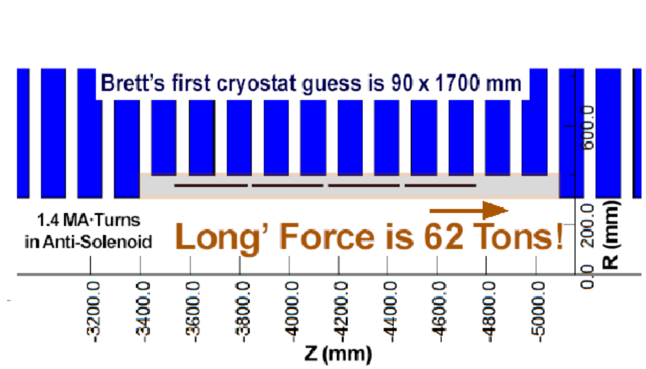
FCAL Workshop at the SiD Meeting
Fermilab, April 9-11, 2007.

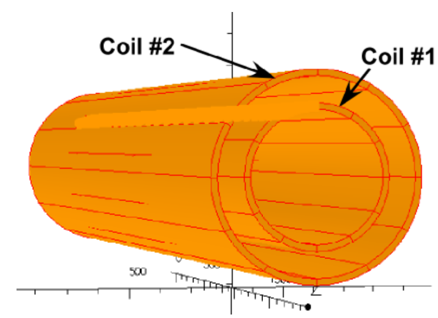
Brookhaven National Laboratory
Superconducting Magnet Division

The Anti-Solenoid Design: Work in Progress.

as reported by Brett Parker, BNL

Collaboration
High precision design

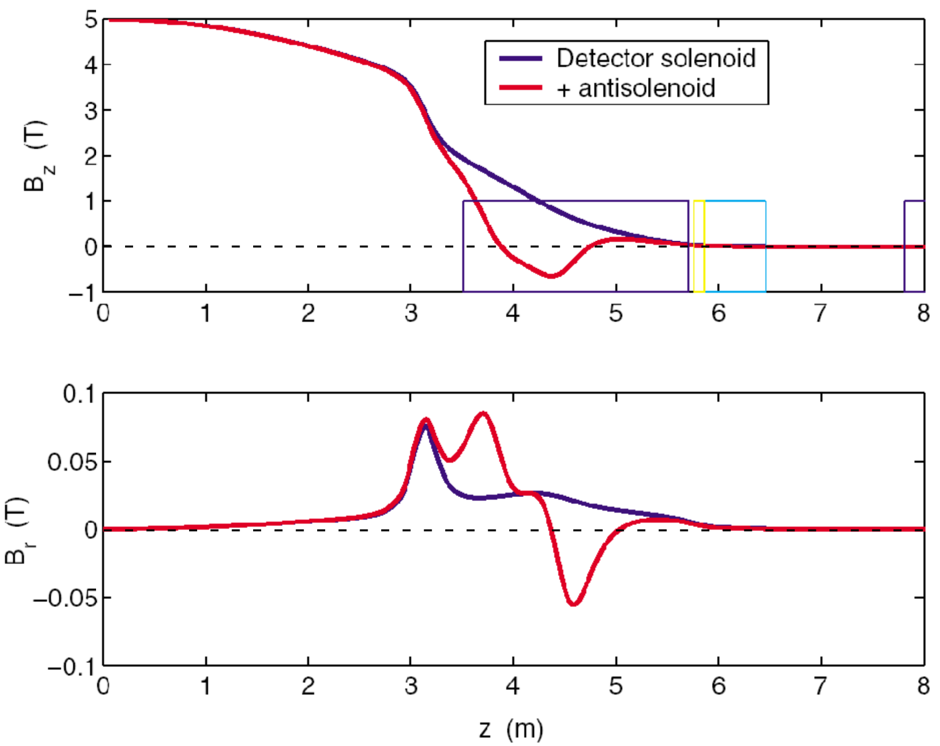




Force Neutral Anti-Solenoid

Overlap of FF and Detector Fields: Anti-Solenoid to Maintain Luminosity.

Nosochkov and Seryi, *Compensation of Detector Solenoid Effects on the Beam Size in a Linear Collider*, **Phys. Rev. Special Topics – Acc. and Beams, 8, 021001 (2005).**



- Beam size increase due to field overlap.
- Not X-ing angle dependent (i.e. an issue for 14 mr as well as for head-on).
- Very effective local compensation with AS.
- Do not have to zero the solenoidal field; only zero a few matrix elements via weak AS.

$$R_{32} \propto \int_{QD0} \mathbf{B}_z \, \mathrm{Sin}(\mu_x) \, \mathrm{Sin}(\mu_y) \sqrt{\beta_x \beta_y} \, dz = 0$$

$$R_{36} \propto \int_{QD0} \mathbf{B}_z \, \eta_x \, \mathrm{Sin}(\mu_y) \sqrt{\beta_y} \, dz = 0$$

First Generation Anti-Solenoid Design (Some Design Features and Drawbacks).

