

Higgs mass measurement through μ channel of Higgs strahlungs process ($e^+e^- \rightarrow HZ \rightarrow \mu\mu H$)

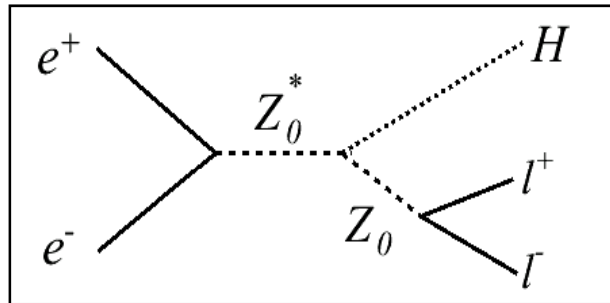
Manqi Ruan

Discussing & Support: Francois, Roman, Phillip Vincent,
Advisor: Z. ZHANG (LAL) & Y. GAO (Tsinghua))

Outline

- Motivation & Software introduction
- Higgs Mass & cross section determination
 - Model independent Measurement
 - Model dependent event selection: treat Higgs SM/invisible decay separately
 - Result for SM Higgs
 - Result if Higgs can decay invisibly
- Test of Higgs mass measurement with different beam parameters
- Summary

Motivation: Higgs strahlung @ $\sqrt{s} = 230\text{GeV}$



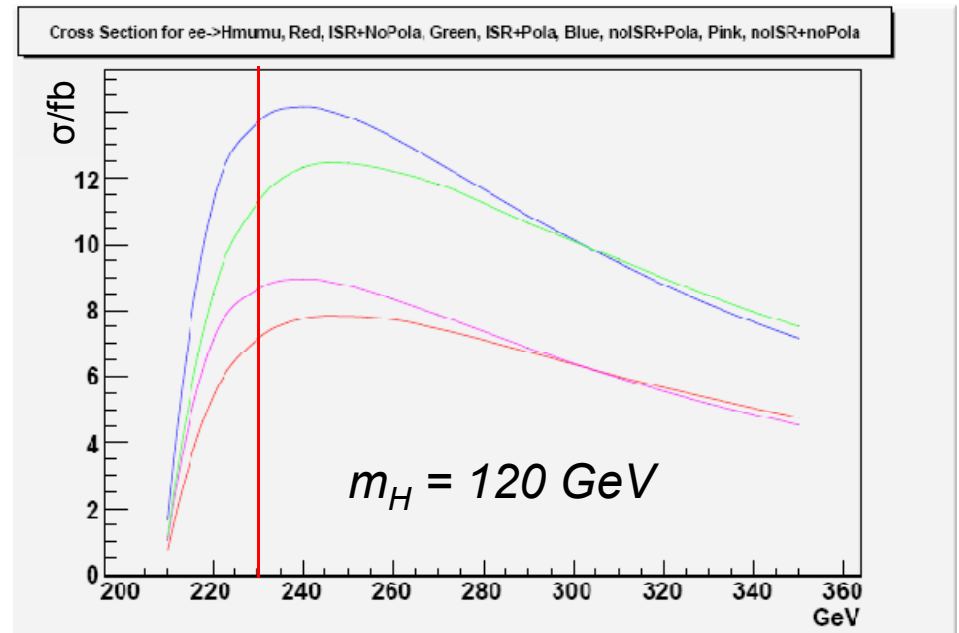
Golden Channel for measure Higgs Mass & Cross Section

$$m_h^2 = s + m_Z^2 - 2E_Z \sqrt{s}$$

$$g^2 \propto \sigma = N / L\mathcal{E}$$

Only muon momentum information is needed

A **model independent** analysis can be applied. We will avoid using any model dependent cuts (like separation angle, etc)



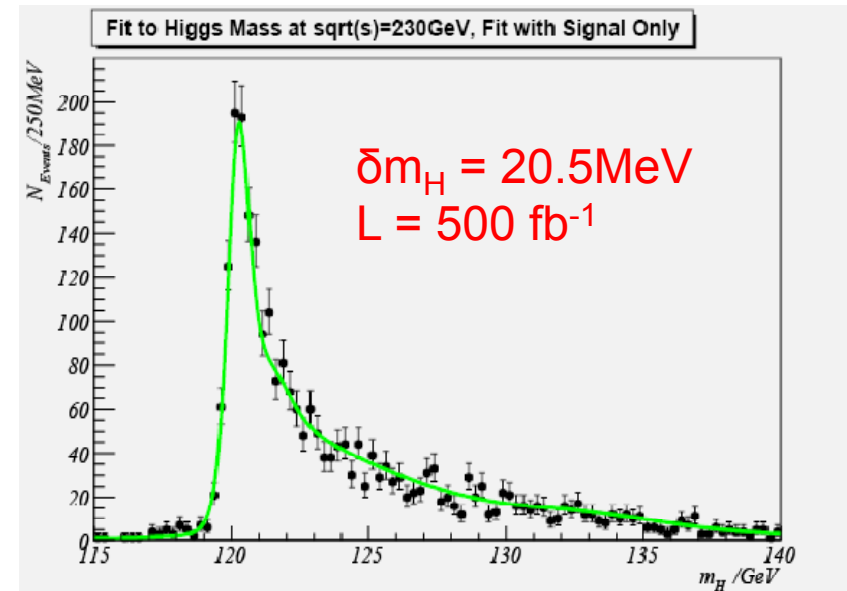
$$\delta m_h^2 \sim p^2 ;$$

Small \sqrt{s} means better Higgs mass resolution!

*Beam polarization will increase the signal cross section by 58%. (electron 80%, positron, 40%)
ISR effect will reduce the cross section with $\sqrt{s} < 300\text{GeV}$ (threshold effect) while increase it a little at higher energy*

Software chain

- Generator: whizard-1.50 (for Signal), pythia 6.4.13 (for backgrounds) (with Guinea-Pig to simulate BS effect);
- Full Simulation: Mokka-v06-04. with LDC01_sc detector conception (184 TPC layer), *the accuracy of tracking system to $5e-5$ at $\delta(1/P)$ on average*
- Reconstruction & Analysis: MarlinReco/Marlin, ROOT;
- Fit: Using likelihood method provides by RooFit:
 $\delta m_H = 20.5\text{MeV}$ for pure signal



X section of main BG

Sqrt(s)	230GeV	250GeV	350GeV
ZH(fb)	6.62 (3310 evt)	7.78 (3890)	4.87 (2435)
ee→ZZ (fb)	1.34k (672k)	1.27k (635k)	0.856k (428k)
ee→WW (fb)	15.86k (7.93M)	15.61k (7.81M)	1.155k (5.77M)
ee→qq (fb)	57.6k (28.8M)	52.2k (26.1M)	22.63k (11.3M)
ee→μμγ (fb)	5.38k (2.69M)	4.34k (2.17M)	2.20k (1.1M)

- *Huge SM Background: Pre Cuts is needed!*
 - Energetic pion/muon ($E_1 > 15\text{GeV}$) (pions are included here for the PID has a chance $\sim 1\%$ to misidentify the a pion as a muon)
 - Exist another pion/muon (with energy E_2), together with the most energetic pion/muon to form an invariant mass $> 70\text{ GeV}$
 - $\Phi_{mumu} < 177.6\text{Degree}$
 - Kinetic cut: $2E_1 + E_2 < 180$ & $2E_1 + 3E_2 > 200$

Non-Polarized beam at 500 fb^{-1} ; ISR, FSR, BS actived

Precut Chain at Generator level

	ZH	ZZ	WW	QQ	$\mu\mu\gamma$
<i>No Precut</i>	3310	672k	7.93M	28.8M	2.69M
<i>$E_1 > 15$</i>	3310	347k	5.22M	15.8M	2.69M
<i>$m_Z > 70$</i>	3147	43.7k	310k	169k	920k
<i>$\Delta\phi < 3.10$ (177.6°)</i>	3042	42.1k	299k	62.6k	242k
<i>Kinetic</i>	3000 90.6%	17.7k 2.6%	81.9k 1.0%	33.8k 0.12%	23.1k 0.86%

Replace **pre cuts** with more strict cuts after reconstruction:

