

# Status of Emittance in ATF DR and EXT ( Spring Run in 2009 )

S.Kuroda( KEK )

- What's New in ATF Operation
- DR Emittance
  - Emittance tuning and measurement
  - Measured emittance
  - Data for check and comparison
- EXT Emittance
  - Measured emittance
- Summary and Discussion

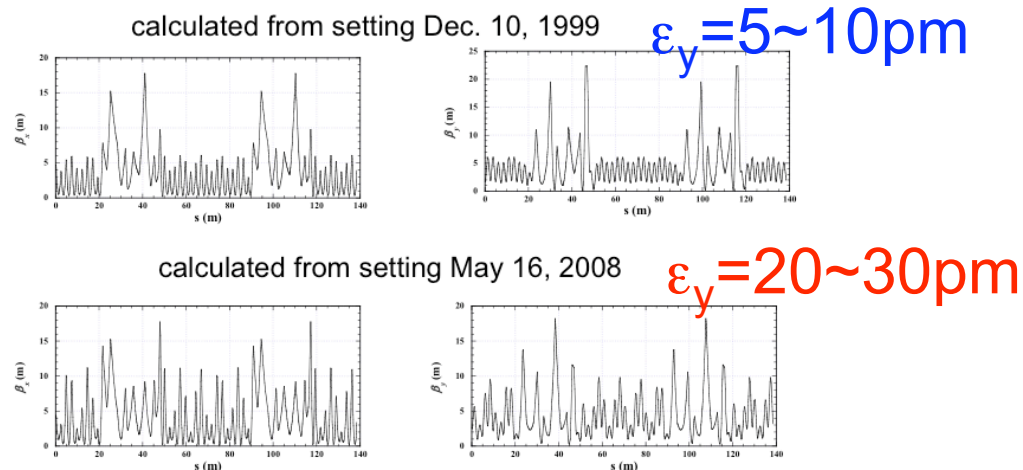
ALCPG09/GDE meeting, Albuquerque, 2009

# What's New in ATF Operation

- Start with 'design optics' and optics correction(  $\beta$  beat correction )
- DR re-alignment in summer 2008
- Introduction of electric load for DR main bend.
- New QM7R.1 with larger bore radius
- ...
- Off course, the biggest issue is the new ATF2 FF and EXT line.

# DR Optics

Optics mismatching ?

