

Update on S0 Work in the Americas Region

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Many additional people did the work...



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Cornell SRF Technical Progress Since March 2009

CLASSE SRF Group

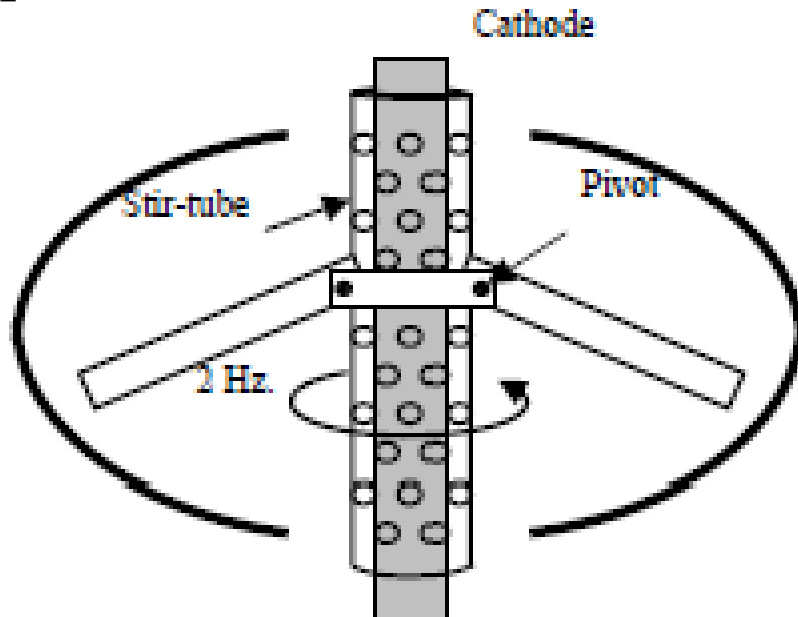
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Vertical Electropolish Proven Effective

- We have demonstrated gradients >35 MV/m in individual cells of two 9-cell cavities processed with vertical EP.
- In each test the π -mode was limited by quench or FE.