$$E_1 > 15$$

$$2E_1 + E_2 < 180 \ \&\& \ 2E_1 + 3E_2 > 200$$

$$\Delta\phi < 177.6^\circ$$

$$m_Z > 70$$



$$E_{mu} > 20$$

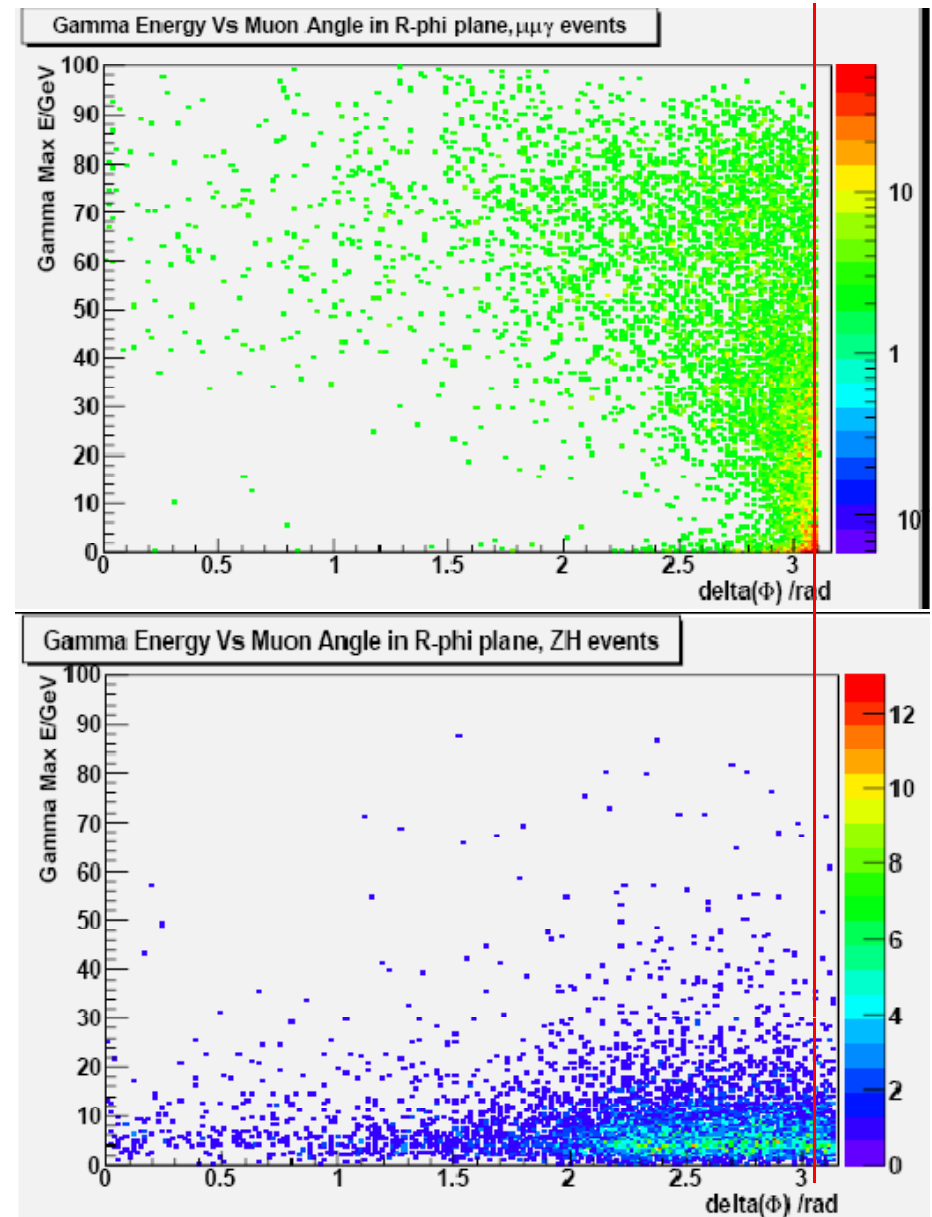
$$2E_1 + E_2 < 178 \ \&\& \ 2E_1 + 3E_2 > 202$$

$$\Delta\phi < 176.4^\circ$$

$$76.2 < m_Z < 100$$

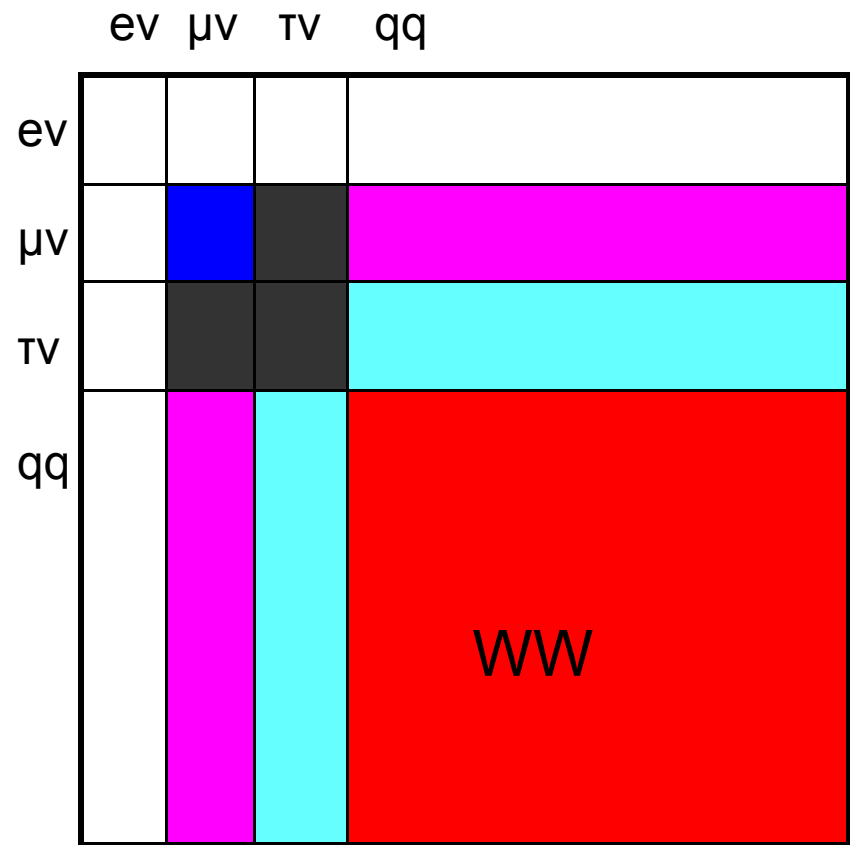
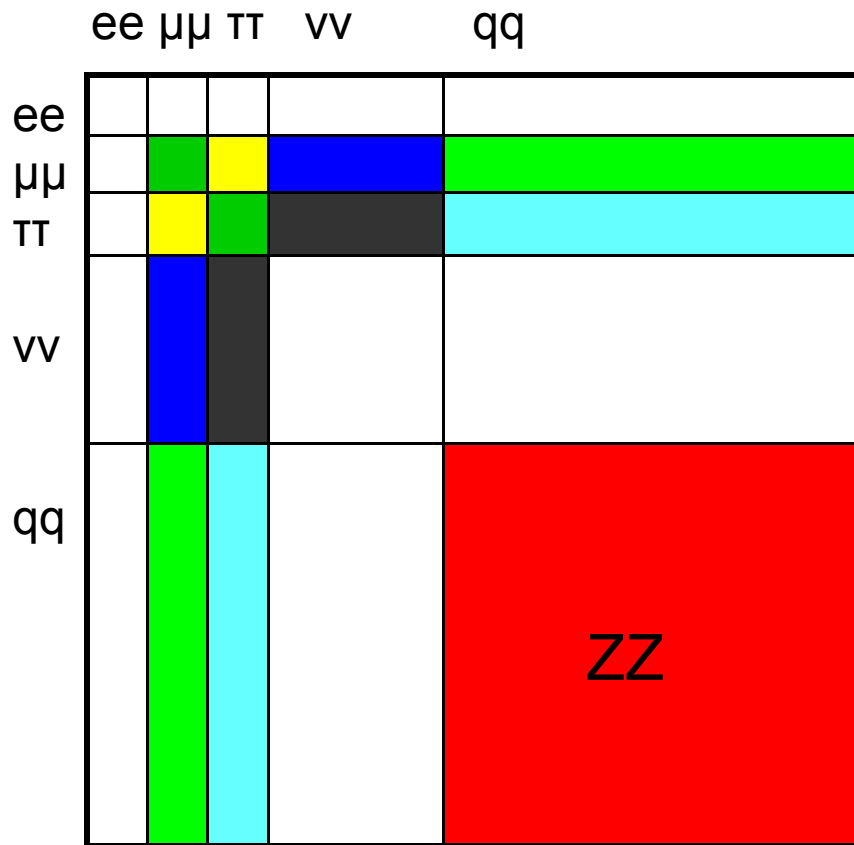
qq & $\mu\mu\gamma$ BG

- QQ background vanishes after pre cut selection + μ id (*the majority of QQ BG passed the precut have pion, not muons*)
- $\mu\mu\gamma$ BG: Veto events with no miss P_T ($\Delta\phi \sim \pi$) or have reconstructed energetic photon;



ZZ & WW background

Z decay ratio: ~3% to lepton pairs (each),
 ~20% to neutrino pairs, ~70% to qq
 W decay ratio: ~10% to lepton pairs (each), ~70% to qq



