

Short Summary of ILPS Progress in 2006

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- Only most important achievements are given
- ⇒ Will have to skip lots of important details

COLSIM

RHUL

- Collimation system performance studies
- Improvements of BDSIM
 - beta testing completed
 - ⇒ first release in February
 - ⇒ user guide published
- Benchmarking of BDSIM electromagnetic and hadronic processes against MARS15 and STRUCT
- BDSIM is widely used
 - ⇒ e.g. application to LHC
- 2 and 20 mradian crossing angle interaction regions implemented in BDSIM
 - ⇒ beam loss from pairs and radiative Bhabhas studied

Manchester

- Implementation of wakefields in MERLIN and related studies continued
- Energy deposition in collimator simulated with BDSIM and compared to EGS and FLUKA

CERN/IFIC

- CLIC non-linear collimation system performance has been studied
 - ⇒ new optimised system has much better performance than previous version
 - ⇒ close to linear system
 - ⇒ trade-off efficiency and damage potential
 - ⇒ comparison of wakefield effects in both systems
 - ⇒ option for LHC

DESY

- Work shifted to 2007 due to RDR

FMSIM

- Identification, study and possibly mitigation of key failure modes

DESY

- Simulations performed of losses due to
 - coherent RF phase errors along the linac
 - quadrupole failures

⇒ Single quadrupole failure acceptable

⇒ large RF phase error (50°) needed to have losses

⇒ loss density acceptable in cavities

CERN

- Simulation of losses due to RF phase error in ILC
 - ⇒ good agreement with DESY results

BCDES

PSI

- Design of a bunch compressor and a path length tuning chicane suitable for multi-TeV
 - severe problem is coherent synchrotron radiation
- Bunch compressor systematically optimised
 - CSRTrack simulation cross checked with ELEGANT

⇒ achieves goal
- Tolerance study yielded first, good results
- After the turn around, the CLIC drive beam needs to be compressed in length and adjusted in phase (by feed forward)
- System consists of compressor chicane, turn-around, compressor chicane
 - the first is also used to measure phase errors the second to correct it
- Decided to include the turn-around loop since it is integral part of the whole system
- New turn-around loop has been designed
 - ⇒ emittance growth close to specification
 - ⇒ further improvement studied
- The compression chicanes have been designed

PCDL

LAL

- Studies of the ILC post collision line
- Contribution to the development and validation of BDSIM
- Severe computational resources requirements
 - ⇒ installation on the grid
 - ⇒ many “small” technical problems needed to be solved
- Photon backscattering due to local losses in post collision line has been investigated
 - ⇒ background rates in detector seem OK
 - ⇒ comparison to other SLAC simulations showed good agreement

PCDL (Cont.)

Uppsala

- Development of a post collision line suitable for multi-TeV collisions
 - very tough because of coherent pairs and large energy loss
- Last year has been focused on benchmarking the tools
- Test if 20mradian ILC extraction line is suitable for CLIC
 - ⇒ no
- Test if line can be adopted
 - ⇒ not really, lose all benefits
- A new design has been developed
 - ⇒ vertical bends to separate beam particles, coherent pairs, beam strahlung
 - ⇒ should allow to include instrumentation
- Further study of losses and instrumentation options is ongoing

HTGEN

CERN

- Goal is to provide estimates of halo and tails
- And a library that allows to include realistic distributions in other codes
- Implemented beam-gas scattering with Mott and Bremsstrahlung process
 - ⇒ integrated into PLACET and available for MERLIN
- Fast and precise synchrotron radiation generator
 - ⇒ implemented in GEANT4
- Secondary tracking in PLACET
 - tracking of secondary photons
 - loss detection
 - simple multiple scattering in collimator jaws
- Studied impact of multipoles and dark current in ILC
- close collaboration with COLSIM

BBSIM

LAL+some support from CERN

- Benchmarking and improving of GUINEA-PIG
 - 2005 comparison of CAIN and GUINEA-PIG published in PRST-AB in 2006
 - Translated (most of) GUINEA-PIG to C++
 - ⇒ should ease modifications
 - ⇒ plan to study potential of parallelisation
 - Bhabha scattering implemented in new GUINEA-PIG and studied
 - vital for luminosity spectrum reconstruction and fast luminosity measurement
 - combined external generator and GUINEA-PIG
 - impact of deflection by beams studied
 - impact on the fast luminosity measurement studied
- ⇒ Need good knowledge of beam parameters to correctly measure luminosity
- ⇒ Need non-symmetric cuts

LAST

DESY

- Integrated simulations of luminosity performance
 - Successful benchmarking with other tracking codes
 - Package for dispersion free steering developed for MERLIN
 - allows different options to generate different energy beams
 - Developed package to simulate dynamic effects in MERLIN
 - integration GUINEA-PIG and MERLIN
 - almost ready
- ⇒ results in early 2007

- Improvement of PLACET
 - longitudinal motion, collimator wakefields, user interface (e.g. embedded OCTAVE), code structure, parallel code (to be continued in 2007)
- Package to study impact of dynamic imperfections during the application of dispersion free steering developed for PLACET
 - ⇒ first results are positive
- Provided program implementing A. Seryi's ground motion model
- Detailed and systematic studies of dispersion free steering in the ILC and CLIC main linac, also for a curved tunnel performed
- Benchmarking with other codes performed successfully
- Proposed and studied use bunch compressor RF phase to generate beams for DFS
- Design, optimisation study of realistic knobs for ILC and CLIC
- Together with CERN RF experts developed new basic CLIC parameter set
- Started integrated simulations of dynamic imperfection in ILC and CLIC
 - e.g. micado, localised feedback systems and one-to-one correction in main linac, quadrupole jitter and ground motion including ML, BDS and beam-beam

QMUL → Oxford

- Development of the alignment and tuning procedure for the ILC BDS
 - ⇒ world leading study
 - ⇒ came very close to achieving target (average at target for 90% level)
 - lost the RA to SLAC, where he achieved goal
- Development and study of BDS feedback
 - ⇒ angle feedback integrated into new lattice
 - ⇒ use of train straightener as end of linac intra-pulse feedback
 - ⇒ simulations of luminosity performance with static and dynamic effects and feedback
- Study of the background in the feedback BPM

Conclusion

- In spite of some problems progress has been very good
- While effort on development and benchmarking of tools had been maintained tools have been applied more
- Design of beam lines has progressed very well