

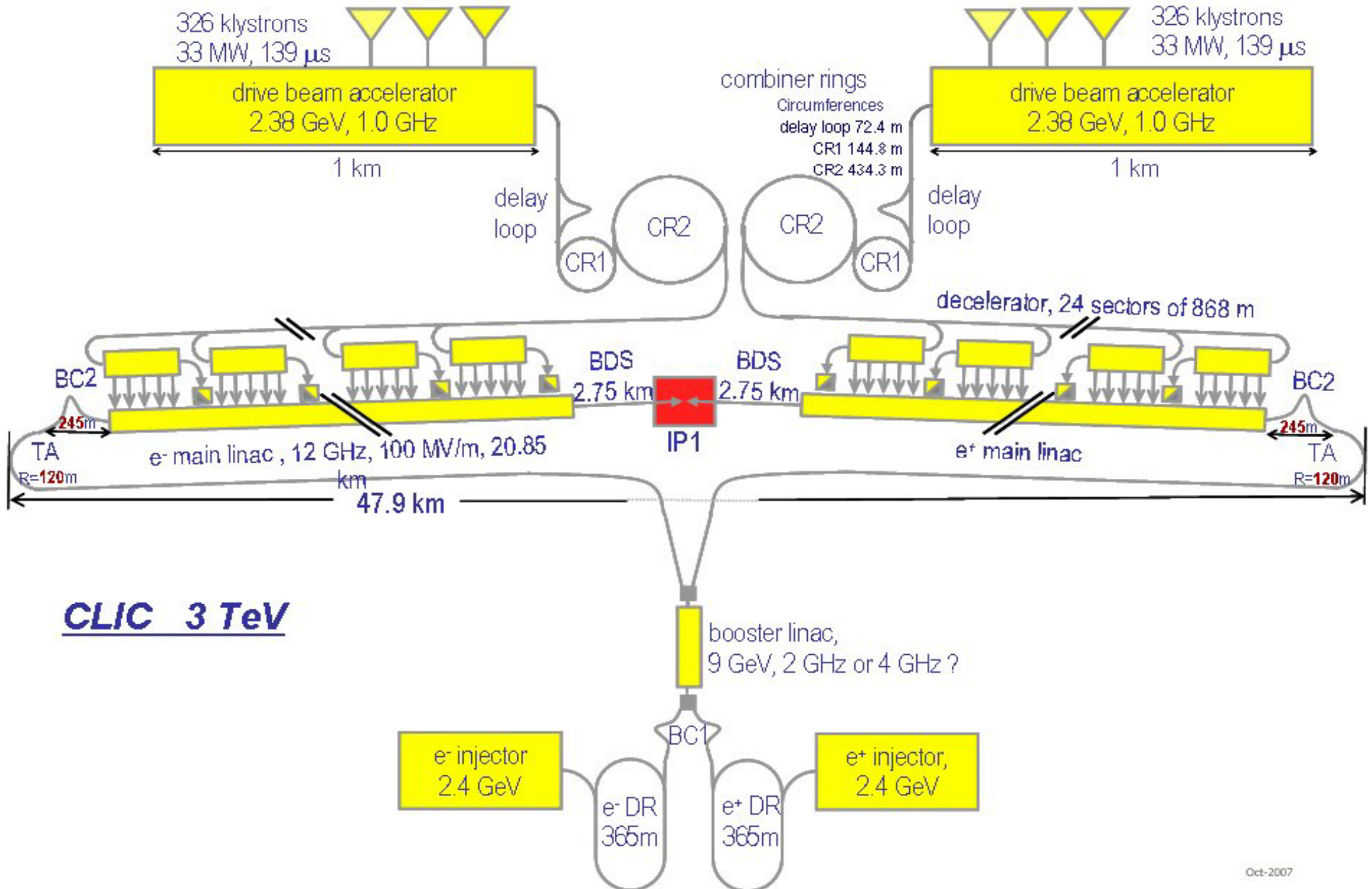
CLIC v ILC

1. CLIC from CFS point of view

2. Possible Layout for a Shallow Site Interaction Region

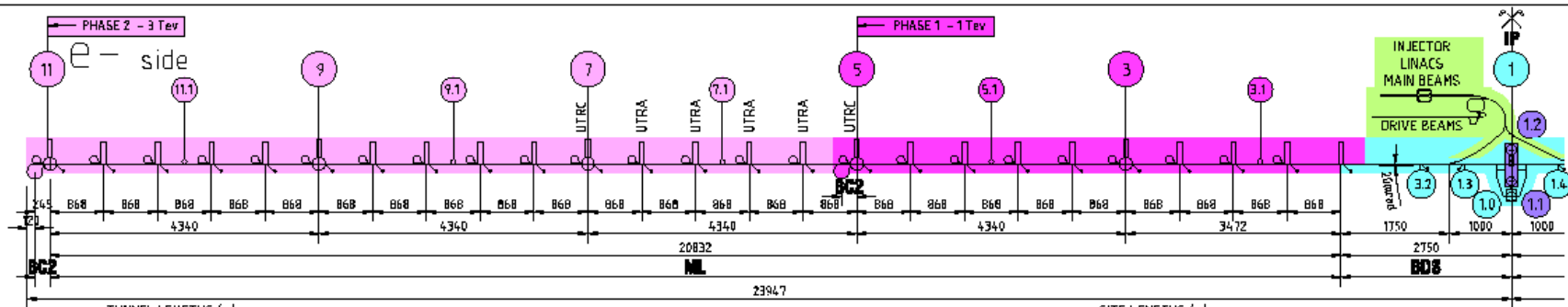
J.P. Delahaye & J. Osborne
CERN

ILC-GDE Dubna - 4 June 2008



CLIC 3 TeV

CLIC – General Layout



	TUNNEL LENGTHS (m)								TOTAL
	main beam turn-around	BC2	e- side ML	BDS	e+ side ML	drive beam accelerator +DL+CR1+CR2+ links	e- e+ in injectors + DR link + booster linac	main + drive beam transfer tunnels	
Phase 1	1508	490	7 812	5 500	7 812	2 216 (to be revised)	1 430 (to be revised)	2 516	29 284
Phase 2	1508	490	12 775	-	12 775	-	-	-	27 548
Total	3016	980	20 587	5 500	20 587	2 216	1 430	2 516	56 832

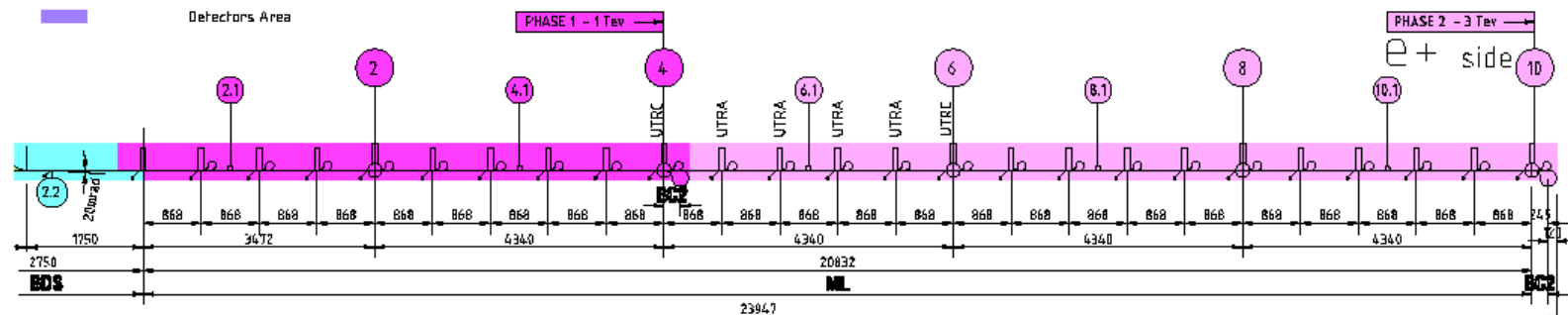
	SITE LENGTHS (m)					TOTAL
	main beam turn-around	BC2	e- side ML	BDS	e+ side ML	
Phase 1	240	490	7 812	5 500	7 812	21 854
Phase 2	240	490	12 655	-	12 655	26 040
Total	480	980	20 467	5 500	20 467	47 894

Legend: Phase 1 Phase 2

- ML
- Main/Drive beam Injectors
- BDS
- Detectors Area

TUNNELS SECTIONS

Area	beam turn-around	e- e+ sides ML	BDS	main/drive beam transfer tunnels	main/drive beam common transfer tunnel
section dims.	ø 3 m	ø 4.5 m	ø 4.5 m	ø 3.8 m	ø 4.5 m



Point	1.0	1.1	1.2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
ø m	ø	16	16	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

Point	2.1, 3.1, 4.1, 5.1	6.1, 7.1, 8.1, 9.1, 10.1, 11.1
ø m	150	

Point	2, 3, 4, 5	6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11
(LxWxH) m	4.9 x 16 x 18	3 storeys

Nombre	20 x	30 x
(LxWxH) m	26 x 9 x 7.2	

Point	1.1, 1.2	1.0
(LxWxH) m	120 x 25 x 39	40 x 16 x 15

Point	BDS CAVERNS 1.3, 1.4, 2.2, 3.2	BDS SERVICE HALLS 1.3, 1.4, 2.2, 3.2
(LxWxH) m	20 x 8 x 14 + 1 storey	38 x 16 x 10

Point	1.3, 1.4
(LxWxH) m	25 x 9 x 7.2 + 15 x 9 x 7.2

Point	1.3, 1.4
(LxWxH) m	18 x 9 x 7.2

Nombre	At each UTRAs and UTRCs	20 x	30 x
(LxWxH) m	6 x 9 x 5		

Nombre	18 x	30 x
(LxWxH) m	63 x 2.4 x 3	

INDICE A: 24 DB sectors, 866 m each and 5 DB sectors between 2 shafts

UTR = Underground Technical Room

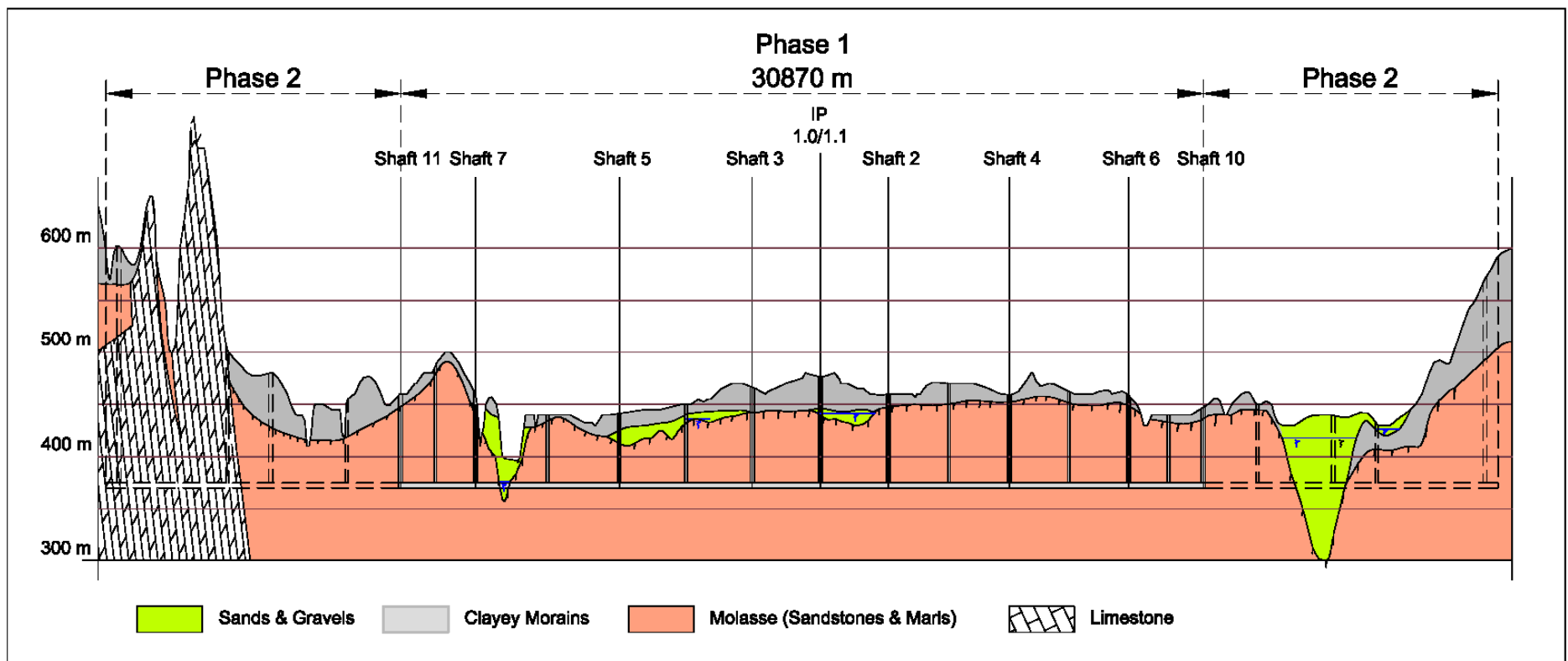
CLIC - UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES SCHEMATIC LAYOUT (COLOURED BY ZONES)



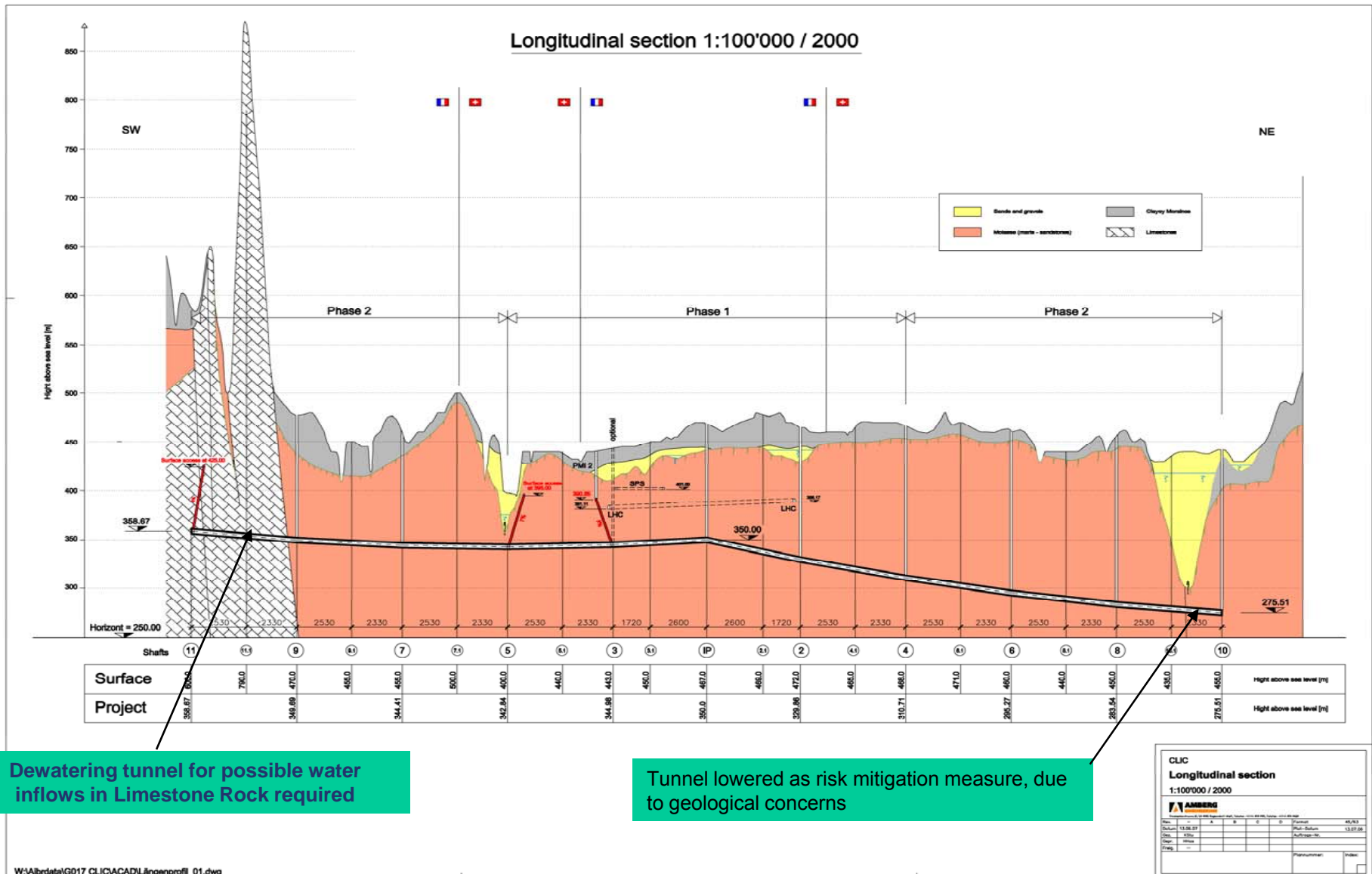
GROUP 1 THE-CE
CIVIL ENGINEERING
 SUPERVISOR : J. OSBORNE
 DESIGNER : A. KOSMICKI

