

# GEM Panel for LP1



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For CDC group

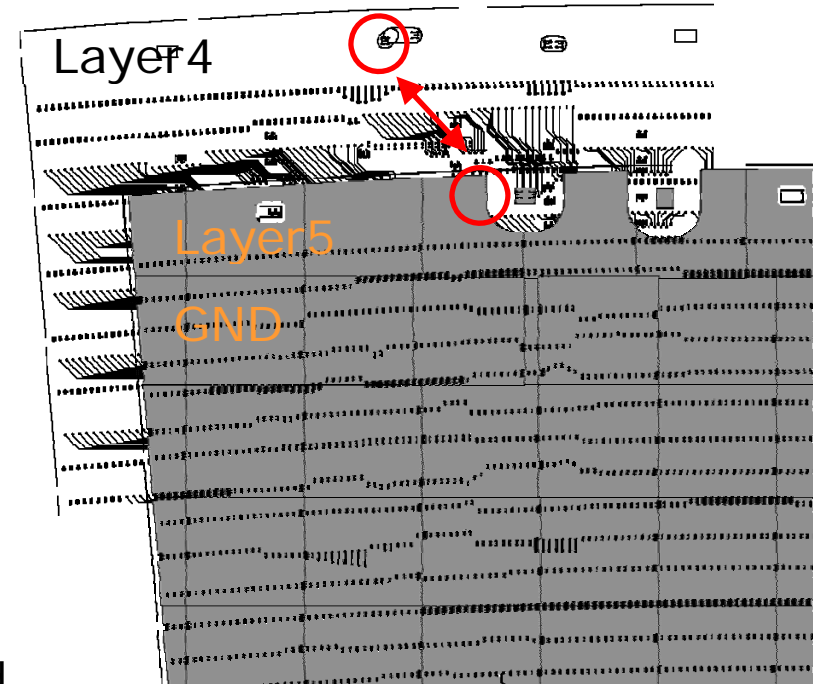
# Design Principle

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- Three requirements
  - two track separability in  $\phi$  direction less than 2mm
  - Position resolution less than 150um with Ar-CF<sub>4</sub> based gas
  - survive under 1% occupancy (C. Damerell's comment at tracker review)
  
- PCB
  - Small pad size for two track separability and signal width of ~350um
  - every two rows staggered to resolve S-shape systematics
  
- GEM and Frame
  - Simple structure with thick double GEM
  - Defocusing capability
  - Minimization of dead space pointing to IP
  
- GEM gating
  - ion feedback probability less than a few  $\times 10^{-4}$
  - Easy mounting onto multiplication GEM