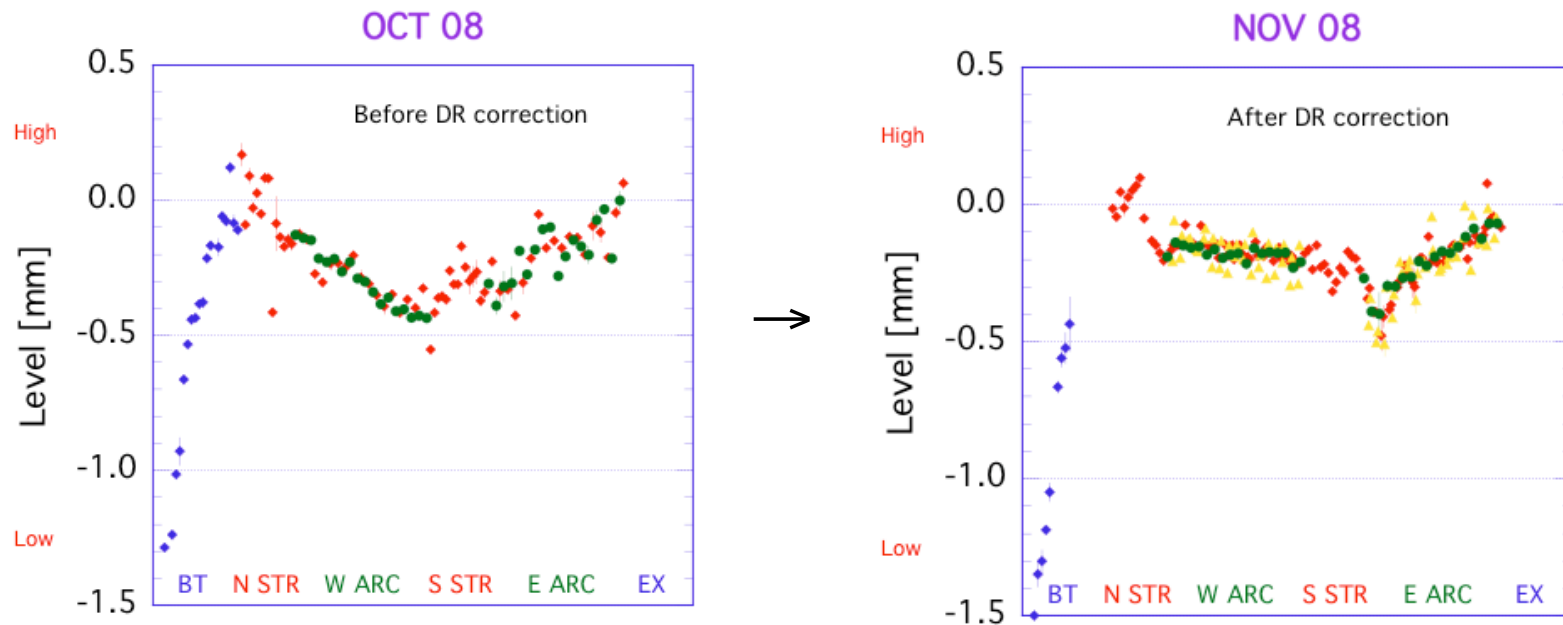


Kubo pointed out that the optics distortion is the one of the source of large emittance in DR.

Kubo, Special ATF2 Project Meeting, KNU, 2008

- ‘design optics’ was made in 2007
  - Re-matching
  - Tune adjustment to measured tune
- DR commissioning has started with ‘design optics’ in Nov. 2008.

# DR Re-Alignment in Summer Shutdown 2008



M.Takano

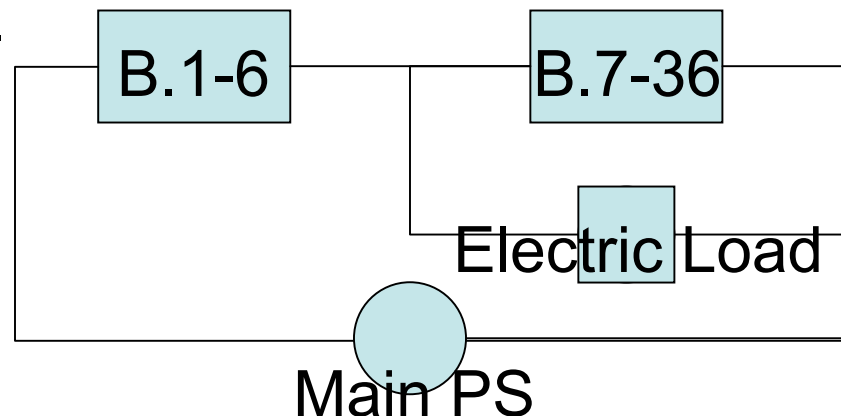
Alignment done for

V position: All around the ring

H position: Straight section

# Electric Load for DR Main Bend

- 36 B magnets in DR
- 6 of them were productions of different maker from the others, and the field characteristics is slightly different.
- Correction has been done by trim coil, but it does not seem enough. The trim current  $<8A$  due to heat-up of the coil( the coil is air-cooled ).
- Introduction of electric load is expected to improve the DR orbit, ...
- $I_{EL} < 13A$ , by power dissipation.



# DR Emittance

- We have measured  $\varepsilon_y$  of 5-10pm in 1999. But since then we hardly measured such low emittance because the other R&D have been majority of the ATF study.
- Typical emittance measured in 2008 was 20-30pm.
- These days, some experiments require low emittance in DR.
  - For ATF2  $\sigma_y^*=70\text{nm}$ ,  $\varepsilon_y=24\text{pm}$  is needed.
  - For ATF2  $\sigma_y^*=35\text{nm}$ ,  $\varepsilon_y=12\text{pm}$  is needed.
  - For study of fast ion instability,  $\varepsilon_y<10\text{pm}$  is needed.
  - For ILC DR study, goal emittance is  $\varepsilon_y=2\text{pm}$ .
- Goal of DR Study Group: to reproduce as small emittance as 5-10pm, and then challenge to lower emittance such as 2pm.

