

SiPM response

Trygve Buanes

Department of physics and technology
University of Bergen

April 18, 2007

Introduction

- ▶ SiPM response depend on temperature and operating voltage
- ▶ To monitor the response there is a LED based monitoring system installed
 - ▶ Monitor stability of tile-fiber-SiPM system
 - ▶ Perform gain calibration
 - ▶ Measure SiPM response function
 - ▶ Determine intercalibration constants
- ▶ In addition to LED system, there are five temperature sensors in each module
 - ▶ Measure temperature dependence on SiPM (and PIN) response
 - ▶ Determine temperature dependent calibration constants

chip-channel

0-3		0-2		0-1	
0-13	0-12	0-11	0-10	0-9	0-8

1-5	1-4	1-3			
2-0	1-17	1-16			
2-12	2-11	2-10	2-9	2-8	2-7

4-3	4-2	4-1	4-0	3-17	3-16
4-17	4-16	4-15	4-14	4-13	4-12
5-12	5-11	5-10	5-9	5-8	5-7
6-7	6-6	6-5	6-4	6-3	6-2
7-3	7-2	7-1	7-0	6-17	6-16
7-17	7-16	7-15	7-14	7-13	7-12

- ▶ Sensors are shown as red dots
- ▶ Main temperature gradient is in horizontal direction
- ▶ Use runs without cooling to get high temperature measurements points

9-7	9-6	9-5	9-4	9-3	9-2
10-3	10-2	10-1			
10-14	10-13	10-12			
11-10	11-9	11-8	11-7	11-6	11-5
11-14		11-15		11-16	

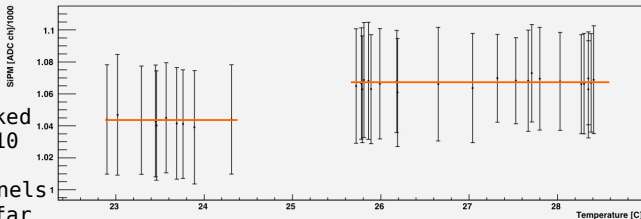
Reminder from February

SiPM Temperature Dependence: Module 15

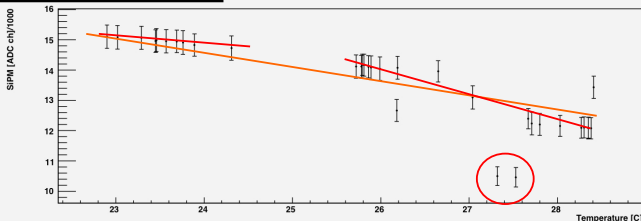
Chip 5
#9

• We
looked
at 10
channels
so far

Temperature correlation, pedestal events



Temperature correlation, vcalib=46000



G. Eic

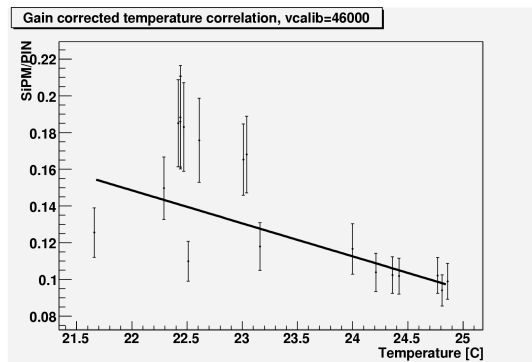
February

- ▶ Only October runs
- ▶ Runs with and without cooling
- ▶ Raw output from SiPMs and PINs

Now

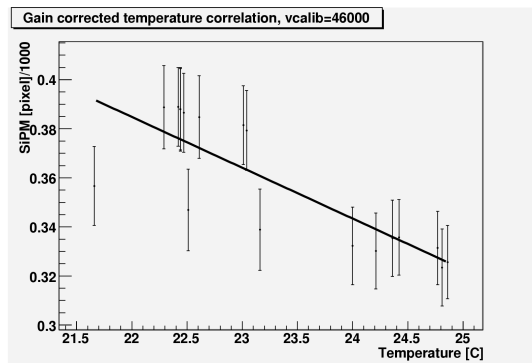
- ▶ August/September and October runs
- ▶ Only runs with cooling
- ▶ Gain corrected output from SiPMs and PINs