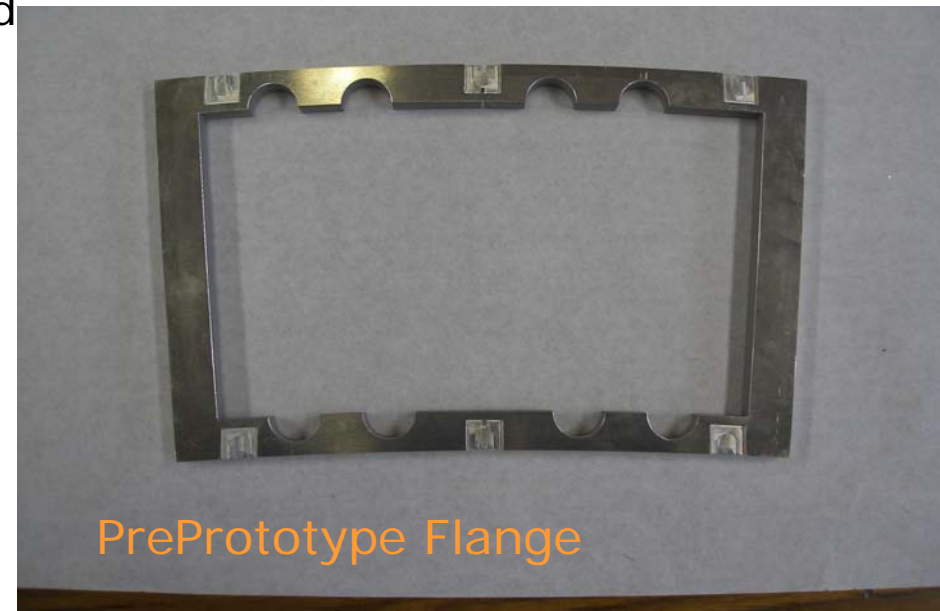
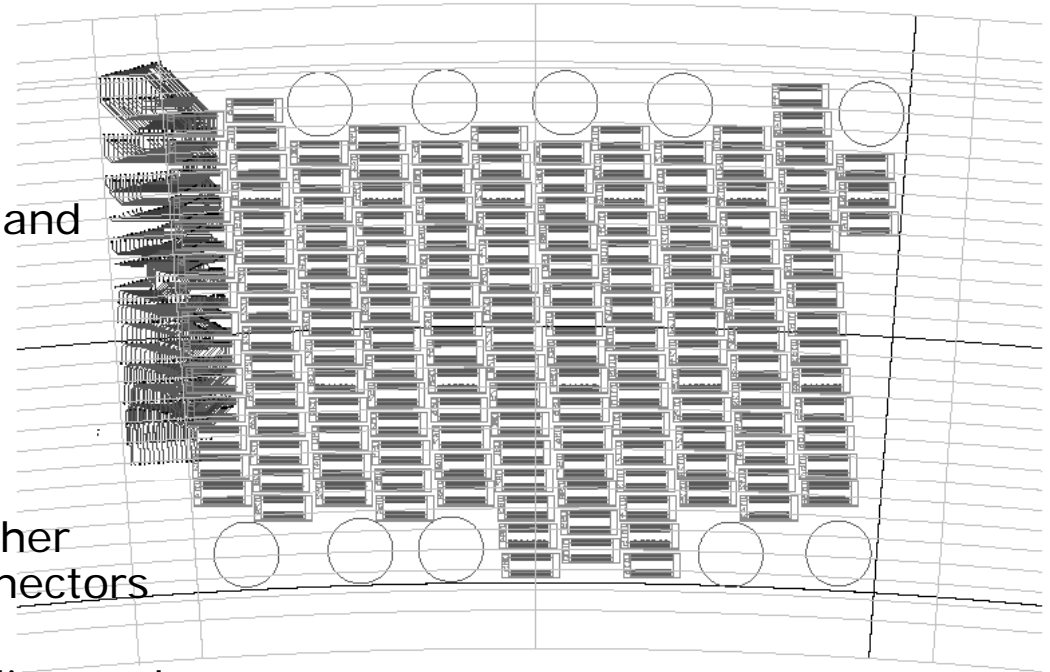
# Feedback from the PrePrototype Test

- ❑ Problems found to be fixed for LP1 panel.
- ❑ The biggest problem
  - Short btw HV line in PCB and GND or mount flange
    - ❑ Only single FR4 layer btw them
    - ❑ breakdown voltage for single FR4 layer (0.38mm) is 2.6kV.
    - ❑ → at least two FR4 layers btw them
- ❑ Minor problems
  - HV connector screw head easily broken
  - Aluminum bolts hard to solder
    - ❑ we planned to adhere it with conductive paste but it is too weak, so choose soldering.
  - No alignment mechanism btw panel and flange
  - No GND connector.
  
