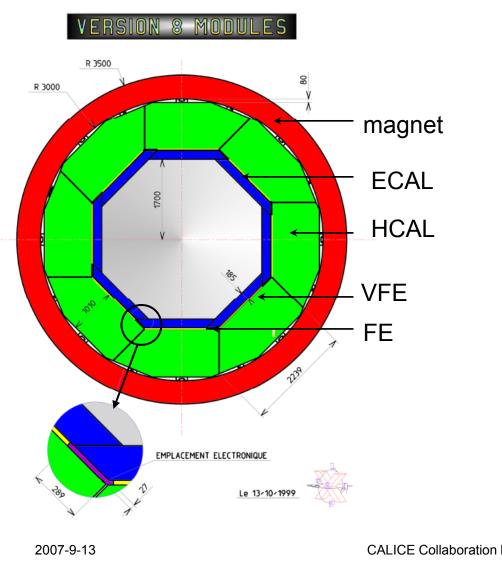
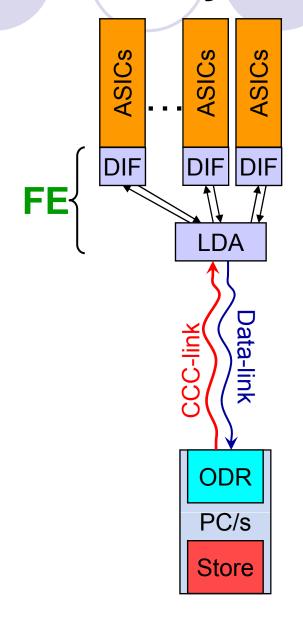