SCALE : 1/62500(A3_FORMAT) DATE : 15 JAN 2006
CLIC.CE-1.1749.0003 3 | A

ILC – Long Profile for CERN sample site



CLIC – Long Profile (laser straight)



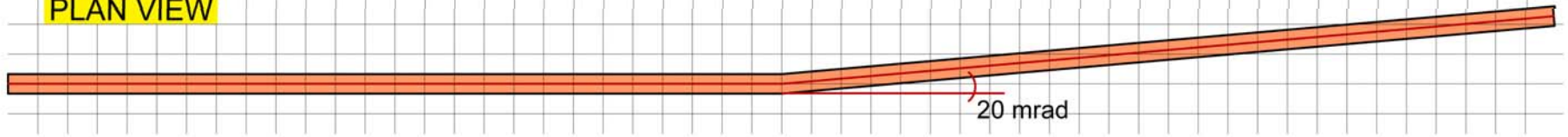
Dewatering tunnel for possible water inflows in Limestone Rock required

Tunnel lowered as risk mitigation measure, due to geological concerns

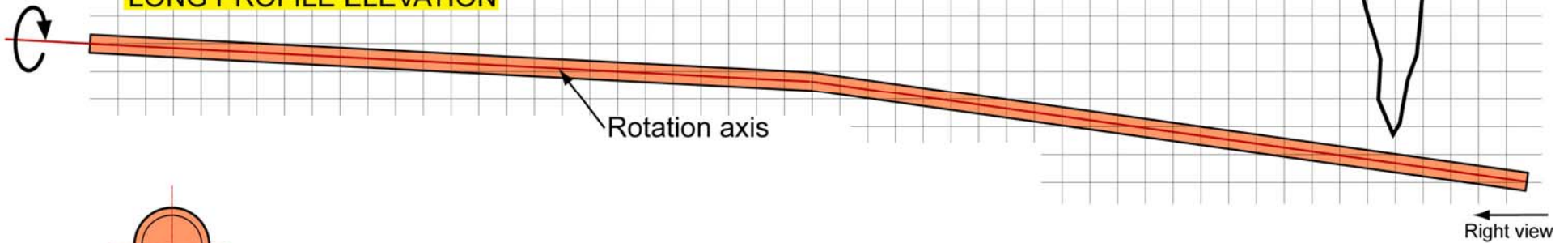
CLIC – Laser straight



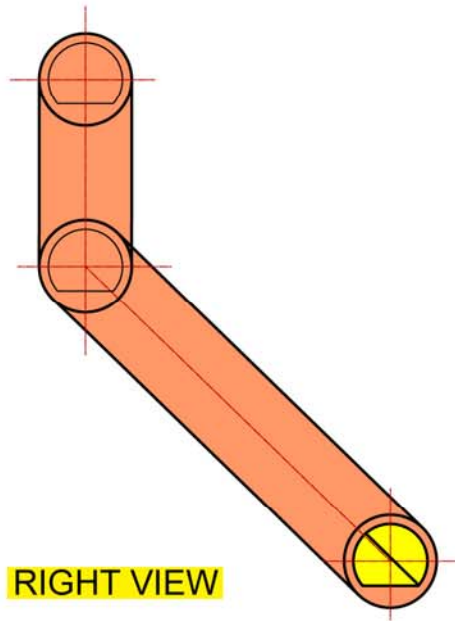
PLAN VIEW



LONG PROFILE ELEVATION



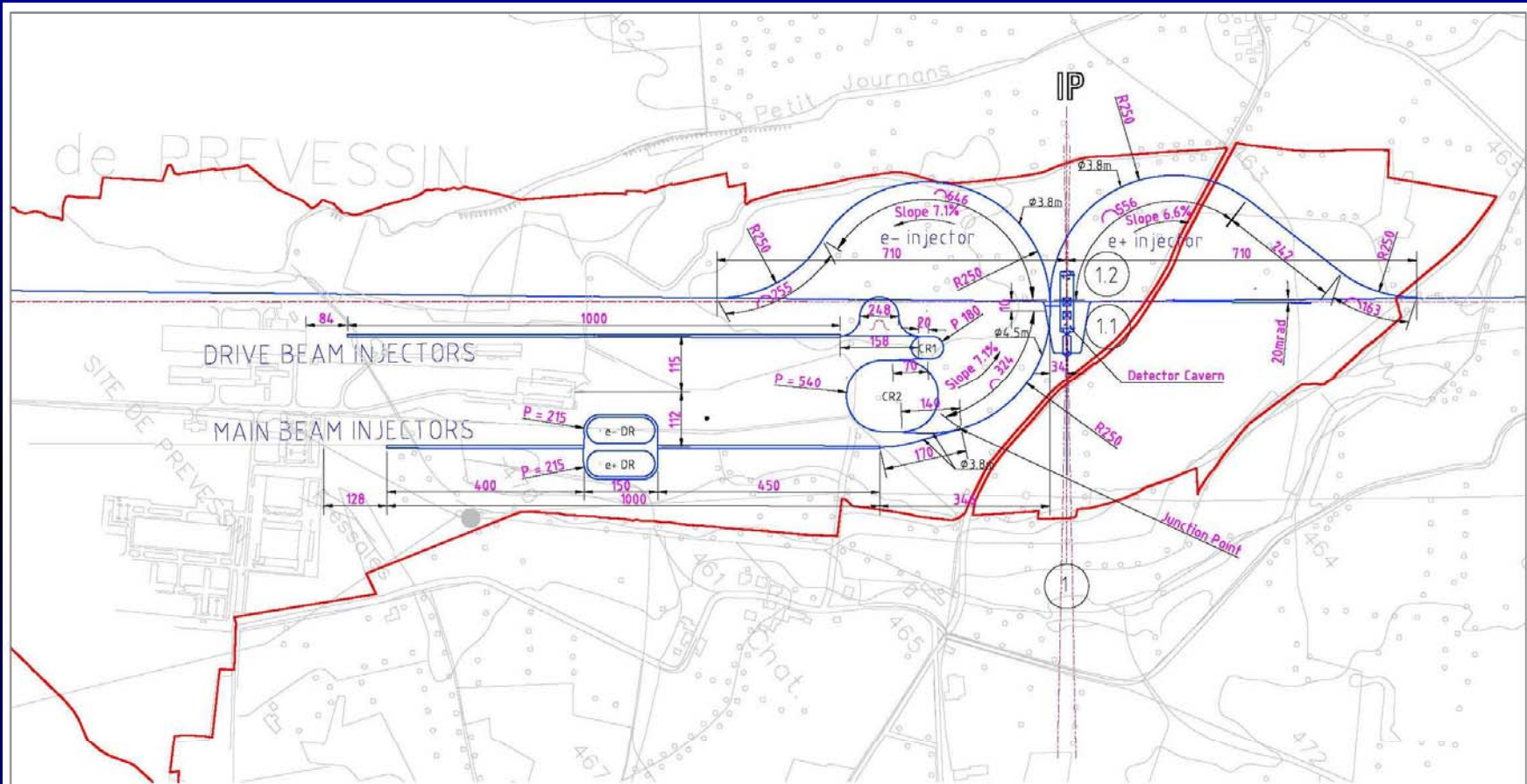
RIGHT VIEW



CLIC
HOW THE TUNNEL IS POSITIONNED

AK - 20080219

CLIC – Injectors



INJECTORS TUNNELS	DRIVE BEAM INJECTORS COMPLEX					MAIN BEAM INJECTORS COMPLEX						COMMON & FINAL TRANSFER TUNNELS (after Junction Point)		
	LINAC	DELAY LOOP	CR 1	CR 2	TT to Junction Point	LINAC 1	e- DR	e+ DR	DR Link	LINAC 2 + BC 1	TT to Junction Point	COMMON	e- TT	e+ TT
Length (l) m	1000	406	180	540	140	400	215	215	150	450	170	334	901	971
Section (l x h) m	6 x 3	4 x 3	4 x 3	4 x 3	φ 3.8	3 x 3	6 x 3	6 x 3	14 x 3	3 x 3	φ 3.8	φ 4.5	φ 3.8	φ 3.8

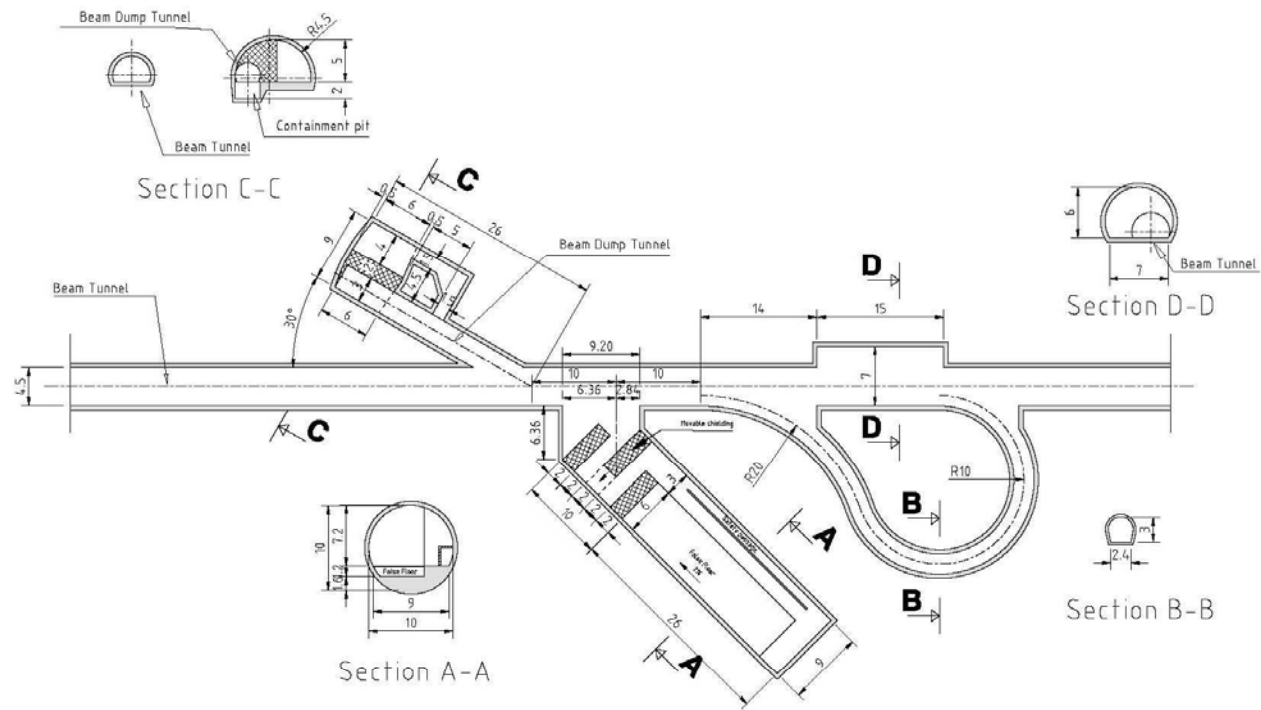
CLIC- MAIN / DRIVE BEAM INJECTORS AND EXPERIMENTAL AREA LAYOUT



GROUP # TS-CE
CIVIL ENGINEERING
 SUPERVISOR : J.L.BALDY
 DESIGNER : N.BADDAMS

SCALE : 18500(A3_FORMAT) DATE : 12_JUNE_2007

CLIC.CE-1.1799.0002 3 D



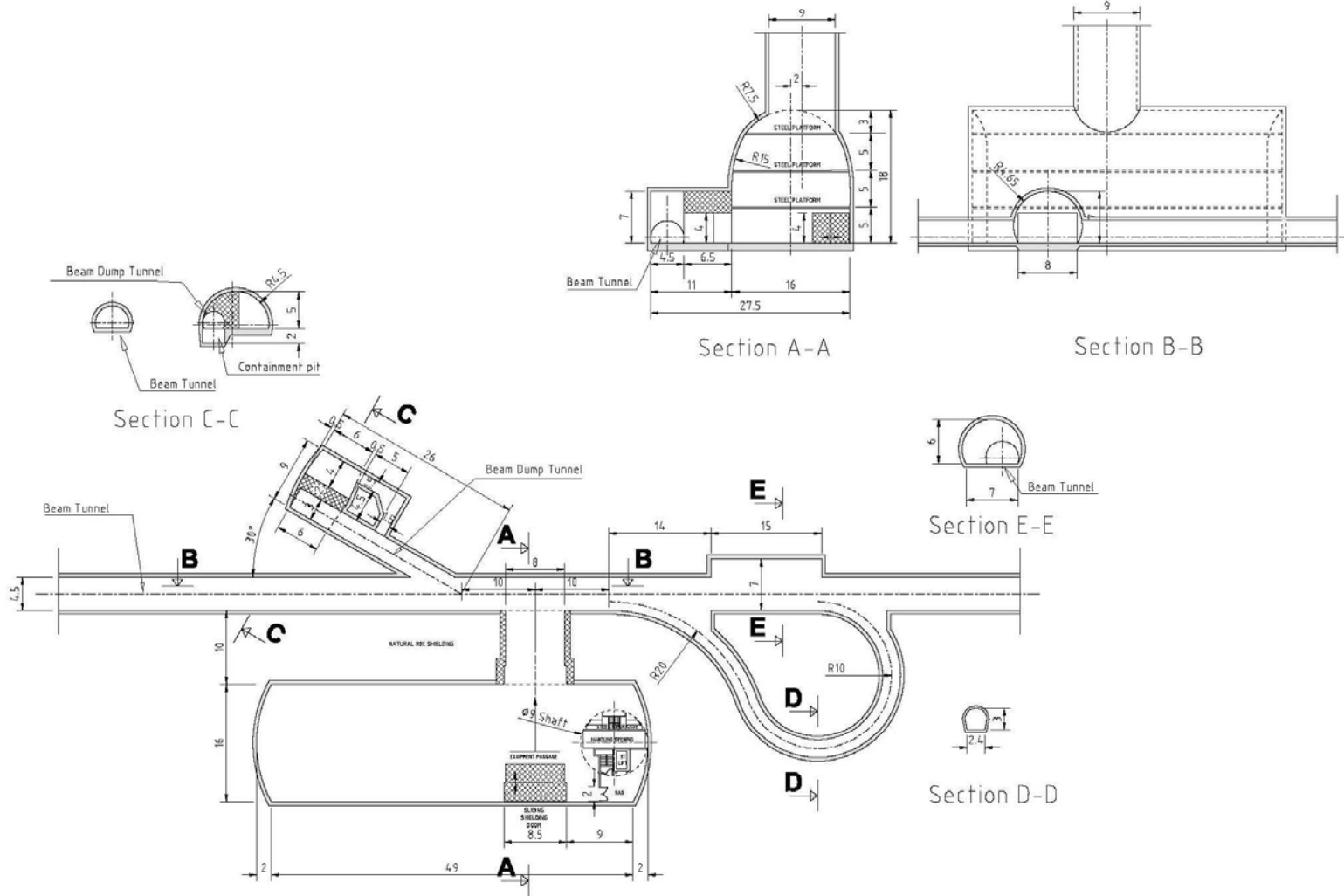
CLIC - ULTRA CAVERN, DRIVE BEAM LOOP AND BEAM DUMP

