

## Summary of the Session on Magnets, Movers and Magnet Installation. ATF2 5<sup>th</sup> Project Meeting, at KEK

## Cherrill Spencer, Magnet Designer and member of ATF2 Magnet Group



Spencer provided overview of magnet **Magnets** fabrication & measurement.

- **Three Final Focus dipoles**, B1,B2 & B5: designed by Spencer, made and measured at IHEP, Beijing, delivered to KEK ~ 3 weeks ago
- Two Final Doublet quads : QD0 & QF1. Old FFTB quads: aperture been increased to 50mm; working on improving multipole content- solution been found to reduce 12-pole: new "side-shims" along poletip
- Two Final Doublet sextupoles: SD0 & SF1: old FFTB sextupoles, solid wire coils. Have added water-cooled copper plates to reduce their temperature rise
- Three Final Focus sextupoles: old SLC water-cooled sextupoles, about to be refurbished and re-measured.
- Some vibration measurements on the QD0 & "SD0"



Magnets

Spencer's Conclusion having looked at all IHEP data and the raw Hall probe data [their LCW system not available again until Dec20th]

- I have looked at all the data from all 3 dipoles, Based on all the data I proposed that :
- The 3 DEA dipoles made and measured by IHEP are meeting all our requirements: mechanical, thermal, integrated strength at expected currents and field quality and therefore
- I TOLD IHEP on 29<sup>th</sup> November TO SHIP THEM to KEK as soon as convenient (with the 2 spare coils). The shipping crate arrived ~7 Dec at KEK



ATF2 Magnets

We saw these 3 dipoles during our tour of ATF2 Thursday afternoon.



21st December 2007



#### ATF2 Magnets

Modified quad, with 50mm aperture on rotating coil measurement stand at SLAC

Increased bore quad meets strength and thermal requirements.

Does NOT meet some of the strict multipole requirements



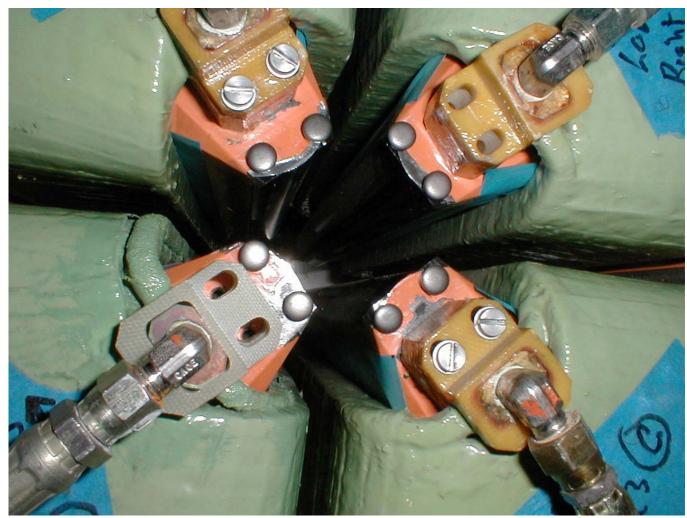
L4 geophone placed for vibration tests (see later)

Fully bucked rotating coil, to measure integrated harmonics and integrated strength