Blue: background for Higgs invisible decay

Gray: background for Higgs invisible decay through tau leptonic decay

Light green: background for Higgs SM decay

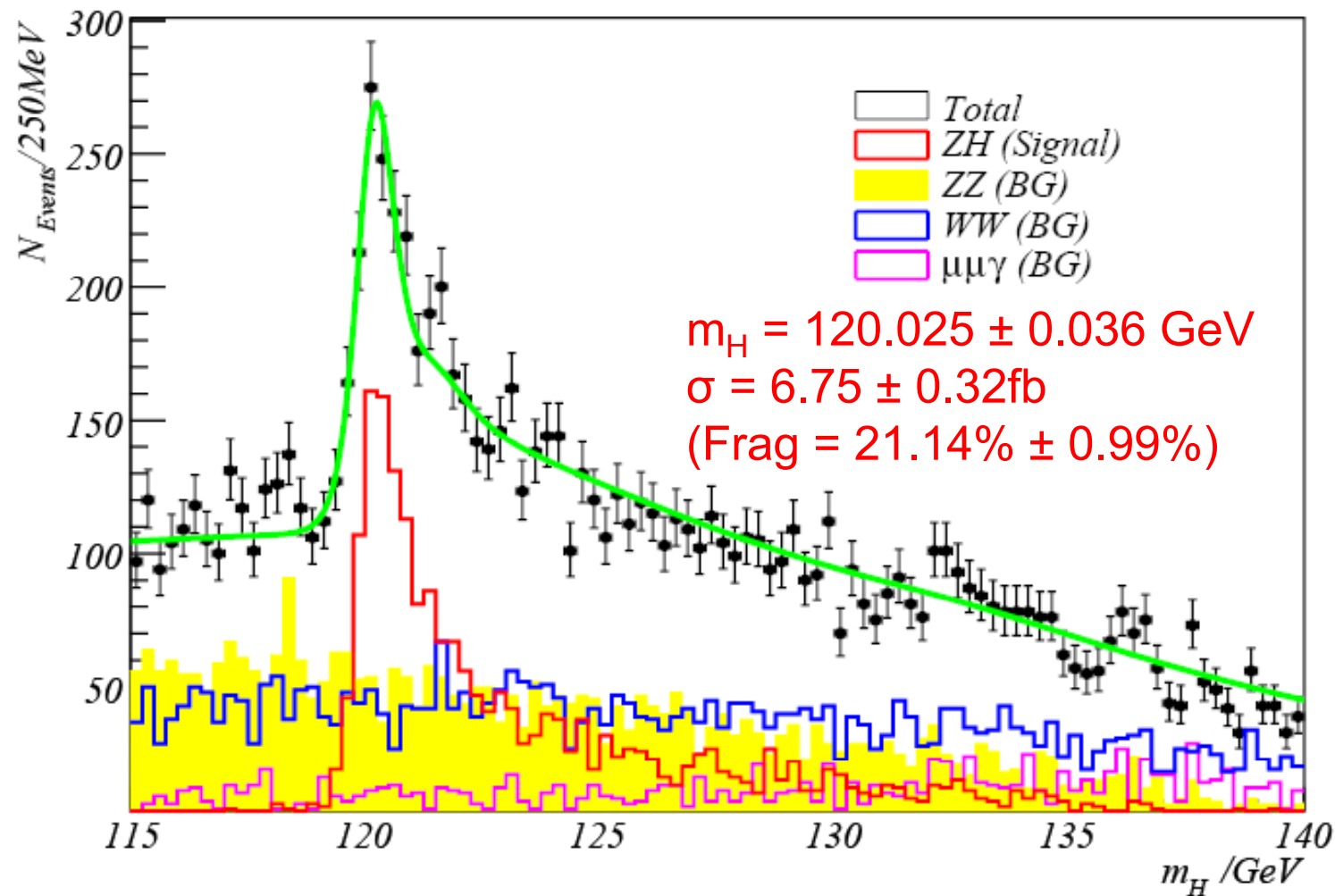
Red, pink and light blue: possible background for Higgs SM decay (pion be misidentified as muon & muon from bb, cc)

Yellow and Dark Green: background for Higgs SM decay: $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

Cut Chain for model independent analysis

Minimal Version	ZH	ZZ	WW	$\mu\mu\gamma$
<i>Total event num at 500 fb⁻¹</i>	3310	672k	7.93M	2.69M
<i>Expected event num after preCuts</i>	3k	17.7k	81.9k	23.1k
Both muon identified	2824	15.3k	13.9k	20.3k
<i>recover precuts +Geometry</i>	2439	12.1k	8.6k	14.5k
<i>$E_2 > 20 \ \&\& \ E_2 < 53$ $\&\& 2E_1 + E_2 < 178 \ \&\& \ 2E_1 + 3E_2 > 202$ $\&\& 2E_1 + 3E_2 < 264$</i>	2437	7.3k	7.5k	11.9k
<i>$-0.995 < \text{Cos}(\theta_{\mu\mu}) < -0.3$</i>	2426	7.0k	7.1k	11.1k
<i>$\mu\mu\gamma$ events veto</i>	2210	5.4k	4.8k	1401
<i>$115\text{GeV} < H_{\text{mass}} < 140\text{GeV}$</i>	2192	3531	3745	1138

Model independent measurement: $\delta(m_H) = 36.3\text{MeV}$

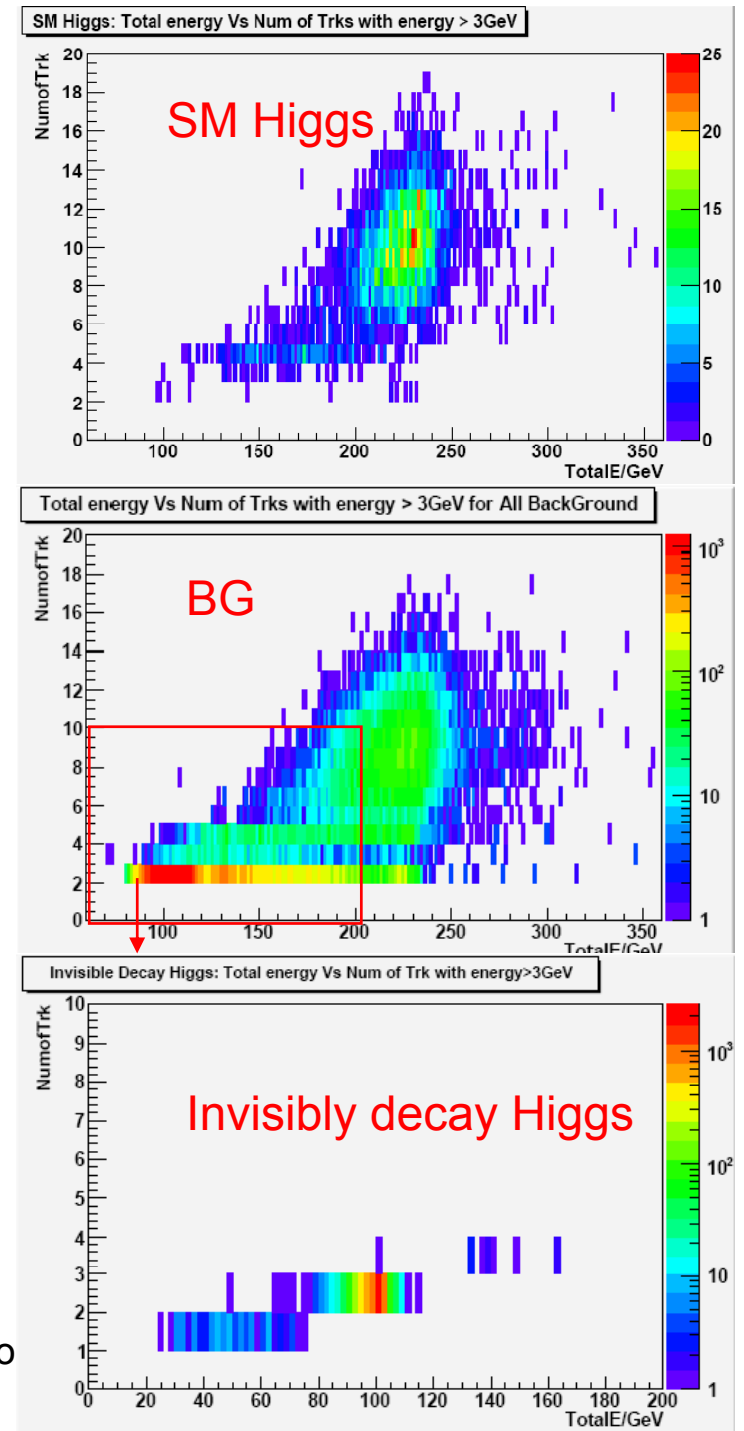


Further (model dependent) analysis using information on H decay final states

- We can separate the Higgs SM/invisible decay events with 2 obvious benefits
 - *Larger S/N ratio and thus better measurement*
 - *Freedom to tune cuts for different decay models*
- Use the variable: Num of tracks with energy > 3 GeV & Total measured energy
- Count the If $N_{\text{track}} < 4$ && Total energy < 110 GeV, Higgs invisible decay
- If $N_{\text{track}} > 2$ && Total energy > 150 GeV, SM Higgs decay events