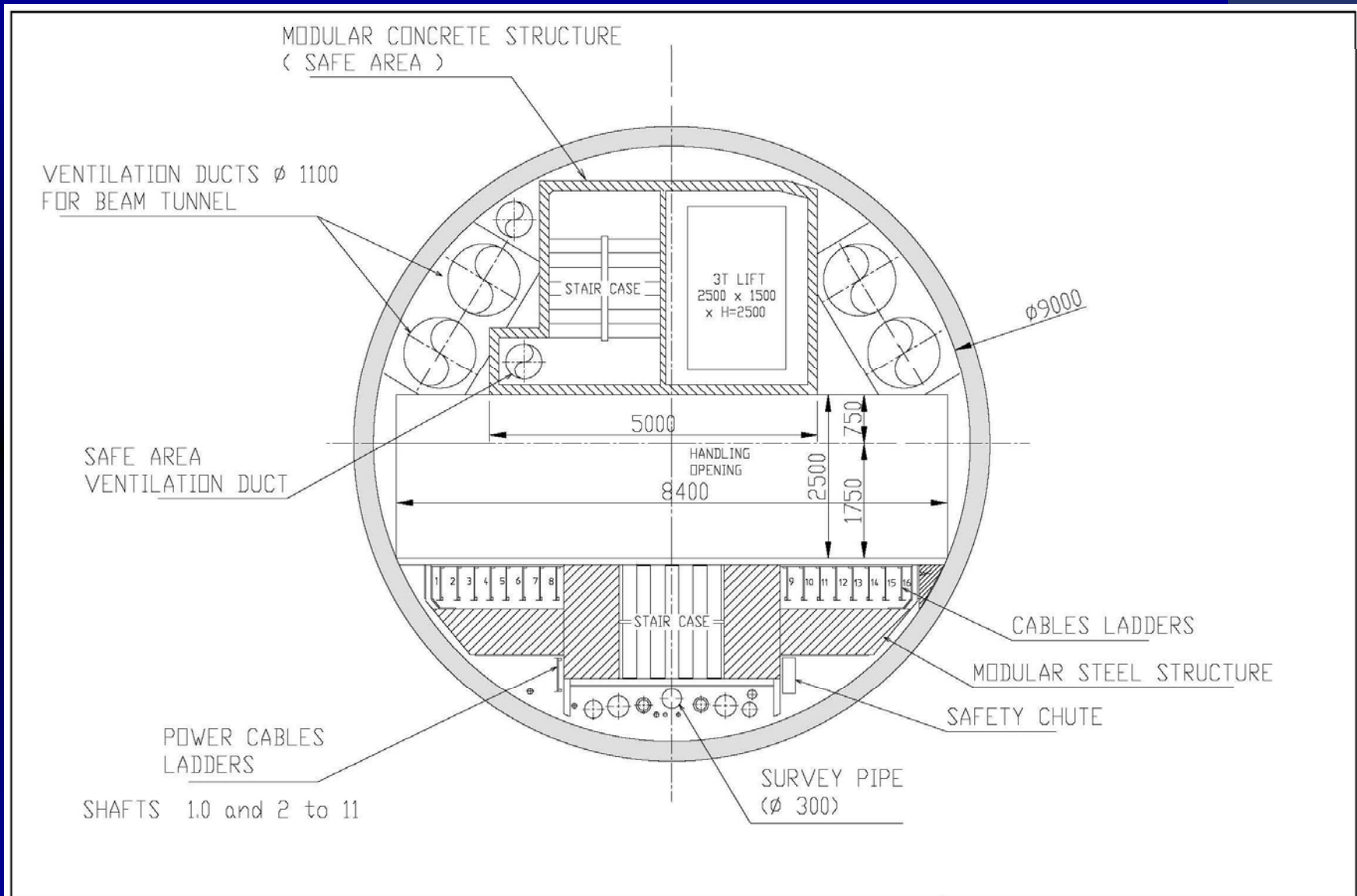


GROUP 8 TPS-CSE
CIVIL ENGINEERING
 SUPERVISEUR : JL.BALDY
 DESIGNER : N.BADDAMS

SCALE : 1/500(A3_FORMAT) DATE : 22_MAY_2007

CLIC-.CE-1.1710.0002 3 A





CLIC-ML SHAFT (9m-31 Lift) CROSS SECTION

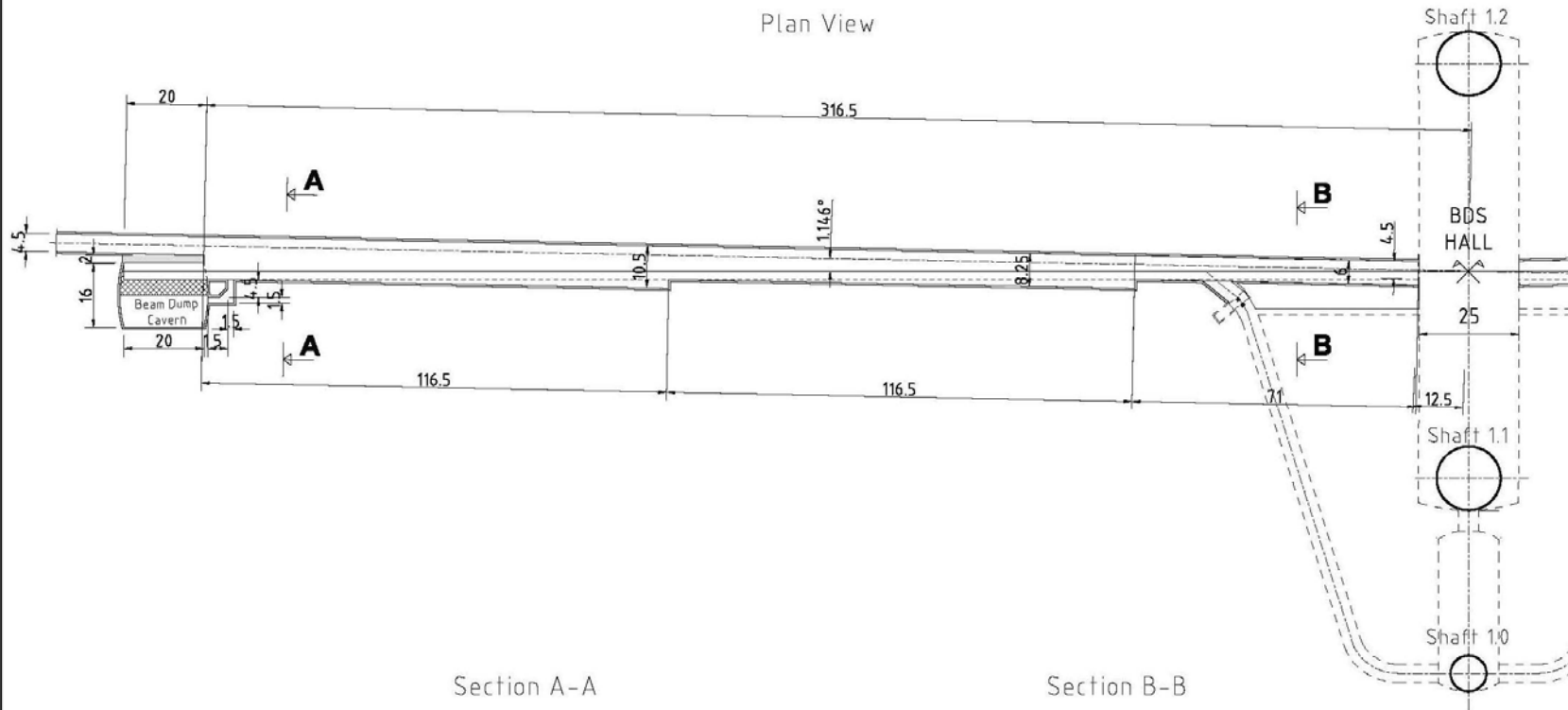


GROUP 18-42
CIVIL ENGINEERING
SUPERVISOR : J.L.BALDY
DESIGNER : N.BADDAMS

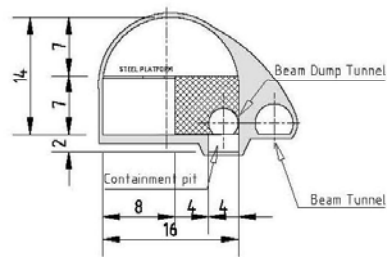
SCALE : 1/50(A3..FORMAT) DATE : 14..MAY..2007

CLIC-.CE-1.1710.0005 3 -

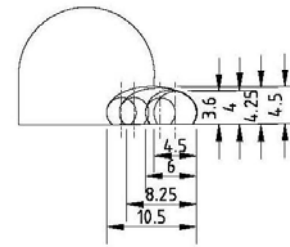
Plan View



Section A-A



Section B-B



CLIC-BDS MAIN BEAM DUMPS



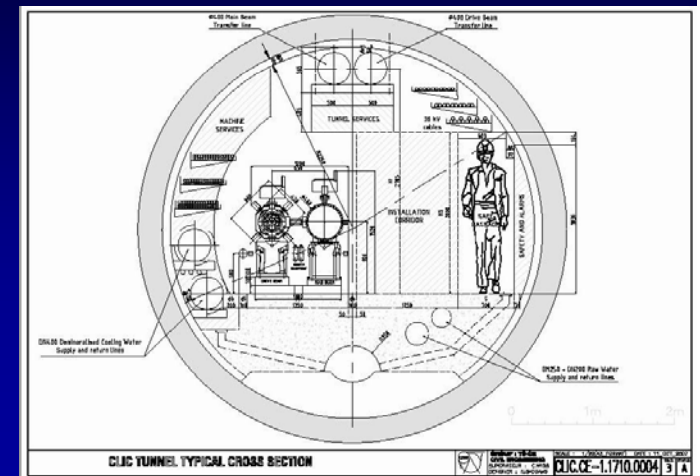
GROUP TS-CE
CIVIL ENGINEERING
 SUPERVISOR : JL.BALDY
 DESIGNER : N.BADDAMS

SCALE : 1/1000(A3_FORMAT) DATE : 22_MAY_2007

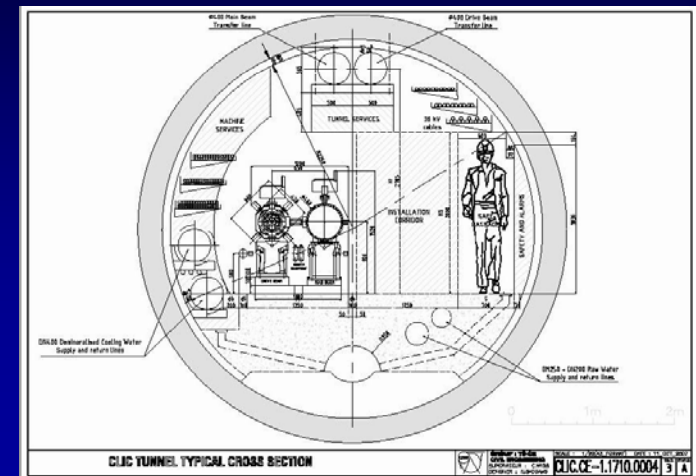
CLIC.CE-1.1700.0003 3 A

- CLIC Tunnel Services & Cross Section

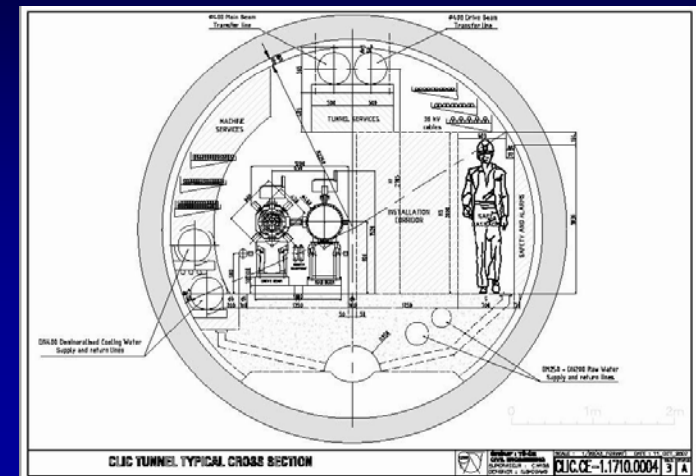
- The tunnel diameter has been initially dimensioned for the following items :
 - The CLIC machine, with their drive and main beam machine components.
 - The 2.4 GeV and 9 GeV transfer lines for the drive and main beams, respectively
 - An Installation corridor for the transportation of machine modules for installing and/or replacement.



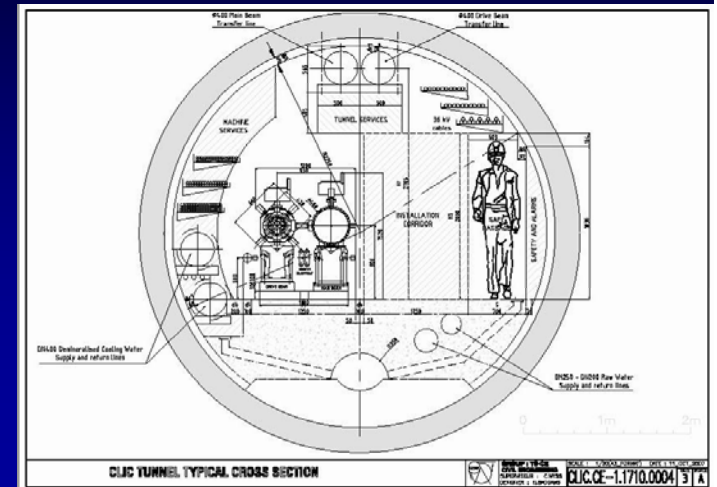
- Machine Services (1) :
 - Supply and return manifolds for demineralised water cooling.
 - Raw water supply and return.
 - Drainage pipe embedded in concrete invert for any water seepage
 - Compressed air for PETS on/off mechanism
 - Nitrogen distribution, if any
 - One or two 40mm duct(s) for optical fibre links
 - Two or three 500mm wide cable trays for dc power cables.



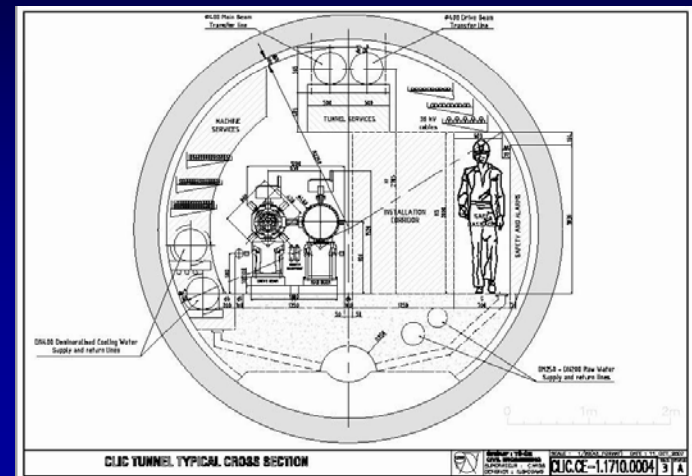
- Machine Services (2) :
 - A free section of at least 70cm width by 200cm for personnel passage between a module and the tunnel wall.
 - One 500mm wide cable tray for low power and signal cables for the RF system
 - One 500mm wide cable tray for beam instrumentation, survey and vacuum systems
 - One 300mm wide cable tray for the power cables of the transfer lines



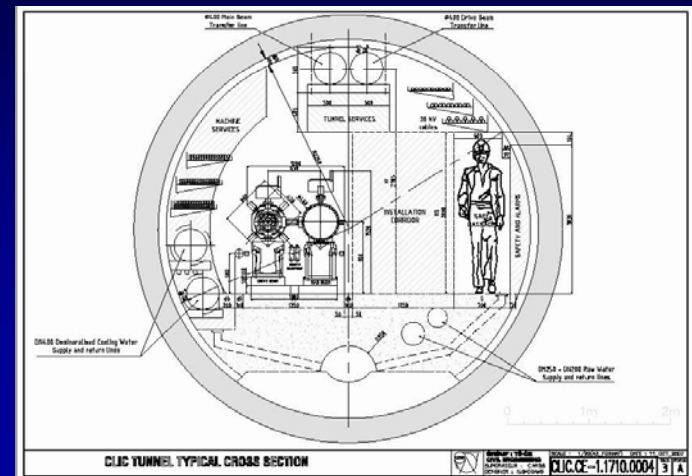
- Machine Services (3) :
 - One 200mm wide cable tray for the cables of the vacuum and beam instrumentation systems of the transfer lines
 - The Low-Voltage (400V) distribution
 - 5 Cables for Medium Voltage (36KV). These cables will bring power from Preveessin Site central Area to other sites
 - Secure Low Voltage Electricity
 - Power for the transport vehicles
 - No mono-rail type transport included for the moment