21st December 2007



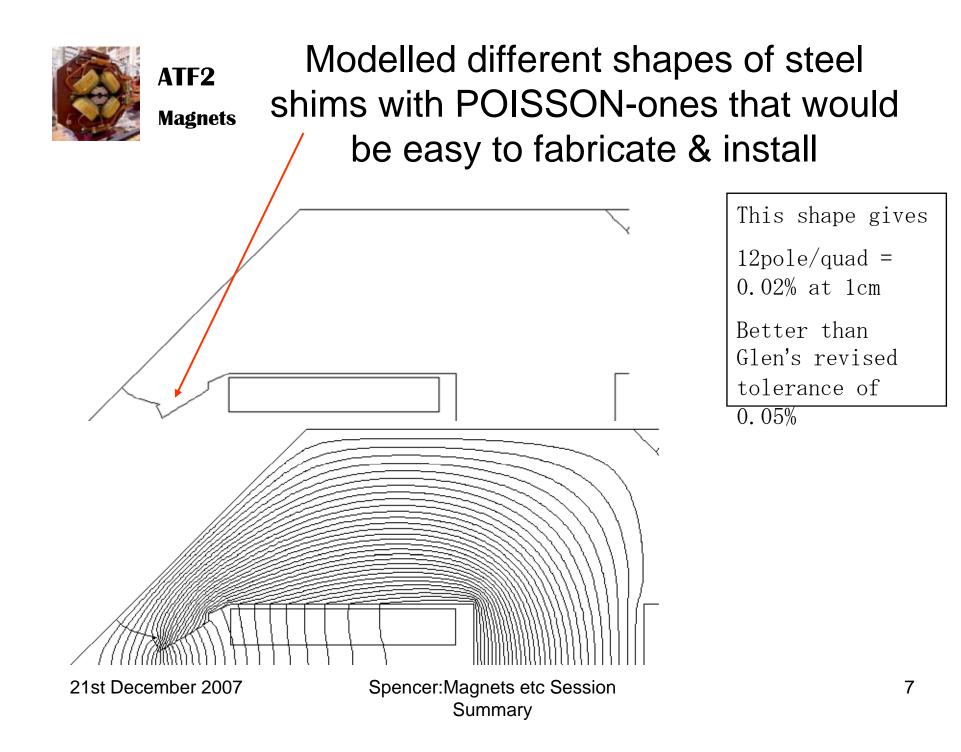
## ATF2 Some 12.7mm steel buttons stuck <sup>Magnets</sup> on poletip ends: to reduce 12-pole



This technique did not work well enough on this quad.

Need a technique that modifies the pole shape throughout the length of the magnet.

21st December 2007





### ATF2 Cross-sectional view of new side-Magnets shim : to reduce 12-pole



Width of shim carefully chosen so does not interfere with adjacent coil [which vary a little in size from coil to coil] Request to fabricate 16 shims been

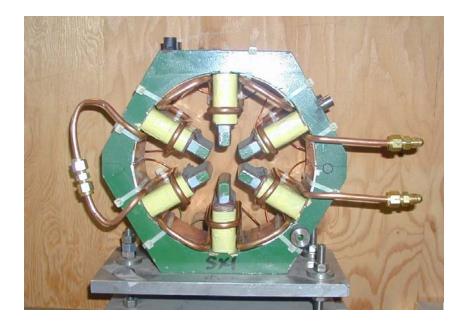
submitted to SLAC shops.

Will be made in January, Steel in house.

21st December 2007

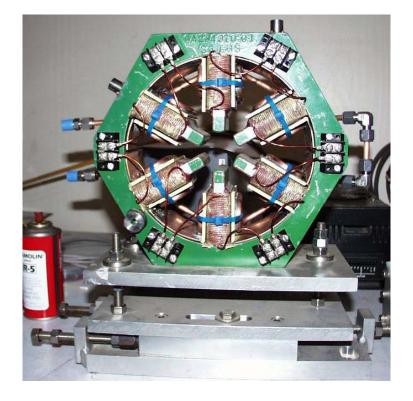


#### Added external cooling: copper Magnets pipes and some copper plates



The cooling circuit is one assembly and it all slides into the magnet from one side.

The circuit can be split into 2 separate parts when the magnet is split.



2<sup>nd</sup> version: copper plates on sides of coils, under copper pipes

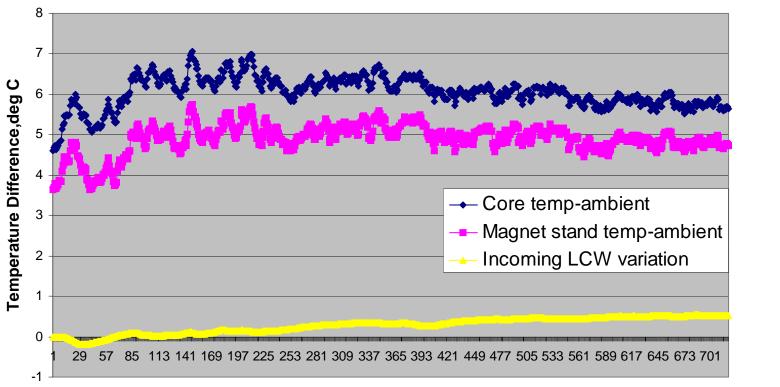
21st December 2007



**Magnets** 

## Ambient temperature was increasing during test, so subtract ambient and re-plot

Differences in core or stand temperatures from ambient temperature



Core & magnet stand temps increase by < 2 C over 4 hour run at 6.5 amps

Measurement #, every ~20 seconds



#### Vibration measurements : to see **Magnets** affect of cooling water (only)

FD Sextupole on measuring table in SLAC's Mag Mst Lab (in noisy shop building)

ATF2

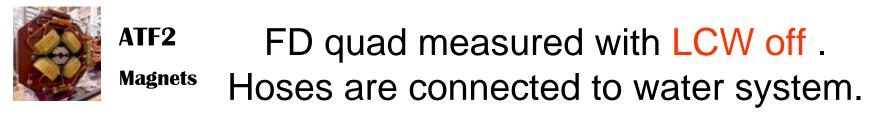
MarkL4 geophone.

