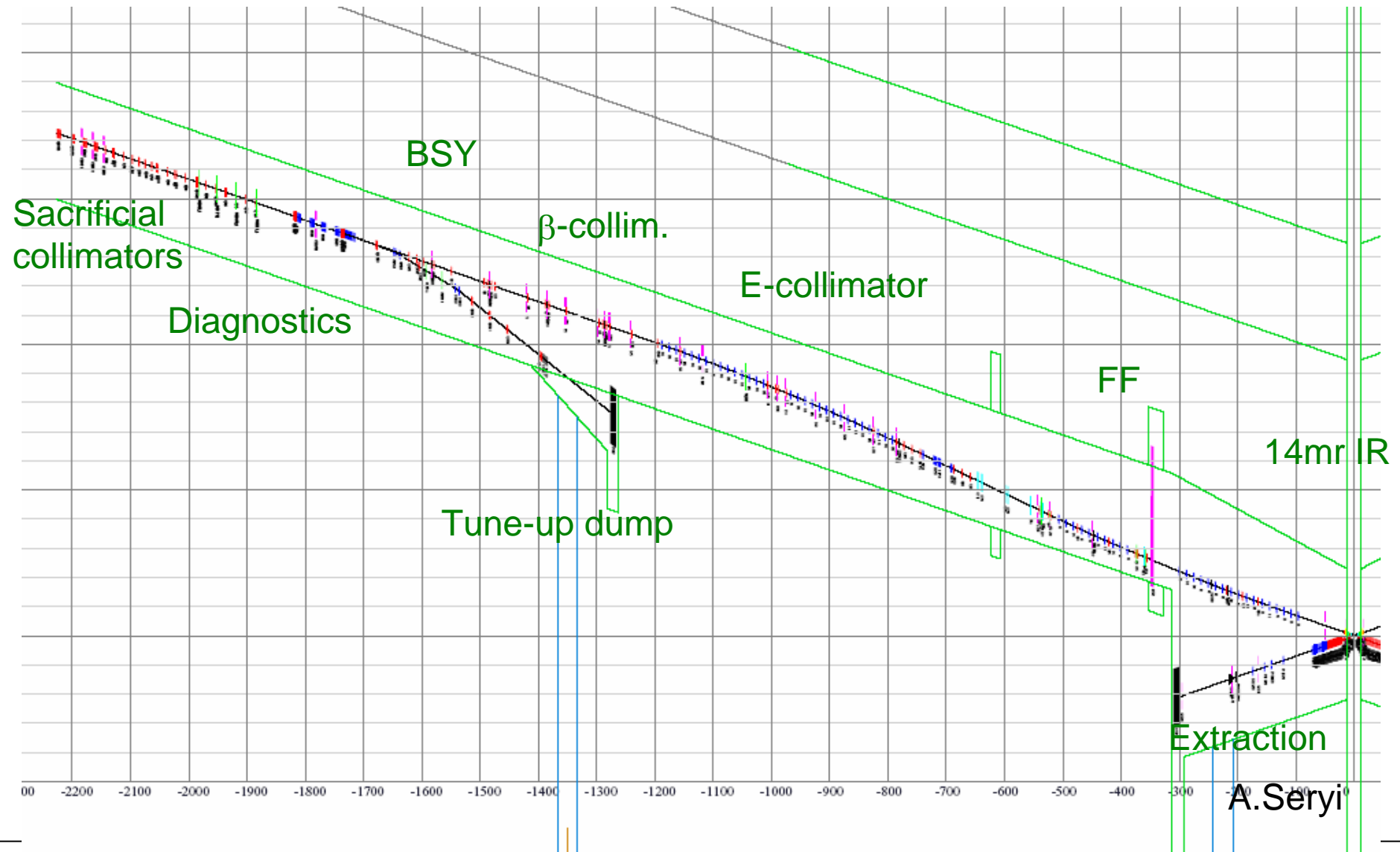
# BDS (Beam Delivery System)

- Single IR and push-pull detector
- Total length 4.45km
- 1TeV upgrade by inserting some components (no geometry change)