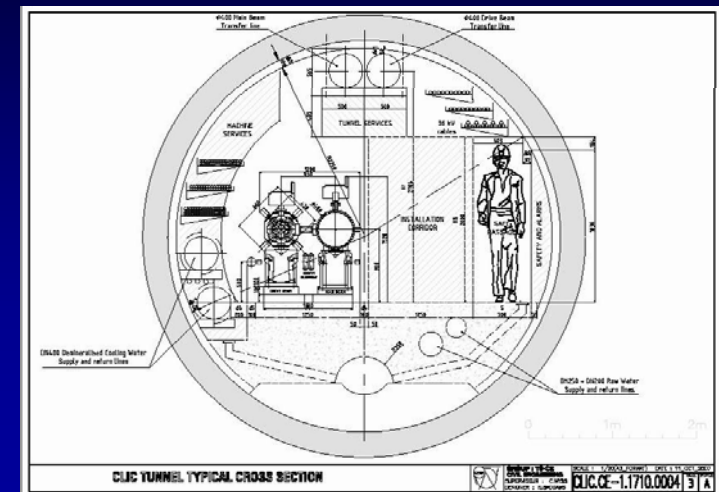
- Tunnel Services :
 - Normal Lighting
 - Leaky feeder for mobile telephones
 - Public address system

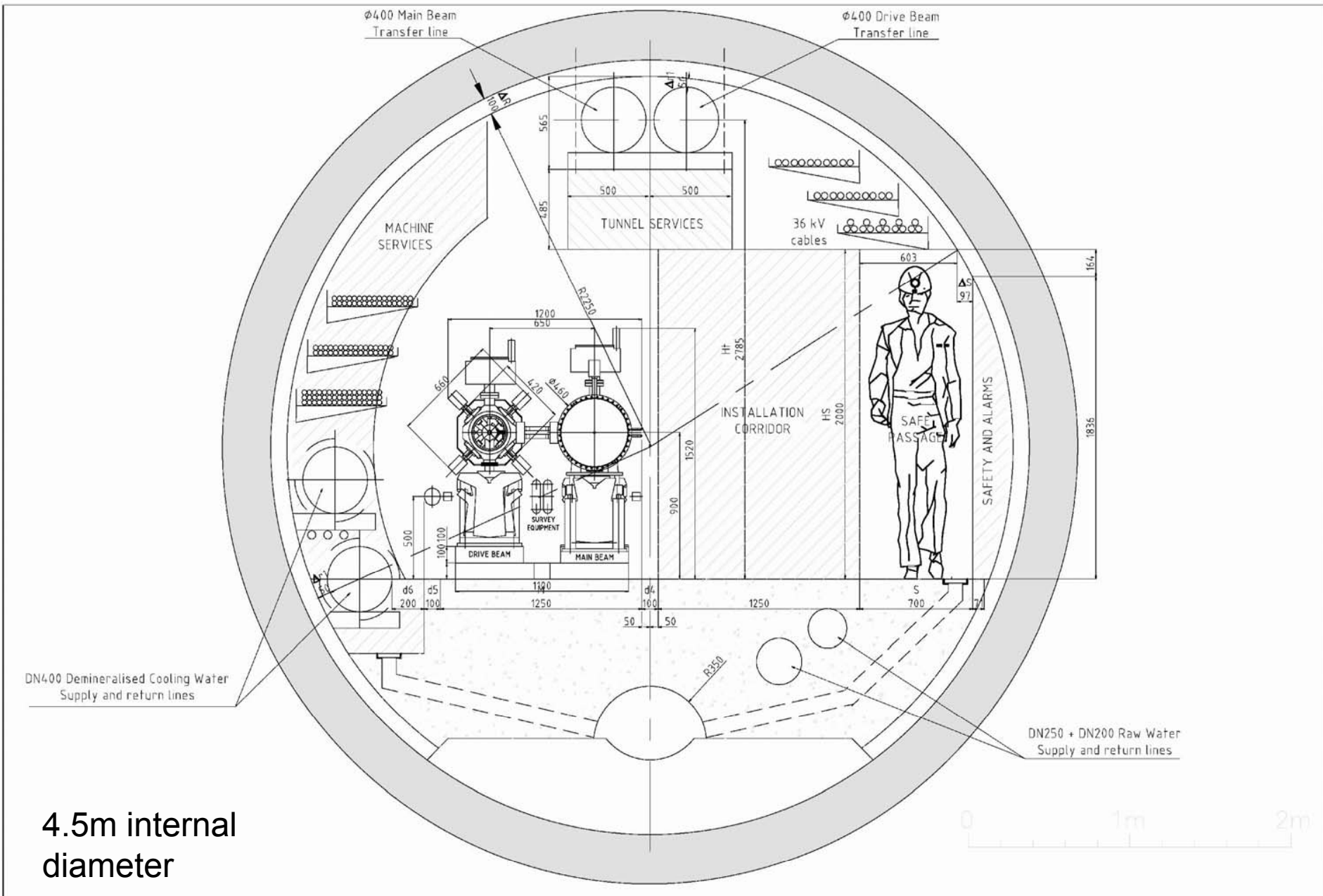


- Safety Systems :
 - Panels with emergency lighting, emergency stops, red telephones
 - Evacuation push-buttons (break glass type) and sirens
 - Emergency radio communication for fire brigade
 - Radiation monitors
 - Oxygen deficiency monitors?



- Alignment and Tunnel tolerances
 - Space has been recently allocated for alignment systems
 - A radial allowance for construction tolerances has been included (10cm)



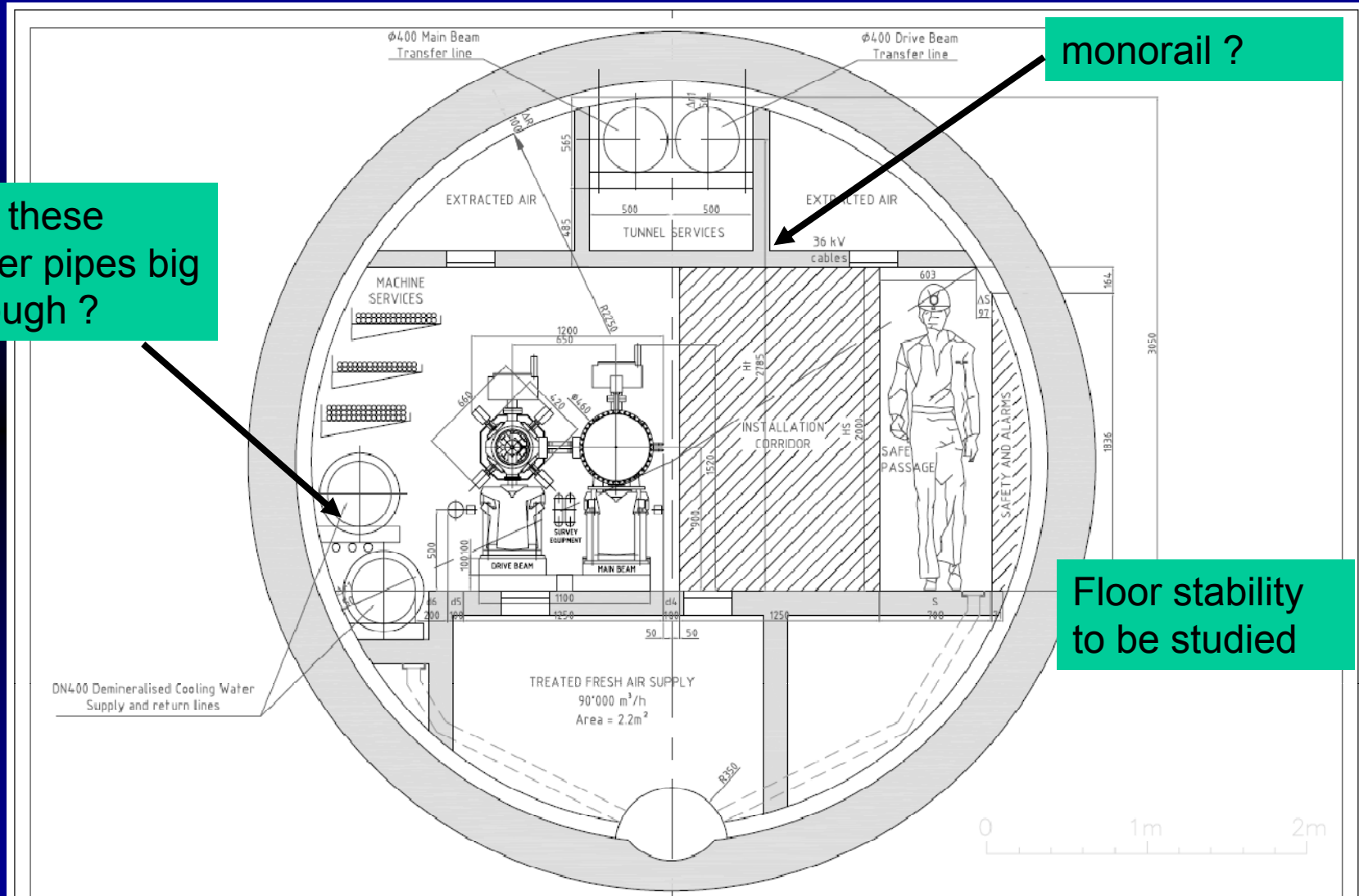


4.5m internal diameter

CLIC TUNNEL TYPICAL CROSS SECTION

	GROUP : TS-CE CIVIL ENGINEERING	SCALE : 1/20(A3_FORMAT) DATE : 11_OCT_2007
	SUPERVISEUR : C.WYSS DESIGNER : N.BADDAMS	CLIC.CE - 1.1710.0004
	SIZE INDEX 3 A	

CLIC – CV issues



Are these water pipes big enough ?

monorail ?

Floor stability to be studied

Transversal Ventilation ?

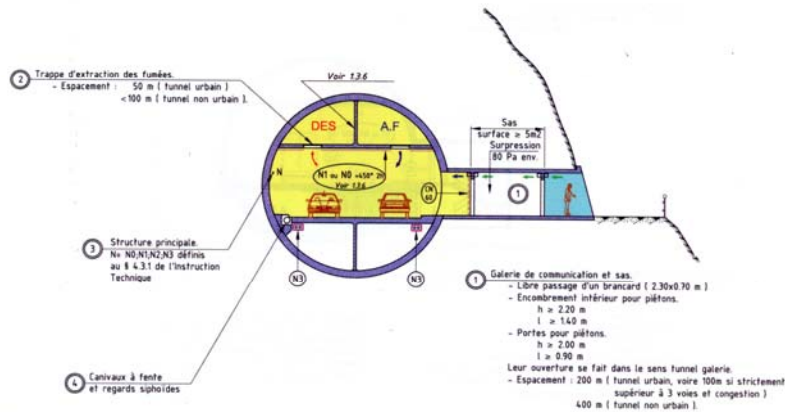
GROUP : TS-CE	SCALE : 1/20(A3_FORMAT)	DATE : 09_DEC_2007
CIVIL ENGINEERING	SUPERVISEUR : C.WYSS	DESIGNER : N.BADDAMS
CLIC.CE-1.1710.0004	SIZE	INDICE
	3	B

Possible Ventilation Systems for road tunnels

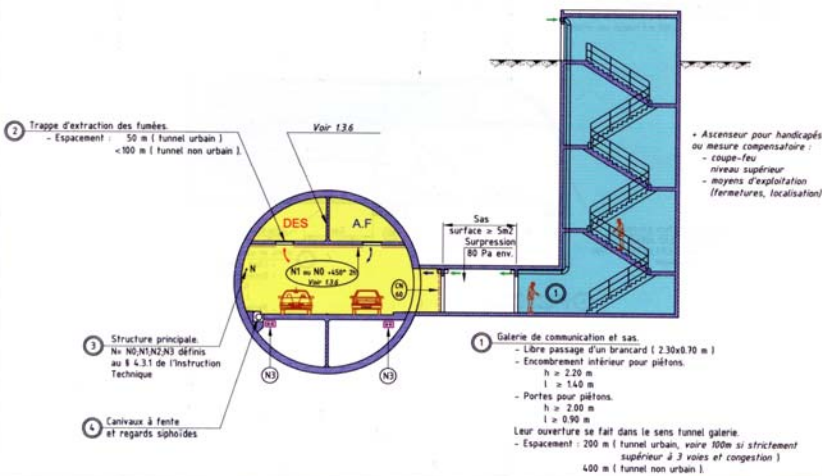


1.4.2 - Méthode tunnelier, types T

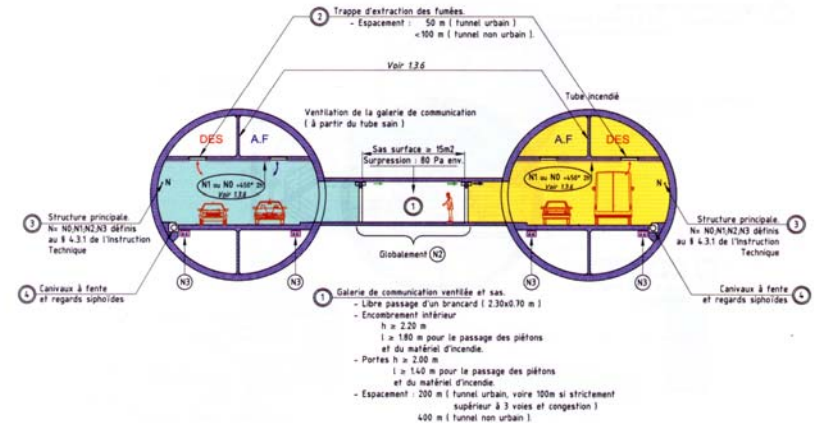
EVACUATION DIRECTEMENT VERS L'EXTERIEUR DU TUNNEL BIDIRECTIONNEL (CHEMINEMENT HORIZONTAL) Type "T1a"



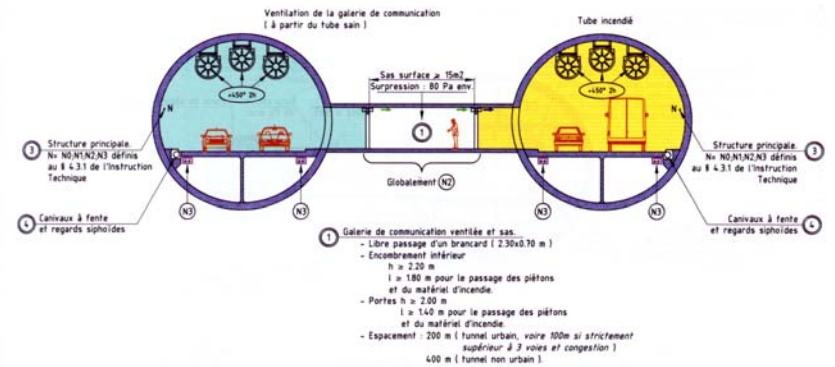
EVACUATION DIRECTEMENT VERS L'EXTERIEUR DU TUNNEL BIDIRECTIONNEL (CHEMINEMENT VERTICAL) Type "T1b"