# DR Emittance Tuning

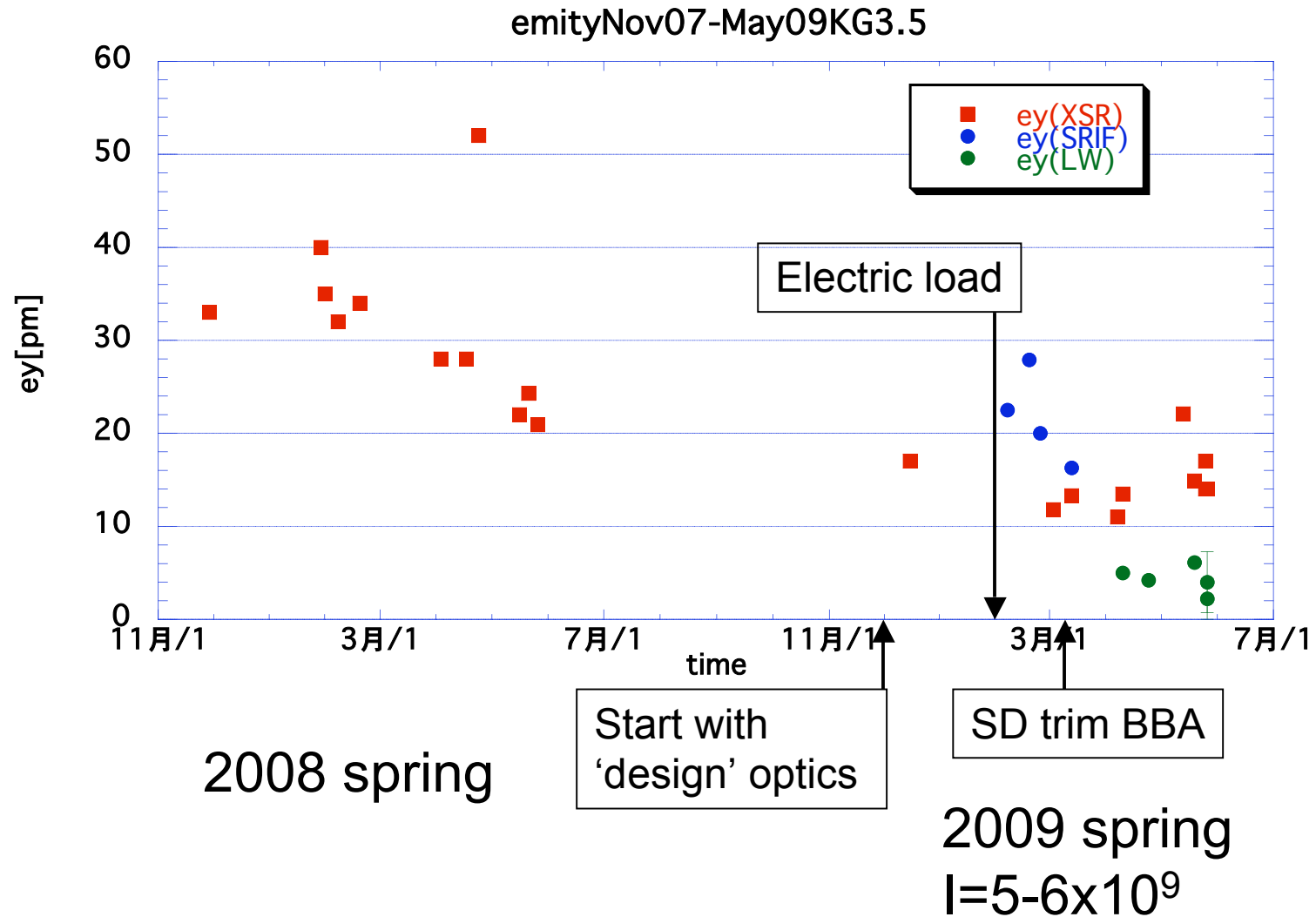
- $\beta$  beat correction
  - Using QM trim, new QM7, IHEP Q trim and QF1&2( for tune adjustment )
- Orbit correction
  - Using correctors for several settings of the Bend trim and electric load
- Dispersion correction
  - $\eta_x$  in straight section is corrected by QM trim
  - $\eta_y$  is corrected by correctors
- Coupling correction
  - ONLINE correction: Correction of vertical leakage of the horizontal kicks by a couple of horizontal correctors.
  - OFFLINE correction: The same as ONLINE correction but using data by all the horizontal corrector in the arc.
  - Correction is done by Skew Q winding trim coil of SX.

# DR Emittance Measurement

- Beam size measurement
  - SR Interferometer
    - Quick measurement, 5ms
    - Minimum beam size can be measured is ~5-6 $\mu$ m
    - Suffering from mechanical vibration
  - XSR monitor
    - Quick measurement, 20ms $\rightarrow$ 50Hz oscillation?
    - Minimum beam size can be measured is ~5-6 $\mu$ m
    - Less mechanical vibration but still.
  - Laser wire
    - A few ten minutes requires for measurement
    - ‘design’ laser waist size is 6.5 $\mu$ m $\rightarrow$ going to higher mode, beam size of 1 $\mu$ m can be measured.
- Beta function measurement
  - Fitting  $\beta$  of Qs nearby which were obtained from tune slope.