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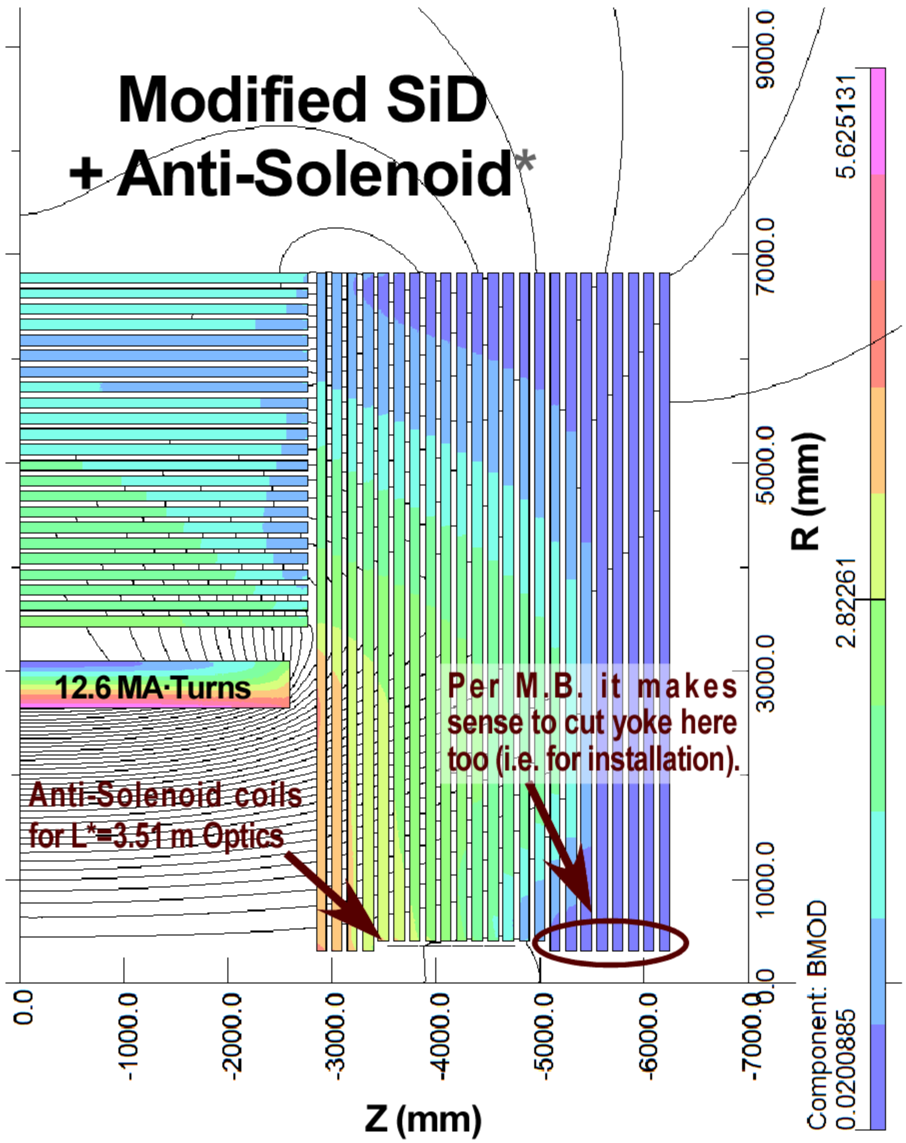

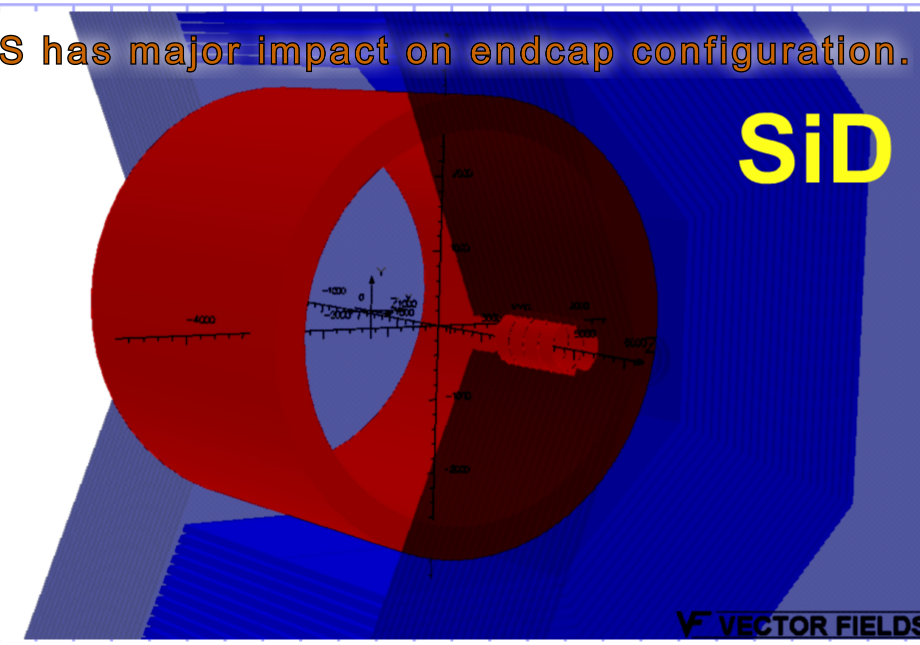

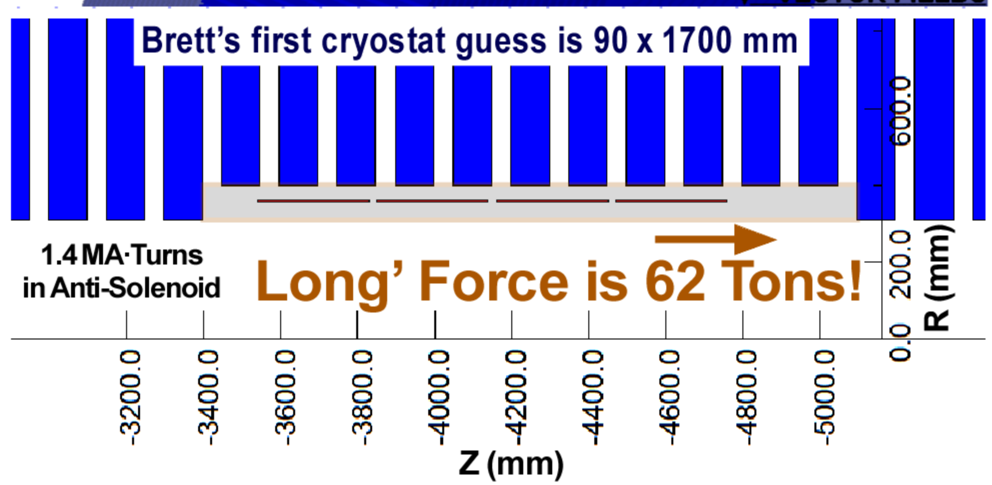

*Anti-solenoid strength must be adjusted to meet optics requirements.

Too much force to share QD0 cryostat!

New Concept: The Force Neutral Anti-Solenoid.