BITUBE - EVACUATION DANS LE DEUXIEME TUBE Type "T2a" - Ventilation transversale



BITUBE - EVACUATION DANS LE DEUXIEME TUBE Type "T2b" - Ventilation longitudinale

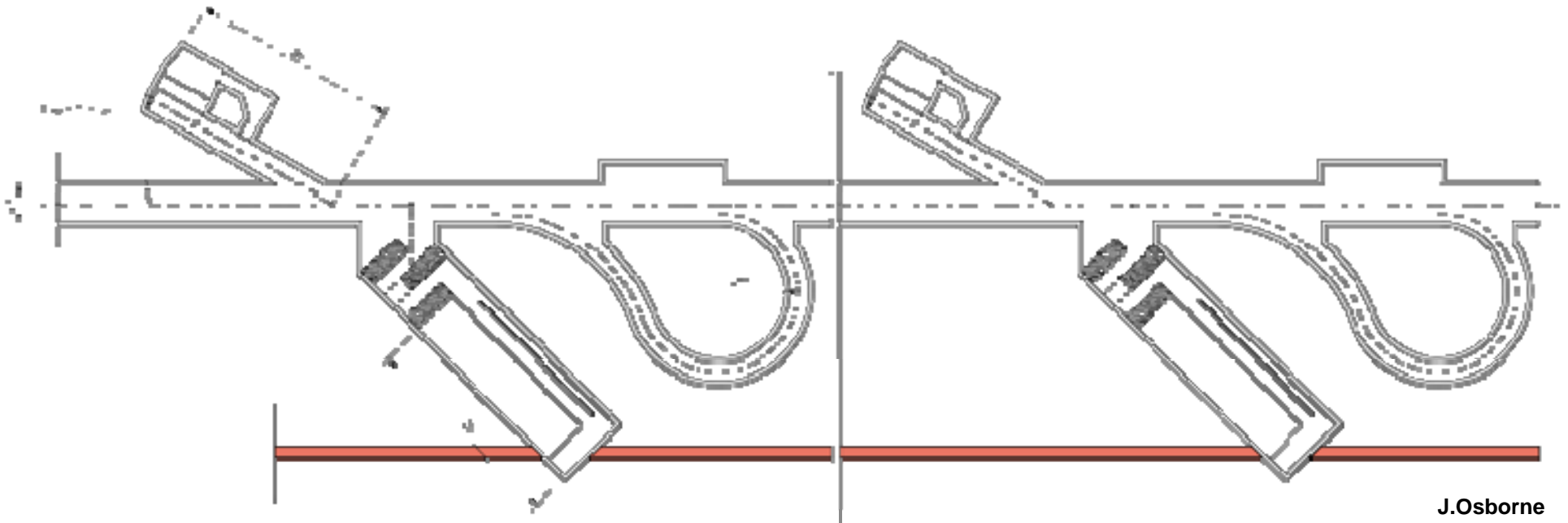
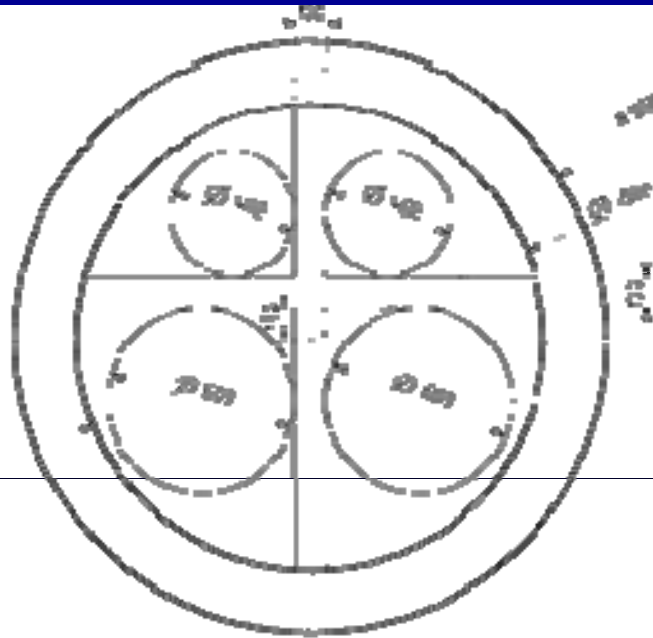


Extracted courtesy of 'French Tunneling Association : AFTES : Tunnels routiers : résistance au feu Jan 2008'

CLIC Cooling Study

Proposed 1.5m diameter micro-tunnel for Cooling Pipes :

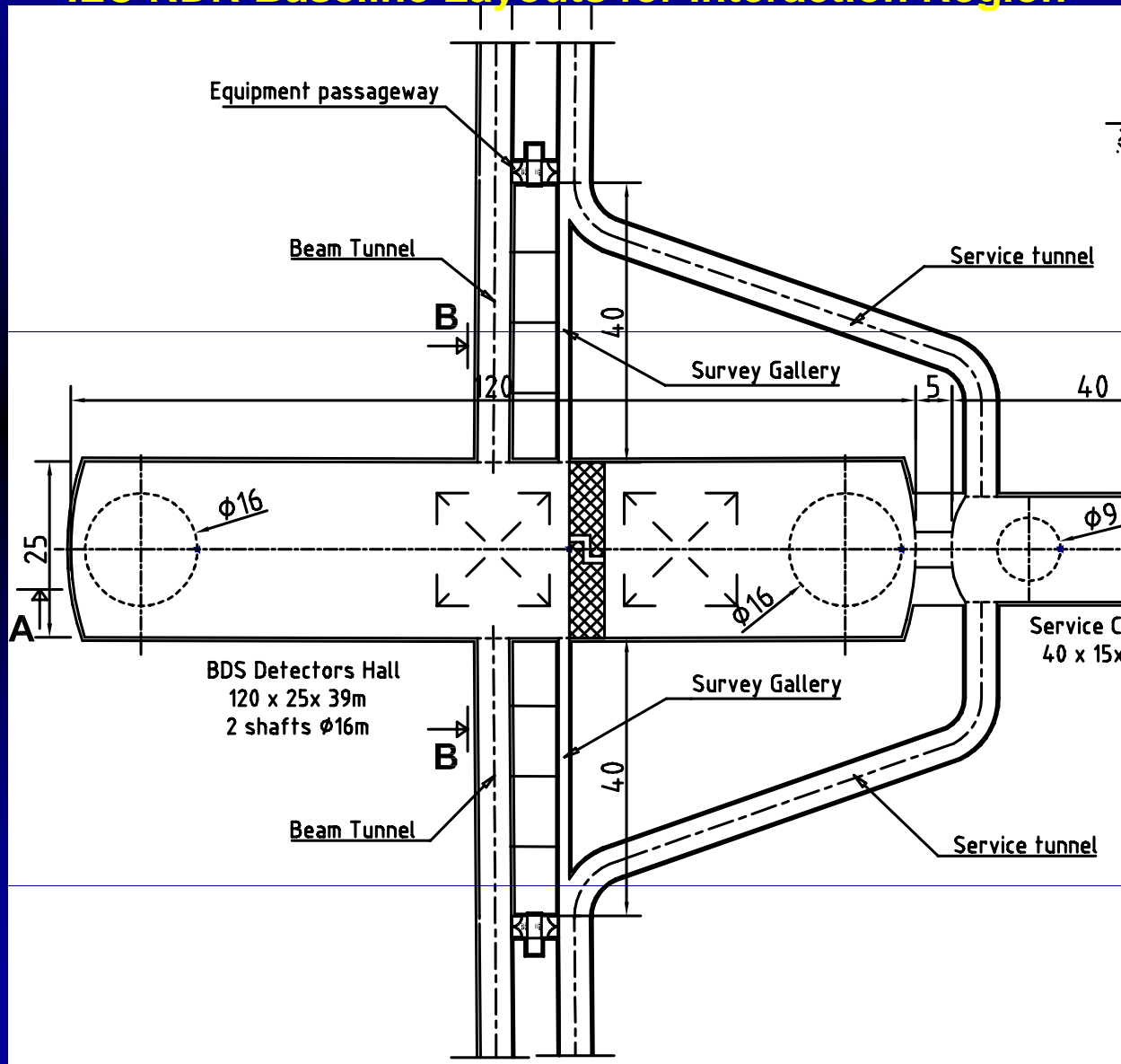
- Approx. cost for CE works 250MCHF
- Intermediate caverns would be needed for construction of micro tunnel
- Integration for cooling pipes is complicated
- Major impact on civil planning (excavated spoil through 'completed' structures)



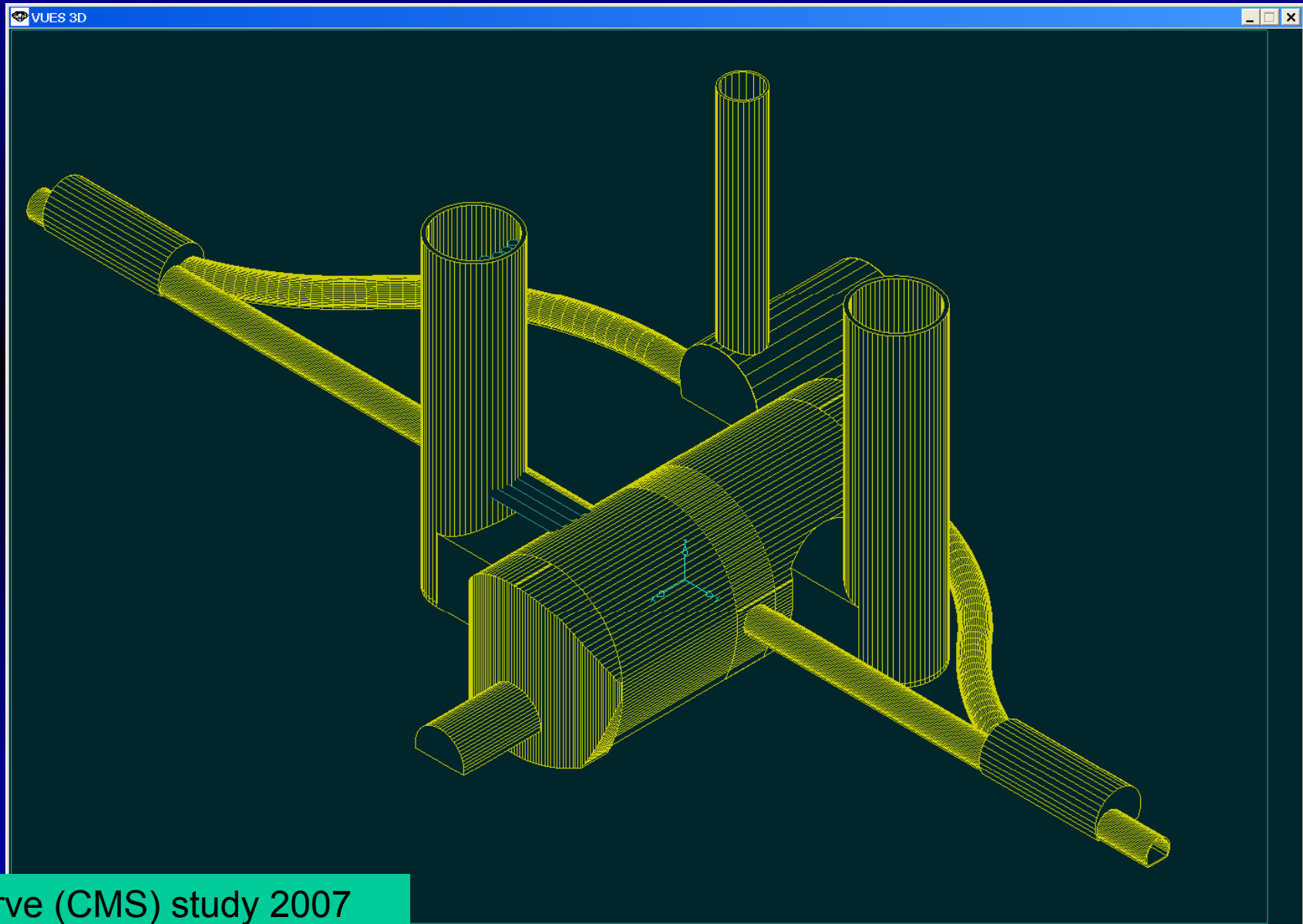
2. Possible Layout for a Shallow Site Interaction Region



ILC RDR Baseline Layouts for Interaction Region



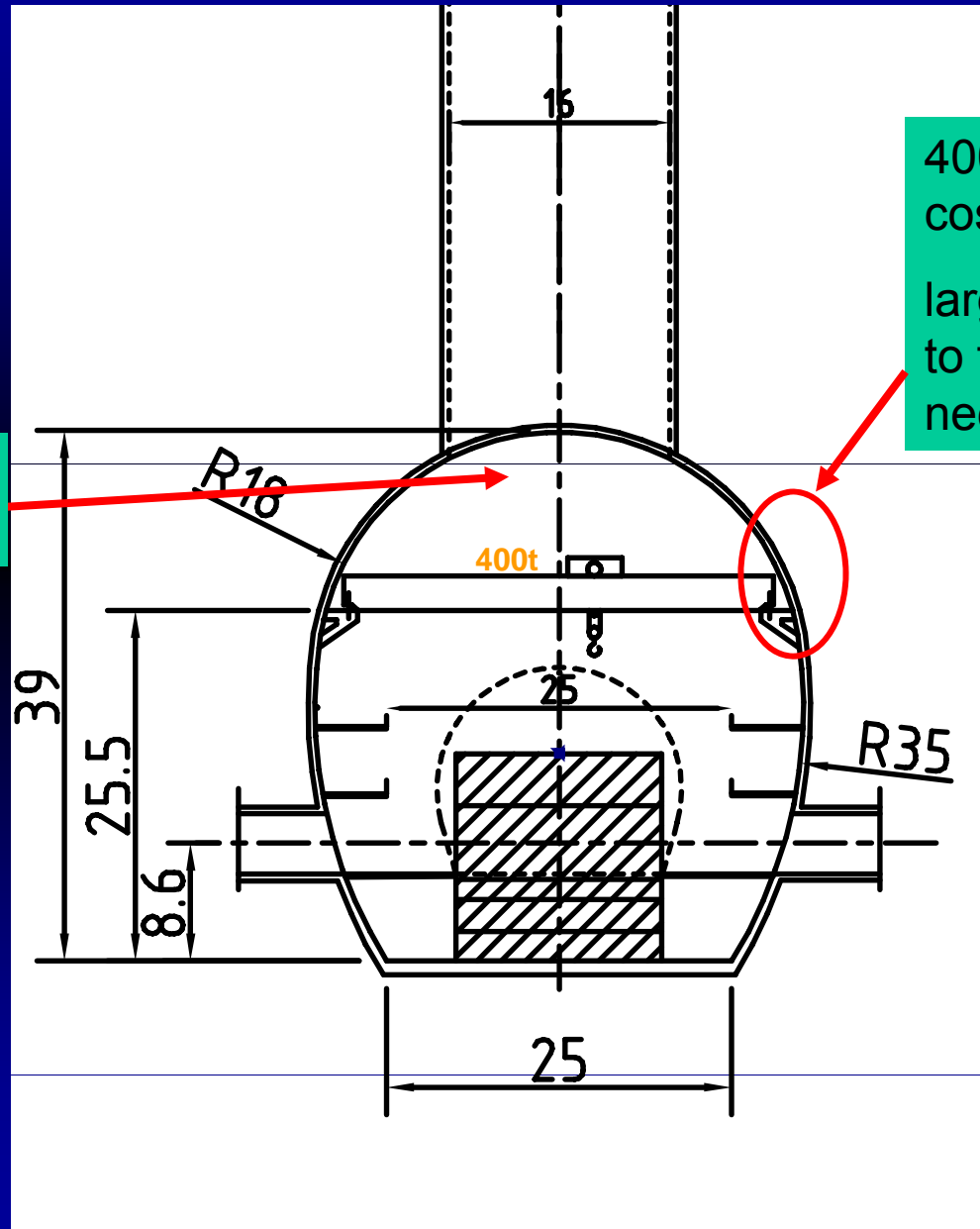
Possible layout for ILC Interaction Region for Deep Tunnel Solution using CMS concept