16/01/2008

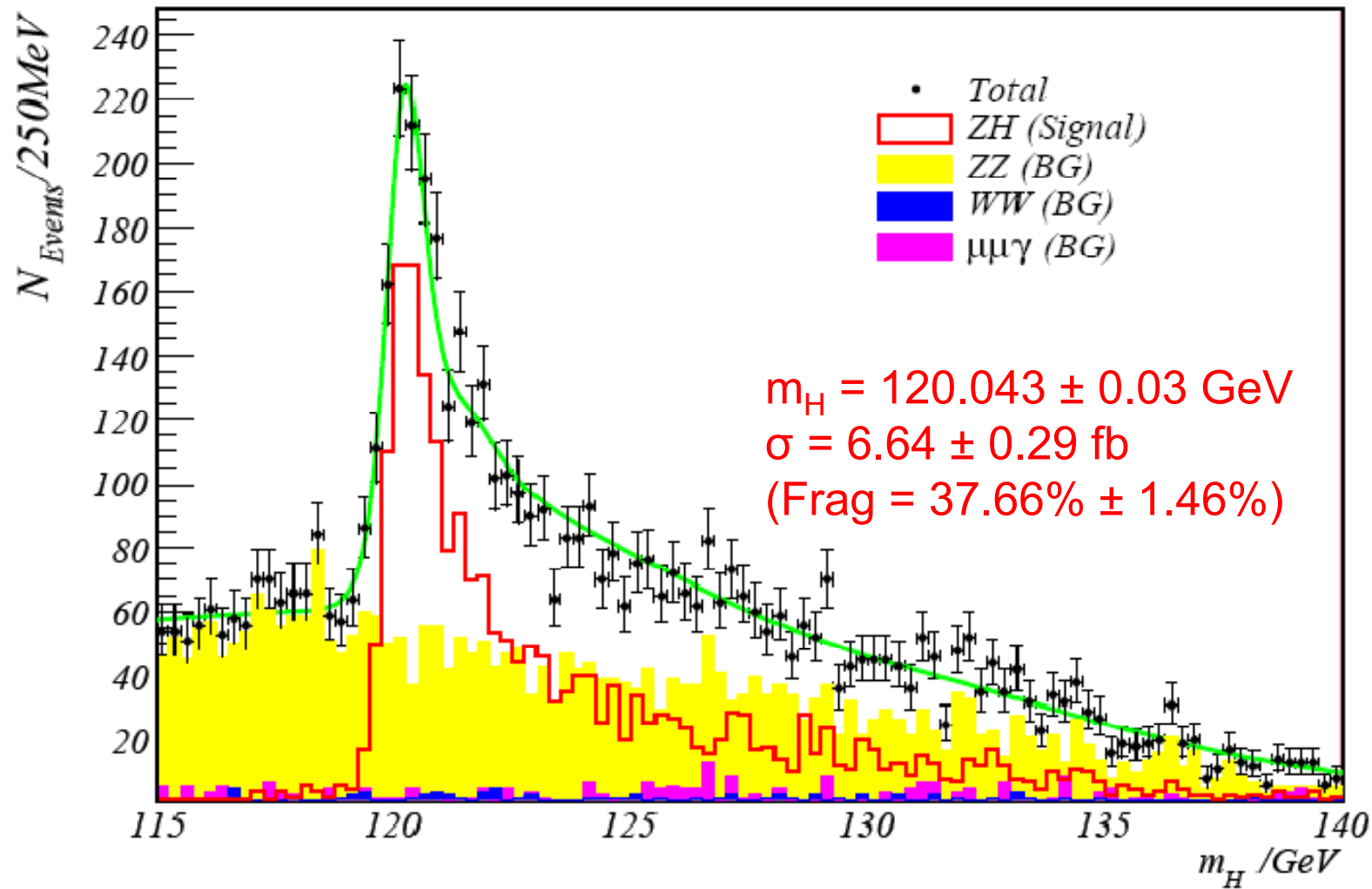
DESY_Zeuthen@ILD worksho



Cuts Chain for SM Higgs analysis

	ZH	ZZ	WW	$\mu\mu\gamma$
<i>Total event num at 500 fb⁻¹</i>	3310	672k	7.93M	2.69M
<i>Expected event num after preCuts</i>	3k	17.7k	81.9k	23.1k
Both muon identified	2824	15.3k	13.9k	20.3k
<i>recover precuts +Geometry</i>	2439	12.1k	8.6k	14.5k
<i>Same Kinetic Cut as model independent analysis</i>	2426	7.0k	7.1k	11.1k
<i>TrkNum>2 && TotalEn>150</i>	2338	5.4k	526	146
<i>115GeV < Hmass < 140GeV</i>	2319	3.5k	128	389
<i>Loose Veto on γ Energy (30GeV)</i>	2280 68.9%	3.4k	124	269

SM measurement: $\delta(m_H) = 29.95\text{MeV}$



Higgs Invisible decay

Main background

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow WW, ZZ \rightarrow \mu\mu\nu\nu$$

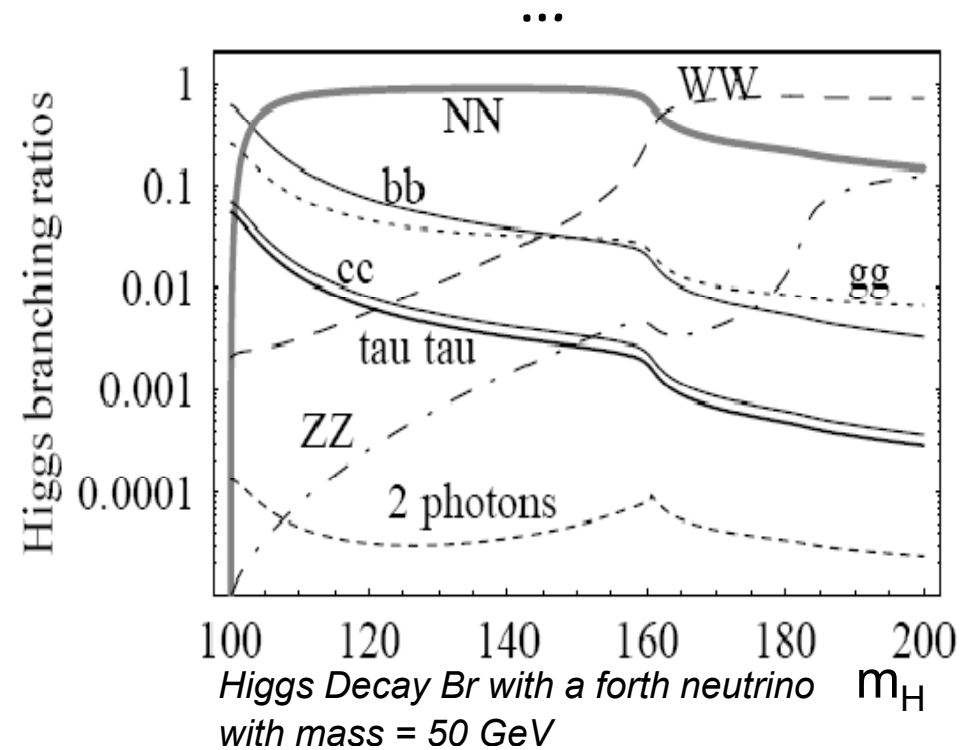
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu\mu(\gamma)$$

Exotic Model beyond SM:

SUSY ?

Extra dimension ?

Heavy neutrino ?

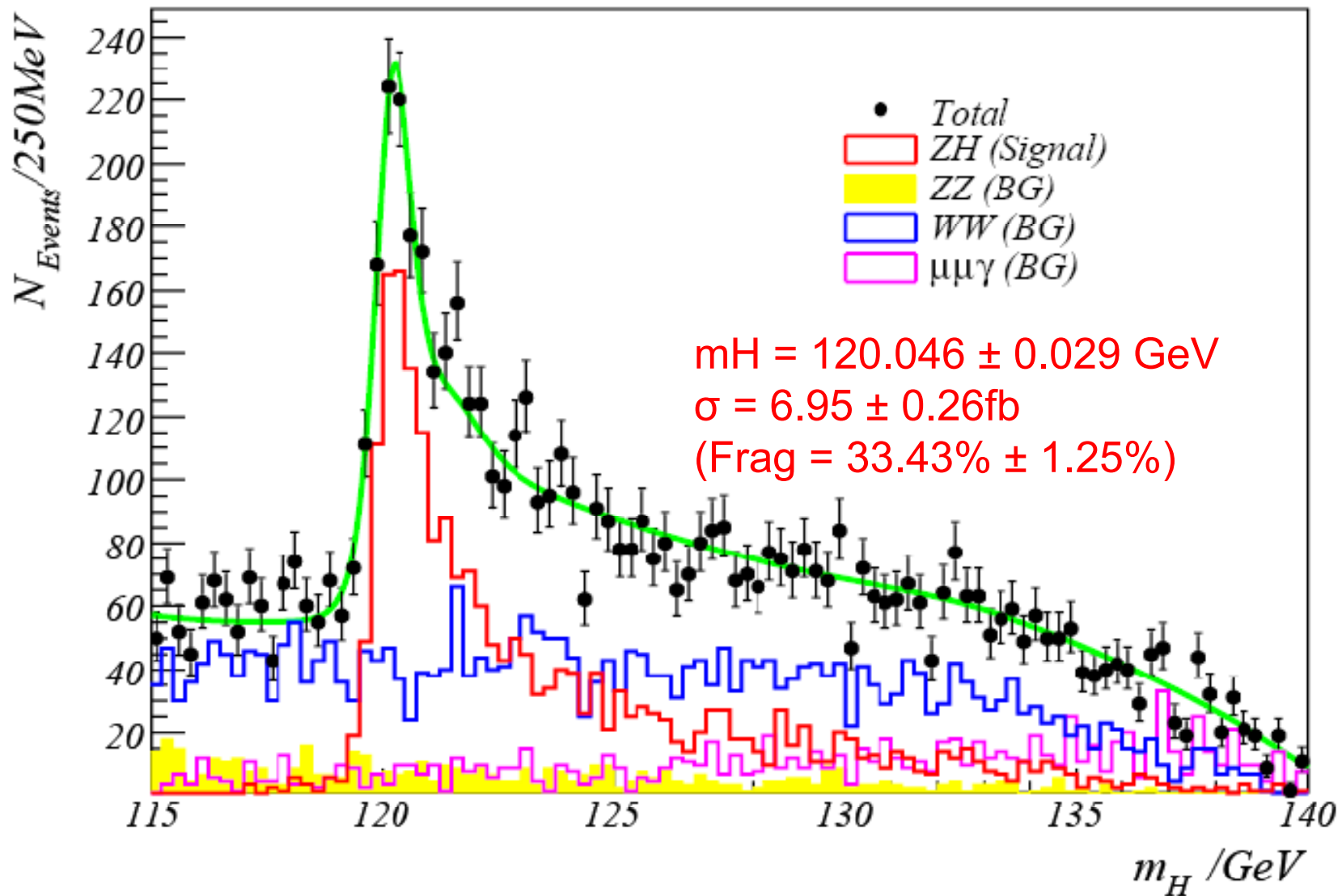


K.Belotsky hep-ph/0210153 (2002)

Cuts Chain for Invisible Higgs analysis

	ZH	ZZ	WW	$\mu\mu\gamma$
<i>Total event num at 500 fb⁻¹</i>	3310	672k	7.93M	2.69M
<i>Expected event num after preCuts</i>	3k	17.7k	81.9k	23.1k
<i>recover precuts +Geometry</i>	2439	12.1k	8.6k	14.5k
<i>Same Kinetic Cut as model independent analysis</i>	2426	7.0k	7.1k	11.1k
<i>TrkNum<4 && 90<TotalEn<110</i>	2326	1.1k	5.2k	2090
<i>$\mu\mu\gamma$ events veto</i>	2285	863	4.1k	1164
<i>115GeV < Hmass < 140GeV</i>	2267	554	3316	1016

