

*Expected hardware status
and
Priority of the commissioning task*

*Toshiyuki Okugi
2008 / 6 /18
ATF2 Software mini-workshop
LAL, Orsay*

Expected Magnet Status at the beginning of ATF2 commissioning

- *We have all of the corrector magnets (ZHs and ZVs).*
- *All of the **magnet movers** are put to ATF2 beamline.
We need study of the coupling of the motion (x, y, roll, yaw).
We need fix the stay position of the magnet.*
- *All of the **magnet PS** are in KEK, and adjusted the ripples.
They will be wired to the magnets and will be calibrated with actual loads.*
- *We may not have 2 skew quadrupoles (**QK2X and QK3X**).
The dispersion correction will be able to applied with QS1X and QS2X.
We should correct the betatron coupling only with QK1X and QK4X.
The two quadrupoles are high priority of JFY2009 budget.*

Expected Monitor Status at the beginning of ATF2 commissioning

- *All of the **C-band and S-band cavity BPMs** will be **put** to the beamline, and the **readout electronics** will be **wired**.*

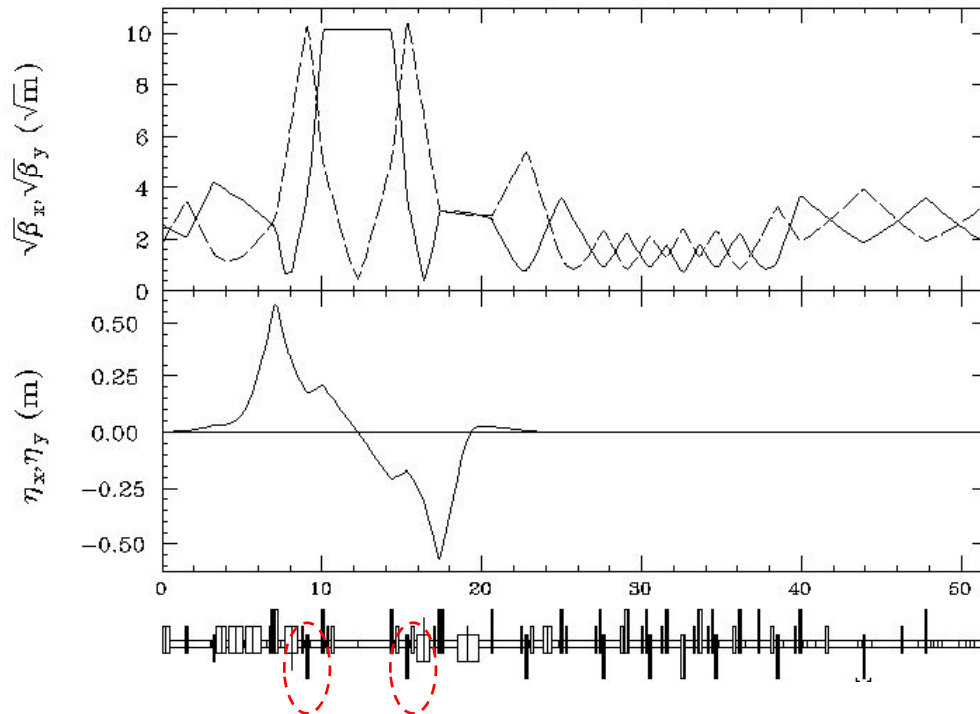
We need to develop the readout software.

We need to study of the calibration and position offset measurement.

We need to study of the reliability of the readout electronics.

- *All of the **screen monitors** and **OTR monitor** will be **ready**.*
- *All of the **wire scanners** will be **ready**.*
- *We can use the **Carbon wire scanner**, but we **cannot** put the **sweeping magnet**.*
- *One of the ICT (**MICTIX**) will **not be placed** in the beamline.*
- ***IP BPM** will **not be placed** in the Shintake monitor chamber.*

Stripline BPMs



Phase Advance from MQF1X

MQF1X	0.000	0.000
MQD2X	168.066	4.651
MQF3X	169.934	5.568
MQF4X	172.341	175.627
MQD5X	173.557	176.841
MQF6X	342.993	179.821
MQF7X	364.341	201.254
MQD8X	442.892	209.395
MQF9X	499.201	224.782
MQF13X	680.337	463.554
MQD14X	723.433	485.897
MQF15X	782.005	502.695
MFB2FF		
MBUMP		

**The number of the stripline BPM depends on the length of the present BPM cables.
The number of BPM will be fixed by September 2008.**

*Since **red BPMs** are high priorities than others,
we can use the BPMs at the beginning of the commissioning.
Since **blue BPMs** are a little bit low priorities than others,
some of them may not be wired at the beginning of the commissioning.
Even if we cannot wire some of BPMs, we will wire the BPM in JFY2009.*

Priority of the Commissioning Task

The main task of the commissioning team is to achieve the 35nm vertical beam size at ATF2 IP.

