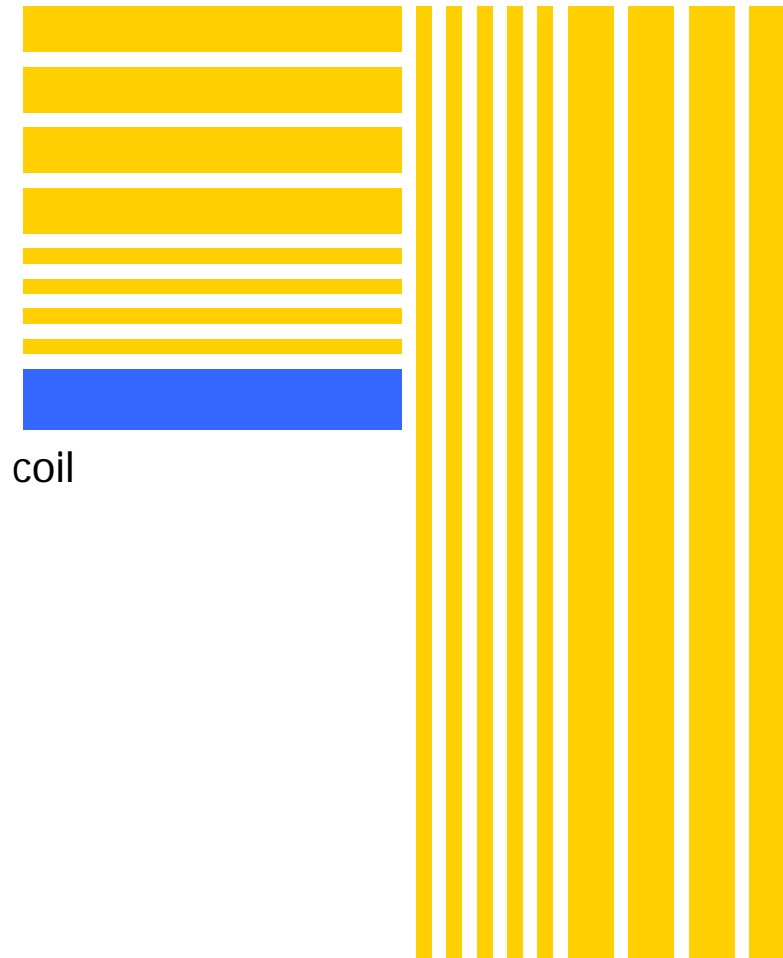


End-cap Design Proposal

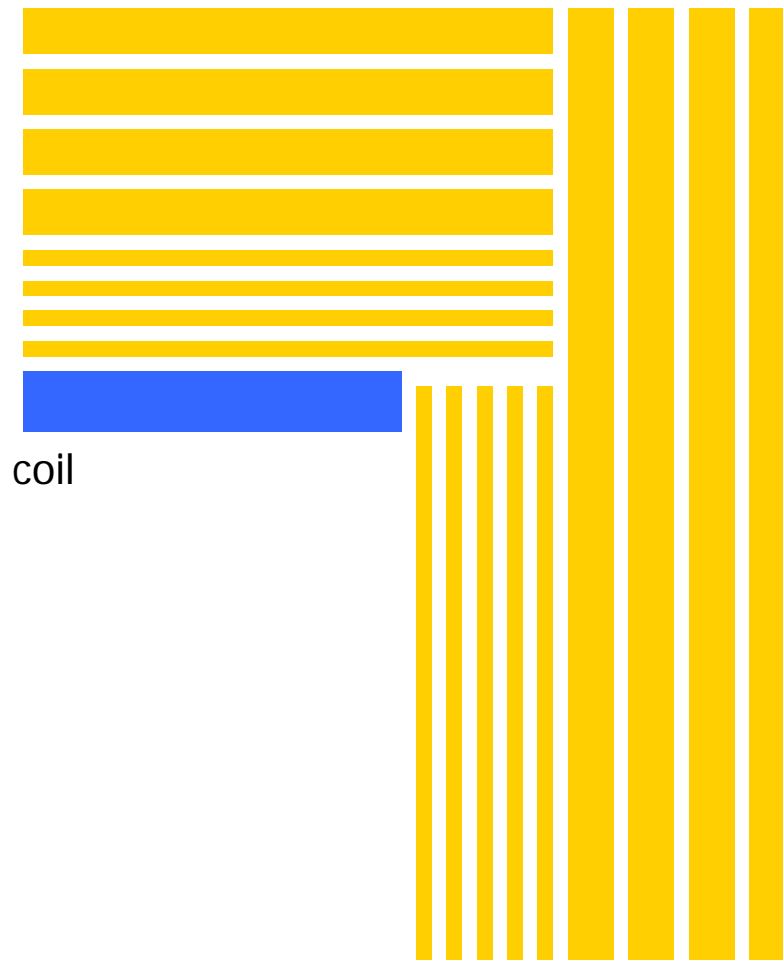


Fine (100mm) segmentation in barrel end-cap overlap region not really needed.

Problems:

- Mechanical strength of thin plates
- Installation and access of end-cap detectors in case of radial rips. In particular for bottom detectors