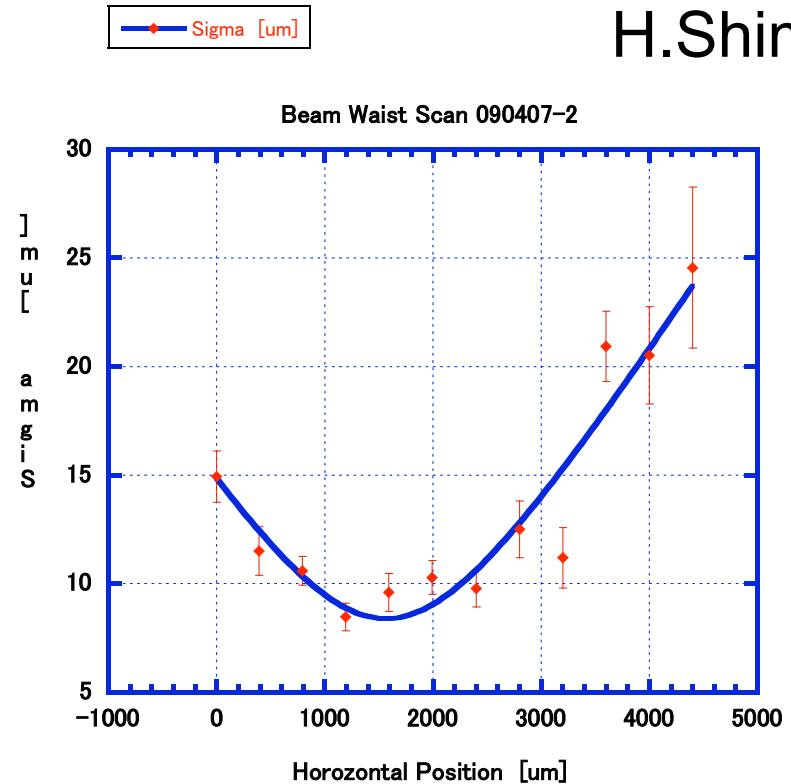
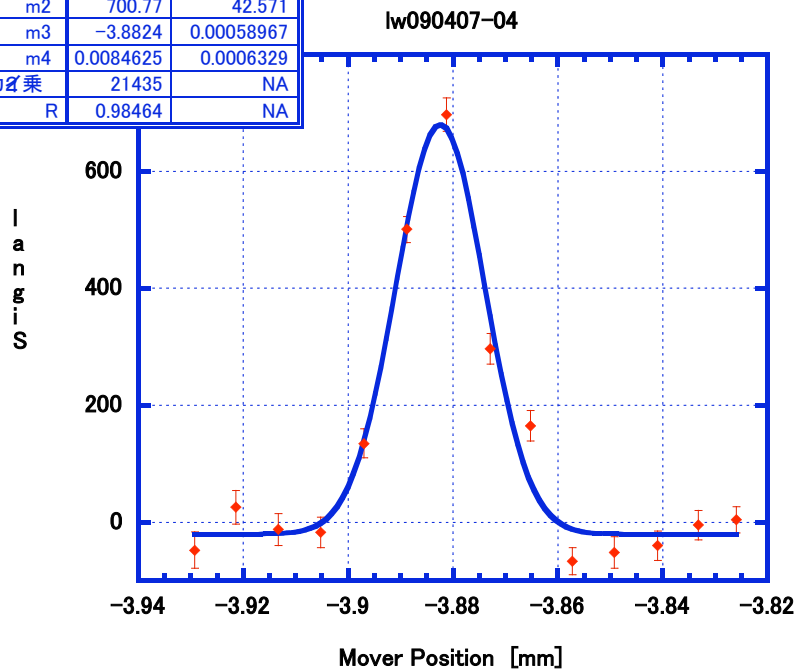
# Measured DR Emittance