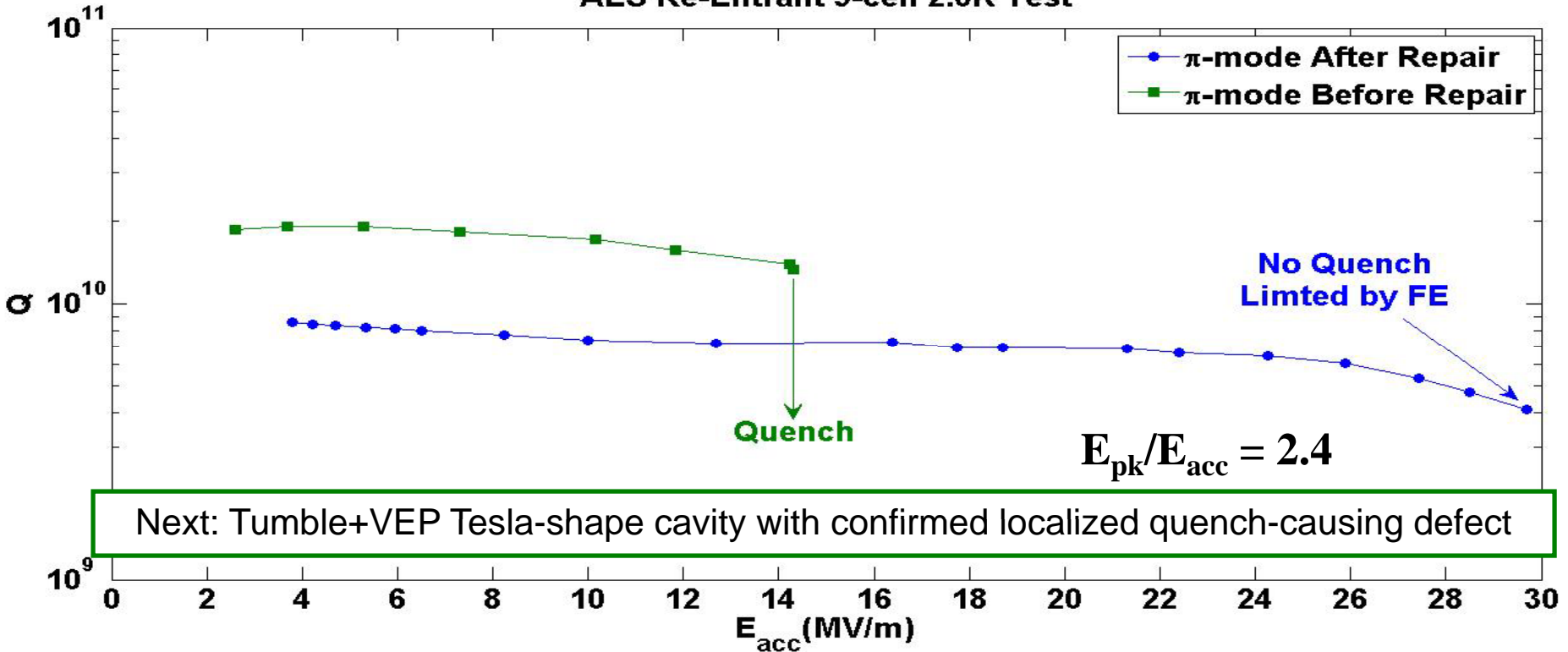




AES Re-Entrant 9-Cell Cavity Weld Pits Repaired

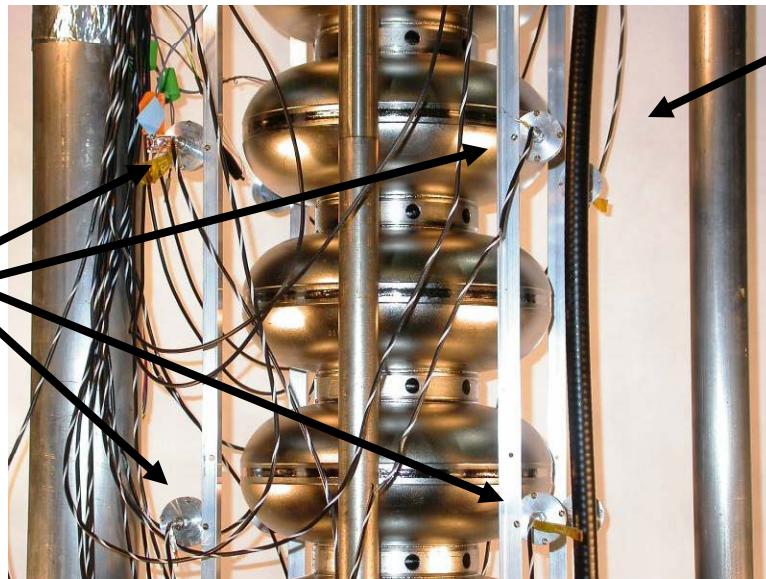
- We have successfully repaired an AES re-entrant 9-cell cavity with tumbling and VEP.
- This cavity originally quenched at $E_{acc} = 15$ MV/m in the π -mode at a weld pit in the first cell, after tumbling and reprocessing the π -mode $E_{acc} > 30$ MV/m. The measurement was limited by the available RF power the cavity did not quench.
- When excited in the $5\pi/9$ -mode peak fields of 89 MV/m and 1400 Oe were reached in the center cell. This corresponds to $E_{acc} = 37$ MV/m in the center cell.
- This test demonstrates that
 - Tumbling is an effective option to repair weld defects, e.g., pits.
 - Individual cells in cavities processed with VEP reach fields exceeding 35 MV/m.