Invisible Higgs measurement: $\delta(m_H) = 29.2\text{MeV}$



Changing beam parameters

- For Linear collider, we can
 - Change beam parameters (eg, changing $\sigma_z \beta_x \beta_y$ as $\sim E_{cm}$) to maintain the same luminosity (and also same Beamstrahlung), which is the current strategy we applied on our Full simulation analysis. *But this is technologically hard to achieve*
 - Keep beam parameter constant, we have $L \sim E_{cm}$; $BS \sim E_{cm}^2$; while for small E_{cm} , we suffer more from the weak field reduction, and thus have less than 230 fb^{-1} the integration luminosity if scale the machine time to achieve 500 fb^{-1} luminosity for 500GeV nominal beam, but also much smaller Beamstrahlung.
 - Some strategy in between above 2
- Use toy MC (*Generator + hand made fast simulation*) to test accuracy of Higgs mass measurement for **signal only** with different **tentative** beam parameter provided by BDS group

Points on beam parameter space yet scanned

Sqrt(s) /GeV	230	230	250	250	350	350	350	350
L* /m	3.5	4.5	3.5	4.5	3.5	4.5	3.5	4.5
β_x /nm	22.7	29.2	20.9	26.9	15.0	19.2	20.3	20.5
ColliX	6	6	6	6	6	6	7.0	6.2
η_L /percent	80.7	77.0	83.0	79.5	90.1	87.8	90.1	87.8
L / $10^{37}m^{-2}s^{-1}$	6.70	5.55	7.93	6.54	14.7	12.4	12.4	12.1
L /fb ⁻¹	181	150	214	177	397	335	335	327
σ /fb	7.03	7.06	7.81	7.83	4.80	4.80	4.78	4.80
Exp event num	1272	1059	1671	1386	1906	1608	1601	1570
δ (mH) /MeV	22.4	24.7	32.8	31.9	107.2	109.1	115.2	117.5

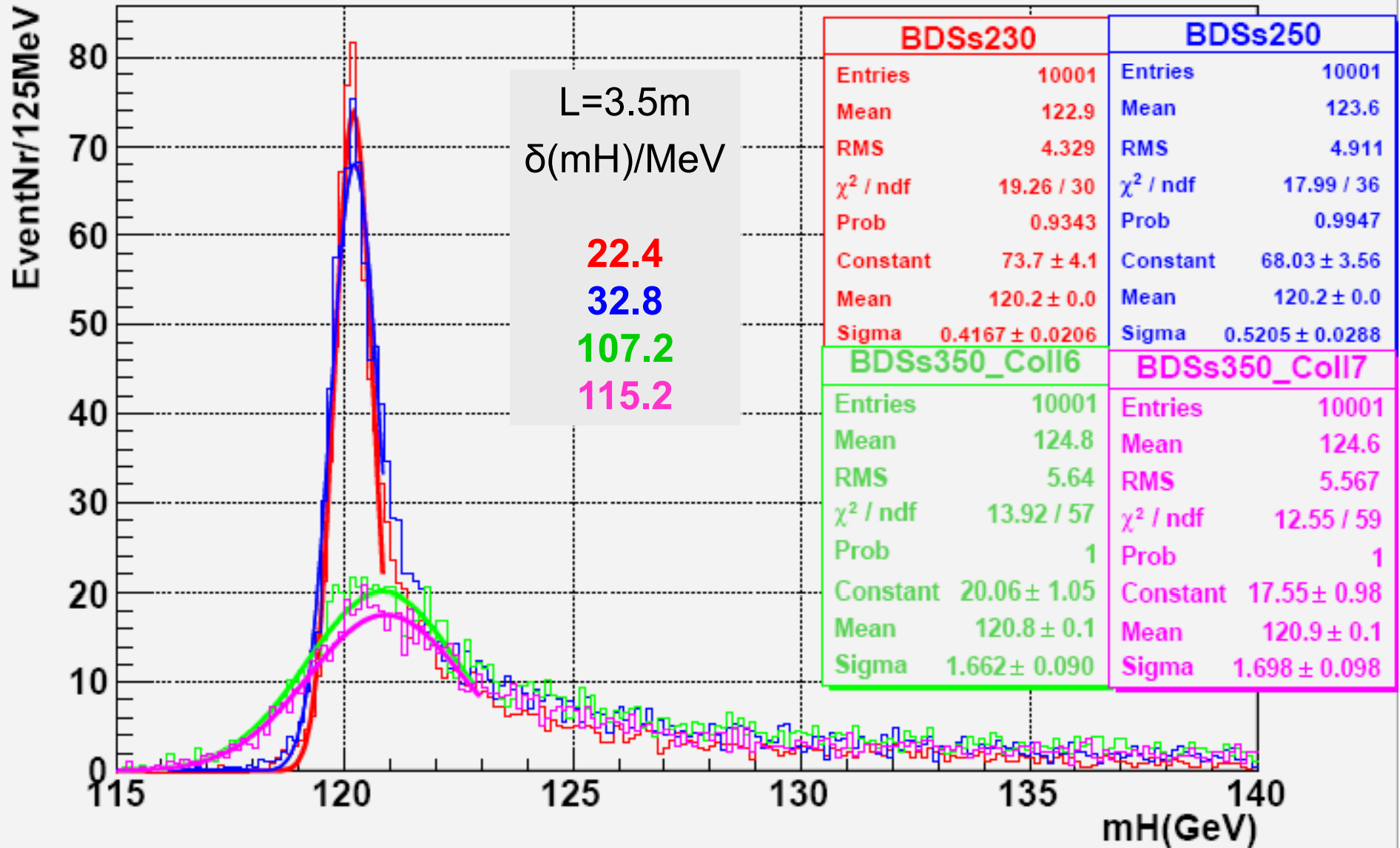
Machine time had been set to make Nominal beam (500GeV) reach an integrated Luminosity be 500 fb⁻¹

η_L : weak field reduce factor on Luminosity. $L_{true} = L_{geo} * H_D * \eta_L$

ColliX: Collimator depth X, always bigger than 6

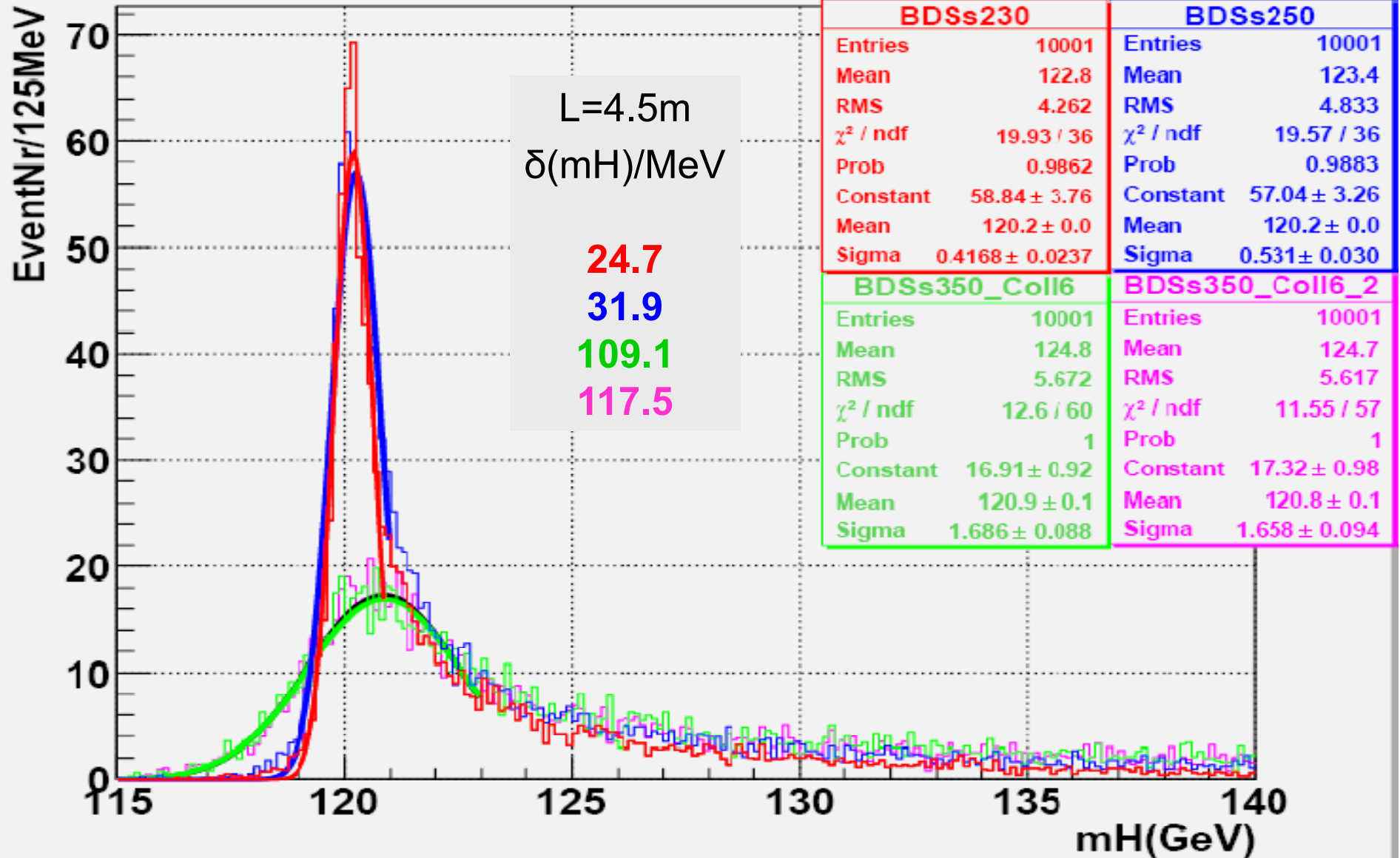
Sample Gaussian fit to the core; $L^* = 3.5\text{m}$

