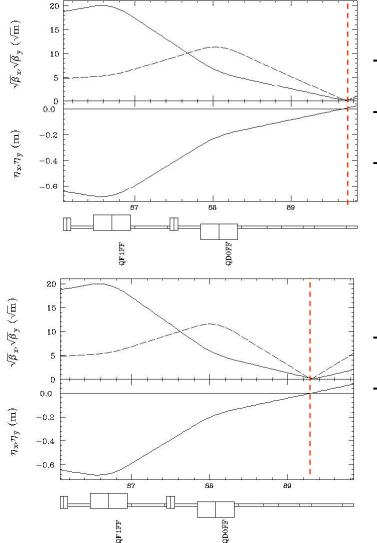
Beam Optics and Tuning for the Shintake Monitor Commissioning

Toshiyuki OKUGI (KEK) 8th ATF2 project meeting 2009 / 6 / 8

Beam tuning procedures

- Beam orbit tuning with respect to the quadrupole center.



- -Final doublet was set to focus the beam to MW1IP.
- -Betatron matching with matching quads (QMs).

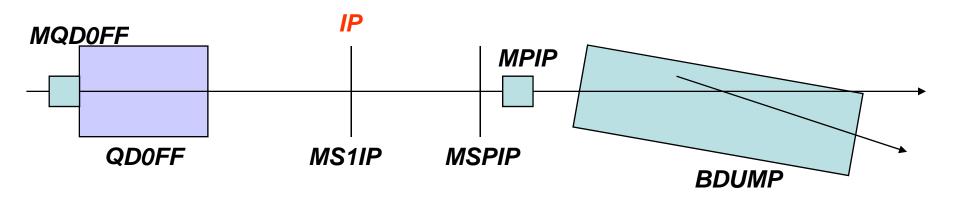
-Dispersion matching with QF6X and QS2X.

- -Final doublet was set to focus the beam to IP.
- -Beam waist and dispersion check with screen at IP

- Beam angle to IP-BSM detector was adjusted by using MS1IP and MSPIP.

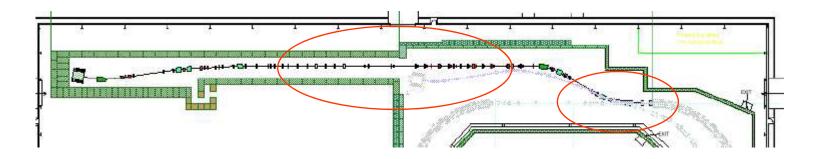
For the monitor to use beam tuning

- The beam angle to the IP-BSM detector was adjusted with two screen.
- Since the coordinate for MS1IP is complex, we checked the beam angle with Polaroid firm after beam angle adjustment.



- It is no problem for the commissioning stage for IP-BSM, but the beam position and angle will be changed in beam tuning frequently.
- The beam angle and beam position at IP (if possible) should be monitor with BPMs (MQD0FF, MPIP or IP-BPMs) for the monitor to use beam tuning,

Beam background for IP-BSM detector



From 2008 Dec. to 2009 March

We concentrate to reduction of the beam background from upstream of beam line.

- The main background source was at the entrance of extraction line and long straight section.
- We can reduce the background with normal BBA procedure, it spend 2-3 hours.

From 2009 spring run

We observed the strongly background dependence for the final doublet setting.

Background for 5/21 beam time

Observations

-Beam optics had a large mismatch at IP and post-IP wire scanner

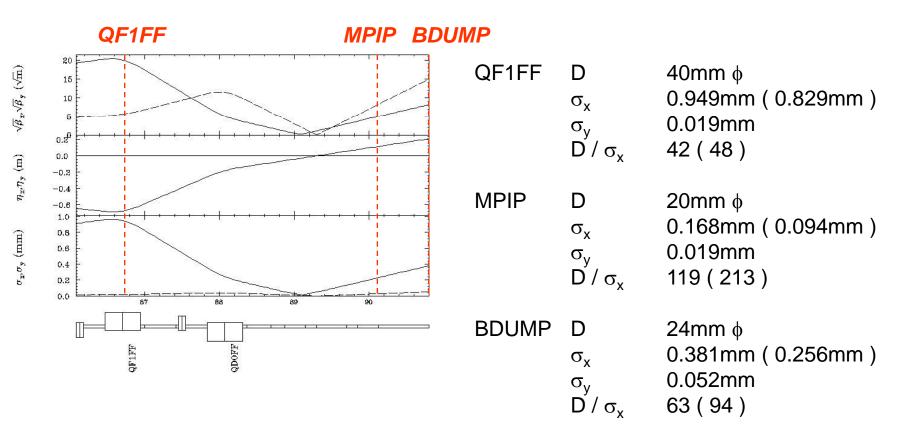
-Background level was 3 times larger than nominal (6GeV / 0.3e10)

-Background level was sensitive to the Final Doublet setting -> Background source was downstream of QD0FF

Beam Optics for 5/21 (mismatched optics)

-Horizontal waist (beta_x=0.08m) at MS1IP for QD0FF=115.25A

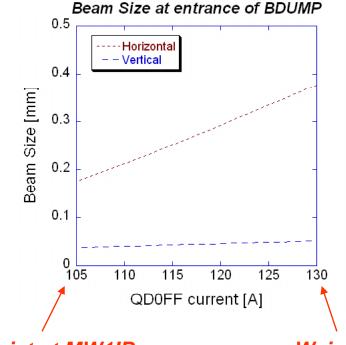
-Vertical waist (beta_x=0.01m) at MS1IP for QD0FF=105.25A



(); Design High Beta

Background dependence of beam waist

-Background was larger for stronger QF1FF and QD0FF -Beam size at post-IP is larger for stronger QF1FF and QD0FF



Background sources were located at post-IP ??