AES Re-Entrant 9-cell 2.0K Test

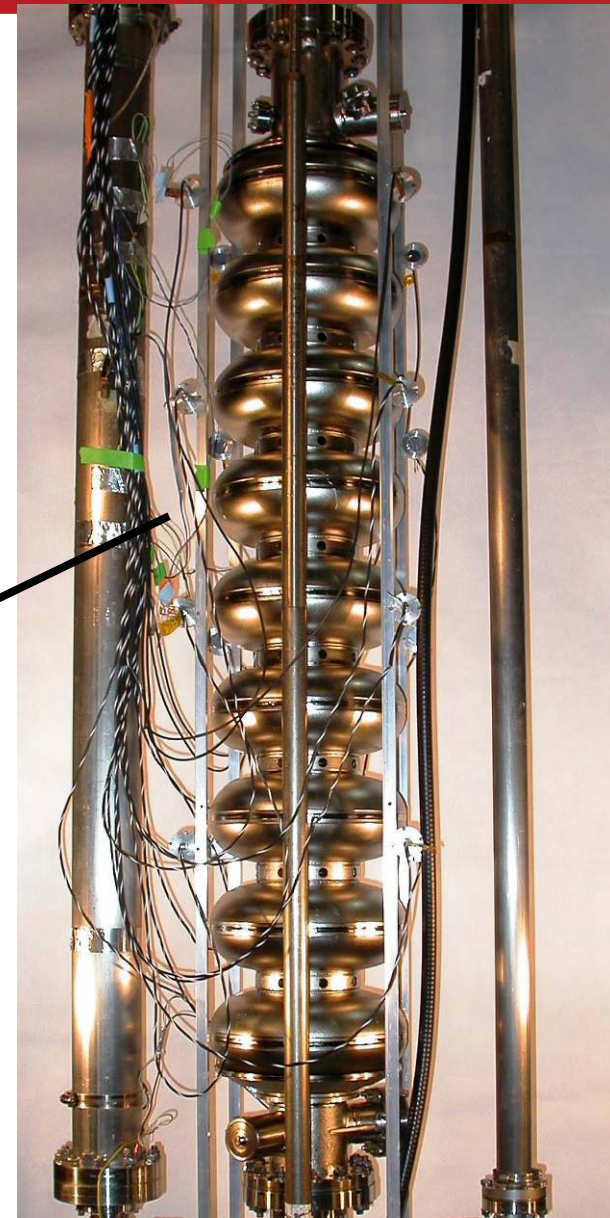




- We have demonstrated that 2nd sound detection can locate multiple quench locations in a single 9-cell cavity cold test
- By exciting different TM_{010} pass-band modes of a 9-cell cavity different cells can be driven to quench.
- This technique is simple, low cost, and quick to implement. In the test pictured here we found 3 distinct defects: 1st cell (from top), 4th cell, and 5th cell.



Four Of The
Transducers



- Assisted Fermilab with first process/test (almost-)fully FNAL/ANL cavity TB9ACC017
 - 600C furnace treatment
 - Tuning and field-flatness measurement

- TB9AES006 process/test
 - Reached 14.1 MV/m limited by hard quench upon first pass
 - Pass-band mode measurements show center cell (cell#5) limiting
 - All other cells reached cell gradient in range 32.4 - 41.4 MV/m
 - T-mapping identified hot spot near the equator of cell#5 correlated to quench
 - Twin defects (one ~ 300 um and other ~500um) were discovered at the hot spot location using Questar optical inspection