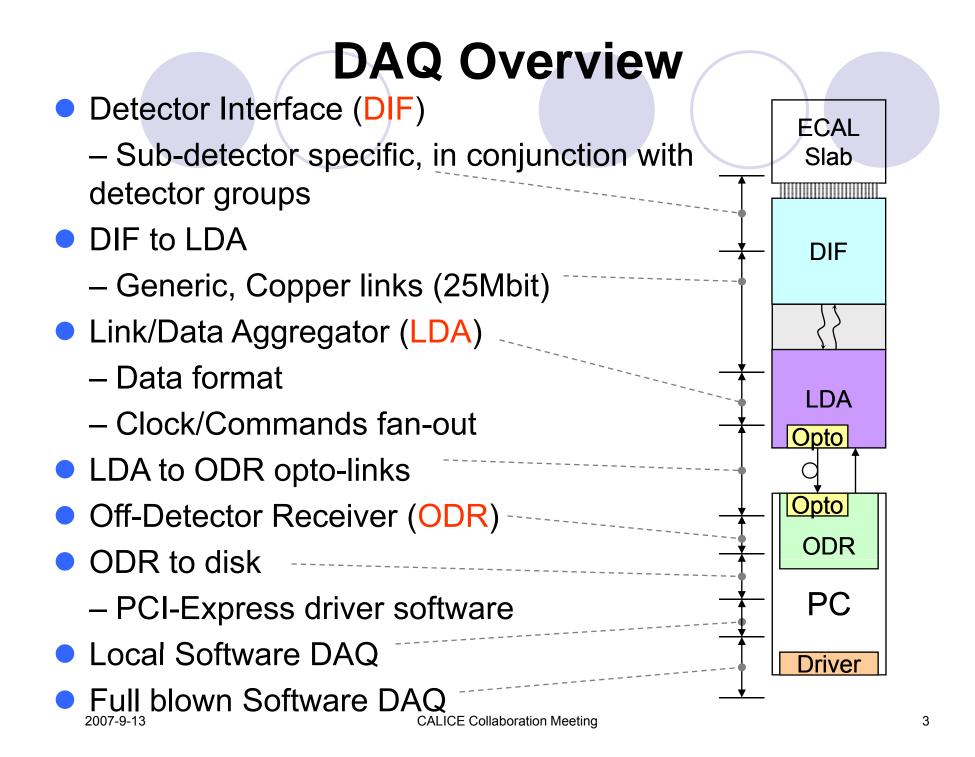


CALICE Collaboration Meeting Prague, 11-13/Sep/2007

## **Detector & DAQ Hardware Layout**



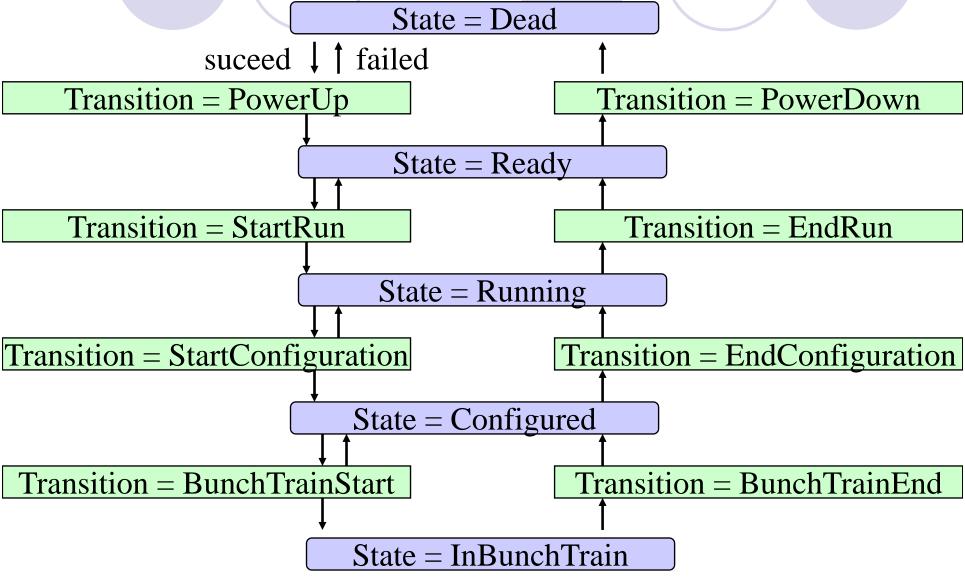




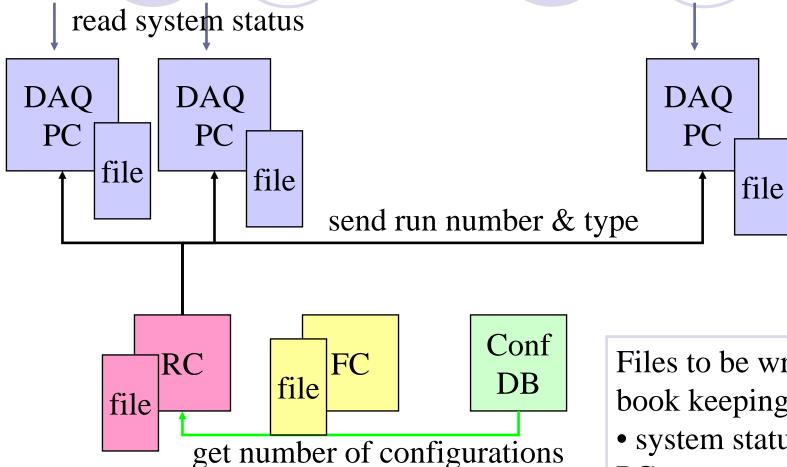
## **DAQ** software tasks

- Aim to develop a generic system
- Maximise use of off-the-shelf commercial components, cheap, scalable and maintainable
- Provide well defined interfaces between DAQ components to allow for simple upgrading or replacement in future without major re-design or cost
- Software control to integrate the rest of sub-systems of detectors
- Software to build event from bunch train data and disparate sources into single event data
- Manage Network and data storage

### DAQ software for Eudet: State Analysis



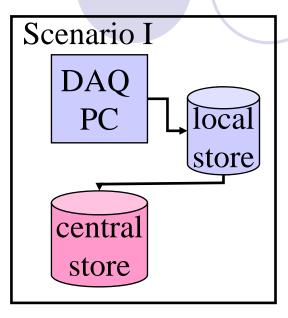
## **DAQ** software for EUDET: **Transition: StartRun**

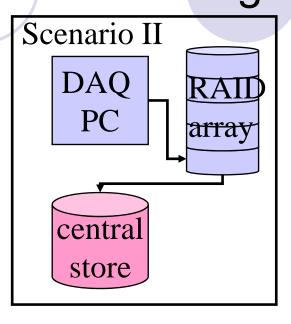


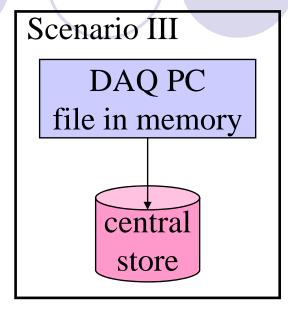
Files to be written for book keeping:

- system status by DAQ PC
- run info by RC PC
- system status by FC

# DAQ software for EUDET: Data Storage







- which scenario to choose depending on the bandwidth with which the data gets produced: (I) up to 200Mbit/sec, (II) up to ~1600Mbit/sec, (III) from there on
- desirable to have files because transfer is easier and in case of timing problems error handling is easier, but keep system flexible for now

