

Report on the Test Beam with the LP-Module 2 Quadboars + GEMS

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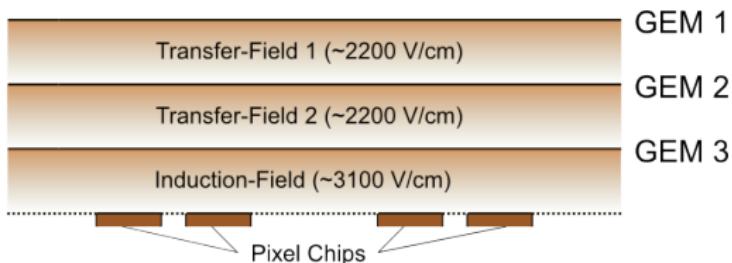
^c Universität Mainz



LC-TPC Collaboration Meeting
DESY, Hamburg, 21. Sept. 2009



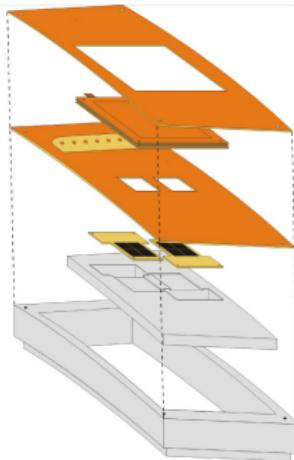
- Amplification with standard CERN GEMs (tripple GEM stack)
- Distance between GEMs and between GEM and chips is 1 mm
- Readout with 8 pixel chips (two Quadboards designed by NIKHEF)
- 256×256 pixels per chip: $55 \mu\text{m} \times 55 \mu\text{m}$ pixel size
- >0.5 Mio channels (largest number of channels ever installed in a TPC)
- Readout frequency 55 MHz



The Module



anode plane



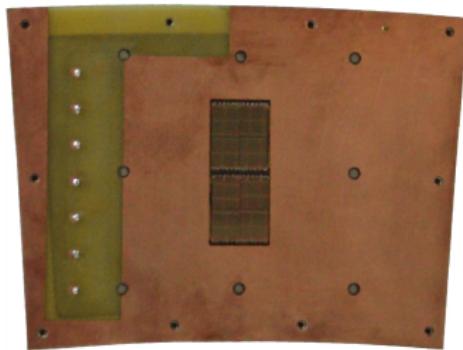
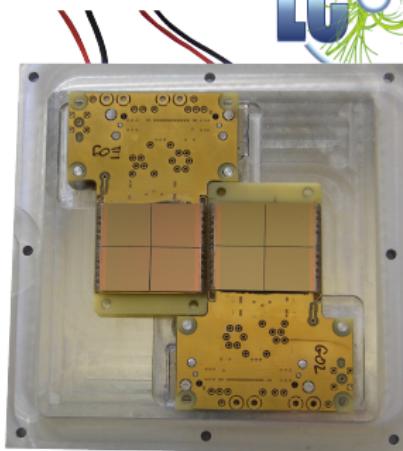
GEMs