Next: Full process/test of two new cavities, one AES and one ACCEL/RI

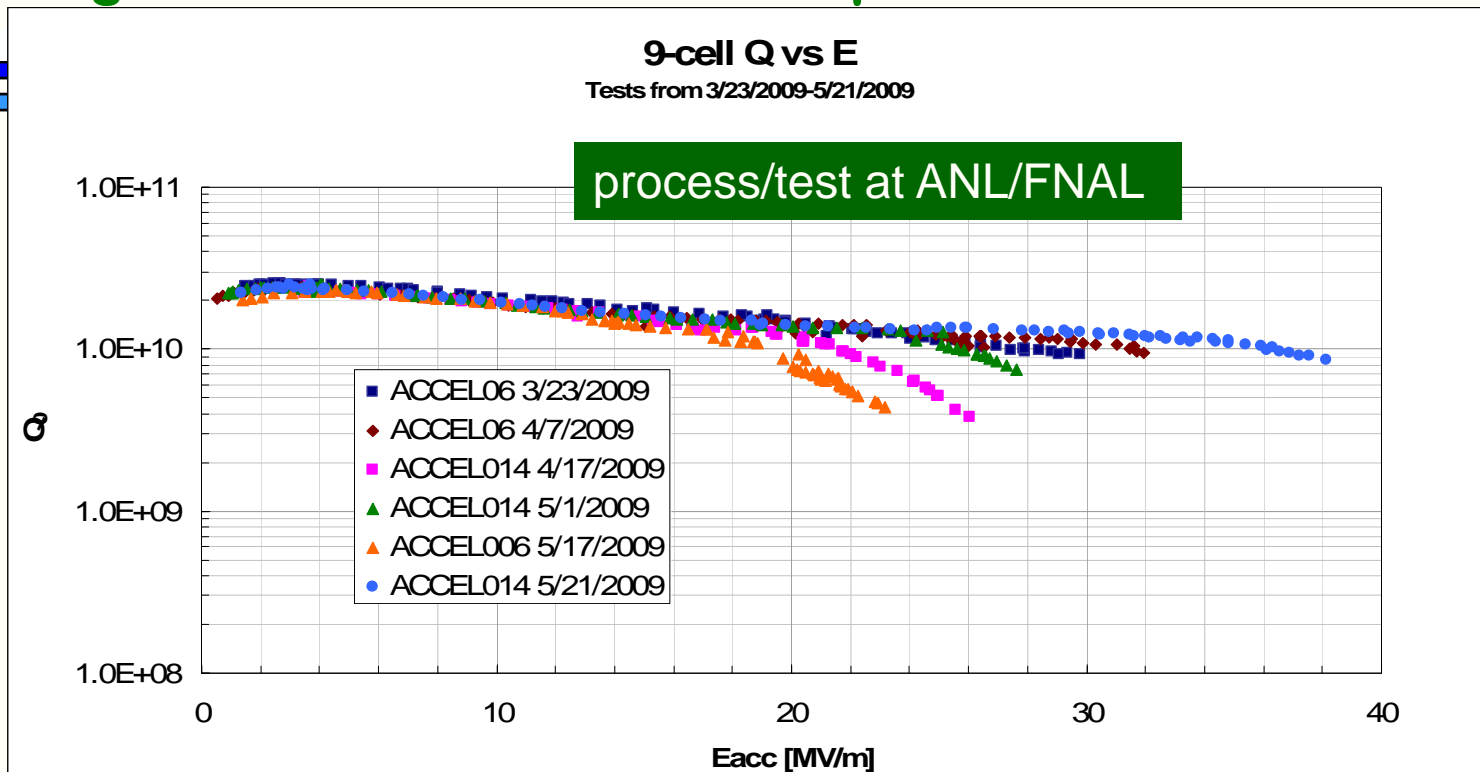
- **TB9ACC017**

- Bulk EP (150 um)
- Ultrasonic degreasing and HPR
- Sent to JLab for hydrogen degassing and tuning (see previous slide)
- Currently on optical-inspection (KEK-Kyoto system) bench – ~1mm Ø iris pit
- Light EP this month
- Test this month – try to squeeze before 2-month shutdown for VTS2&3 civil construction