# Laser Wire Measurement

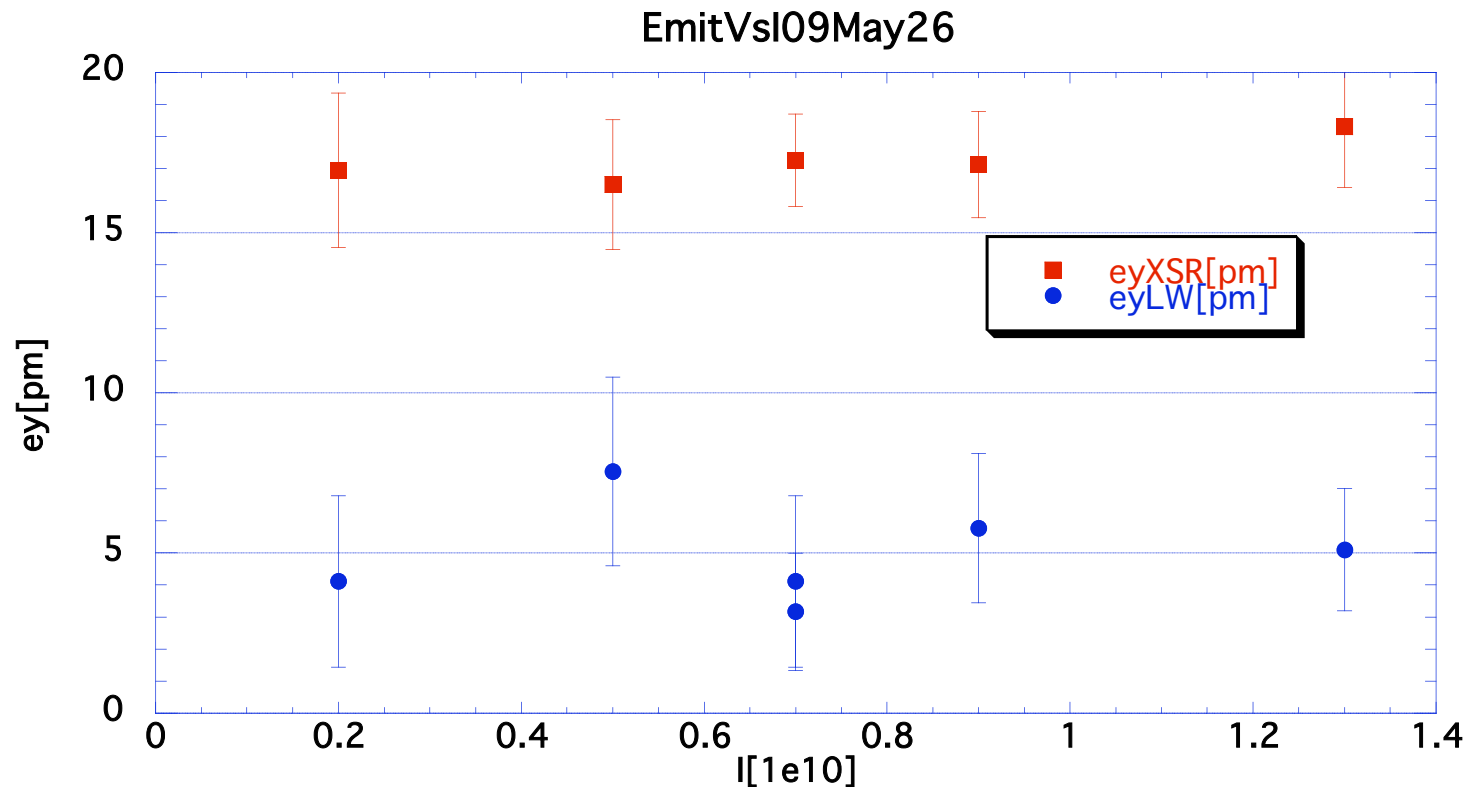
H. Shimizu

y = m1+m2*exp(-(m0-m3)^ 2/2/...		
	値	エラー
m1	-20.595	15.994
m2	700.77	42.571
m3	-3.8824	0.00058967
m4	0.0084625	0.0006329
力積乗	21435	NA
R	0.98464	NA