- Background was not changed, when MPIP was removed from beamline (observed at 5/26)

- At the entrance of BDUMP ??

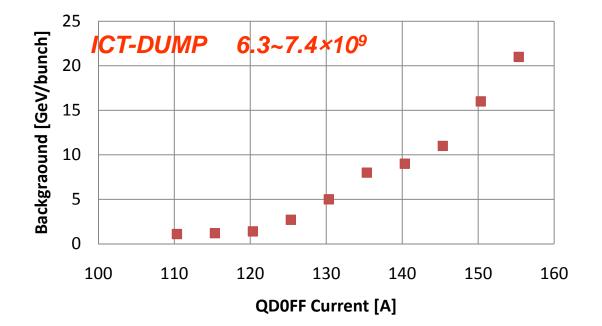
Waist at MW1IP

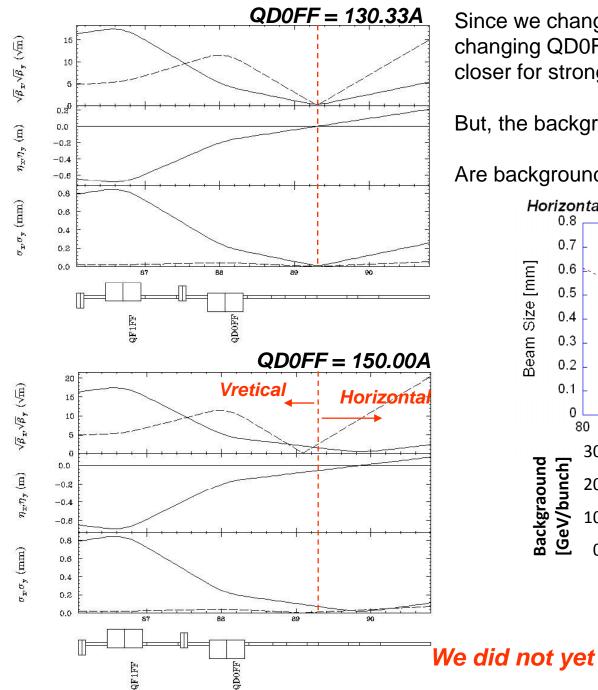
Waist at IP

QF1FF was changed with QD0FF

Beam background at 5/29

We can detect the gamma-ray signal by IP-BSM detector, but still large background dependence of QD0FF was observed.

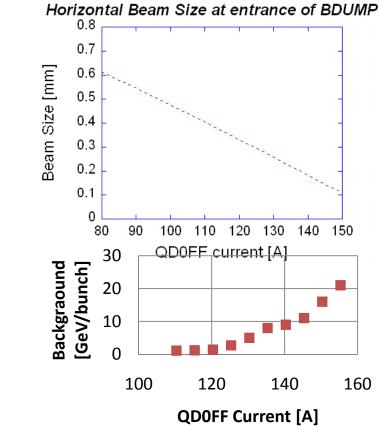




Since we change the waist position only by changing QD0FF in 5/29, horizontal waist was closer for stronger QD0FF.

But, the background was larger for stronger QD0FF.

Are background sources at post-IP ??



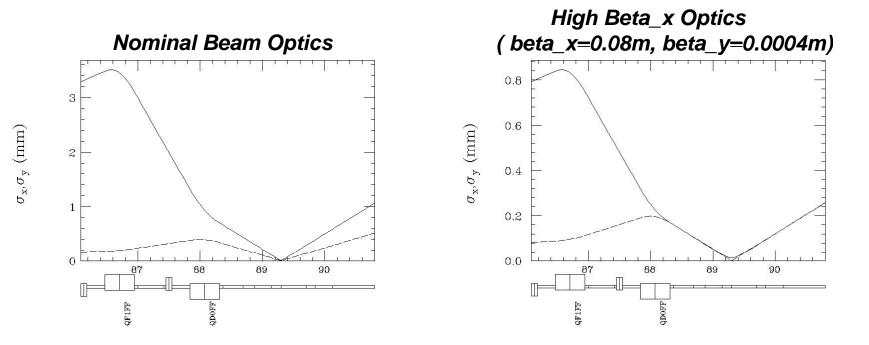
We did not yet understand the source of BG.

What we can do in summer shutdown

- Careful observation of misalignment and realignment of vacuum chamber in between QD0FF and BDUMP
- Additional shielding for gamma detector

If the background will be too high to measure the beam size in the 2009 autumn run, we should operate with high beta_x optics

- We can reduce the beam size down to 100nm with same horizontal and vertical beam divergence.



Summary

- -We have the routine procedure to orbit correction to reduce the background from the upstream beam line.
- -We could adjust beam angle to the IP-BSM detector, but we need to improve.
- -We could adjust beam waist and dispersion by changing matching and extraction quads.
- -In the 2009 spring run, large background was generated after QD0FF, but the background source was not yet perfectly understood.
- In order reduce the background, we need careful observation of misalignment and realignment of vacuum chamber in between QD0FF and BDUMP.
- -If the background will be too high to measure the beam size, we should decide to operate with high beta_x optics in the 2009 autumn run.