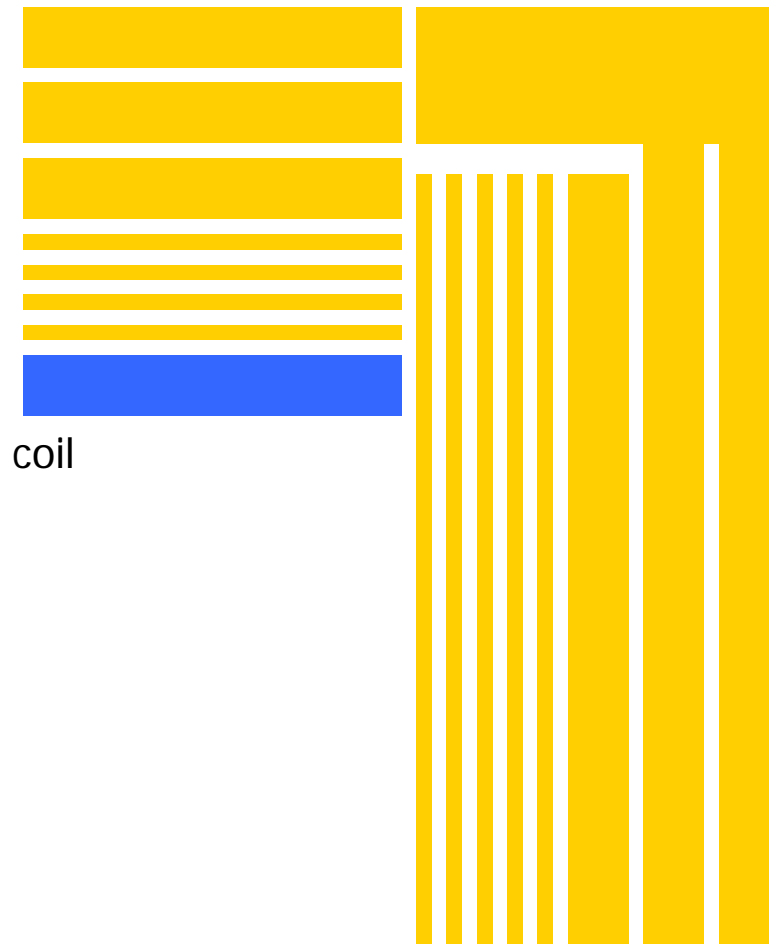
End-cap Design Proposal



Slightly longer barrel

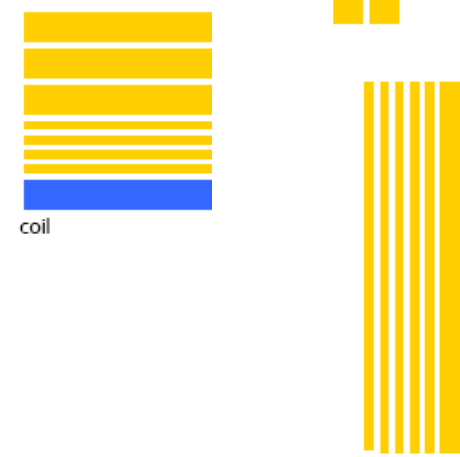
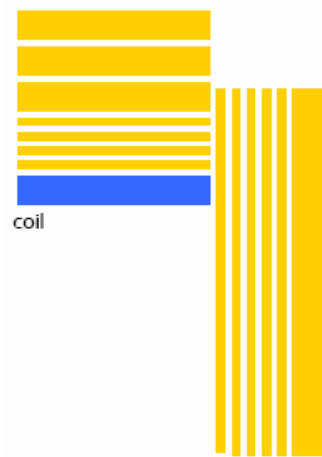
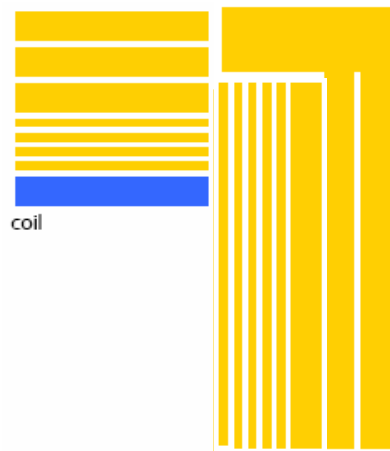
- Better mechanical design of end-cap
- Better installation and access of end-cap detectors in case of radial rips
- More difficult access when end-cap open. To be looked into.