Higgs Recoil Mass Spectrum Vary with different Beam Parameter



Sample Gaussian fit to the core; $L^* = 4.5\text{m}$

Higgs Recoil Mass Spectrum Vary with different Beam Parameter with $L=4.5\text{m}$



Summary

- Accuracy of Higgs mass and cross section measurement through $ee \rightarrow HZ \rightarrow H\mu\mu$ with Higgs SM decay and Higgs invisible decay assumption have been studied.
- Condition: 120GeV Higgs. Non polarized beam (with ISR, FSR & BS) with an integration luminosity of 500 fb^{-1}
- Two strategies had been applied:
 - Model independent Higgs mass measurement: $\delta(mH) = 36\text{MeV}$
 - Treat SM/Invisible decay Higgs separately: $\delta(mH)$ could be measured better than 30MeV.
 - Cross section can be measured to an accuracy of 0.3 fb
- It is foreseen to improve a lot with beam polarization for it will not only reduce the WW background but also increase $\sim 58\%$ the cross section of Higgs strahlung channel (electron, 80%, positron, 40%).
- To do: likelihood methods for events identification; for SM Higgs, use jet energy information to reduce the ZZ Background
- With beam parameter suggested by BDS group, best higgs mass measurement achieved at $\sqrt{s} = 230\text{GeV}$



Thank you!

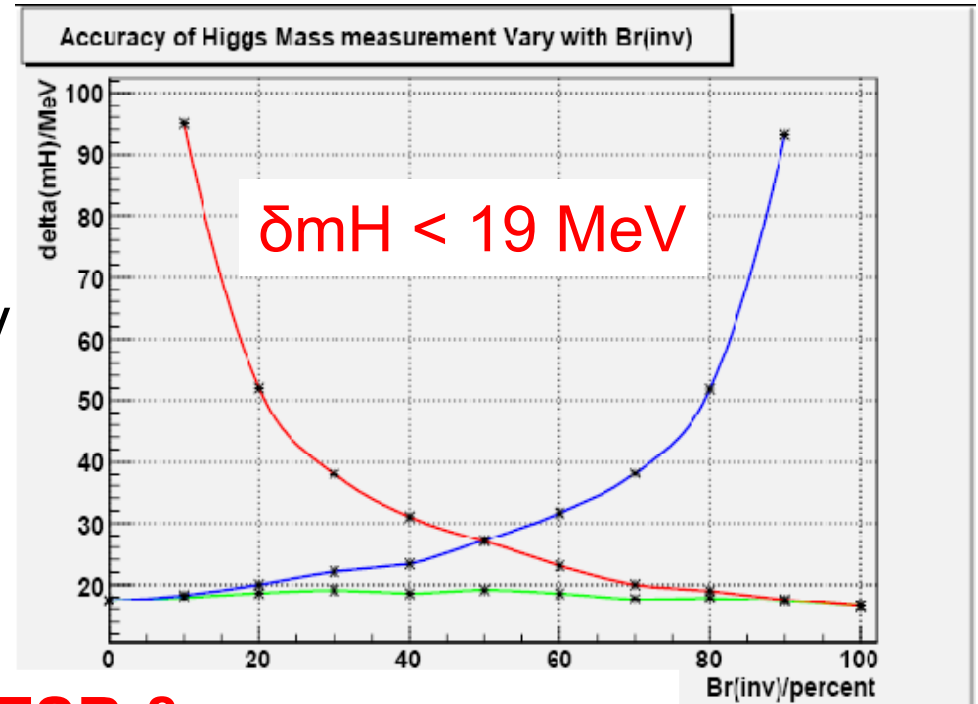
For arbitrary Br(inv)

Combination the result from Higgs invisible and visible decay
(Br(inv) + Br(visible) = 100%)

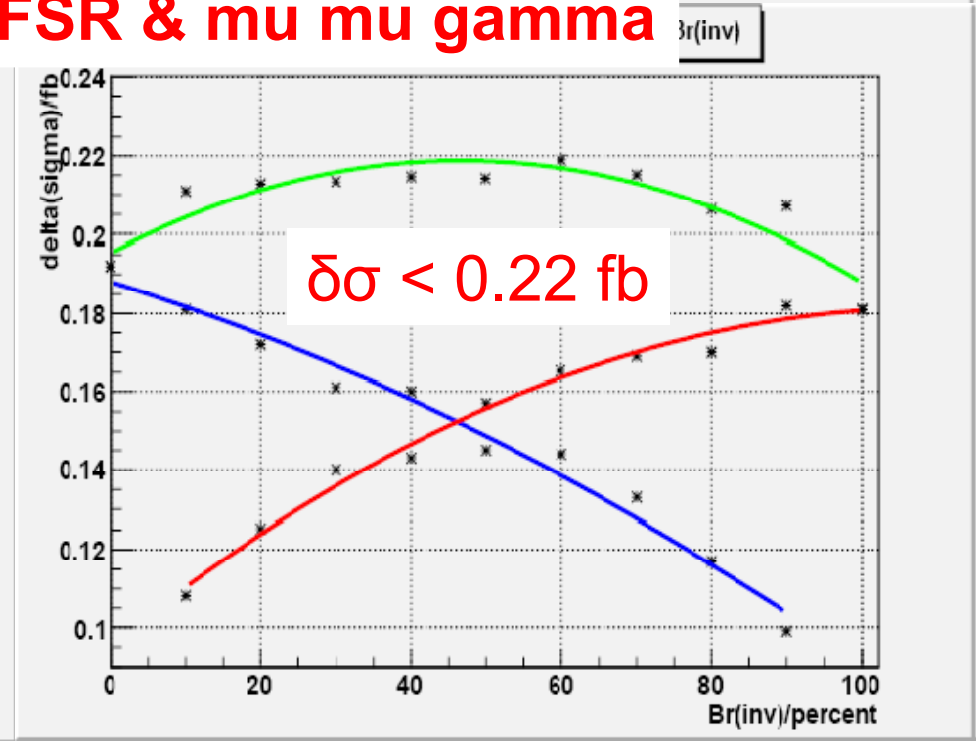
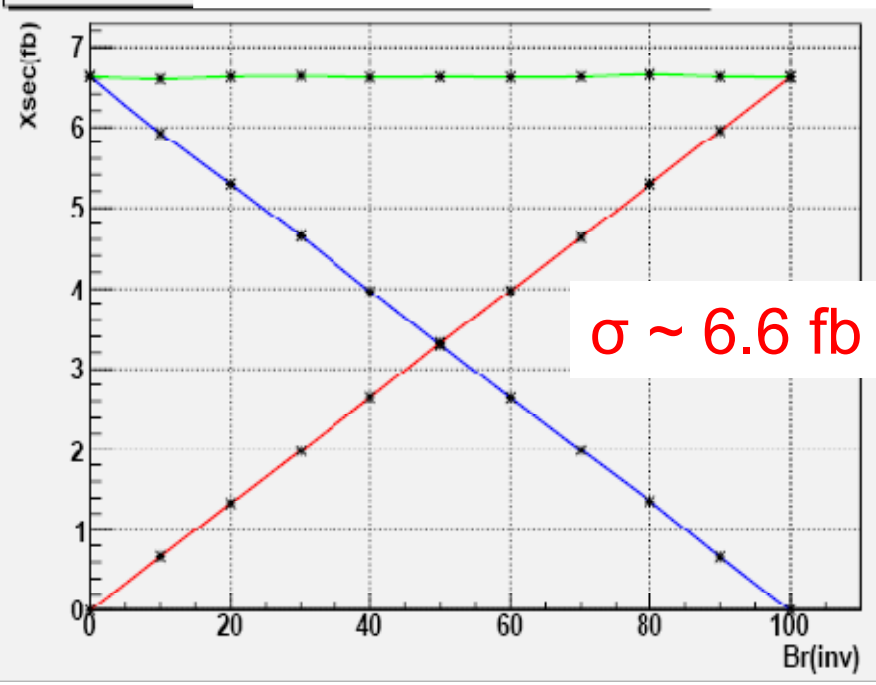
Red, invisible part contribution