RDR Baseline for IR cavern



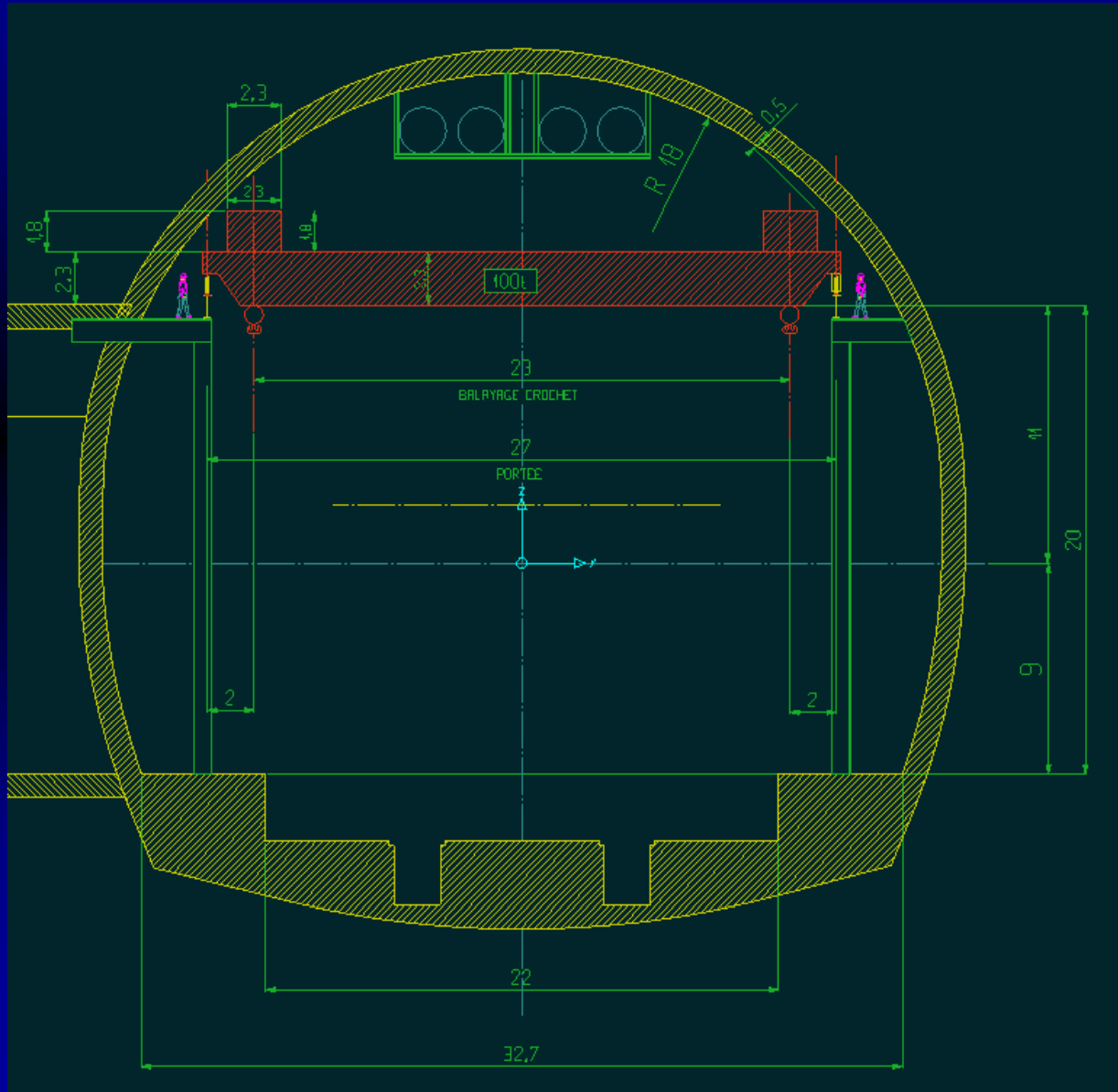
Lot of lost space



400 ton gantry crane is the cost driver

large steel columns down to floor level would be needed

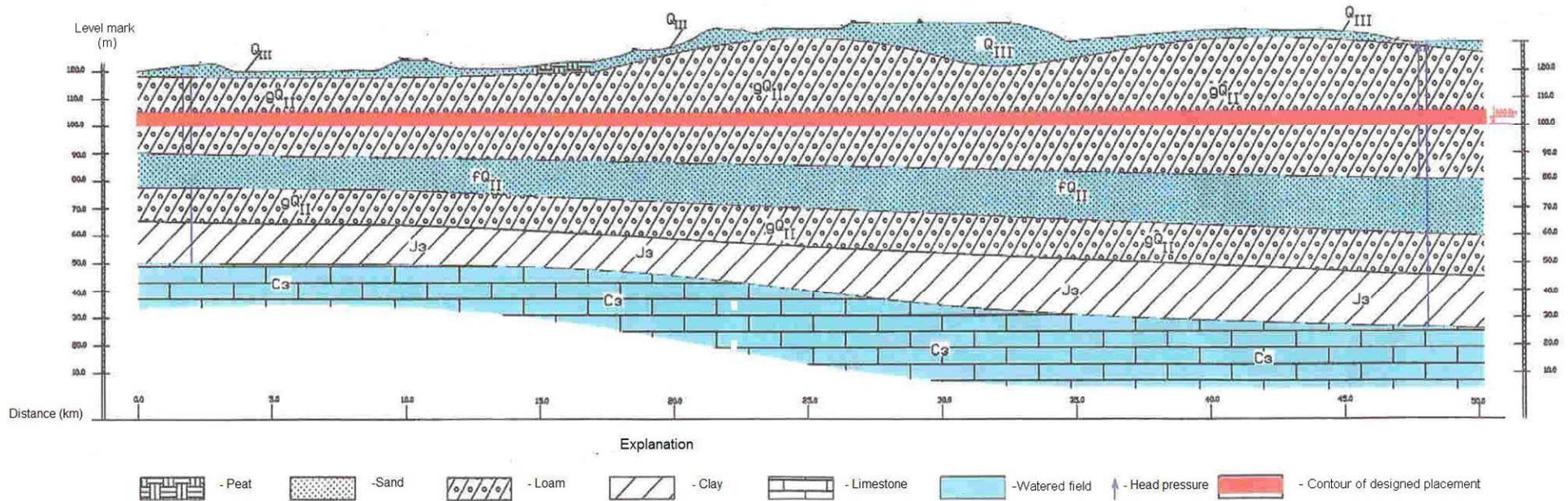
Proposed new cross section for ILC Interaction Region



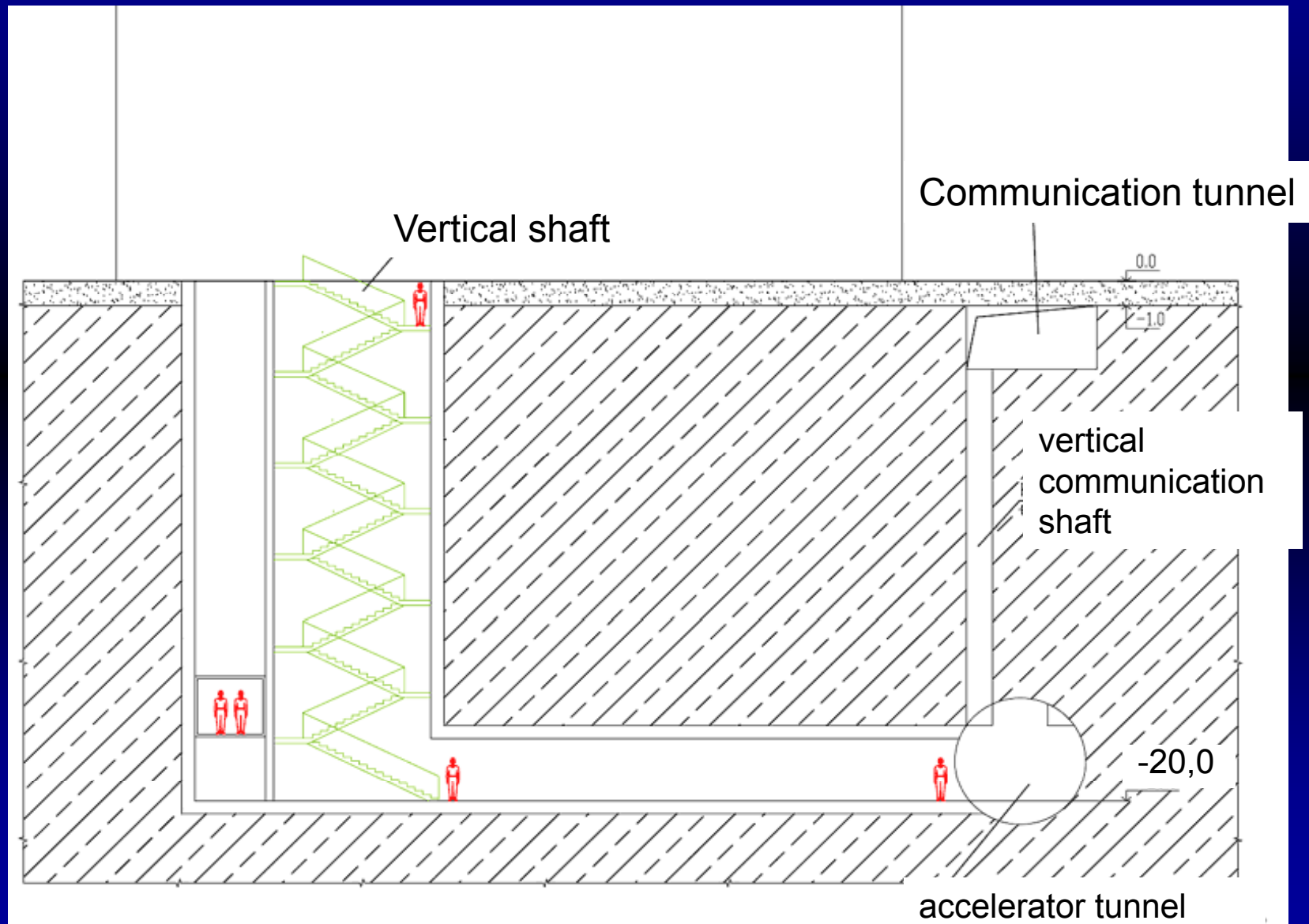
Proposed Dubna siting



The ILC linear accelerator is proposed to be placed in the drift clay at the depth of 20 m (at the mark of 100.00 m) with the idea that below the tunnel there should be impermeable soil preventing from the underlying groundwater inrush. It is possible to construct tunnels of the accelerating complex using tunnel shields with a simultaneous wall timbering by tubing or falsework concreting.

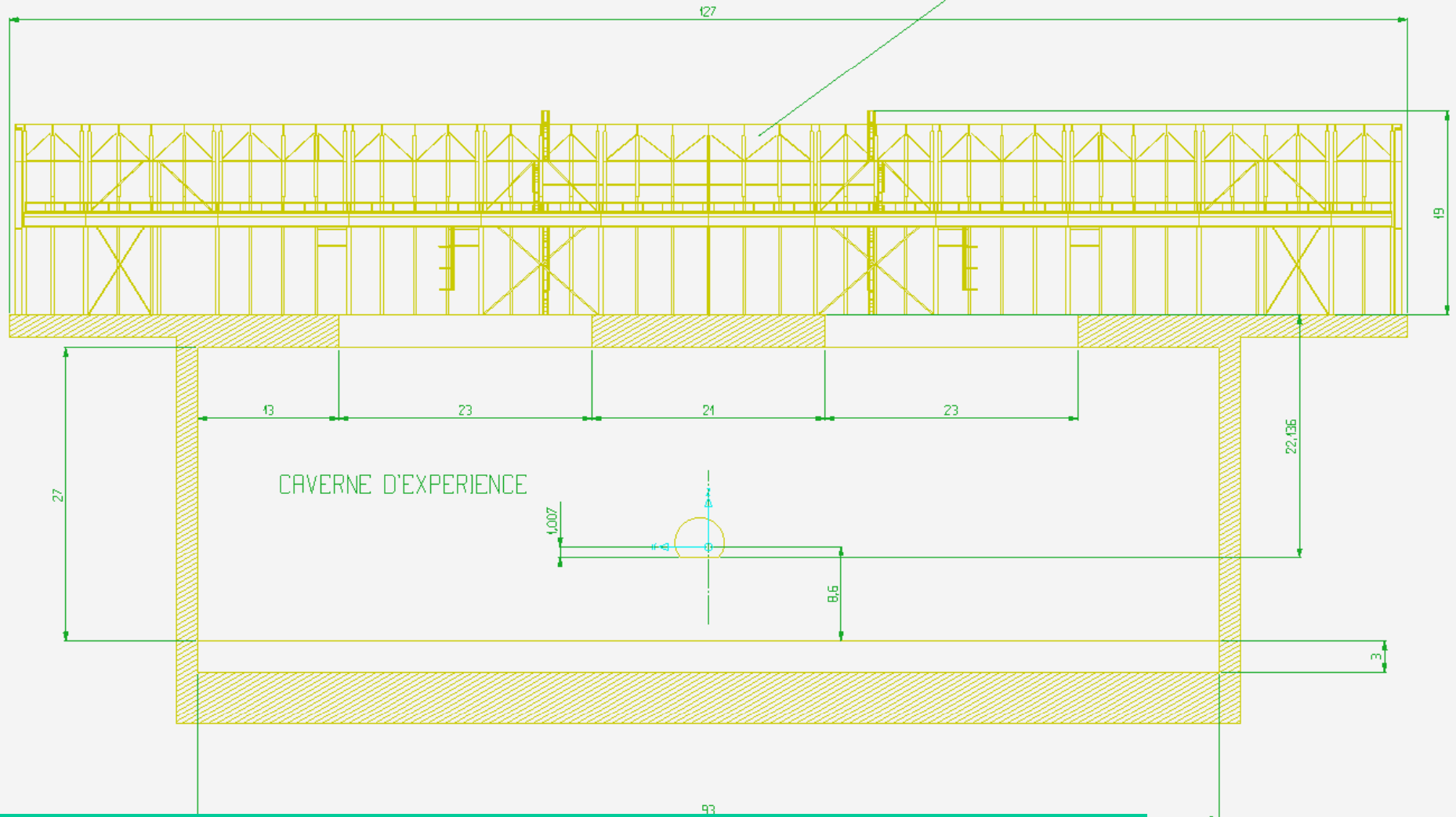


Proposed Dubna typical cross section Beam tunnel 20m below surface



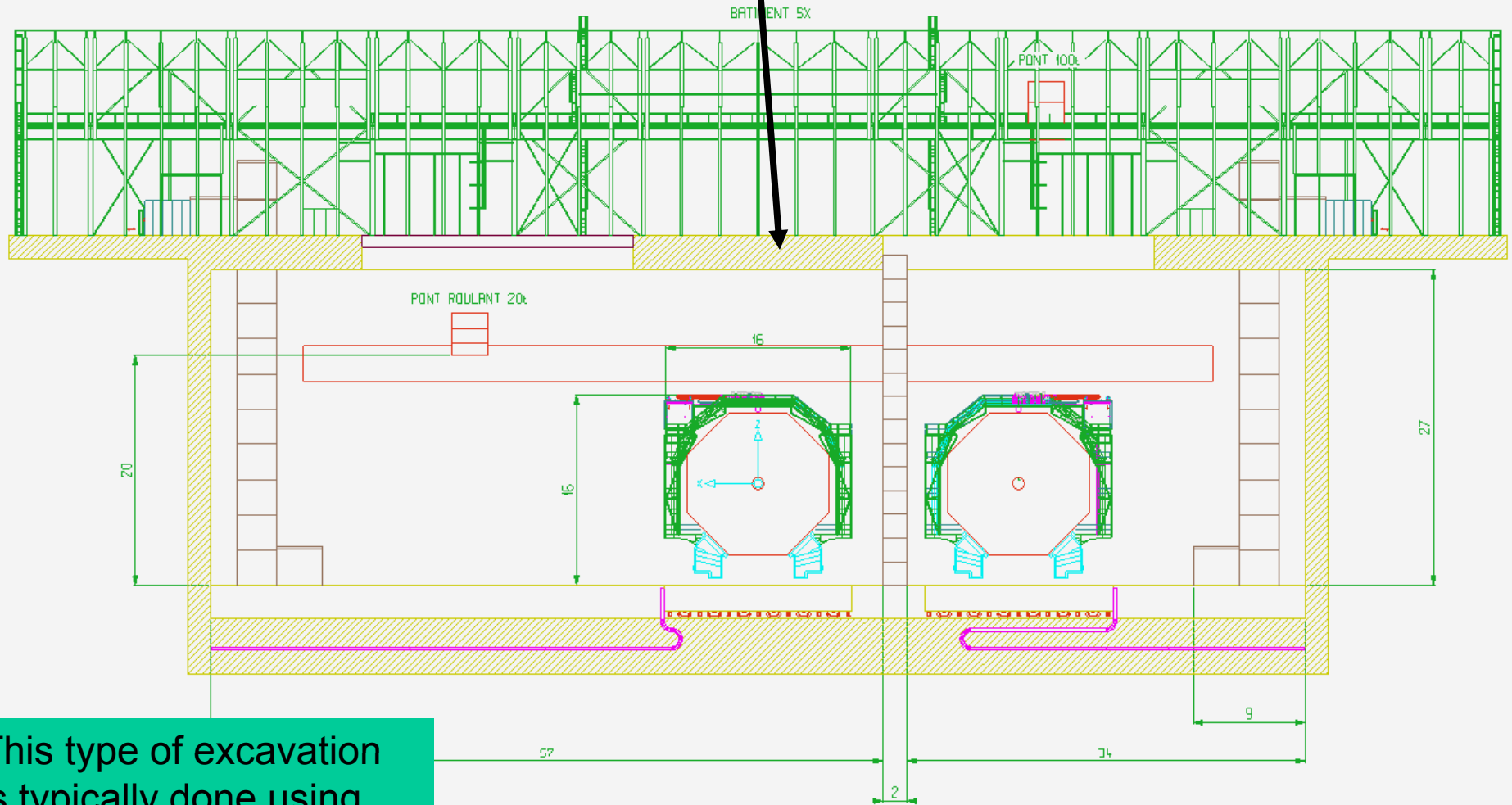
Surface building \approx 130m long, 20m high, 40m wide