#### What DAQ software should be used?

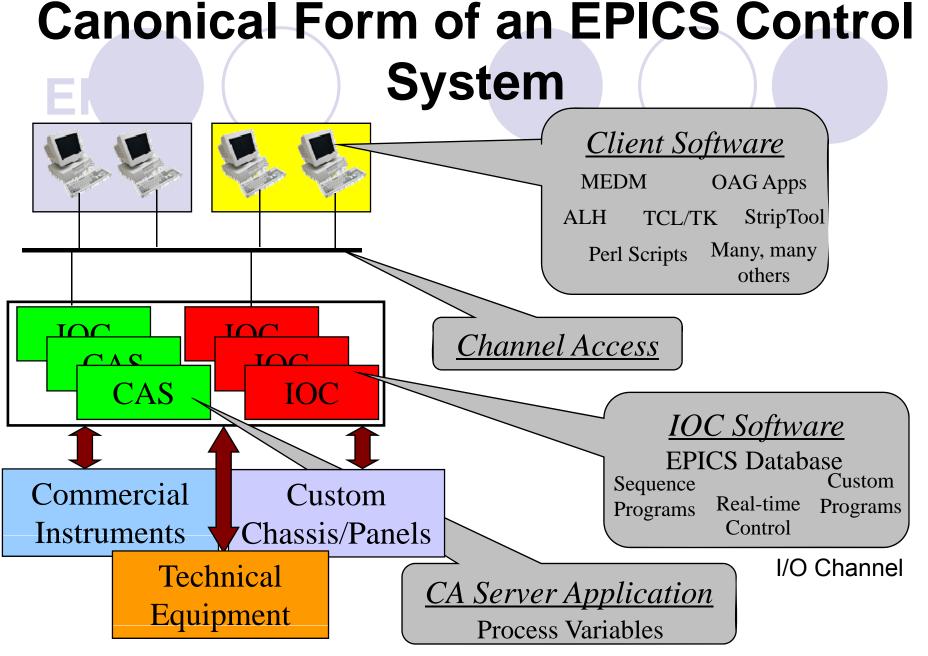
- An effort and exploration is focused on EPICS;
- An alternative candidate is ACE;
- I am looking into ACE framework.

#### **DAQ** software candidate: EPICS

- What's EPICS: Experimental Physics & Industrial Control System
- A World-wide Collaboration
- A Control System Architecture
  - Network-based "client/server" model with Channel Access Protocol for passing data
  - A distributed real-time database of machine values
- A Software Toolkit: A collection of software tools, comprehensive and scalable control system
- Successful cases: STAR/D0 ...

#### So What Does it Do?

- EPICS tools are available to accomplish almost any typical Distributed Control System (DCS) functionality, such as:
  - Remote Control & Monitoring of Technical Equipment
  - Data Conversion/Filtering
  - Closed Loop Control
  - Access Security
  - Equipment Operation Constraints
  - Alarm Detection/Reporting/Logging
  - Data Trending/Archiving/Retrieval/Plotting
  - Automatic Sequencing
  - Mode & Facility Configuration Control (save/restore)
  - Modeling/Simulation
  - Data Acquisition
- 2007-9-13 O Data Analysis



Taken from the introduction course into EPICS

### **IOC Software in One Slide**

Network (Channel Access) [IOC Software] EPICS "iocCore" services and routines [EPICS-supplied] Application Specific Database Record Record **Application** Record Record Specific [of Records] Record Record Record **Programs** Record Record Record Record Record Record Record Record [e.g. State Notation Record Record Record Record Language] New Device Device/Driver Support [EPICS-supplied/user-extensible] Support "New" Equipment "Supported" Instruments Shared/Provided Required **Optional** 

Taken from the introduction course into EPICS

#### Main features linked to CALICE-DAQ

- Network-based "client/server" model with Channel Access Protocol
- Rich Client Software & Channel Access Server Application and I/O Channel software
- Toolkits: Commercial Instruments, Custom Chassis/Panels and Technical Equipment
- Common uses
  - Provide automated start-up sequences
  - Provide fault recovery or transition to a safe state
  - Provide automatic calibration of equipment
  - Benefit from Run Control and record management