Assuming  $\beta_y \sim 5\text{m}$ ,  $\varepsilon_y \sim 7\text{pm}$

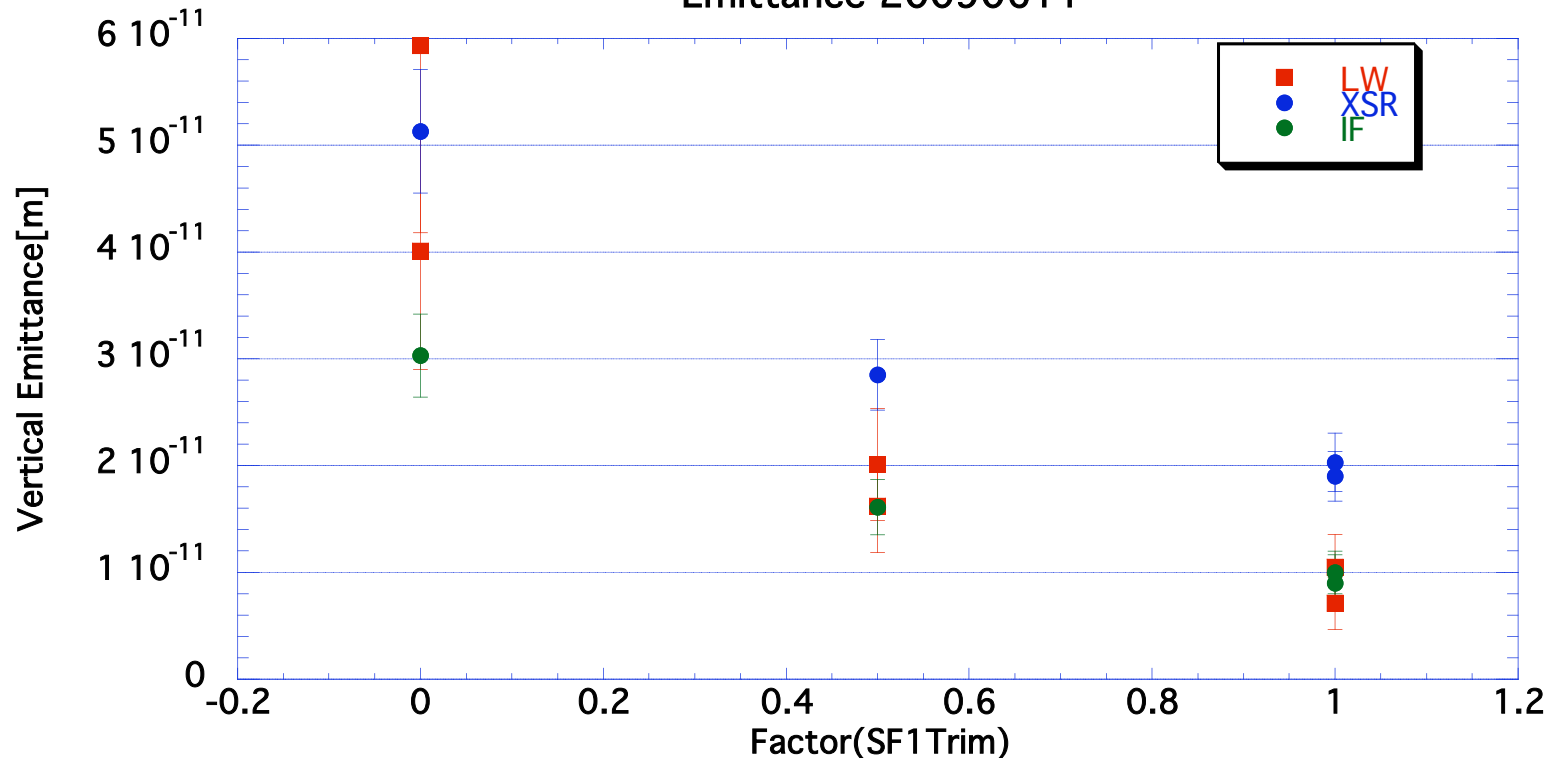
# Beam Current Dependence of DR Emittance



No significant current dependence could be seen.  
There must be intra-beam scattering effect  
→ emittance already smaller than measurement limit?