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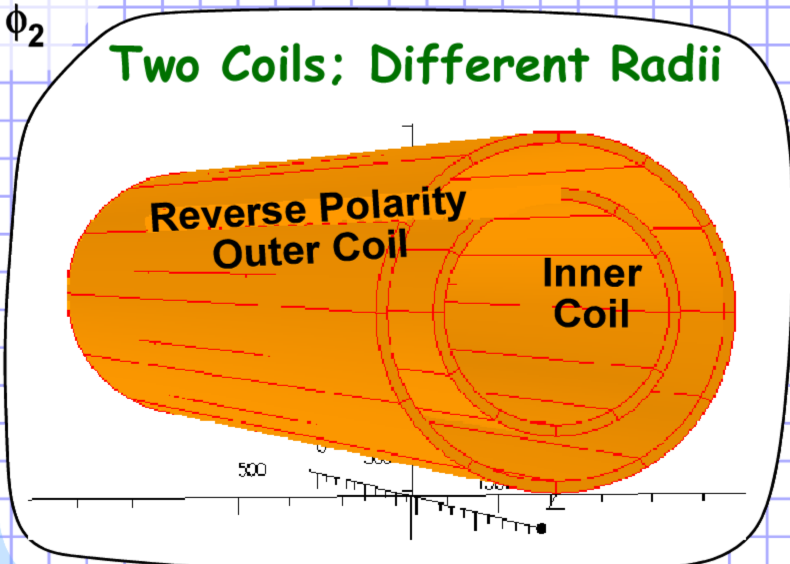
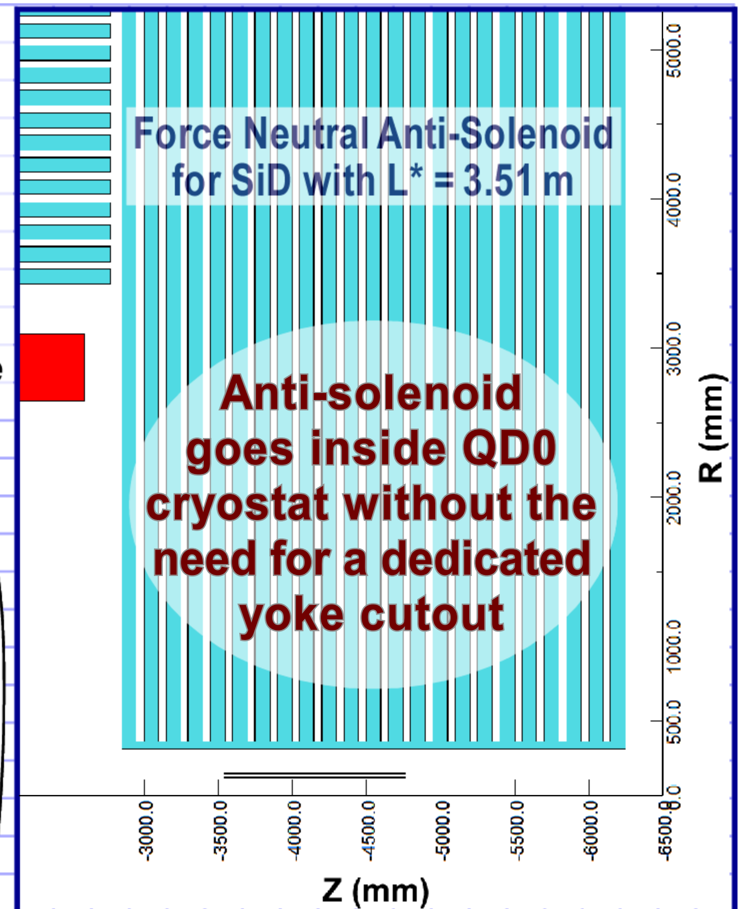
For a loop of circumference C carrying current I the longitudinal force is proportional to Br, thus

We want $$\sum_{j=1}^{N_1} (I_1 C_1 Br_1)_j + \sum_{k=1}^{N_2} (I_2 C_2 Br_2)_k = 0$$

Since $C \propto R$ and $Br \propto R$, so $CBr \propto R^2$ and for $I_1 = -I_2$ we have

$N_1 \overline{A_1} = N_2 \overline{A_2}$ or $\phi_1 = -\phi_2$





We can arrange for the sum of the forces on the inner and outer coils to fully cancel... but still have a net anti-solenoidal field inside the inner coil.

Note: This solution does not require detector changes for different L*.

Force Neutral Anti-Solenoid: SiD, L* = 3.51 m (One Example).

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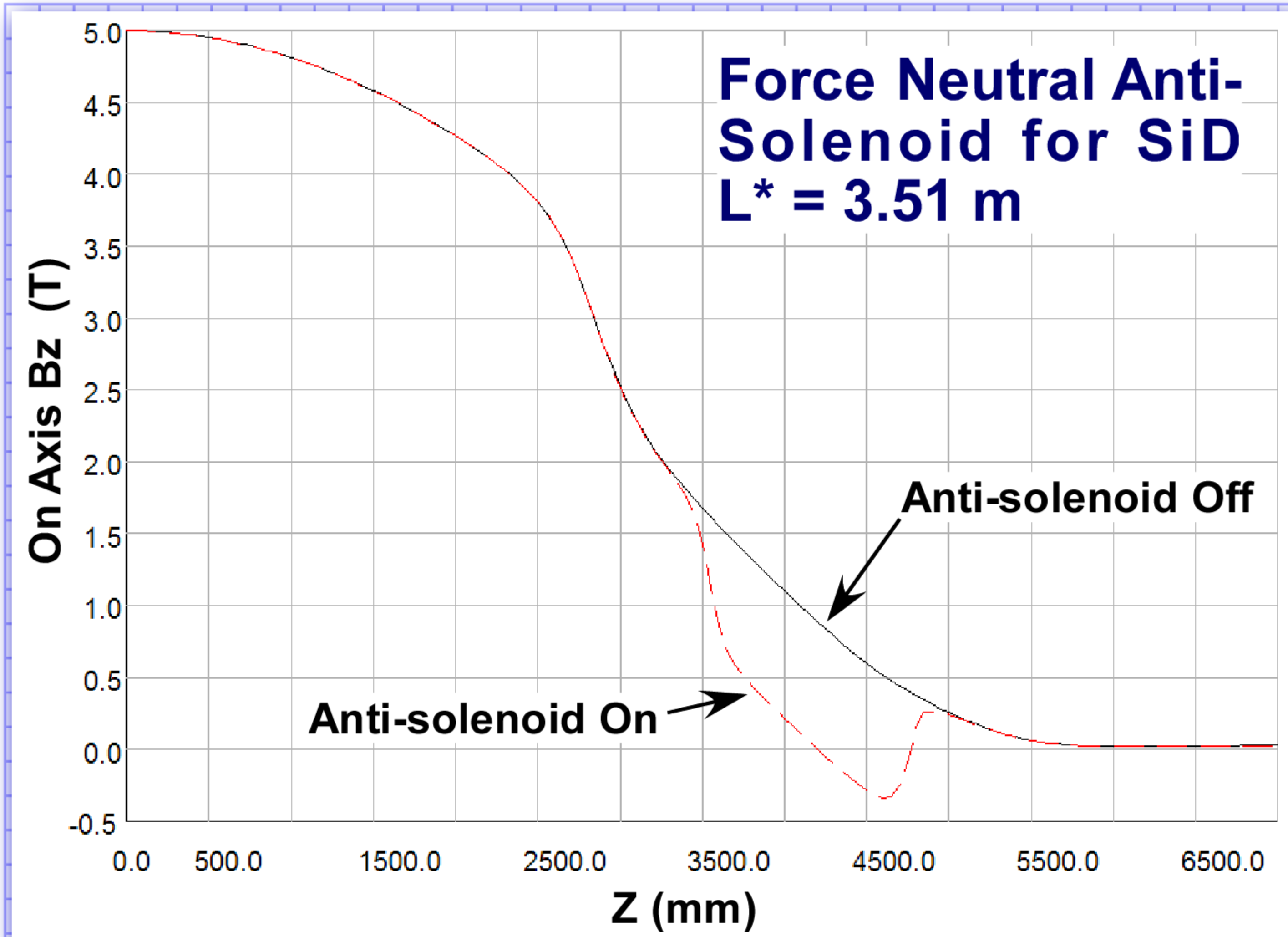