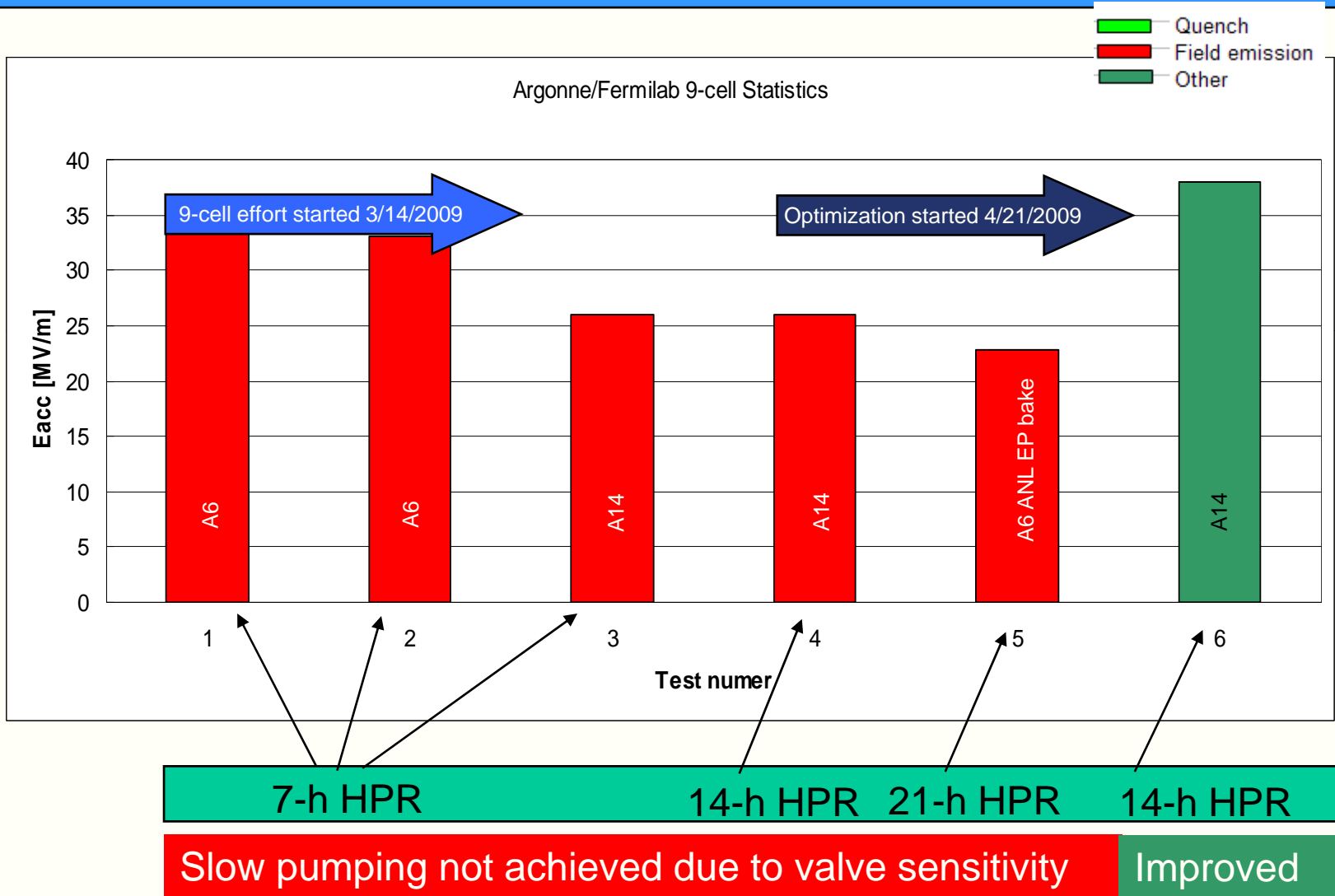
- **FNAL/ANL facility status**

- HPR water pump problem
- After HPR pump, but before wand, filter looks brown: pump may be leaking oil
- Restart work with 1-cell in 1-2 weeks unless new pump needed, then 3-4 weeks for pump and installation
- Then restart 9-cell program if good 1-cell result