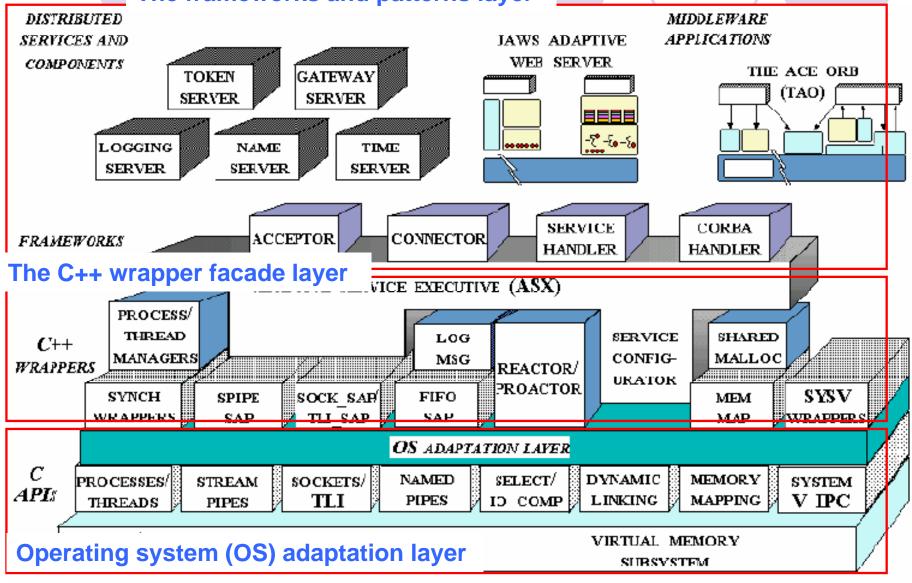
# ACE: alternative DAQ software candidate

- ADAPTIVE Communication Environment
- ACE is a free OO C++ toolkit, including reusable wrappers, classes and network programming frameworks, middlewares, which is portable & supportable in many Operation Systems.
- An off-the-shelf commercial components:
   Supported commercially by

www.riverace.com

#### **ACE Architecture**

The frameworks and patterns layer



#### **Main Functionalities of ACE**

- ACE basics: Installation, Logging Facility, Containers
- Interprocess Communication: Sockets, Reactor, Proactor, Other IPC Types
- Process and Thread Management: Process, Signals, Thread, Thread Safety and Synchronization, Tasks and Active Object Pattern, Thread Pools
- Advanced ACE: Memory, Streams, Service Configurator, Acceptor & Connector, Naming Service, Message Queues
- Many topics uncovered ...

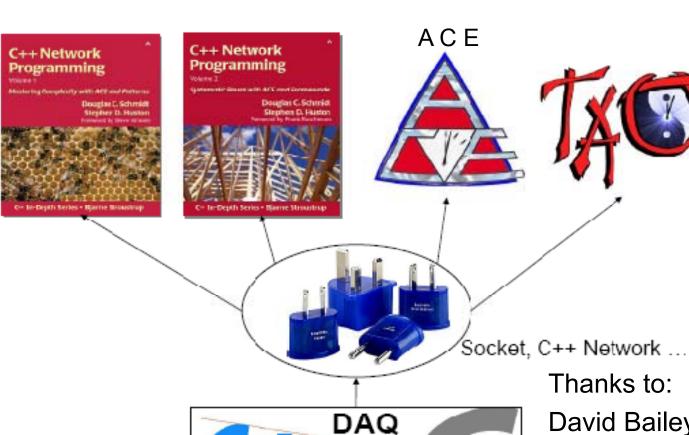
## **ACE functionality vs CALICE DAQ**

DAQ software for EUDET	ACE
Transition state	Service configurator,
	message queues
Clock, control	Process, signal, timers
Book-keeping	Logging Facility
Data storage	Memory, stream
Network switch	Acceptor, connector
A/synchronous I/O	Reactor, proactor
capabilities	
Sub-detector talks	Unicast, broadcast & multi-cast



- DAQ software tasks are reviewed.
- Use cases of DAQ software for EUDET are discussed in some conceptions.
- An effort of DAQ software candidates is made: EPICS and ACE
- Some comparisons are made between ACE functionalities and DAQ software needs.
- Trigger open discussions of DAQ software framework? Optional: EPICS or ACE?