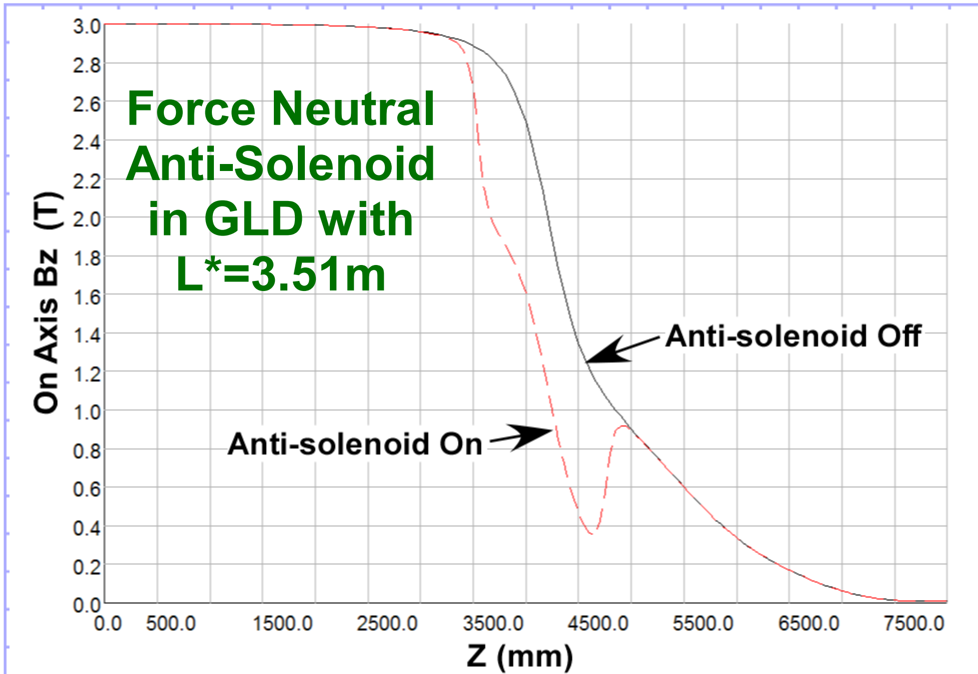
Thanks to cancellation between the external fields of the inner and outer coils, the force neutral anti-solenoid has very little impact on the detector field away from QD0.

Note: we will use trim currents to fine tune the field shape for optics optimization while remaining force neutral.

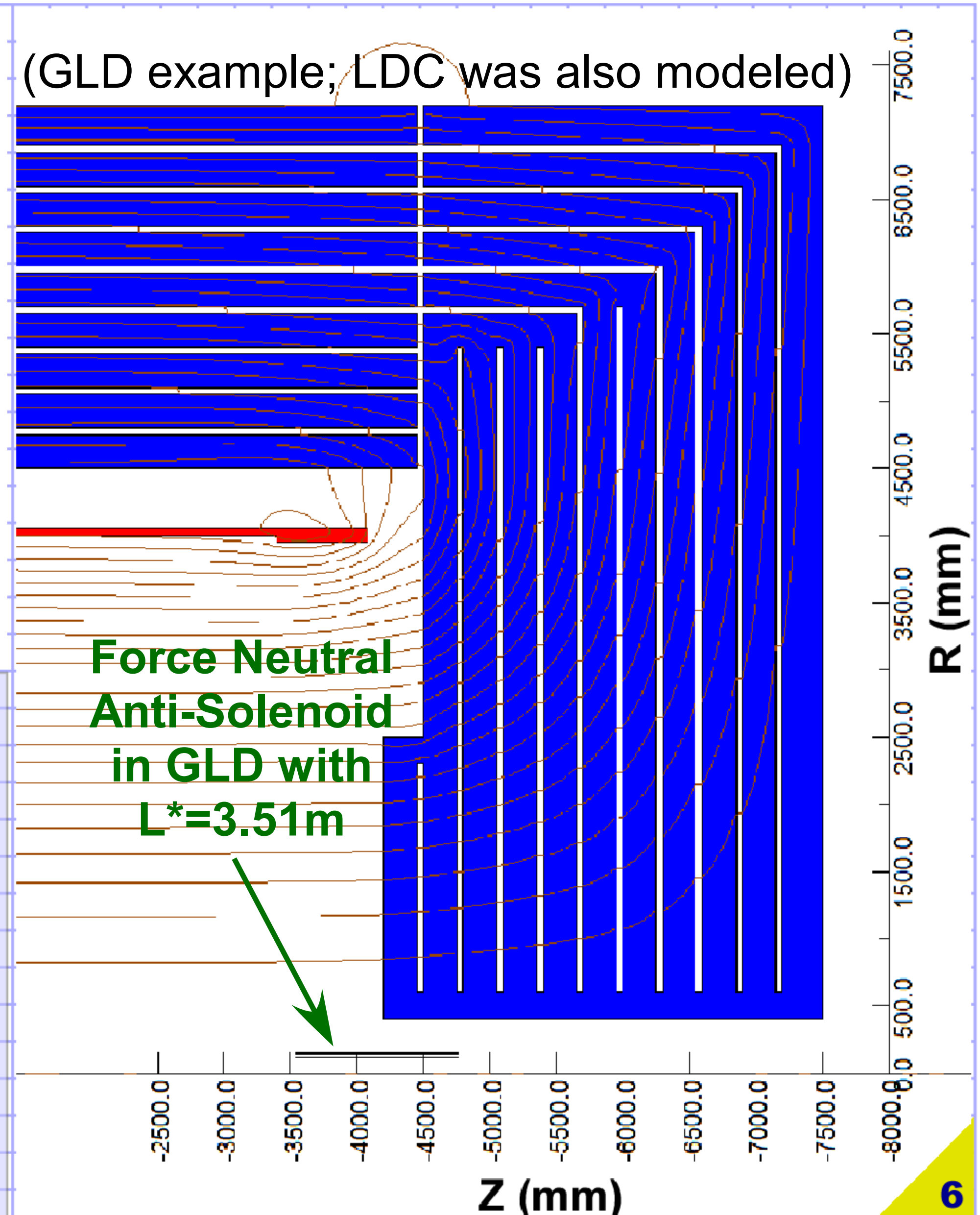
This is a flexible configuration that can be adapted to various values of L*.