- ❑ No large modification for LP1 panel from PrePrototype



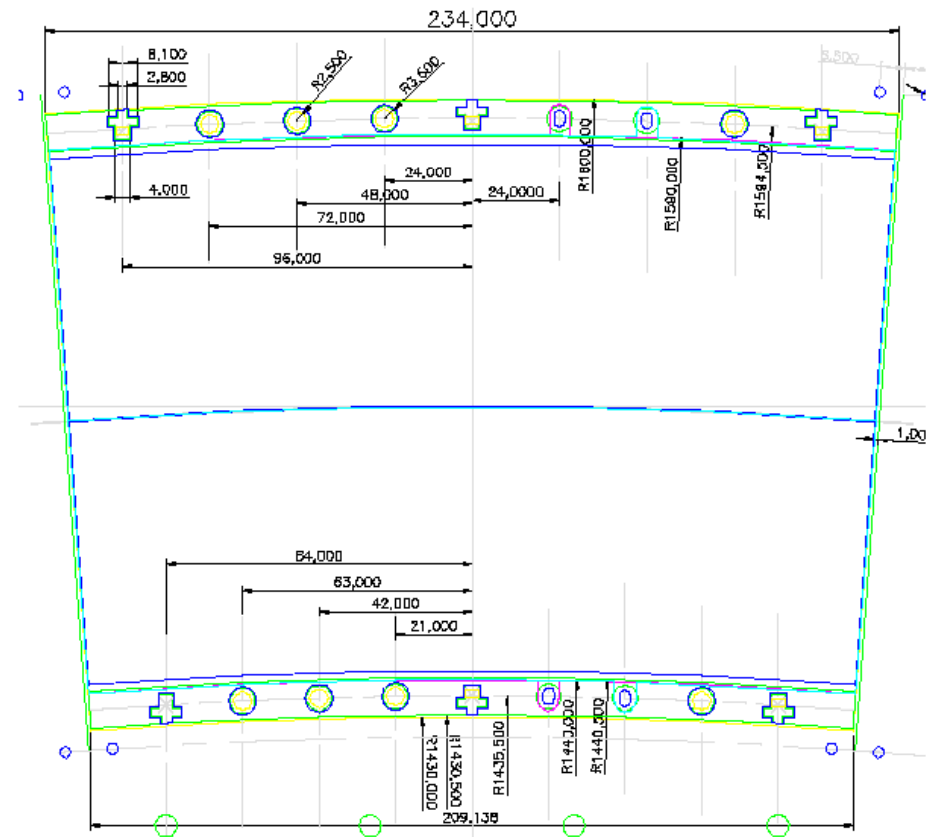
# PCB

- ❑ 28 pad rows
- ❑ 176 and 192 channels for inner and outer half rows
- ❑ In total 5152 channels and 161 connectors
- ❑ every two rows staggered
- ❑ Pad size  $\sim 1 \times 5 \text{mm}^2$
- ❑ Connector density is slightly higher than PrePrototype since HV connectors are inside bounding box
- ❑ At least two FR4 layers btw HV line and GND, signal line and flange to avoid short.
- ❑ Design for wiring btw pad and connector is on going at Tsinghua
- ❑ Design to be finalized by early Nov 2007
- ❑ Delivered in Dec 2007



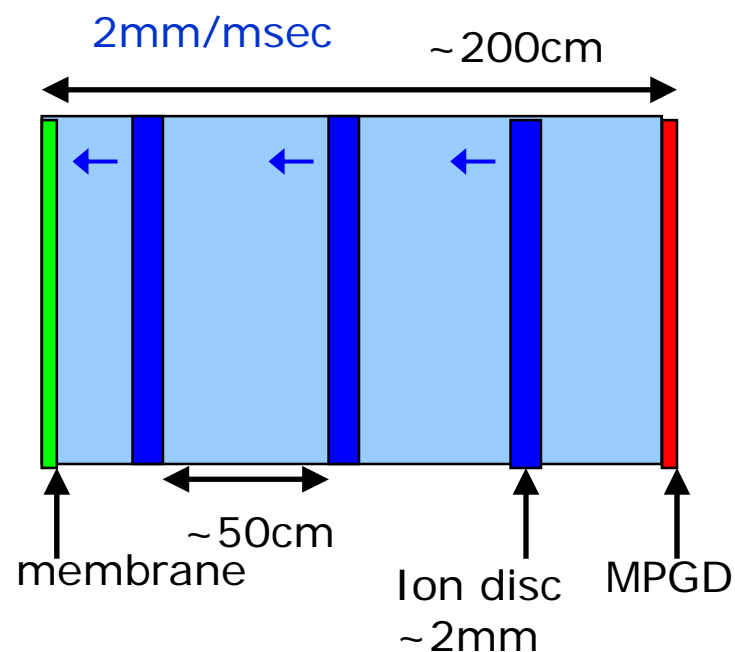
# GEM and Frame

- Almost same as PrePrototype GEM
- 100um thickness
- Boundary at center of the GEM
- Size  $r=143\sim 160\text{cm}$ ,  $\phi=8.39\text{ deg}$ ,  $S=377\text{cm}^2$
- 1cm wide and 2mm thick frames glued to inner and outer sides
  - 6mm gap for defocusing (4mm transfer gap + 2mm induction gap)
- Design was finalized
- Ordered to Scienergy
- Delivered in Dec 2007