# Measurement Method Comparison in Big Emittance Case

Emittance 20090611

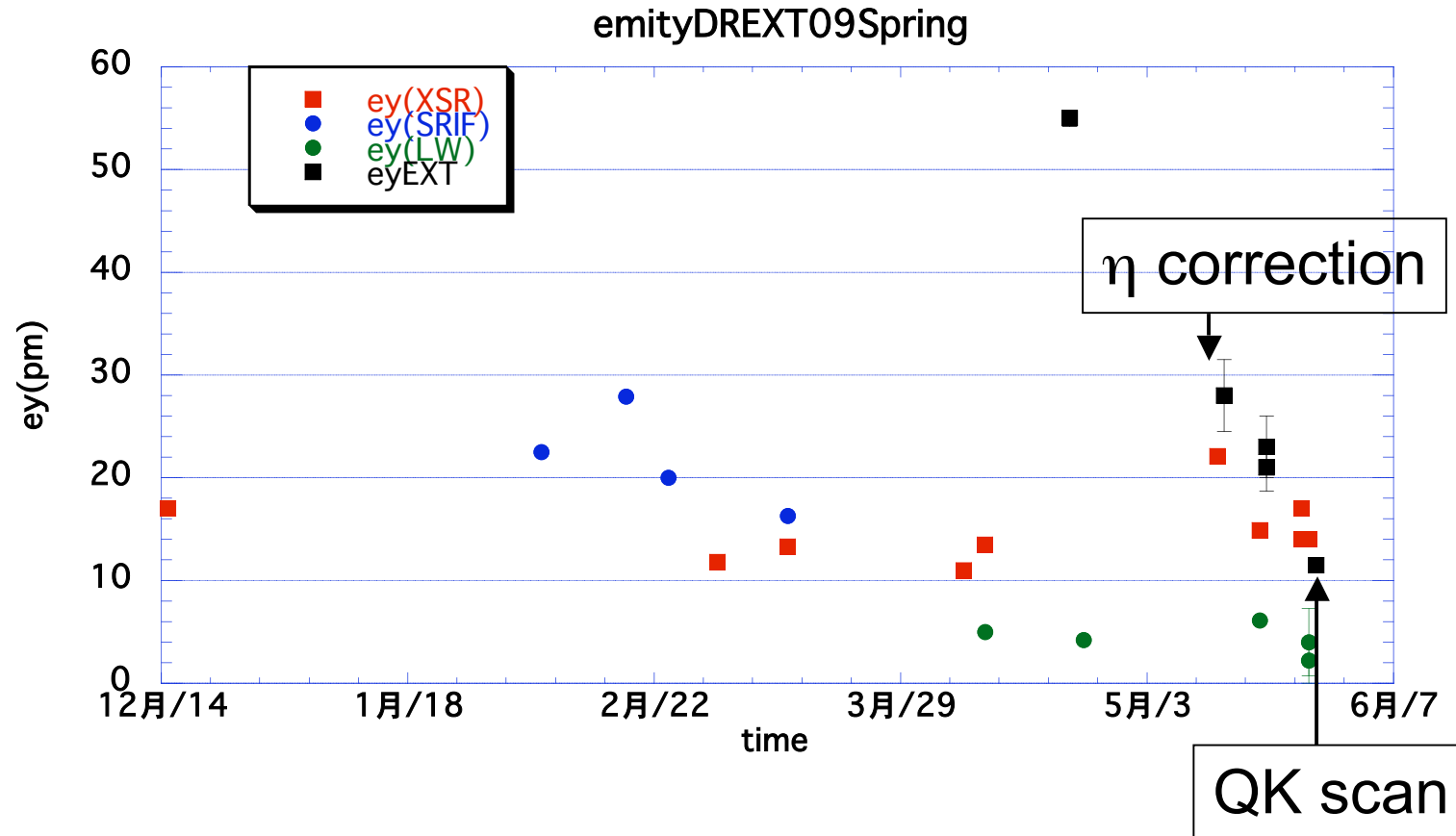


- Change skew Q strength(Factor=1(normal correction)  $\leftrightarrow$  Factor=0(no correction) )
- Discrepancy seems to begin at Factor>0.5. When  $\varepsilon_y=20\text{pm}$  measured by XSR,  $\sigma_y=7.7\mu\text{m}$  with  $\beta_y=3\text{m}$ .  $\sigma_y=7.7\mu\text{m}$  is already beyond the XSR measurement limit?
- At Factor=0, all the measurement agree within error bars, but the error bar is very big.
- IF measurement result is very close to LW one. IF setup was tuned up well by an expert( T.Mitsubishi ) before the measurement.