End-cap Design Proposal



- 5 x 10cm
- 3 x 60cm
- 2.3m total iron thickness

End-cap Design Proposal

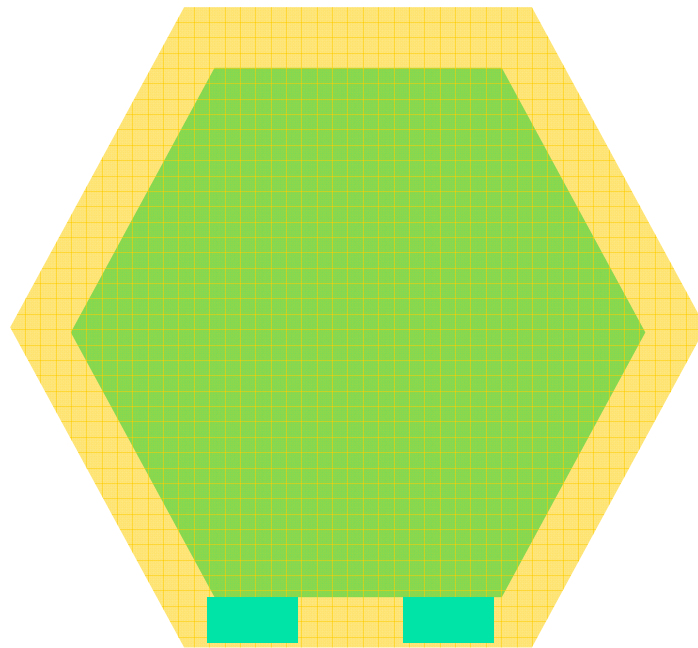


End-cap