Blue, visible part contribution

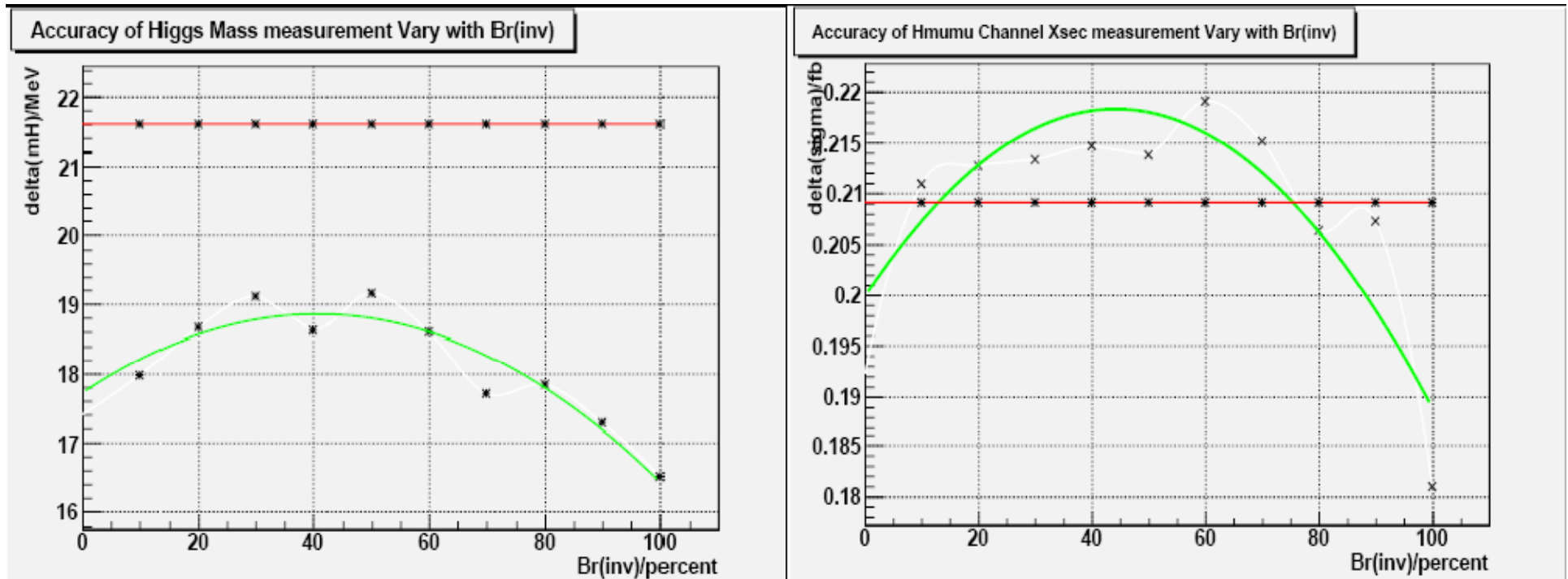
Green, overall result



Total Cross Section Previous result with no FSR & mu mu gamma



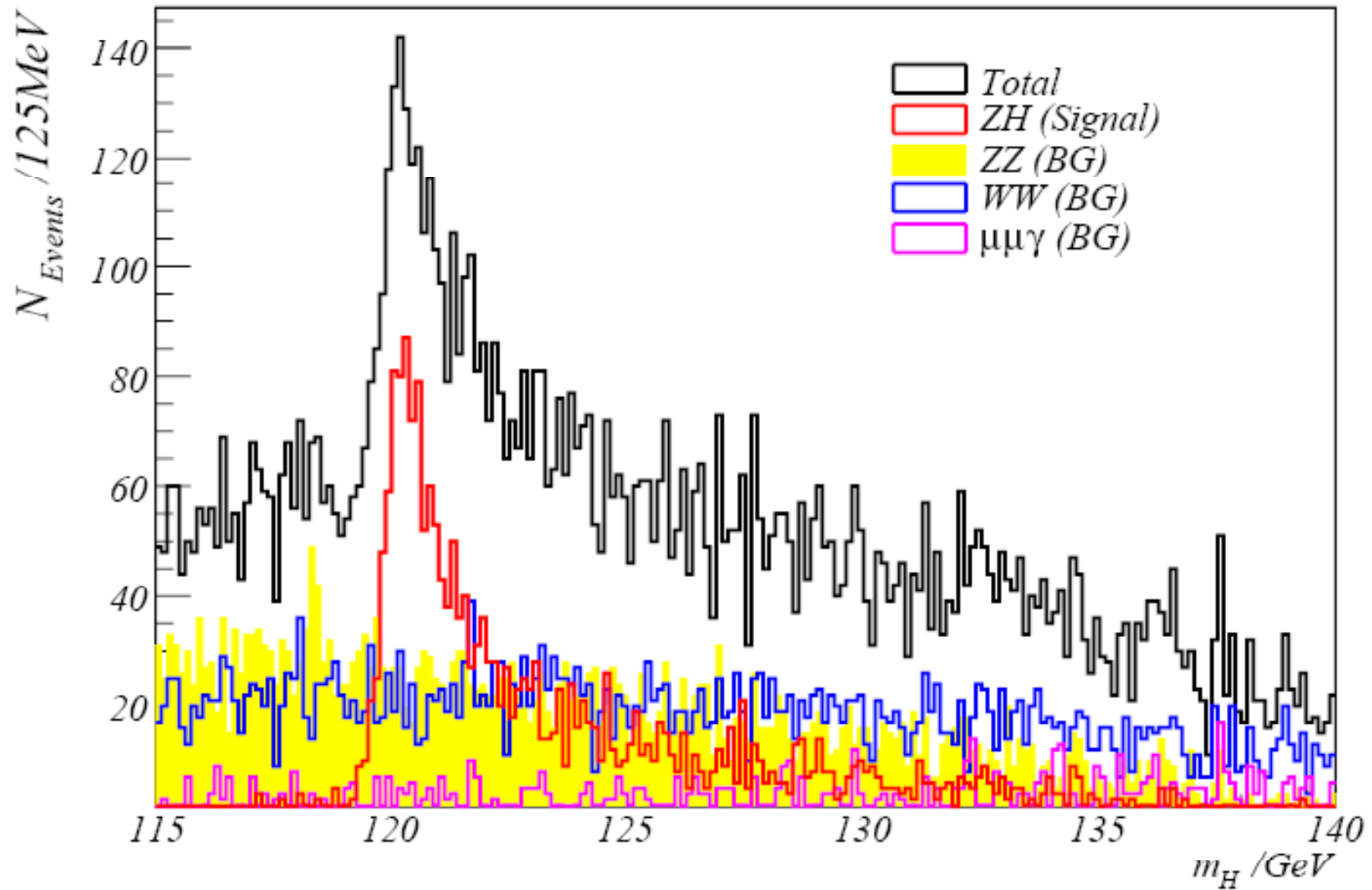
Comparison on effect of different analysis strategy



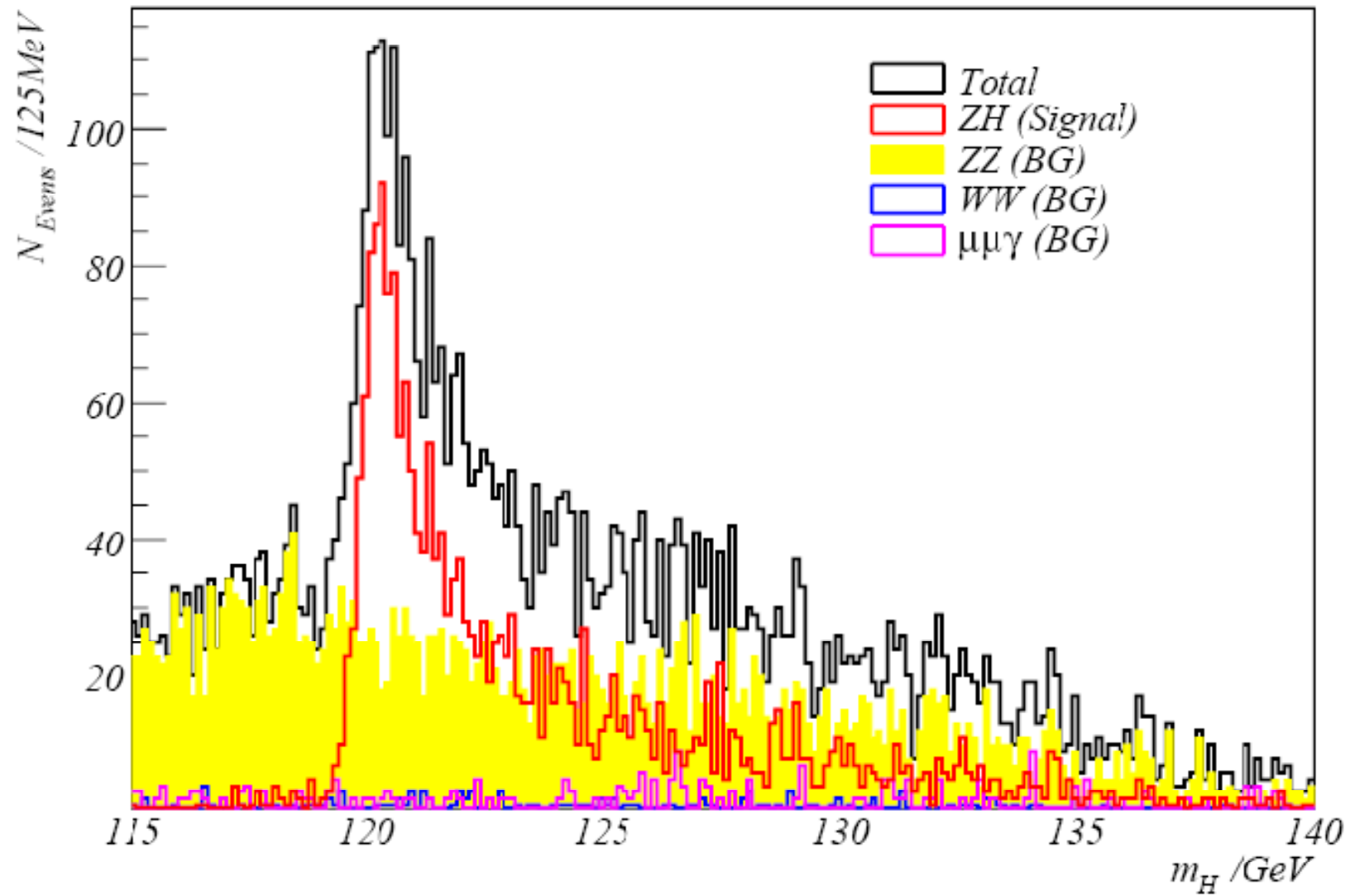
For Higgs Mass Measurement, the accuracy is improved by ~15% with using the Separate strategy; while for the cross section measurement, no obvious improve