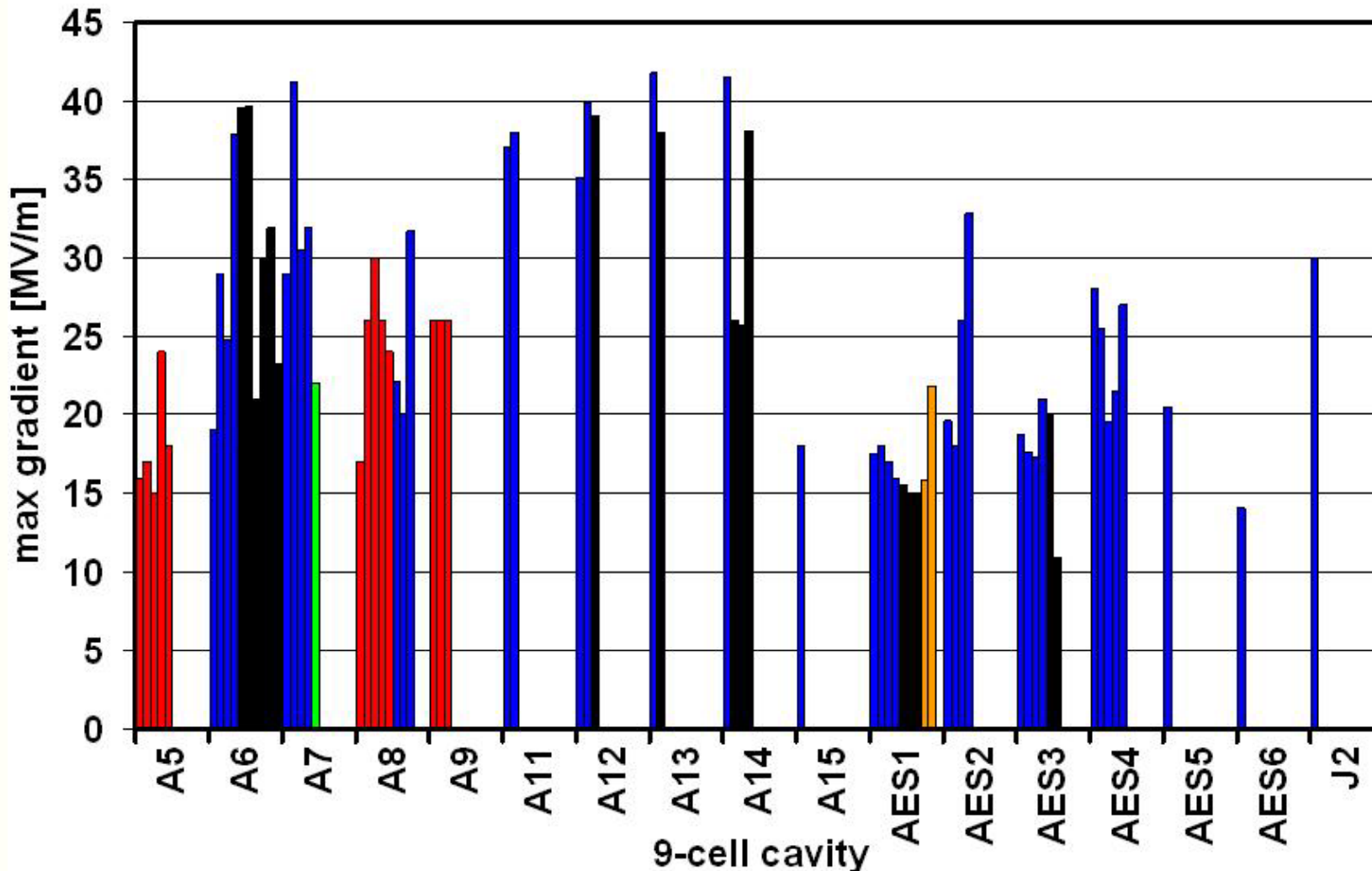


Date	9-cell	Proc/ test #	Max Eacc [MV/m]	Limit	Processing note
2009-03-23	A6	1	30.0	FE and RF system	USR&HPR
2009-04-07	A6	2	31.9	FE and RF system	USR&HPR
2009-04-17	A14	3	26.0	FE and RF system	USR&HPR
2009-05-01	A14	4	25.7	FE and quench	USR&HPR
2009-05-11	A6	5	23.2	FE and RF system	light EP, USR&HPR, 120C bake
2009-05-21	A14	6	38.1	RF system (FE present)	USR&HPR

Process/test previously shown excellent for 1-cells; field emission for 9-cells greatly reduced in last test



Americas 9-cell Cavities



C.M. Ginsburg 2.June 2009