U. Schneekloth

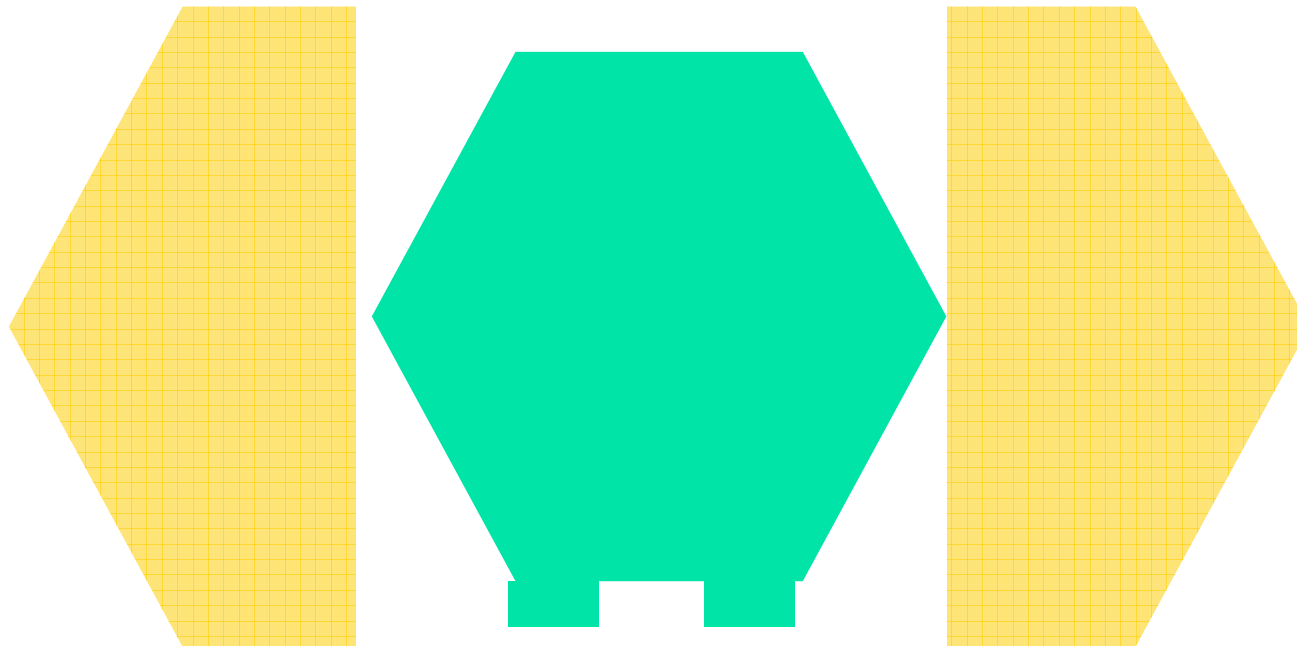


End-cap Design Proposal

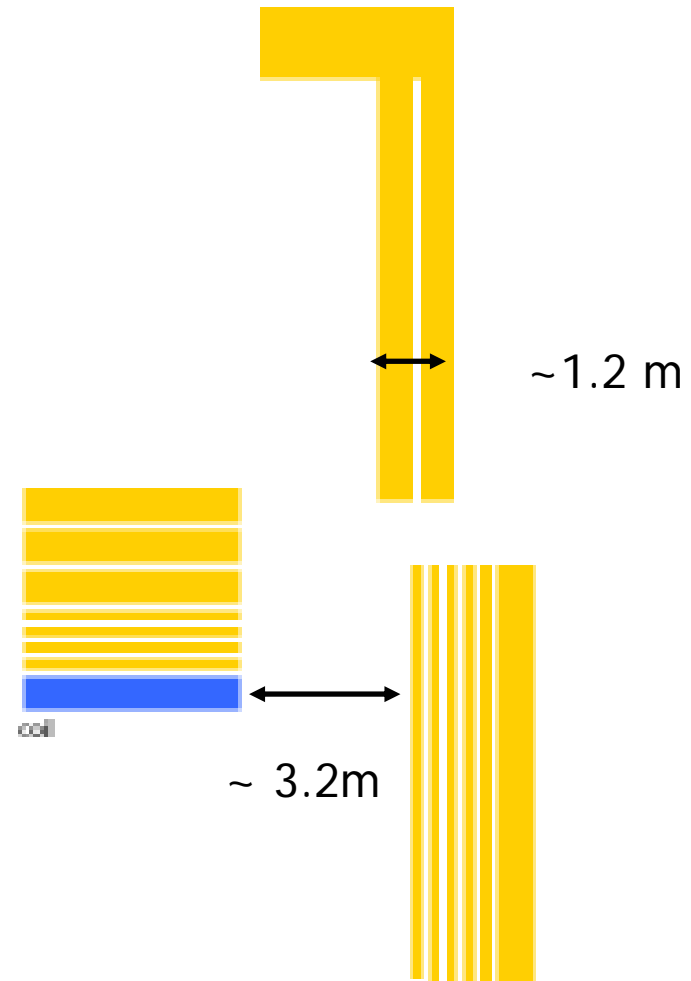
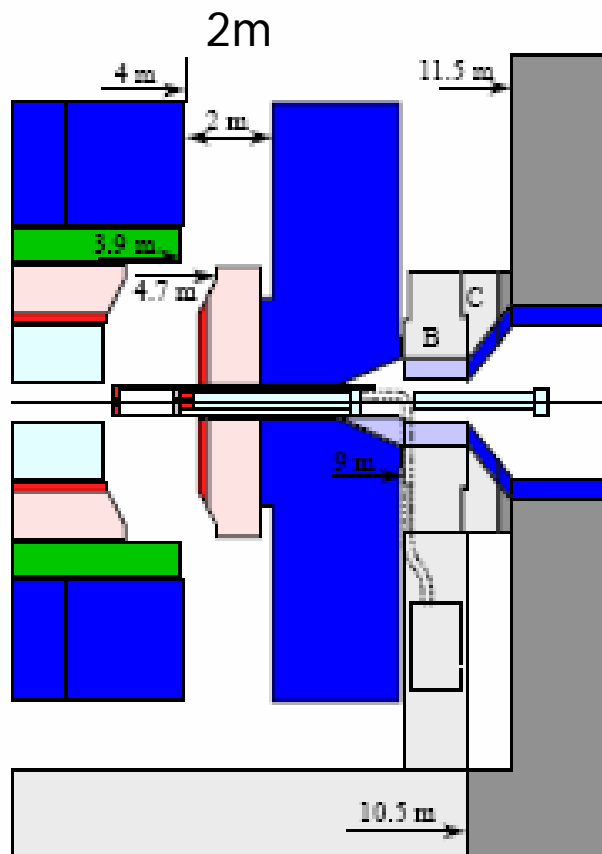