# BDS with single IR



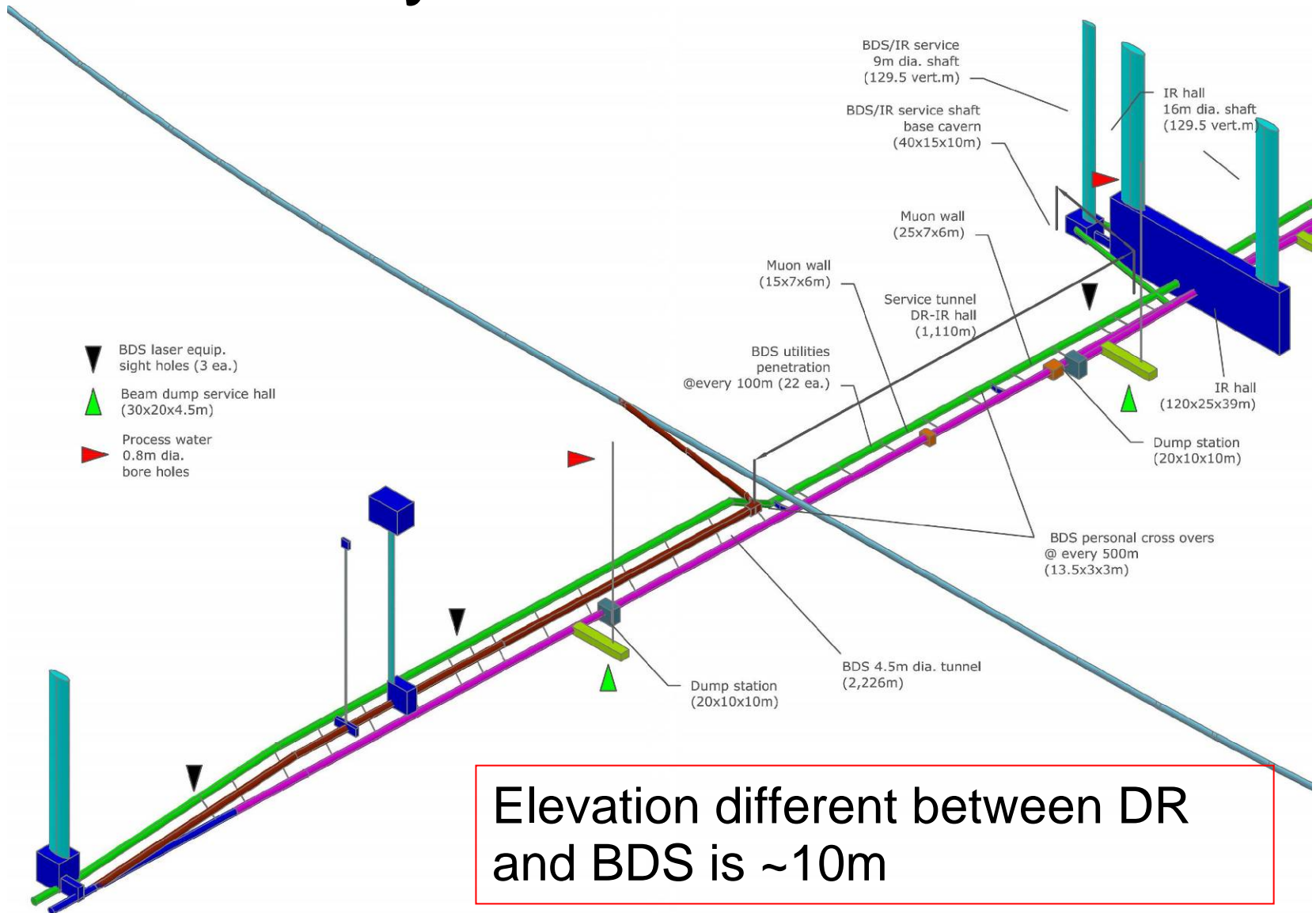


# Single IR with Push-Pull Detectors

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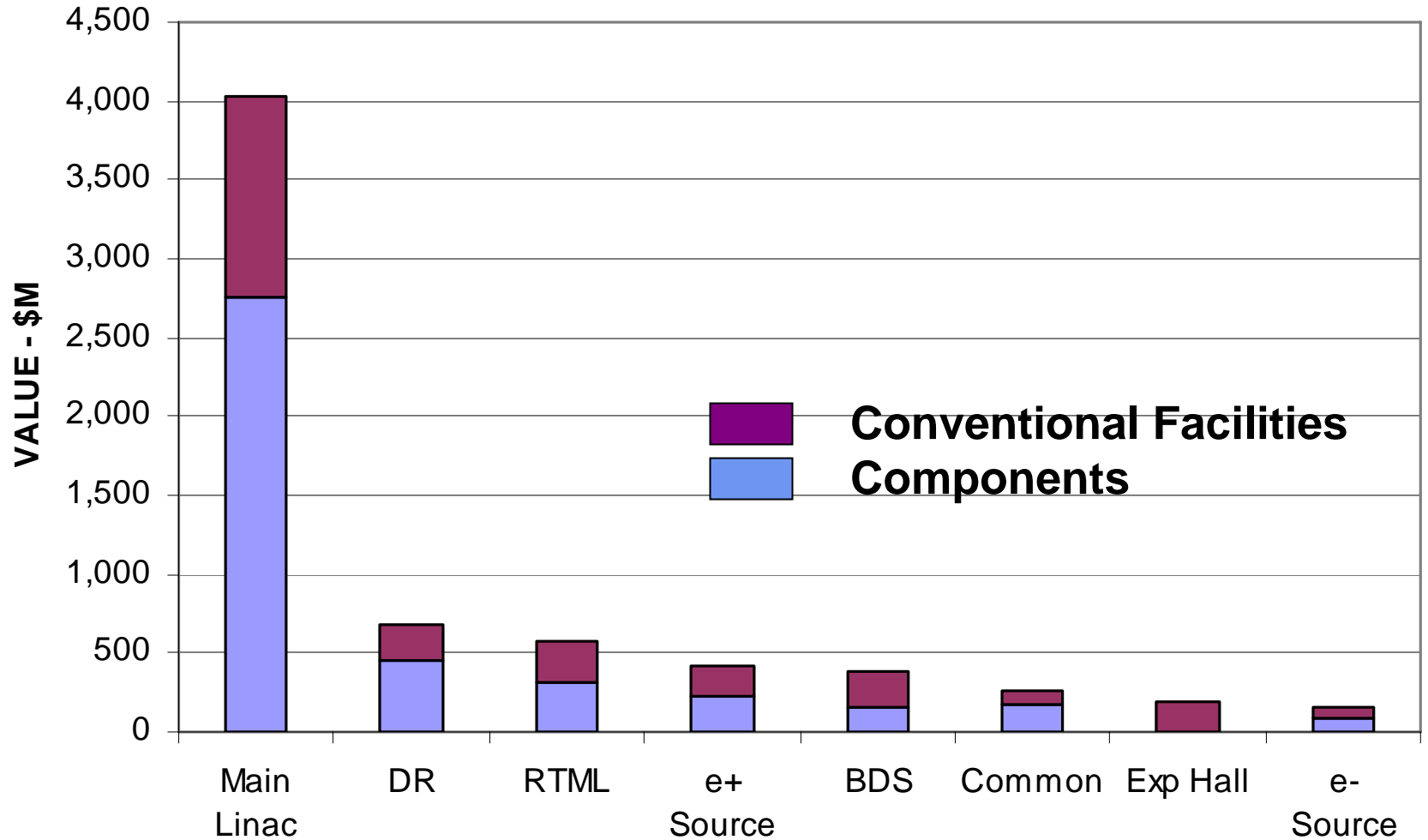
- Large cost savings compared with 2 IR
  - ~200M\$ compared with 2IR with crossing angles 14+14mrad
- Push-pull detectors
  - Task force from WWS and GDE formed
  - Quick conclusion is
    - No show-stoppers
    - But need careful design and R&D works
    - 2IR should be left as an 'Alternative'

# Layout of BDS+DR





# Value Distribution





# What from now?

- Finalize RDR
  - Check inconsistencies (still many!)
  - Possible final small changes
  - ILCSC-MAC review in ~April
  - Final form in summer
- Organization of GDE for the next step
  - Next milestone EDR (Engineering Design Report) around 2009.
  - Coordination of R&D essential
  - Engineering stage
  - To be decided in the next couple of months

# Finally

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- RDR Draft is going to be published
- This is the first major milestone reached by international collaboration
- First estimation of the cost will be open to public
- There still remains many R&D items, including, e.g., the establishment of the accelerating gradient 35/31.5 MV/m.
- GDE is going to coordinate the R&D
- The next step is
  - **To finalize the RDR**
  - **And to start the work for EDR**