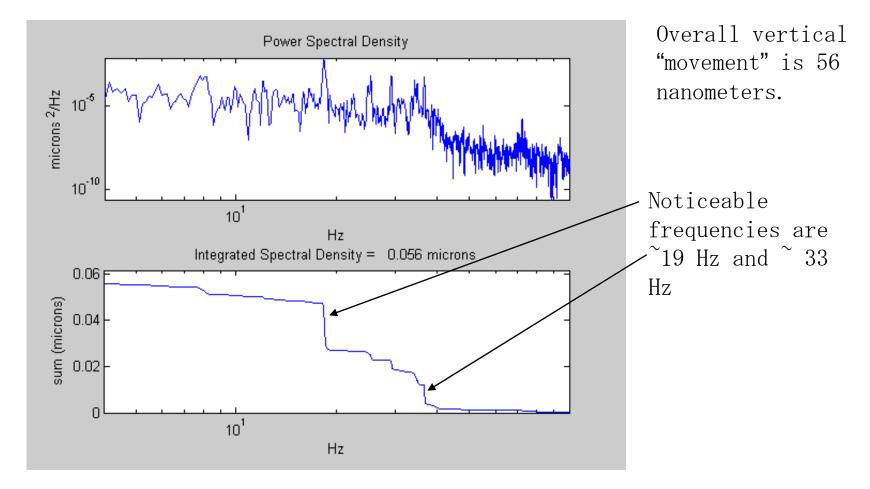
Measures vibrations between 4 and 100 Hz.

Took data for 16 seconds: water off and then water on at required

flow rate.

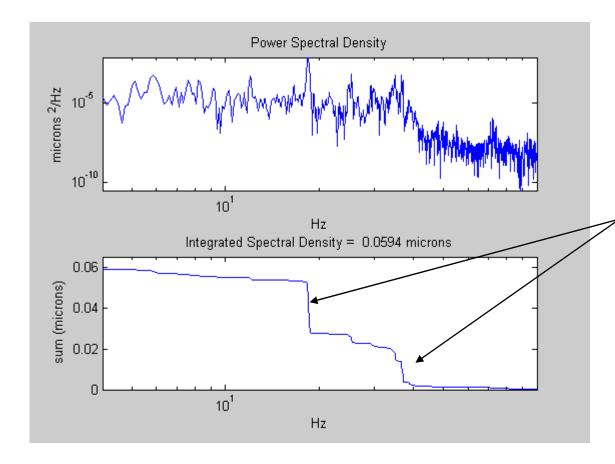
21st December 2007







### ATF2 FD quad measured with LCW on at 2.8 Magnets gpm total. Similar data for sextupole



21st December 2007

Spencer:Magnets etc Session Summary Measured vertical "movement" is 59.4 nanometers.

A  $2^{nd}$  measurement showed 54 nm with water on.

19Hz & 33Hz oscillations are there.

Later- measured the large table under the quad- it had 19Hz effect. So the 33Hz signal was present for both quad & sextupole, 13 water On and Off.



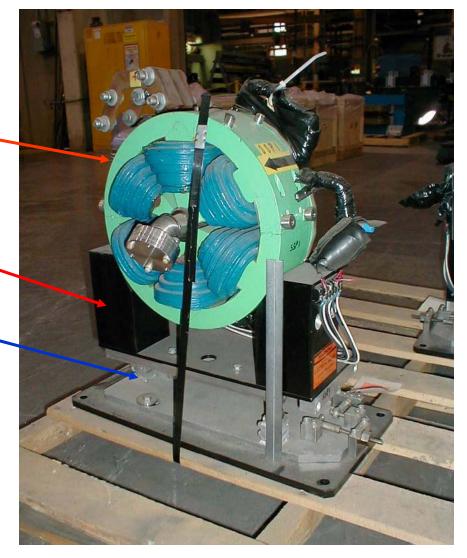
Photo of an old SLC "SX3" style sextupole: ATF2 will be used for ATF2 FF sextupoles

Magnets

This is a spare sextupole waiting to be re-furbished for ATF2.