The force neutral anti-solenoid has very little external field, unlike the open coil first generation design.

The anti-solenoid must overlap QD0, therefore its impact depends upon L*.



From a beam optics viewpoint, a force neutral anti-solenoid also works well for other detectors, LDC, GLD and even 4th, but obviously the anti-solenoid's impact on an experiment depends sensitively on the QD0 L*.



Work is again in progress to refine the anti-solenoid design requirements.

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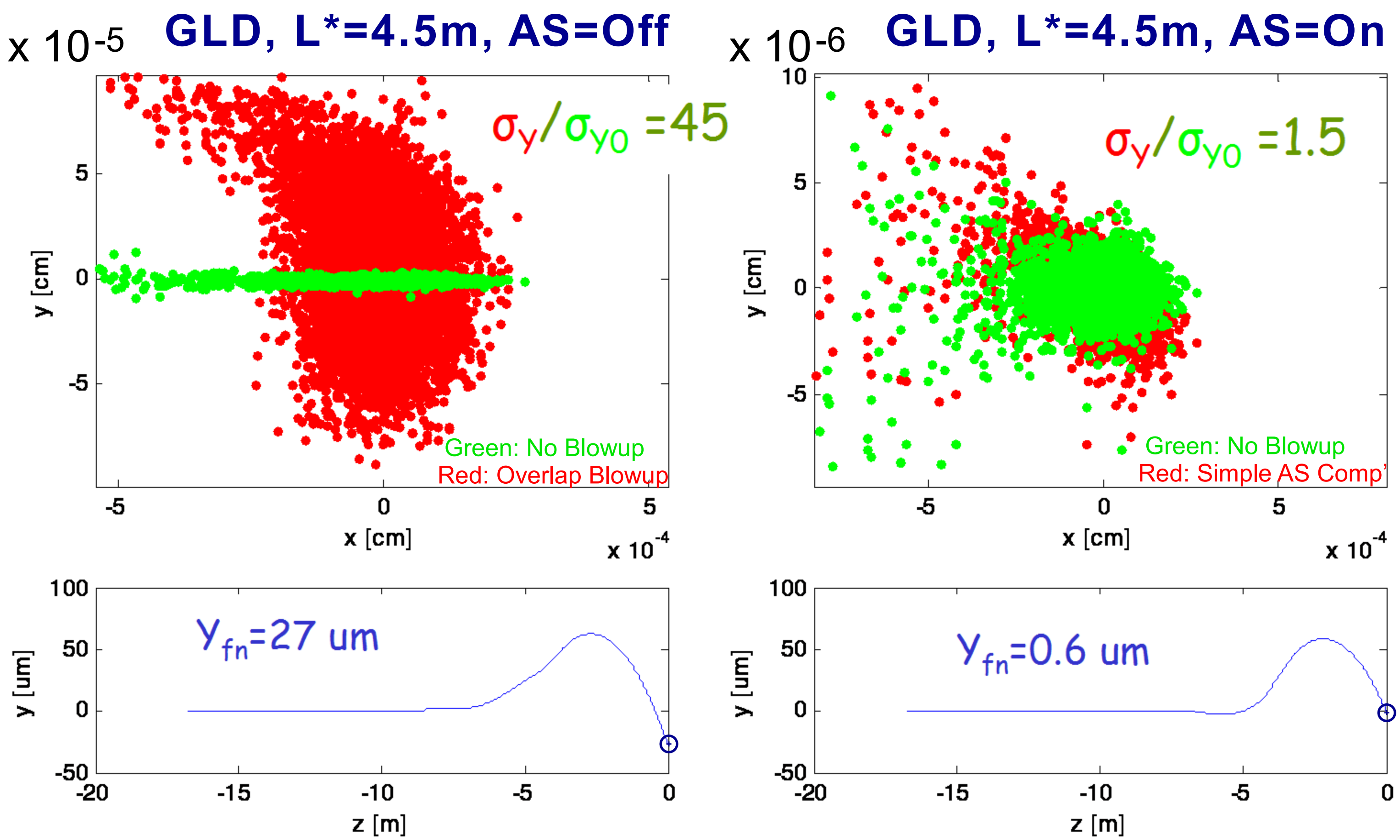
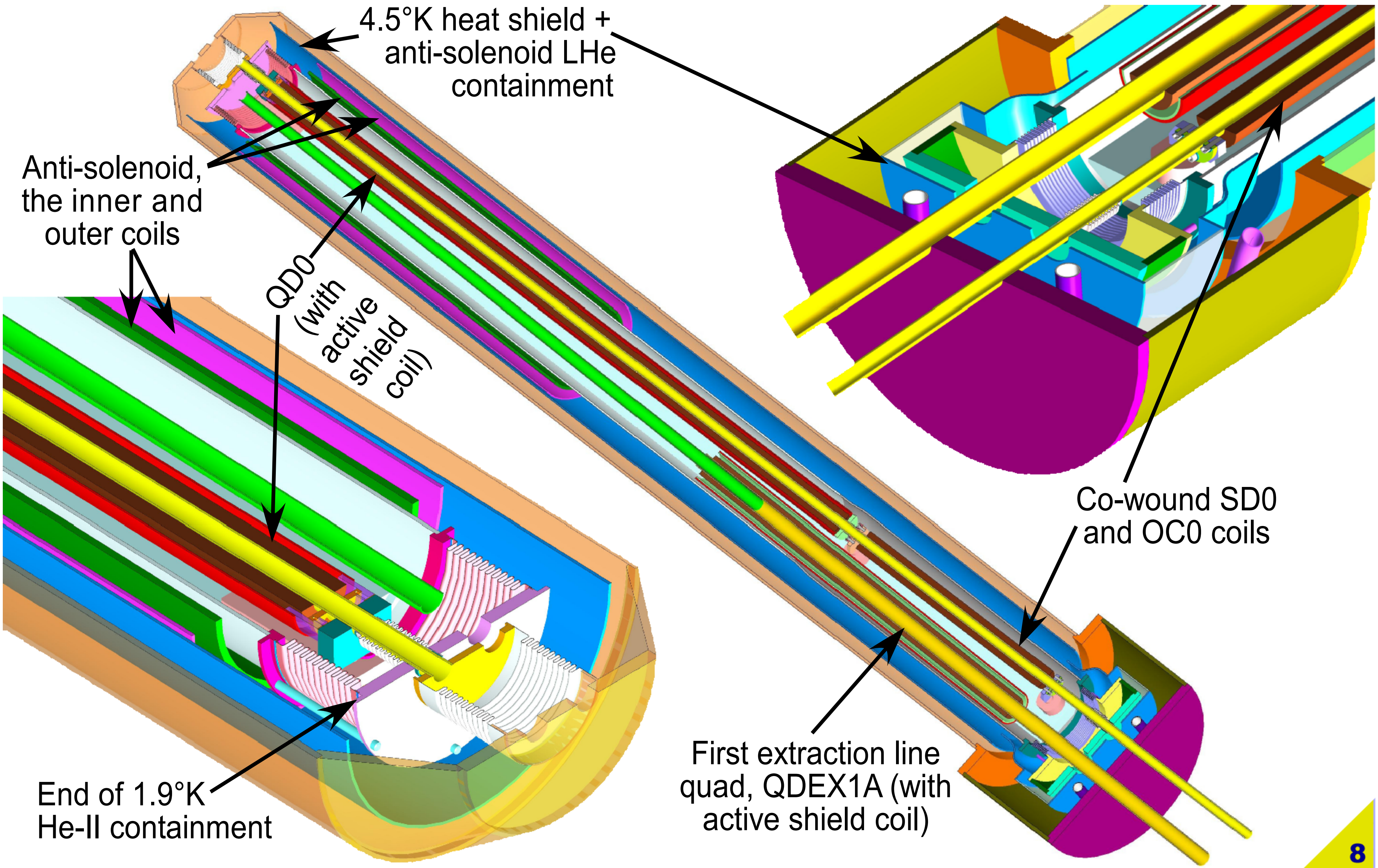
New codes have been created and work is now in progress to optimize the anti-solenoid design.