## Thank you!



Calorimeter for ILC

David Bailey (Manchester), Paul D. (IC), Matthew Wing, Matt Wing, Valeria Bartsch (UCL)

#### **ACE** reference

- ACE main site: http://www.cs.wustl.edu/~schmidt/ACE.html
- Obtaining ACE: http://download.dre.vanderbilt.edu/
- Linux Platform settings:

```
#! /usr/bin/tcsh -f
setenv ACE_ROOT
   /scratch0/wutao/ACE5.5/ACE_wrappers
setenv LD_LIBRARY_PATH
   ${ACE_ROOT}/ace:${ACE_ROOT}/lib:\
    ${LD_LIBRARY_PATH}
setenv PATH "${PATH}:${ACE_ROOT}/bin"
Then `make" to compile
```



## **ACE Functionality (I)**

- Logging Facility: good logging mechanism:
  - Use basic logging and tracing techniques
  - Enable and disable display of various logging message severities
  - OCustomize the logging mechanics ...
- Interprocess Communication
  - Service access point wrappers: sockets, FIFO, stream pipe
  - Reactor & proactor: (a)synchronous I/O capabilities
  - Other IPC: unicast, broadcast & multi-cast, files, pipes, FIFOs, share-memory stream

# **ACE Functionality (II)**

- Process & thread:
  - Start and terminate, (a) synchronize processes & signals
  - Thread management: creation, suspension, cancellation and deletion, locks, guards and conditions, sending, destroying, waiting, cooperation.
  - Priorities and scheduling classes in pools
  - Safety, synchronization and specific storage, and multithread programs
  - Active object and tasks managements

## **ACE Functionality (III)**

- Rich array of memory management classes:
  - Omanage dynamic memory (memory allocated from the heap): more flexible, can be changed at runtime.
  - O manage shared memory between processes: perform better, configured at compile time.
  - Map Interface: LIFO/FIFO, ACE MMAP Memory Pool,
  - ACE Shared Memory Pool, ACE Local Memory Pool
  - Memory Protection Interface & Synchronic Interface

# **ACE Functionality (IV)**

- The streams
  - OA one-way stream to record and process messages.
  - OA Bidirectional Stream to implement a command stream

#### **ACE Stream Class:**

- open(), close(), wait();
- push(), pop(), top(), insert(), replace(), remove();
- get(), put();

# ACE Functionality (V)

- ACE Acceptor:
  - **OPassive Connection Establishment**
  - OHandling of the connection after establishment
- ACE Connector:
  - **OActive Connection Establishment**
  - OHandling of the connection after establishment
- Uses TCP to establish the connection
- Uses UNIX domain sockets to establish the connection

# **ACE Functionality (VI)**

- Naming Services: Type of name space
  - OA Single-Process Naming Context
  - Sharing a Naming Context on One Node
  - Sharing a Naming Context across the Network

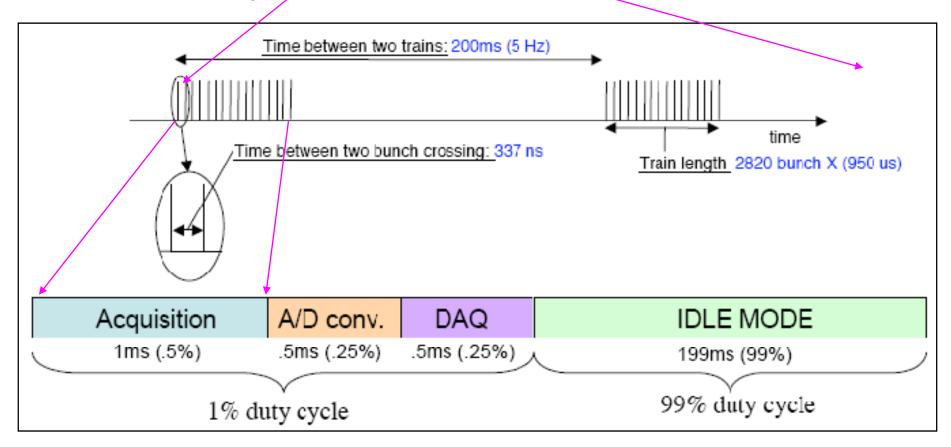
## Timing Consideration

1 run = several bunch trains

1 bunch train = many bunch crossings

1 bunch crossing = 1000 events

LCIO: event-by-event Now no event is defined.



## DAQ system general R&D work

- Make possibilities as to what can be done in the VFE/FE, Assume reading out higher data rate and can definitely do anything lower.
- Using commercial, off-the-shelf products, cheap, scalable and maintainable.
- Backplaneless readout
- Identify bottlenecks in this concept, effects on the calorimeter system.
- Perform data reformating, calibration, linearisation & digital filtering
- Should be applicable to the HCAL other non-calorimeter components
- Test-bench work and demonstration of workability of concept.
- Be able to provide DAQ for prototype calorimeters being developed.