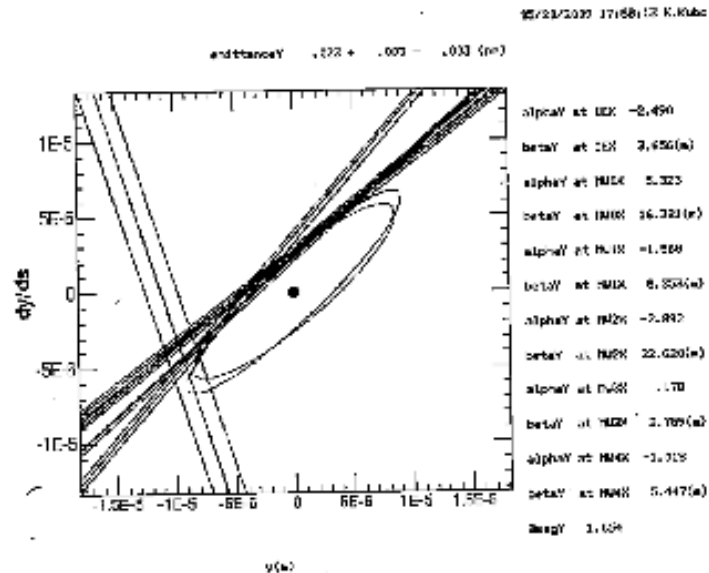
# EXT Emittance

- EXT  $\varepsilon_y > \text{DR } \varepsilon_y$  (~2008)
  - One of the  $\varepsilon$  growth source: QM7R of which the beam passes through off-center. Non-linear field effect of QM7R was really observed, but there might be other sources.
  - $\rightarrow$  QM7R was replaced with large bore magnet.
- Measurement
  - Beam size measurement with 5 wire scanners
    - 10mm $\phi$  tungsten wire
  - Analysis: 2D
    - 1. On-line program with  $\varepsilon > 0$  ( K.Kubo )
    - 2. Linear fit of  $\sigma_{ij}$  ( M.Woodley )
- $\eta$ /coupling correction is very important for the measurement.
  - $\eta_y$  correction: with 2 skew Qs placed at non-zero  $\eta_x$  section
  - Coupling correction: with 4 skew Qs just upstream of WS section

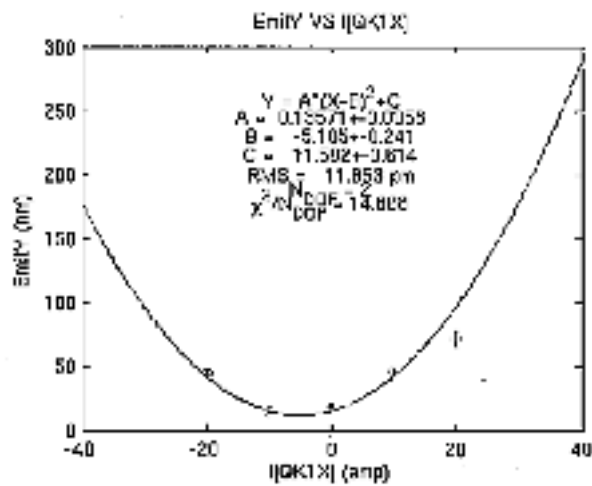
# Measured EXT Emittance



# Measured EXT Emittance(cont.)



On-line analysis



QK1X scan

## Vertical EXT Emittance Measurement May 20, 2009

sigt	sigd	sigv	sig
24.00	12.90	2.50	20.09
17.40	8.24	2.50	15.12
22.70	10.38	2.50	20.03
9.20	0.01	2.50	8.85
13.20	7.34	2.50	10.69

### Vertical emittance parameters at MW0X

energy	=	1.2857	GeV
emit	=	20.8442 +- 2.2679	µm
beta	=	18.6659 +- 2.7592	m ( 9.2710)
alpha	=	6.2569 +- 0.9955	( 3.1872)
bmag	=	1.2614	
chisq/N	=	7.3364	

### Propagated vertical spot sizes

MW0X	=	19.7 µm ( 20.1 +- 1.0)
MW1X	=	13.7 µm ( 15.1 +- 1.0)
MW2X	=	21.2 µm ( 20.0 +- 1.0)
MW3X	=	6.7 µm ( 8.9 +- 1.0)
MW4X	=	11.2 µm ( 10.7 +- 1.0)

### Vertical wire-to-wire phase advance

MW0X	=	0.0 deg
MW1X	=	7.6 deg
MW2X	=	13.4 deg
MW3X	=	41.3 deg
MW4X	=	62.3 deg

Cal. by M.Woodley

# Summary and Discussion

- DR emittance
  - The vertical emittance of ATFDR is  $\sim 12\text{pm}$ ( by XSR monitor ).
  - Measurement errors
    - 10% for both of beam size(by XSR) and  $\beta$  measurement statistically. Then the error of measured emittance is  $\sim 14\%$ .
  - Need to check minimum  $\sigma_y$  measurable by XSR.
    - When we measured  $\varepsilon_y = 12\text{pm}$ ,  $\sigma_y = \sim 6\mu\text{m}$  and  $\beta_y = \sim 3\text{m}$ . If the 50Hz oscillation is  $\sigma_{50\text{Hz}} = \sim 4\mu\text{m}$  which was observed in 2007,  $\varepsilon_y = \sim 6.6\text{pm}$ ?
  - For much smaller emittance:
    - BPM upgrade
    - Full ORM analysis will improve the emittance?
    - Need reliable monitor( e.g. LW w higher order mode )
- EXT emittance
  - Measured emittance was quite close to the one by DR XSR. But if the emittance is smaller in DR, there is still  $\varepsilon$  growth in EXT.
  - For more accurate/precise measurement
    - $\eta$  correction: combination with orbit bump( K.Kubo )
    - Coupling correction: data analysis is on going
  - Energy spread measurement?