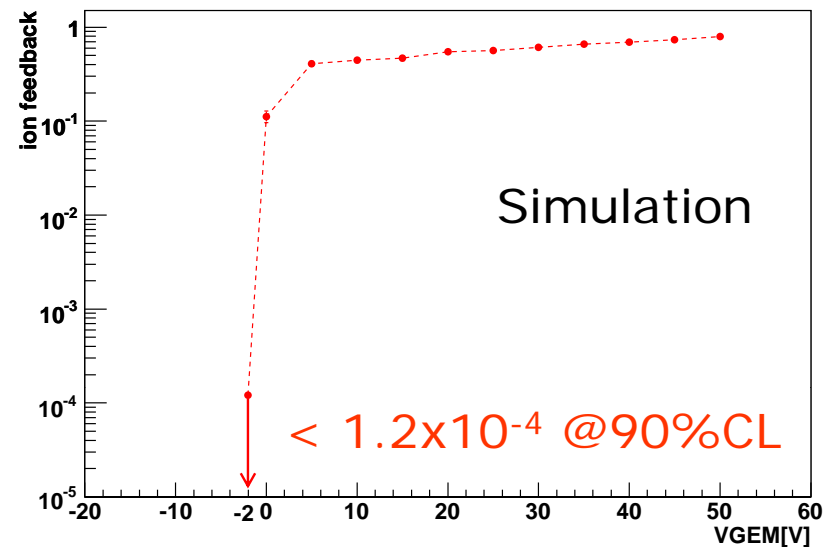
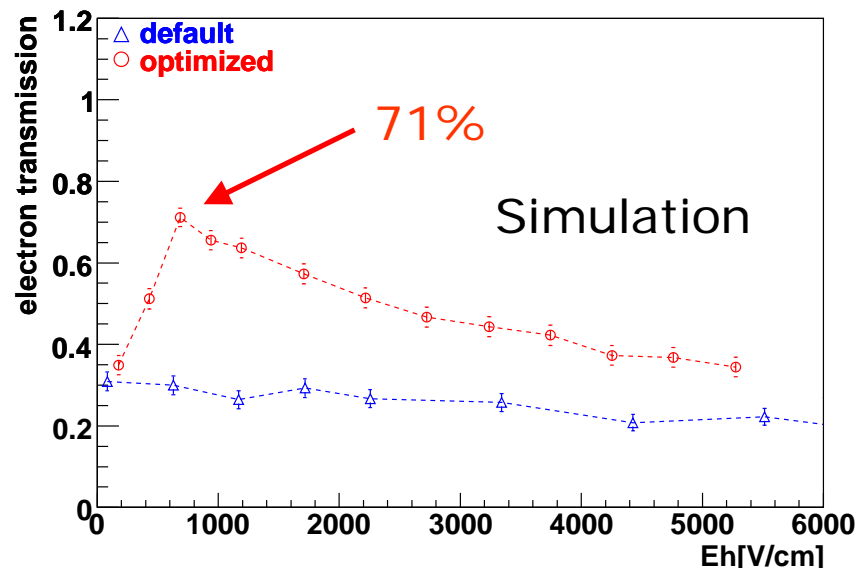
# Ion Density without Gating

- Gain ~ several  $\times 10^3$
- Self ion suppression capability of MPGD
  - a few  $\times 10^{-3}$  : MicroMEGAS measured by Saclay
  - a few  $\times 10^{-3}$  : optimized triple GEM measured by Aachen
  - a few  $\times 10^{-2}$  : non-optimized double GEM naïvely estimated by Saga
- $O(10) \sim O(100)$  ions/electron drifting from MPGD.
- If we assume
  - Averaged Occupancy 1%
  - Pad size  $1 \times 5 \text{mm}^2$
  - Time bucket 25nsec
  - 4 electrons/fired voxel
  - Ion drift velocity 2mm/msec
- Averaged ion density for ion disc is  $O(10^3) \sim (10^4)$  ions/ $\text{mm}^3$
- Can we survive without gating?



# GEM Gating

- Thinner and larger hole GEM, and lower drift field
  - 12.5  $\mu\text{m}^{\text{t}}$  insulator and 1  $\mu\text{m}^{\text{t}}$  electrode (50 $\mu\text{m}^{\text{t}}$  and 5 $\mu\text{m}^{\text{t}}$  for nominal GEM)
  - 100  $\mu\text{m}$  hole diameter (70 $\mu\text{m}$  for nominal GEM)
  - $E_d=120$  V/cm (diffusion minimum)
  - 71% electron transmission
  - $< 1.2 \times 10^{-4}$  ion transmission at 90% C.L. (simulate only 20k ion events)
  - $< \text{a few} \times 10^{-6}$  including self ion suppression of double GEM
- Insulator material, electrode thinning and etching method are being studied by Scienergy.
- Hope to finish the study by May 2008  $\rightarrow$  delivered in July 2008



# Other Items Needed to Test GEM Panels

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- Flange for panel mounting on End Plate/Our Gas Container.
  - To be supplied by Dan.
- LP1 Electronics
  - To be supplied by Leif.



# Schedule