First Results of Antisolenoid Simulation, Sergei Seletskiy, BDS Workgroup Teleconference, April 3, 2007.

Now it should be possible to develop anti-solenoid requirements for each L*≈3.5-4.5 m and for each detector.

Incorporating a Force Neutral Anti-Solenoid Into the QD0 Cryostat.



QD0 Cryostat Design Details: (Plan View).

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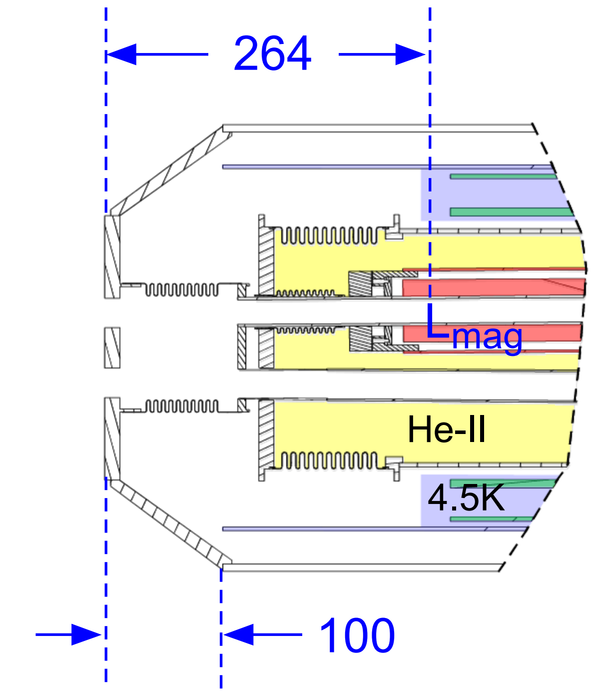
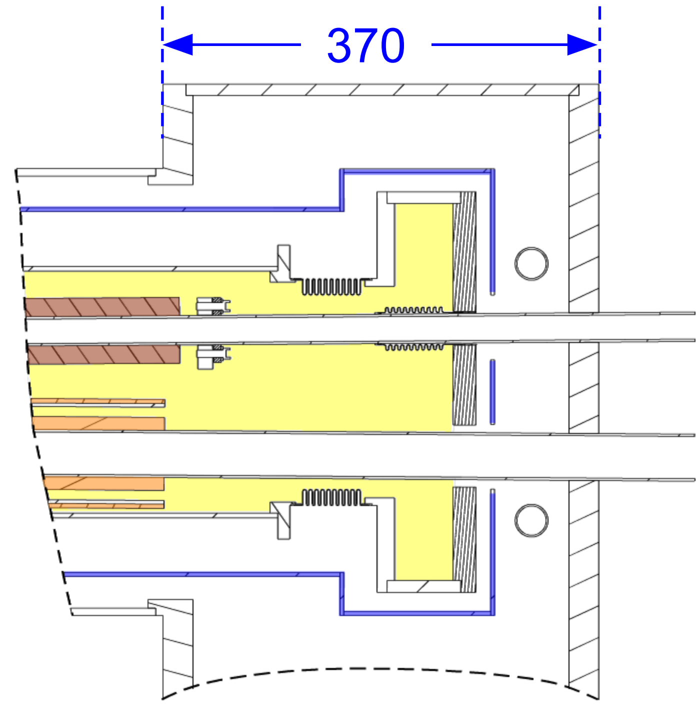
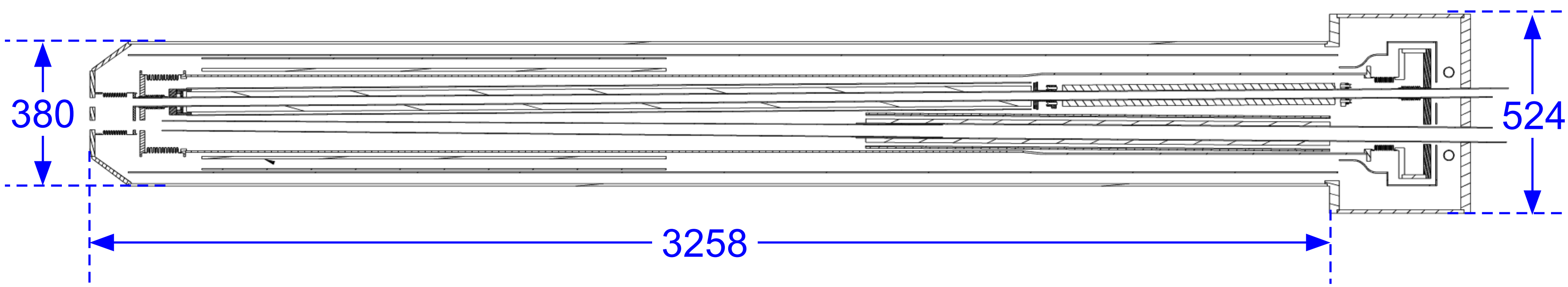