The separate strategy achieves best resolution while 100% Higgs decay invisibly (High reconstruction efficiency)

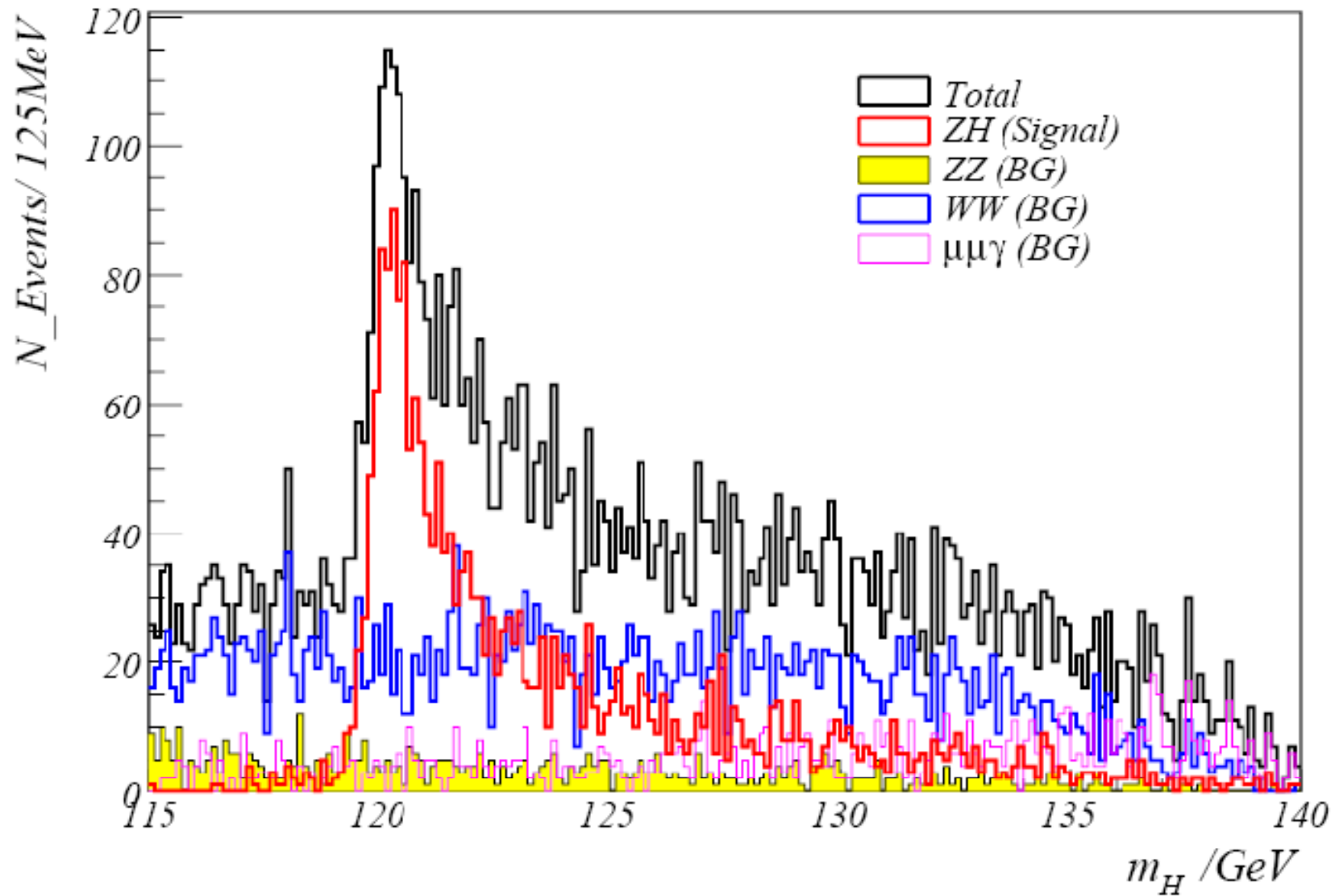
Higgs Recoil Mass Spectrum after Cuts, Model independent analysis

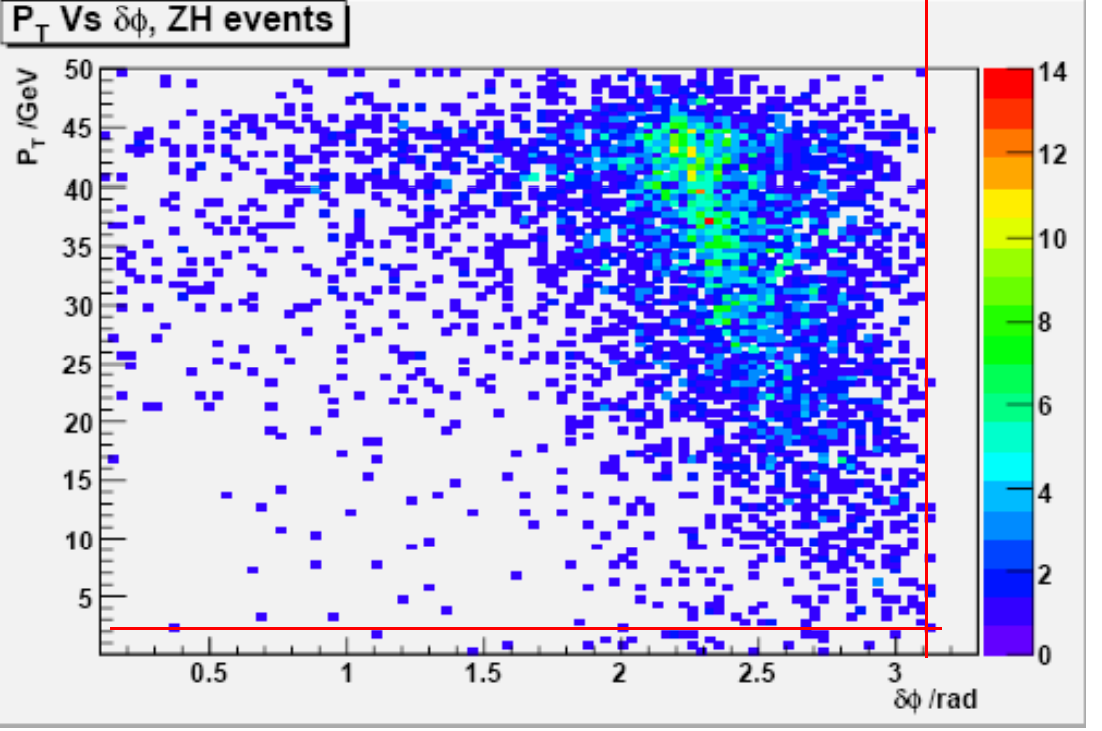
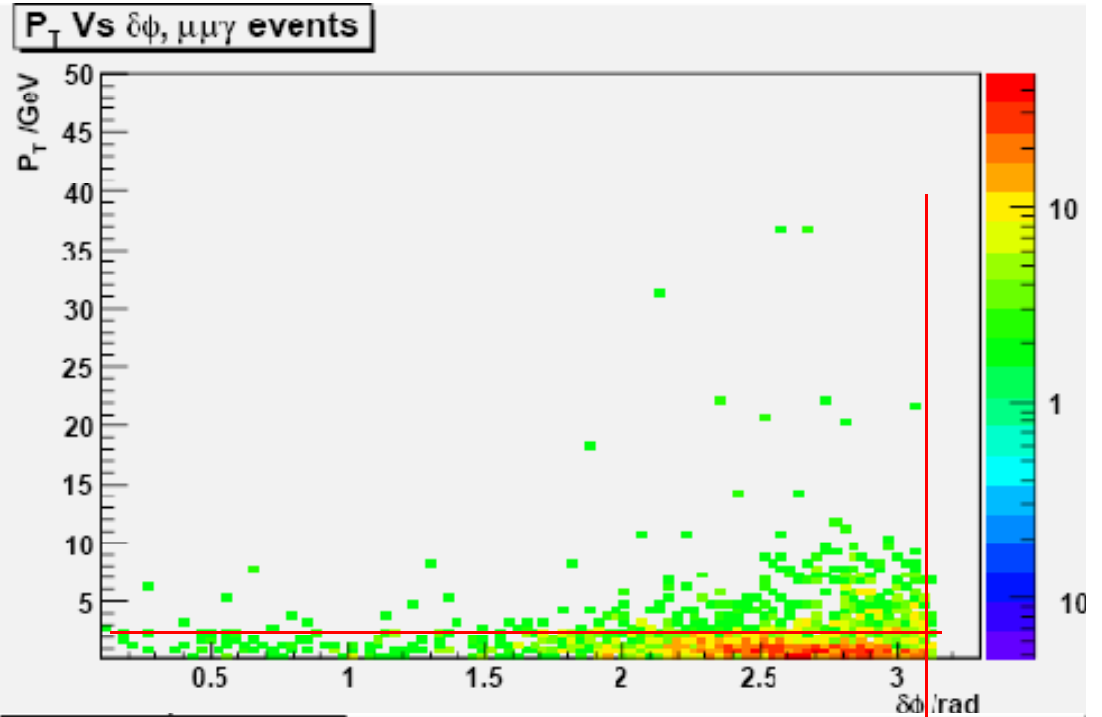


Higgs Recoil Mass Spectrum after Cuts, SM Higgs



Higgs Recoil Mass Spectrum after Cuts, Invisibly Decay Higgs





16/01/2008

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