

## Homework questions for the CLIC lecture

### 1.) Pulsed surface heating:

What is the maximum RF pulse length for a normal conducting linac with the following parameters (assume  $\Delta T_{\max}=50\text{K}$ )?

$$\begin{array}{ll} E_{\text{acc}} = 100 \text{ MV/m} & \text{accelerating gradient} \\ f = 12 \text{ GHz} & \text{RF frequency} \end{array}$$

What is it for  $E_{\text{acc}} = 150 \text{ MV/m}$  and  $f = 30 \text{ GHz}$ ?

### 2.) CLIC with klystrons:

Consider a normal conducting linac with the following parameters:

$$\begin{array}{ll} E_{\text{acc}} = 100 \text{ MV/m} & \text{accelerating gradient} \\ f = 12 \text{ GHz} & \text{RF frequency} \\ E_{\text{cms}} = 3 \text{ TeV} & \text{centre-of-mass energy} \\ L = 42 \text{ km} & \text{overall 2 linac length} \end{array}$$

- What is the stored electromagnetic energy  $W$  in the linacs?
- Which is the total peak power required?
- Assume you want to build CLIC conventionally with klystrons of 85 MW peak power. How many klystrons would you need?

### 3.) Drive beam generation:

Assume you want to generate a 100 A drive beam for a CLIC type collider with a frequency of 12 GHz. Further assume that the initial beam pulse must have a beam current below 5 A (not included!), the initial bunch repetition frequency can be in the range of 0.5 – 2 GHz.

- What configuration of Delay Loop (DL) and Combiner Ring(s) (CR) can you use? Remember you need one Delay Loop, and keep the multiplication factor in each CR  $\leq 5$ . (Can you comment on why you have this last restriction?)
- What is your initial beam current?
- What is your initial bunch repetition frequency?

The final RF pulses (= bunch train pulse length) are to have a length of  $t_p = 200 \text{ ns}$ . (Hint: this determines the length of the DL. If you have more than one CR, keep the highest multiplication factor for the last combination stage. (Do you have an idea why?))

- What is the length of the DL and the CR(s)?
- What are the frequencies of the RF deflectors?

### 4.) CLIC Damping Ring (optional)

The CLIC damping ring used to be designed for an energy of  $E=2.424 \text{ GeV}$ . Take a bending radius of  $\rho=25 \text{ m}$  and calculate the transverse damping time for a simple ring with this radius without any wigglers.

Assume you want to decrease this damping time to 2.6 ms. Calculate the total wiggler length  $L_w$  you need to reduce the damping time to this value, assuming a peak wiggler field of  $B=1.8 \text{ T}$  and sinusoidal field distribution in the wiggler.