QD0 cryostat with a force neural anti-solenoid compatible with L* of up to 4.5 m.

Plan views are drawn at beams' common midplane; dimensions are as indicated in millimeters.





QD0 Cryostat Design Details: (Elevation Views and QD0 Section).

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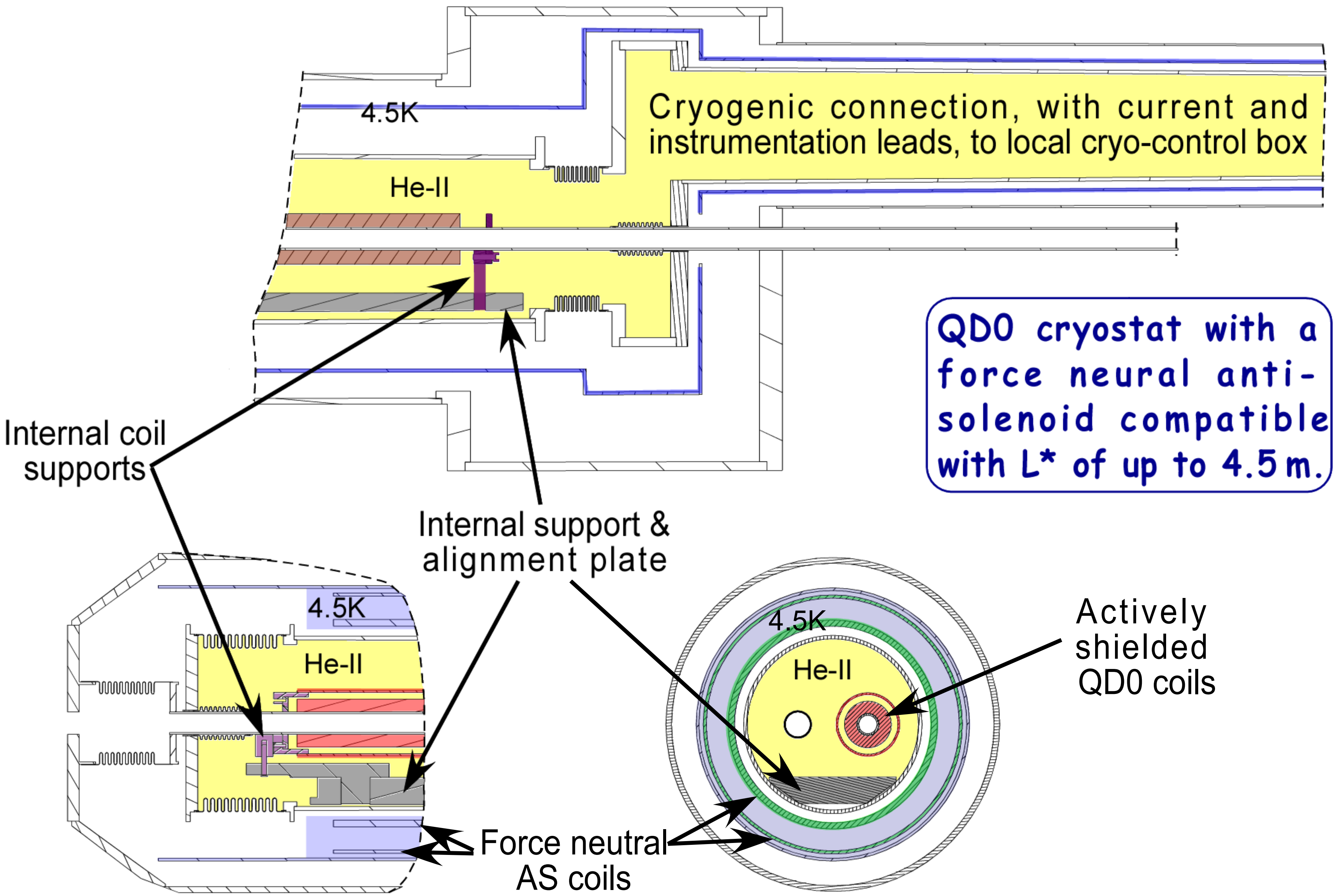

QD0 cryostat with a force neural anti-solenoid compatible with L* of up to 4.5 m.

Digression… work is also in progress designing the anti-DID coil.