SiPM/PIN, August/September and October runs



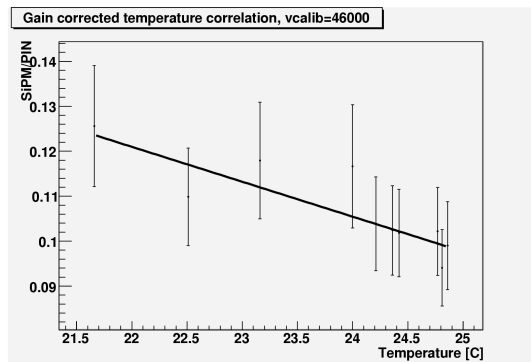
- ▶ Look first at SiPM/PIN for all runs at a fixed vcalib value
- ▶ Does not look to good...
- ▶ Could look like the points fall into two separate sets

SiPM, August/September and October runs



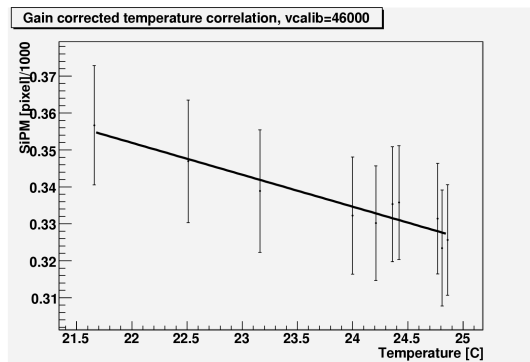
- ▶ Focus on only SiPM response
- ▶ Grouping is more clear now

SiPM/PIN, August/September runs



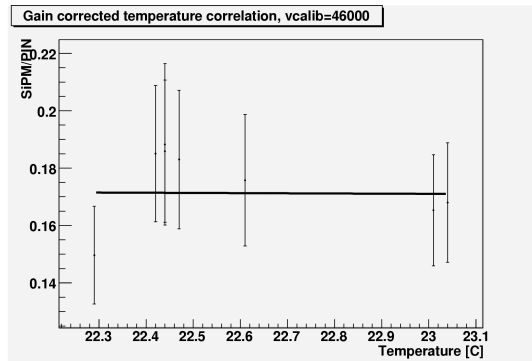
- ▶ When considering only the runs from August/September, all points fall nicely on a straight line

SiPM response, August/September runs



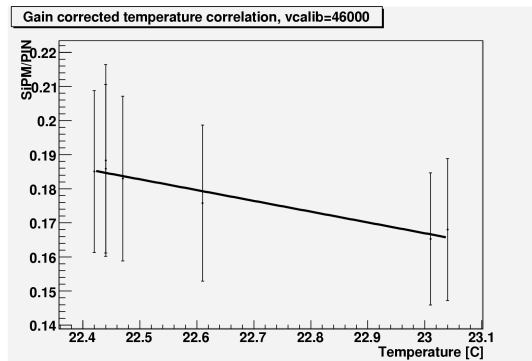
- ▶ Fit is even better than for SiPM/PIN
- ▶ Now errors appears to be too large

SiPM/PIN, October runs



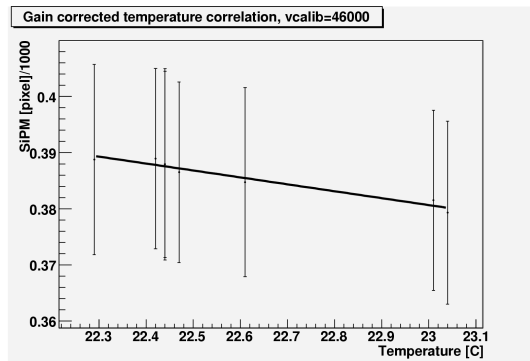
- ▶ For the October runs the linear fit does not look at all as good as it did for the August/September runs...
- ▶ ...but it is really only one point which is off (Run300622)

SiPM/PIN, October runs



- ▶ If we redo the fit without the “bad” point, we find a very good match to a linear fit also for October runs
- ▶ Is the “bad” point a fluctuation, or was something different in this run?

SiPM response, October runs



- ▶ When considering only SiPM response, all points (including Run300622) falls nicely on the linear fit
- ▶ Thus the problem/difference with Run300622 must somehow be related to the PIN diode, not the SiPM.

Conclusions

- ▶ The gain corrected temperature dependence on the SiPM response can be fitted with a linear function, but August/September runs and October runs do not agree
- ▶ In October we have identified one run which deviates a lot from the linear fit
 - ▶ need to understand what is special about this run