But ...

*The 1st priority of the ATF2 commissioning in 2008 is **to pass the radiation inspection**. The radiation inspection is not only for ATF, but also for all of KEK accelerators.*

In the radiation inspection, we must operate the ATF with 10% of maximum beam power (2×10^{10} 20 bunches 12.5Hz). The beam intensity is far from the normal operation.

We must concentrate not only ATF2 beamline commissioning, but also reduction of the injection loss to DR.

- We will install new RF gun to reduce the dark current.*
- We must put more radiation shield etc. .*

Thereby, we have no idea how much time will be prepared for the ATF2 beam study in 2008. I think most of the beam study will be started from early 2009.

Schedules of ATF2 commissioning

early December

Fast Kicker Study ?? (Not yet decided)

Radiation Inspection

The “fast kicker study” will be used the special setting.

ATF2 Start

early 2009 ~ ?

*Beam line
commissioning*

*DR study
(fast ion, DR emittance ...)*

*Hardware study at the extraction line
(FONT, Laser Wire ...)*

*Reduction of
radiation loss*

*Extraction line tuning and study
(dispersion, coupling correction , emittance growth at extraction...)*

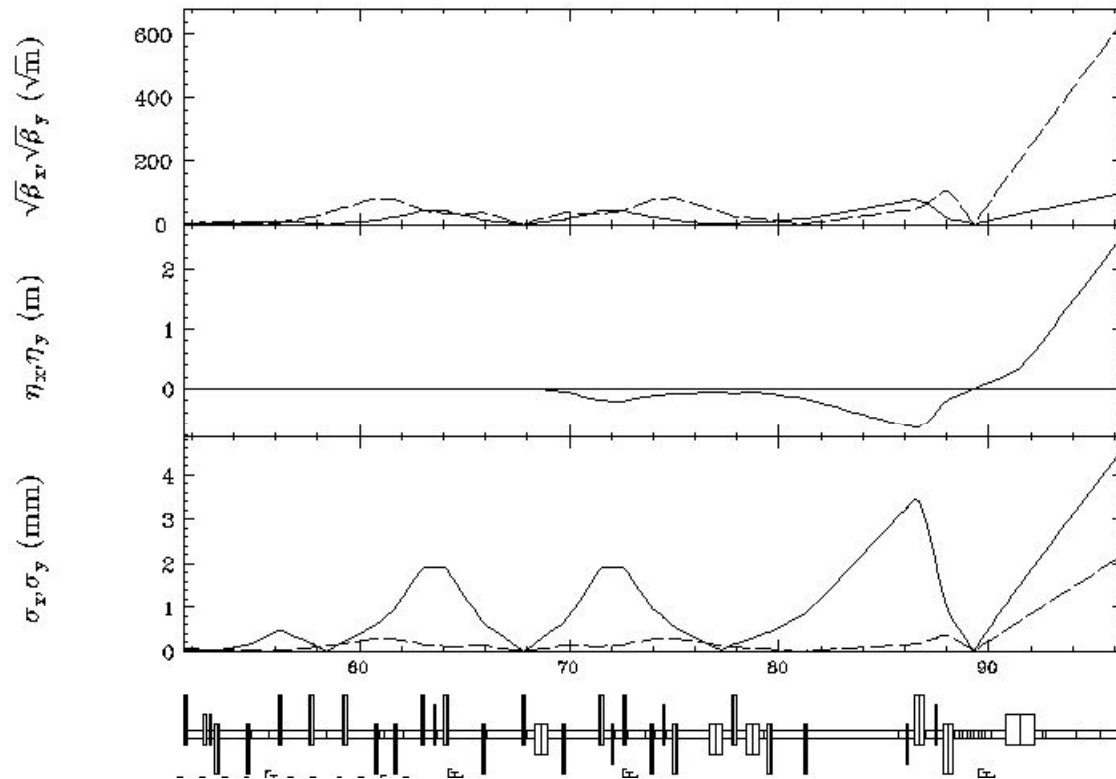
*Device Commissioning for ATF2
(cavity BPM, Mover, Guarder, Magnet PS)*

*ATF2 final focus line study
(beam size tuning, stabilization ...)*

Beam deliver to the dump with small beam loss

I think it is better to use the simple and easy optics to deliver the beam to the dump at the beginning of the ATF2 operation.