End-cap Design Proposal



End-cap Opening

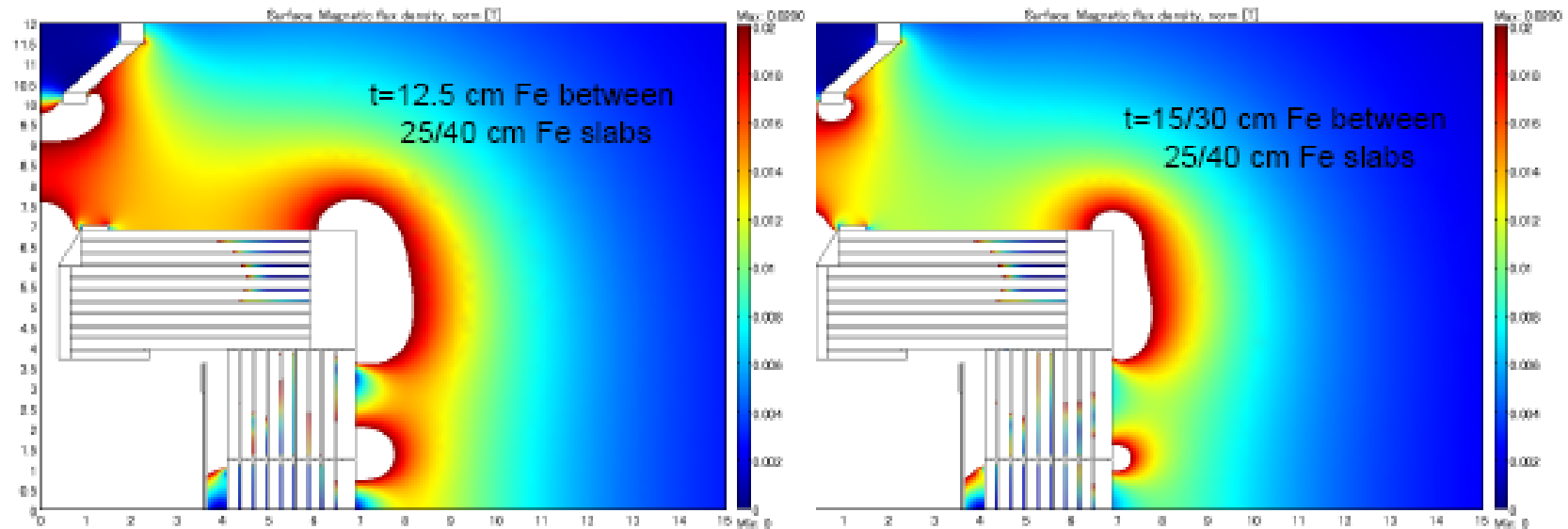


End Cap Design

$B = 3.5 \text{ T}$

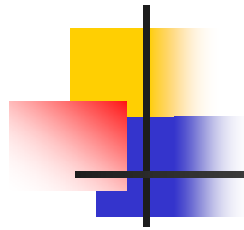
Gap partially filled with Fe

Y.Sugimoto



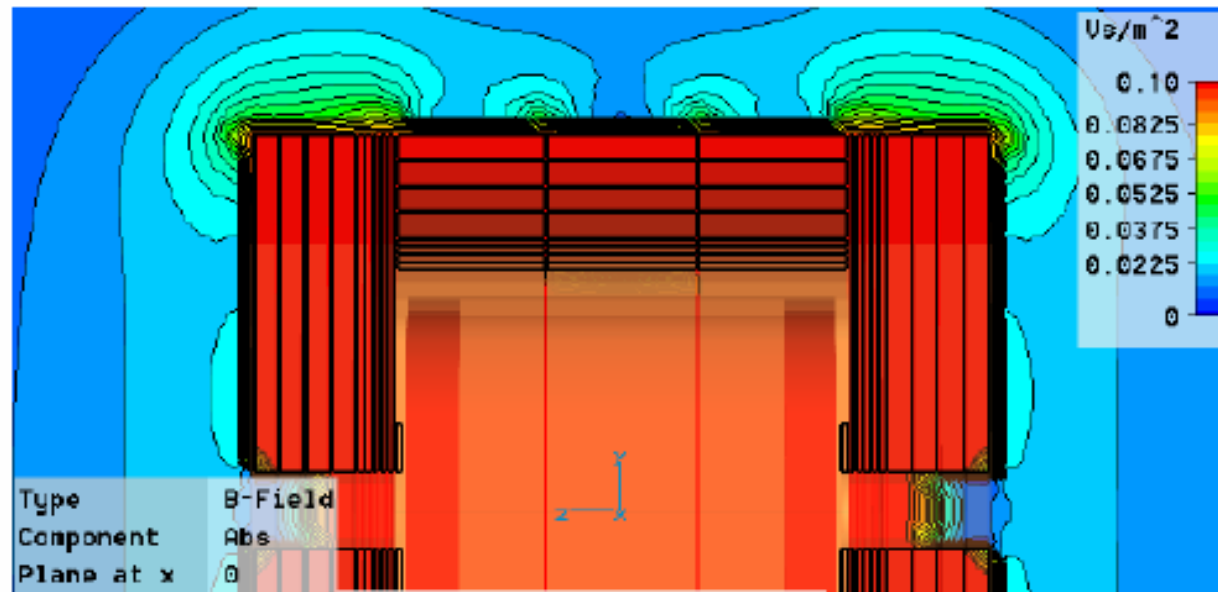
In order to achieve the required stray field of $<200 \text{ G}$ at 0.5 m (thickness 2.5 m)

- Much more iron is needed or
- Gaps between rings should be partially ($>50\%$) filled with iron, however need space for cables, cooling,... (2 D calculation)



3 D calculations $B = 4\text{ T}$

A.Petrov, B.Krause



iron thickness 2.16m

Iron thickness of 2.3m
Compromise on $B = 3.5\text{ T}$
-> stray field should be fine