This old support is too tall for ATF2.

This T1 support will not be used





Remaining issues we are also working on

Magnet supports

ATF2

**Magnets** 

- Extra supports for FD quads and FD sextupoles to get them to correct beam height- LAPP will design and fabricate (with height adjustability)
- Supports under FF sextupoles, that fit in with the BPM support. Discussions with Honda-san today have established who is designing and fabricating which parts.
- Alignment procedures for all the "re-used" magnets — have been working with Sugahara -san on procedure to use existing SLAC tooling ball installation holes & fiducialization data with the KEK alignment target
- Compatibility of QD0 with MONALISA



**Magnets** 

# Sugahara-san gave talk on magnet installation



Sugahara-san and small crew is installing the concrete base blocks in the ATF2 beamline.

How typical QEA quad will look: -Height adjustment plates -Old FFTB magnet mover

-Concrete base block

21st December 2007



#### In October: installed monuments for horizontal positioning









Magnets

# 20 concrete blocks of various styles are being installed in Dec.



Blocks installed as of  $20^{\text{th}}$  December 2007

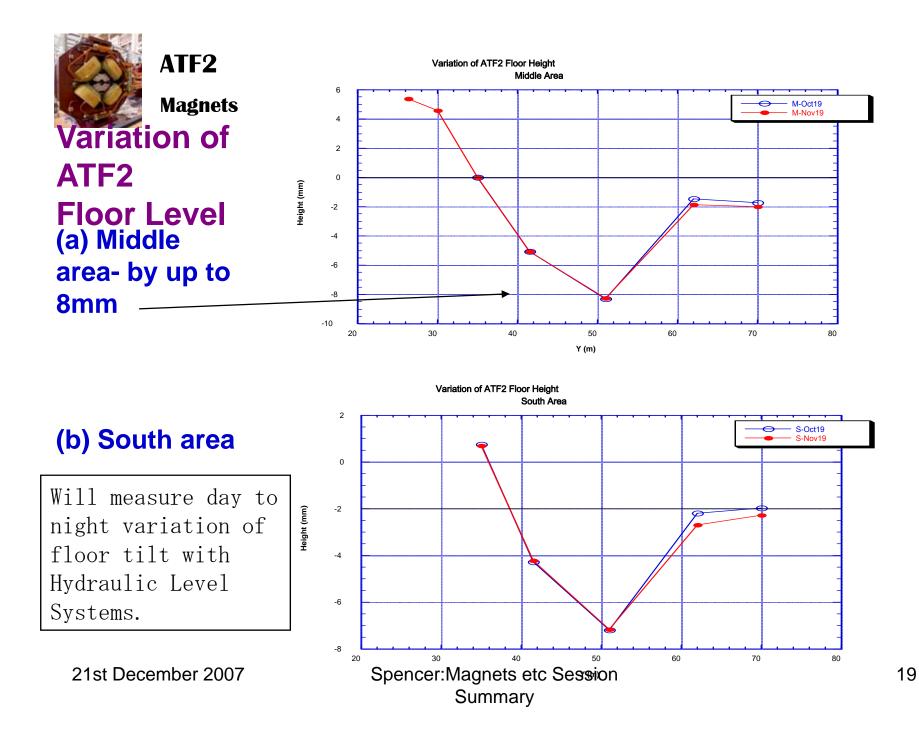
Previously Sugahara-san put layout markers on the floor, having measured the ATF2 floor relative to

the ATF floor. Measurements of the floor height over 3 weeks shows

• It is shrinking.

 $\cdot$  It varies over space by several mm

Will start installing movers and magnets in early January—the QEAs & DEAs. Other magnets will be installed as they are available.





ATF2 Magnet Movers: Justin May gave talk Magnets about the old FFTB movers that will be put under 25 ATF2 magnets

- Theory of operation; will try new approach for stepping the movers to their desired position.
- Software for controlling the movers is largely written
- Need to complete the EPICS (hardware controlling) system
- During magnet alignment process: good if we check the cam rotation value as well as the LVDT
- Hardware installation process will require careful planning as movers will need power to be installed; cable plant may not be installed before the movers need to be installed, so will have to use temporary cables & power supply.