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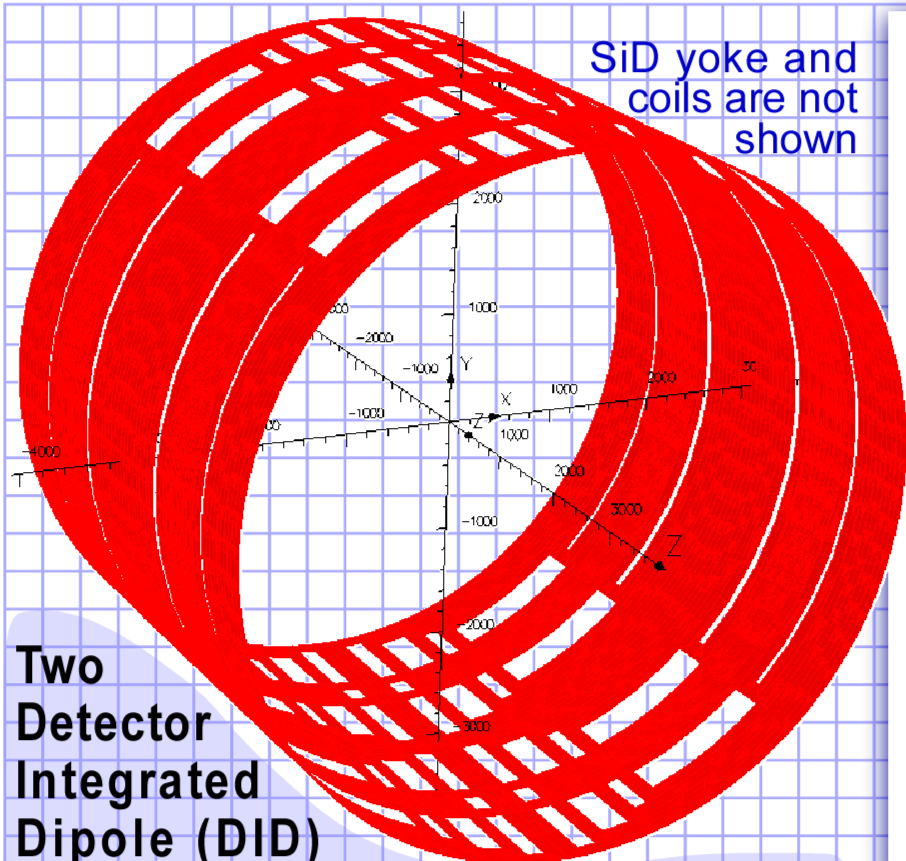

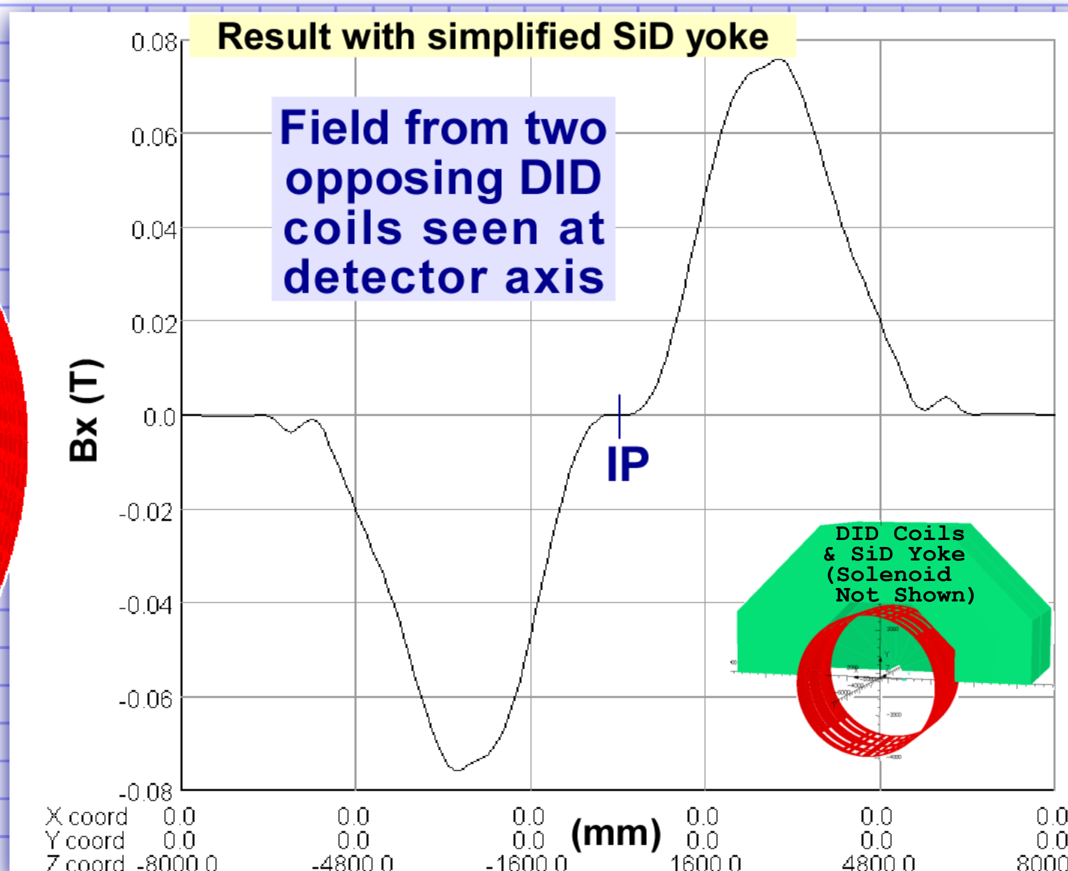

Two Detector Integrated Dipole (DID) coils can be used to improve the field uniformity near the IP (important for TPC based detectors).

Long Term Goal: Generate field maps for the anti-solenoid and anti-DID for each detector concept.

The Anti-Solenoid Design: Work in Progress (Summary).

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- The Force Neutral Anti-Solenoid avoids many problematic issues found with initial designs.
- Tools are available to find AS requirements.
- Coil optimization and integration into the QD0 cryostat is now in progress (also push-pull).
- Now is the time to get serious in addressing MDI issues (need coordination/cooperation between accelerator and experiments and between multiple experimental collaborations).