BATIMENT 5X



Sub-surface experimental hall \approx 90m long, 30m deep, 35m wide

Permanent central propping needed
due to large span via concrete slab



This type of excavation
is typically done using
'diaphragm wall'
technique

Diaphragm walling : excavation is supported via bentonite slurry, wall concreted in 'panels' down to required depth from surface



TI2 Area - PMI 2 shaft, diaphragm wall - November 24, 1998 - CERN ST-CE

Shaft or hall excavation within concreted wall



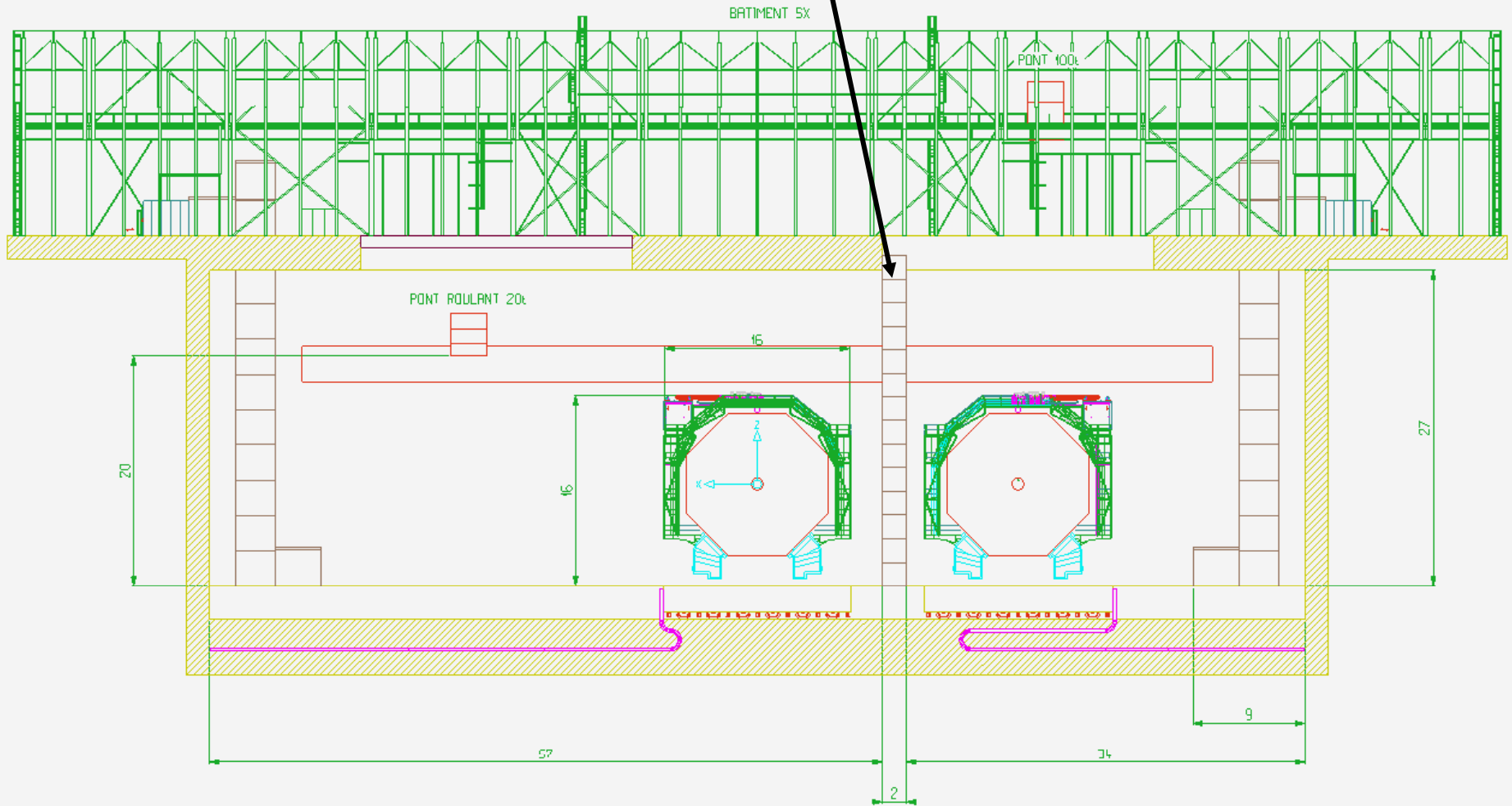
T12 Area - Start of excavation of PMI 2 shaft - February 17, 1999 - CERN ST-CE



T12 Area - Excavation for PMI2 - February 26, 1999 - CERN ST-CE

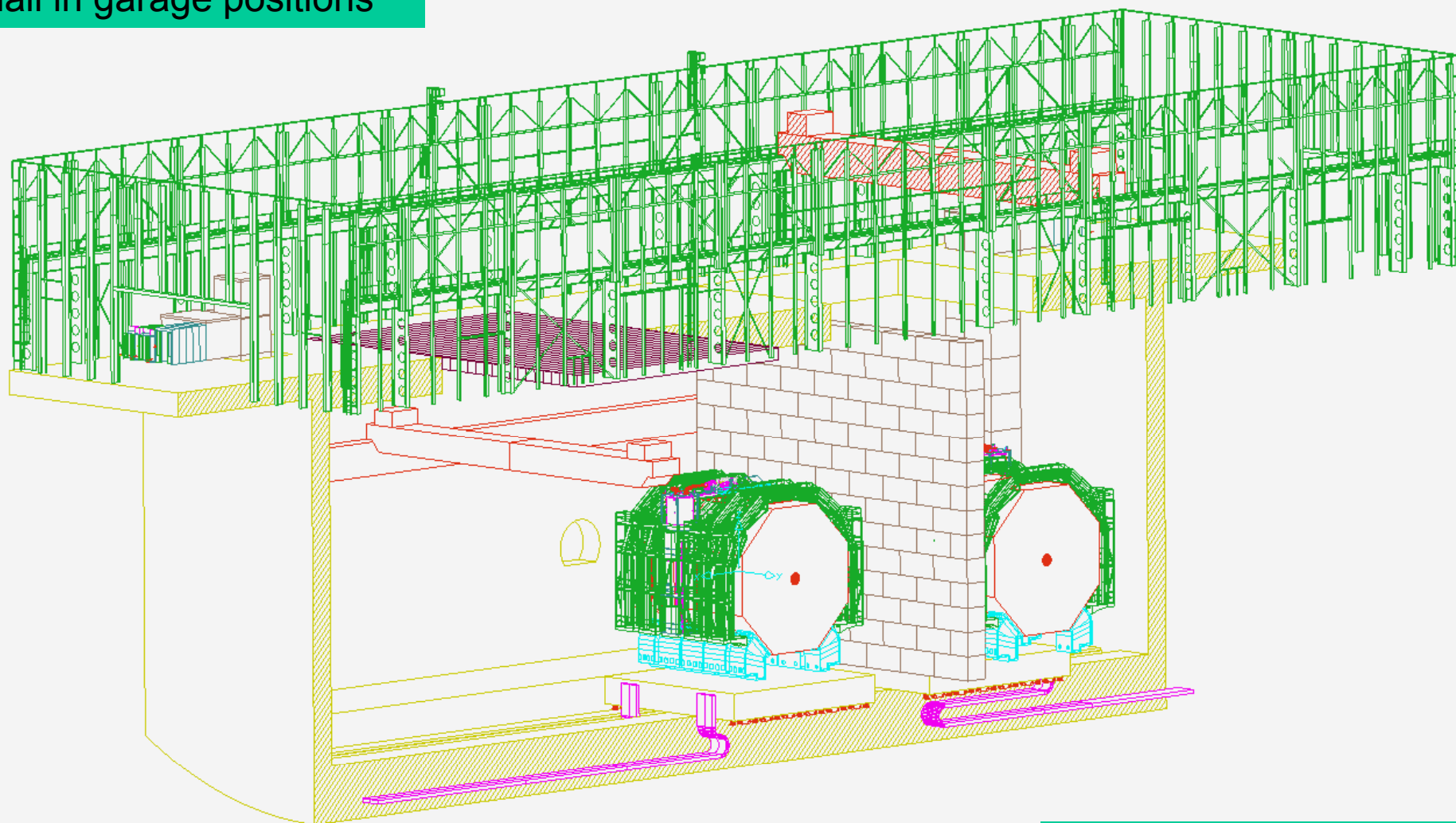
Shaft or hall excavation within concreted wall, often temporary internal struts are needed prior to permanent propping.

2m reserved for shielding

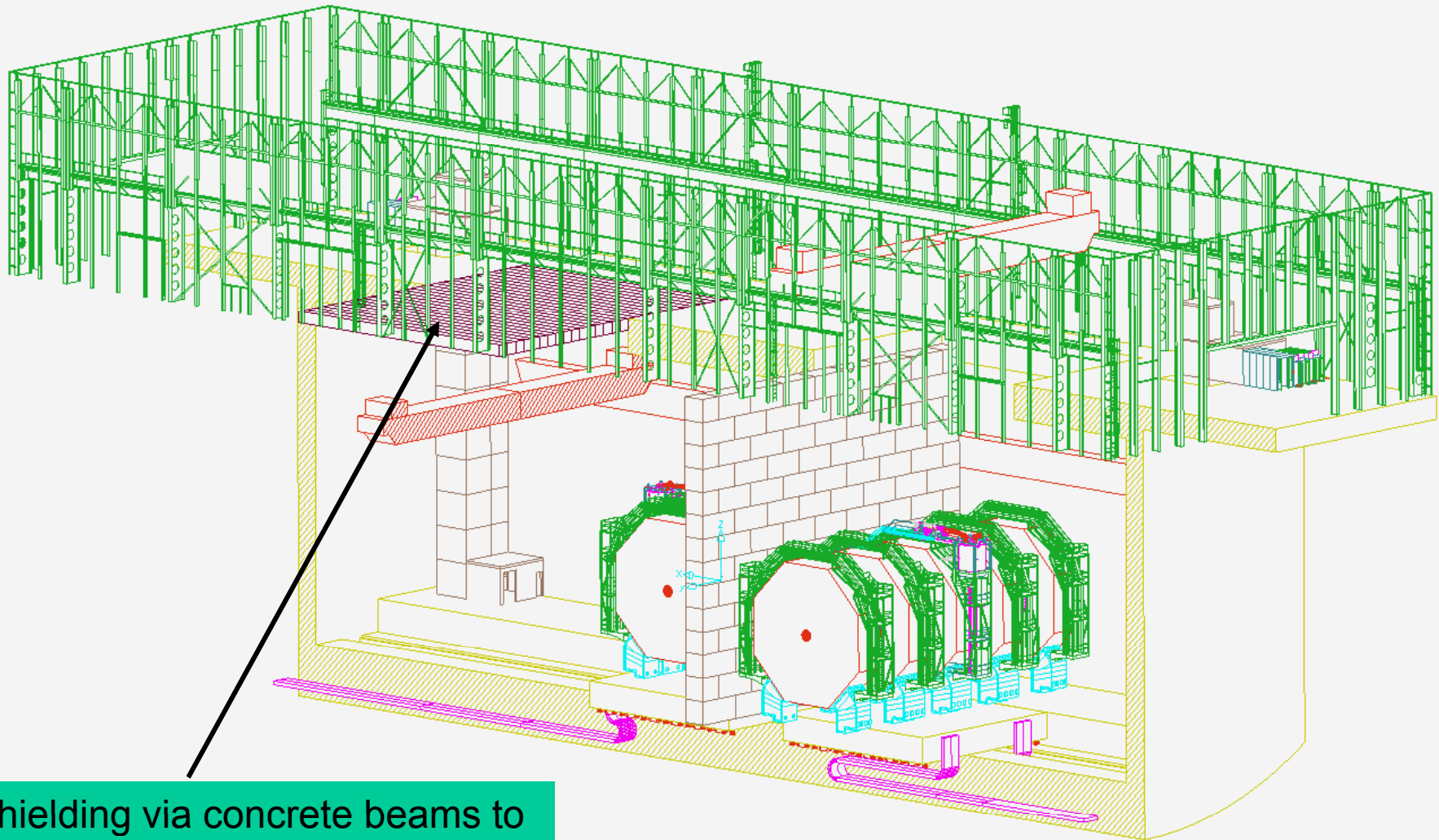


Push-Pull configuration on mobile platforms and cable chains for services

100ton gantry crane in surface building for detector assembly directly in experimental hall in garage positions

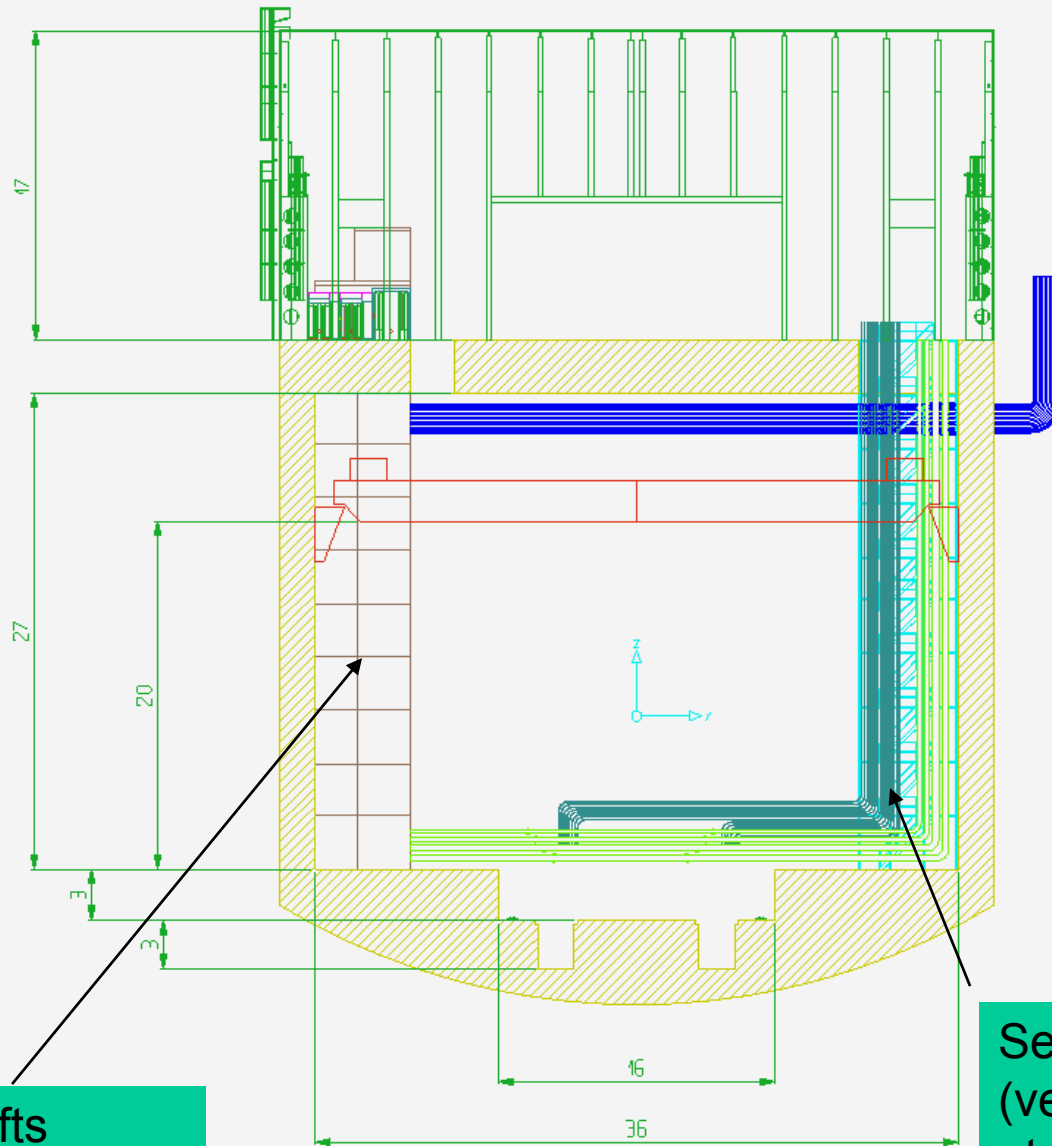


20ton crane in experimental hall



Shielding via concrete beams to close opening over 'on-line' detector (same shielding used for both detectors)