Normal Optics



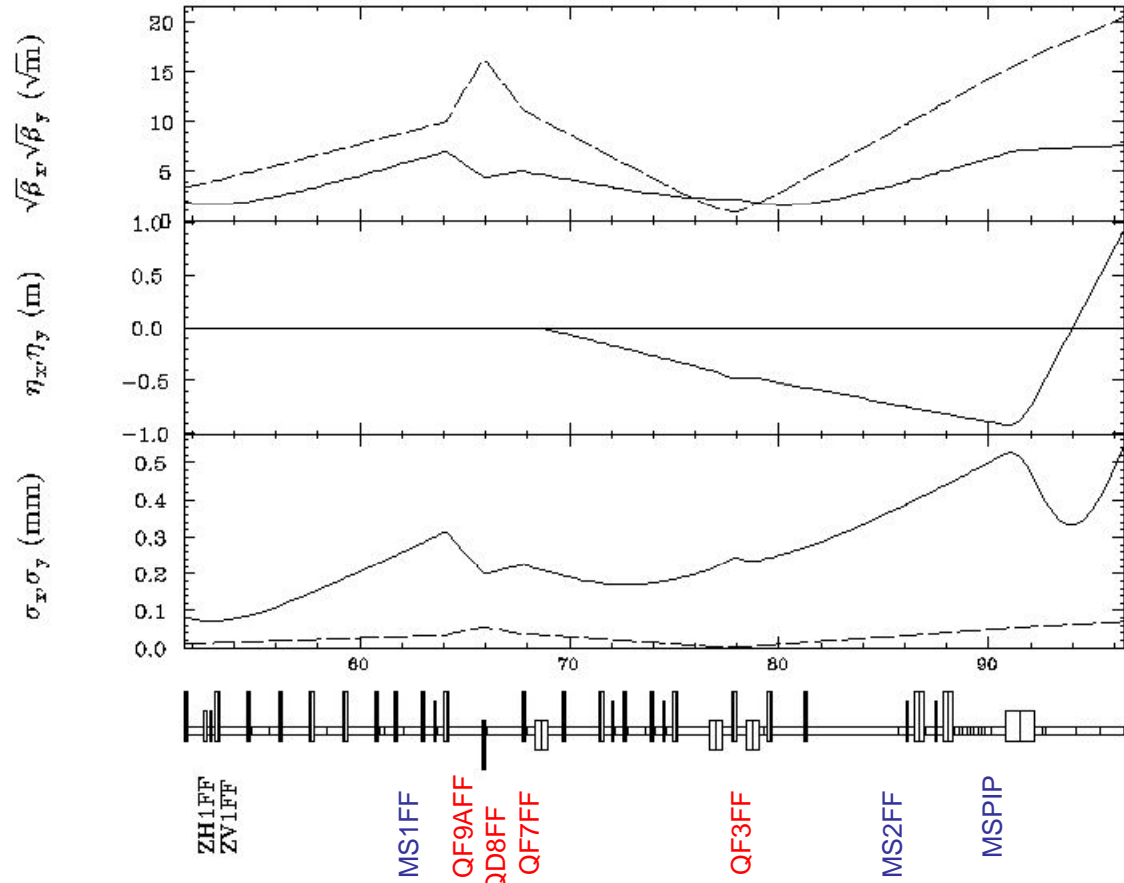
Advantage

Easy to shift to
the beam tuning phase

Disadvantage

Large beam size
Large number of ambiguity

Example of Special Optics for Commissioning



Extraction section

same to the nominal

Final focus section

turn on only 4 quads

- QF9AFF 0.293 1/m**
- QD8FF -0.387 1/m**
- QF7FF 0.144 1/m**
- QF3FF 0.195 1/m**

Advantage

- Small beam size*
- Possible to be BPM calibration*
- Possible to be first step of BBA*
- Mechanical alignment of bending magnet rotation*
- Fix the strength of the bending magnet and easy to make a orbit reference*

Disadvantage

- Small number of beam steering knob*
- Difficult to put IPBPM*