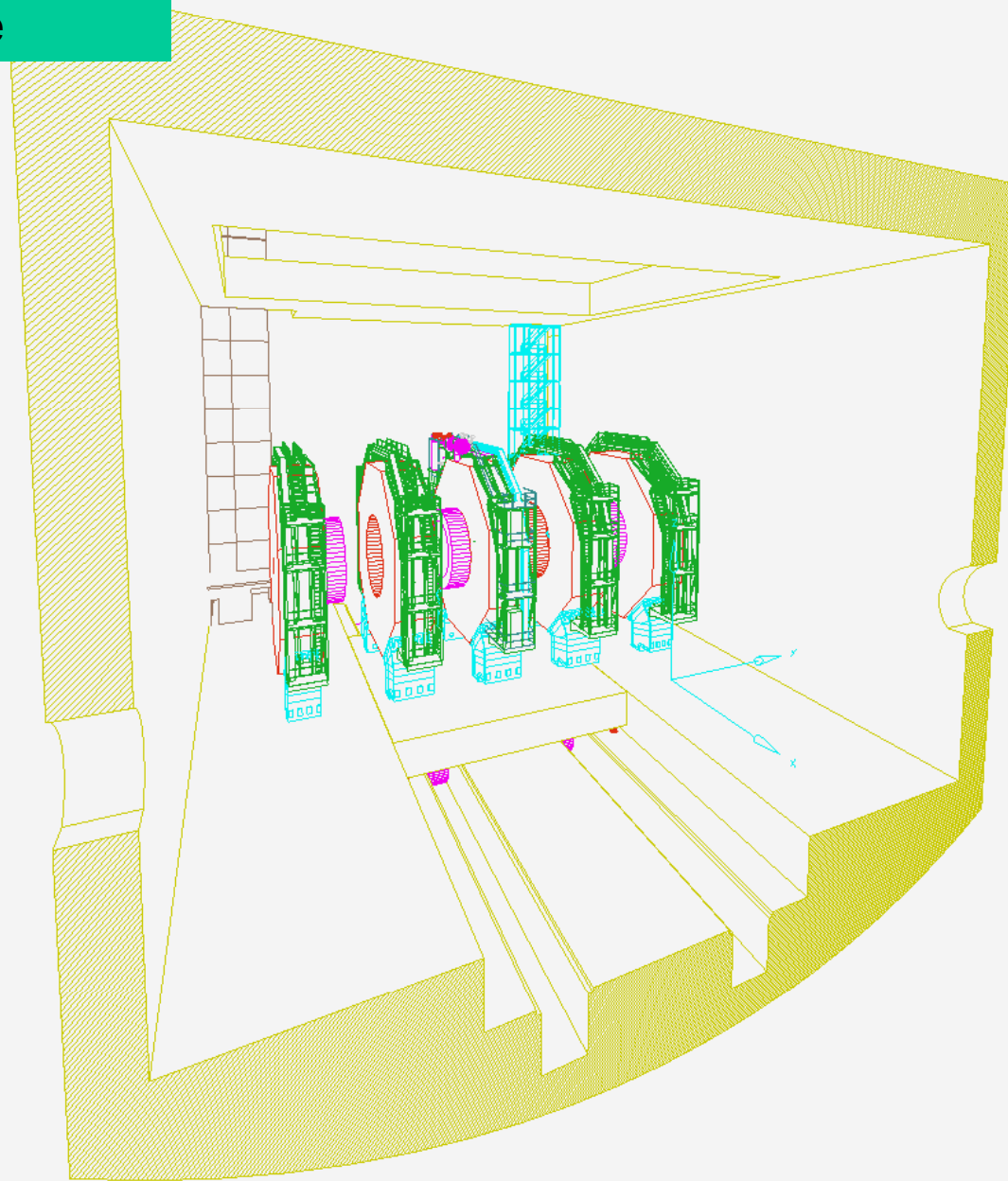
Hall dimensions based
on GLD dimensions
2007



Two personnel lifts
giving access/egress

Services columns
(ventilation, electricity
etc)

Detector in 'garage'
position showing direct
access from surface hall
with 100ton crane

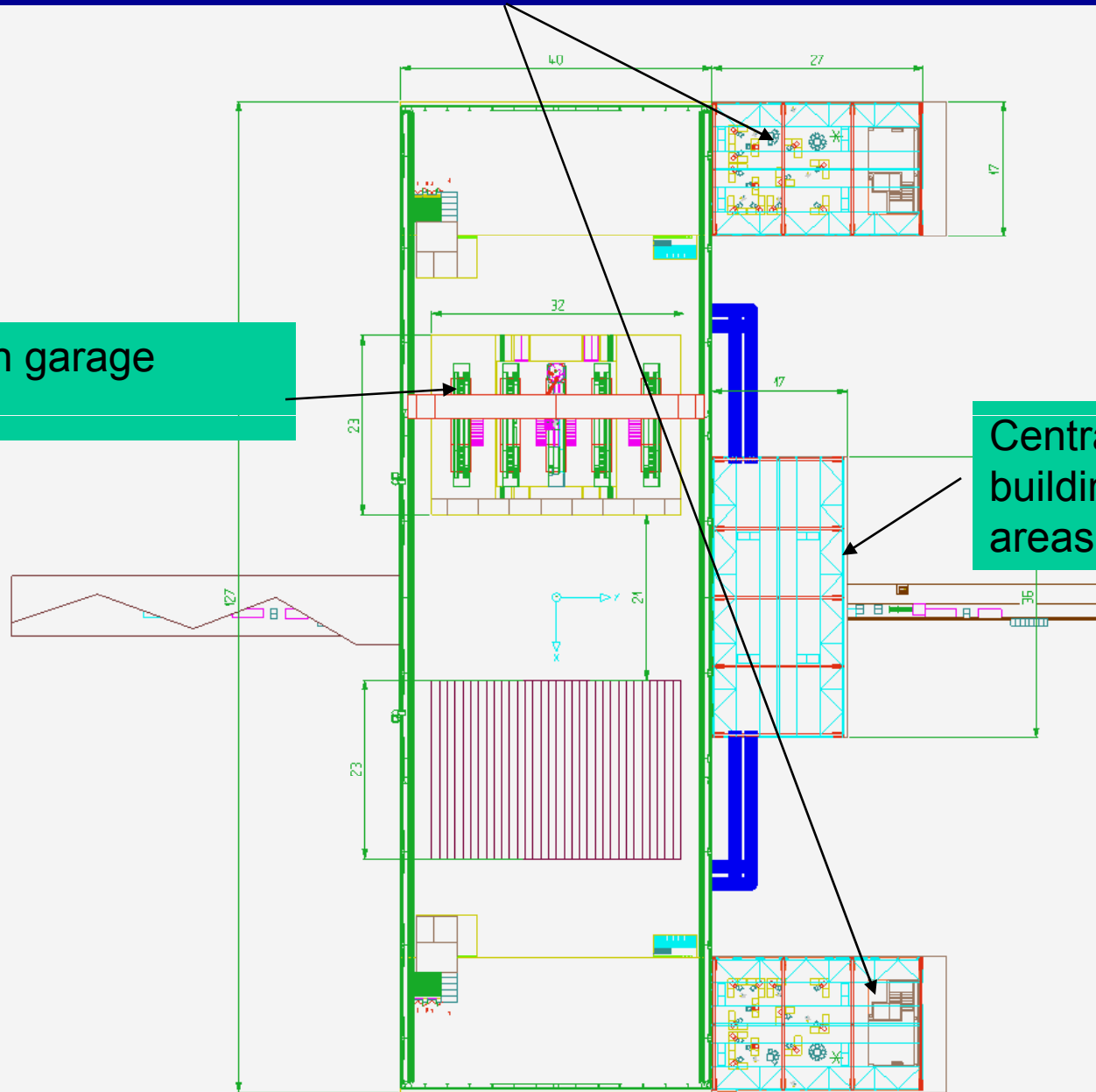


Control room for each detector



Detector in garage position

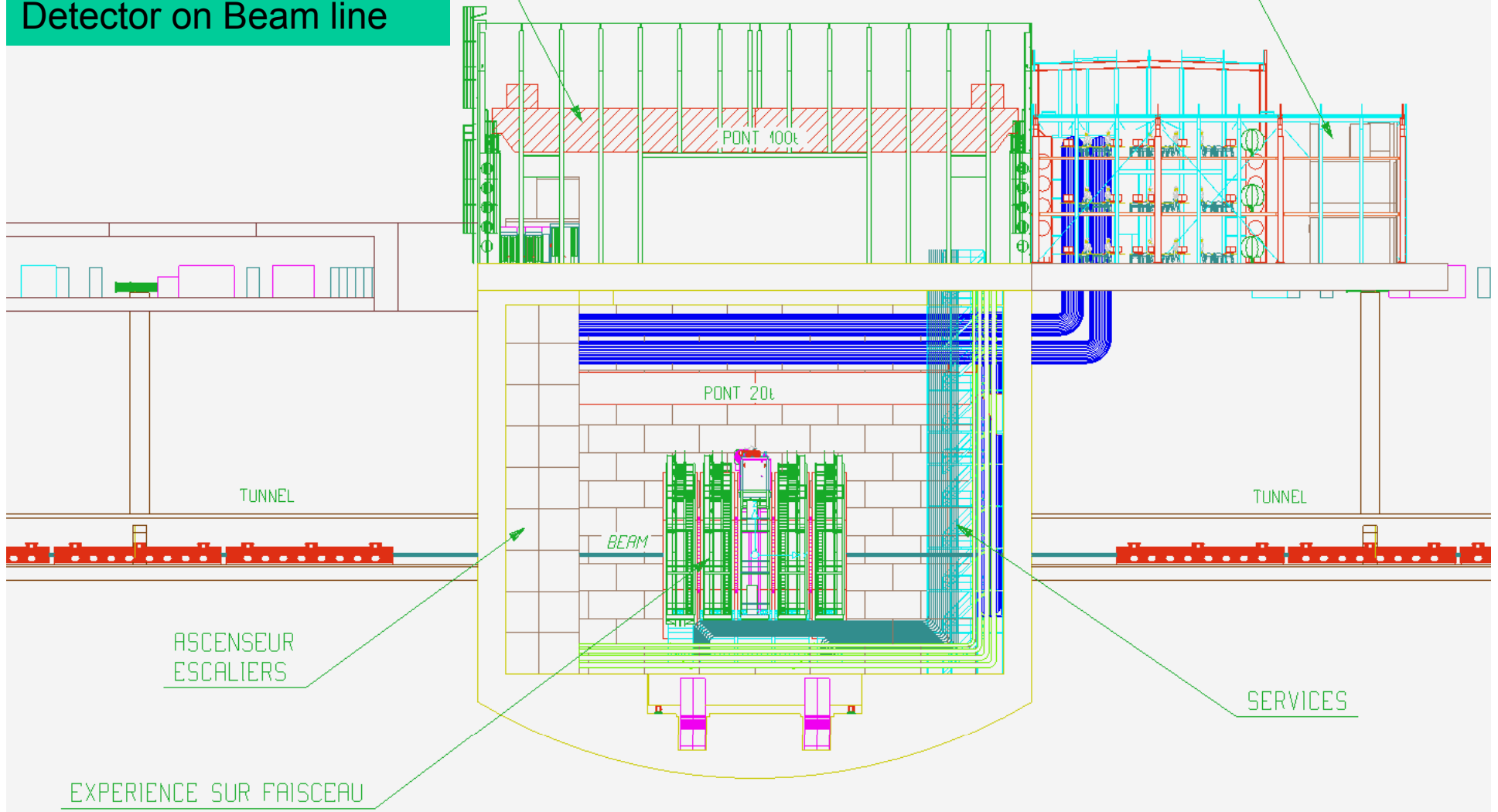
Central Ventilation building feeding both areas

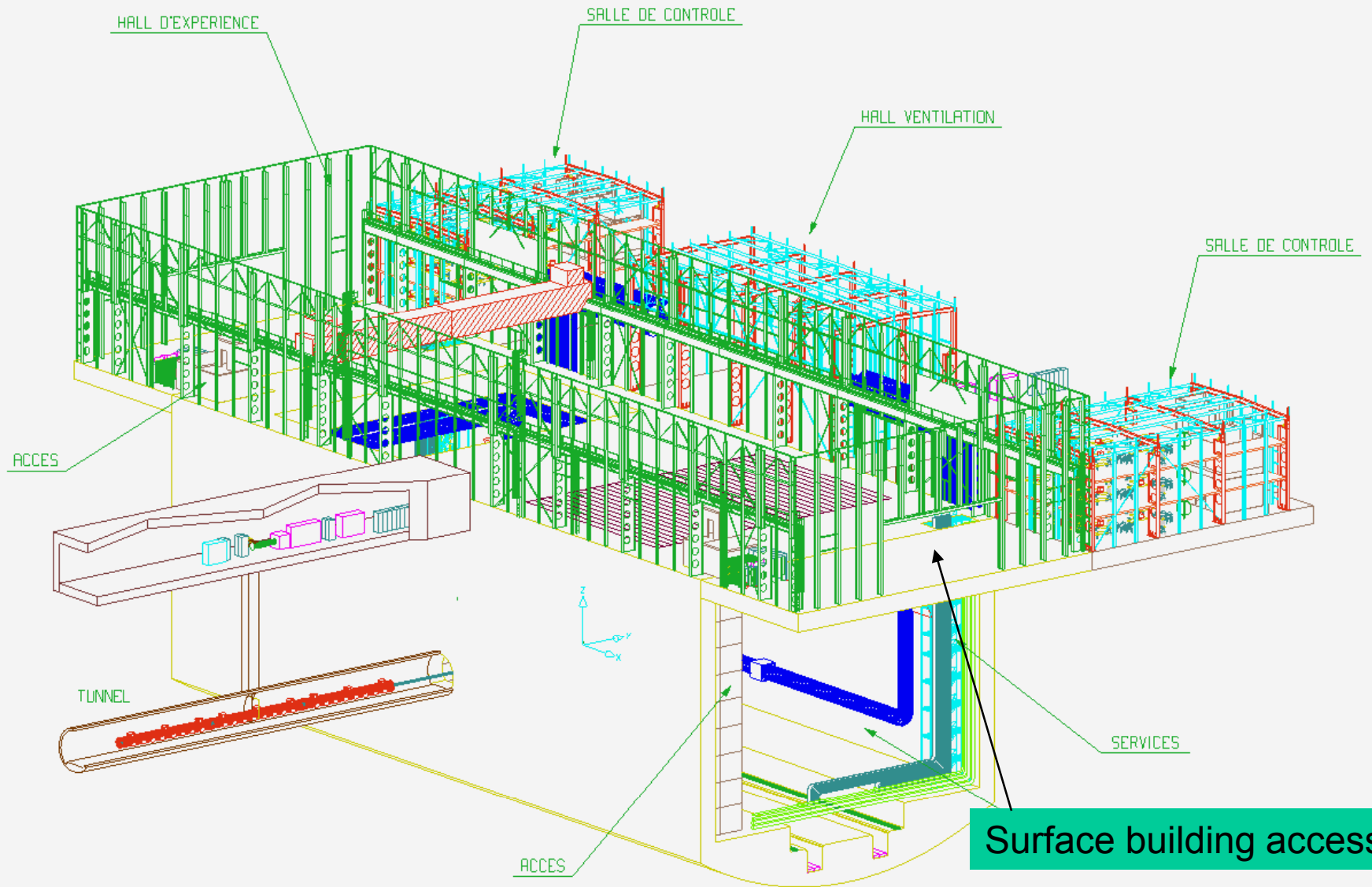


HALL D'EXPERIENCE

SALLE DE CONTROLE

Detector on Beam line





VUES 3D