readout plane

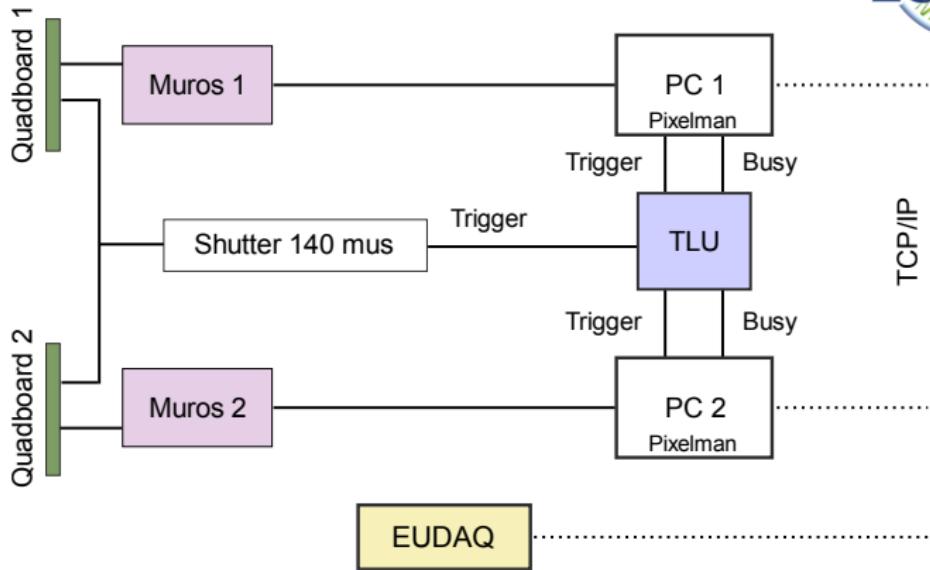
quad-boards

reinforcement of
anode plane

redframe



Readout Scheme



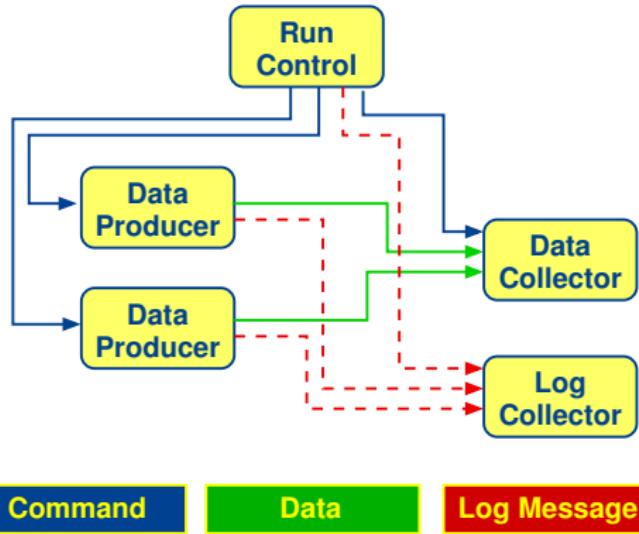
- DAQ PCs synchronised with Trigger Logic Unit
- Data is send to EUDAQ

DataProducer: Pixelman plugin which communicated with EUDAQ

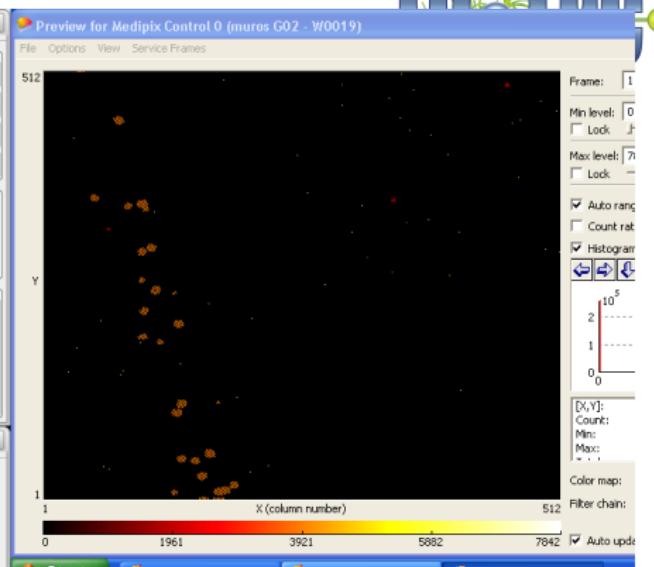
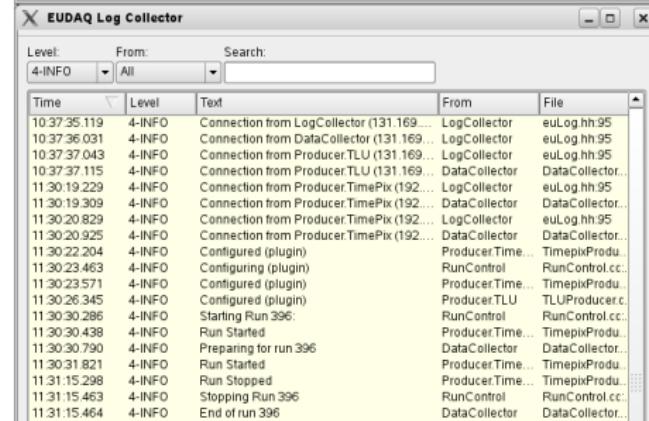
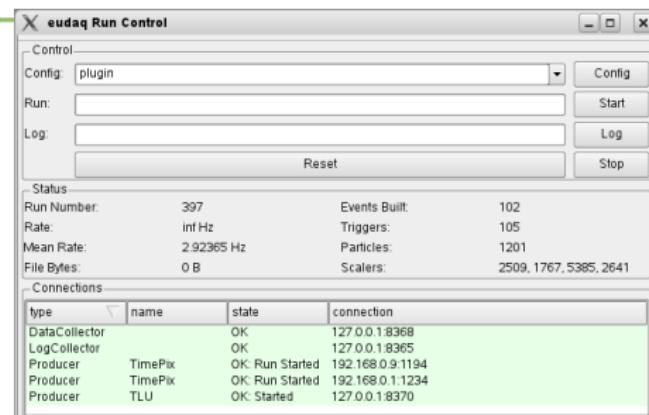
- Receives commands from Run Control
- Sends data to Data Collector
- Sends messages to Log Collector

DataCollector:

- Receives raw data
- Performs event building
- New: Plugin mechanism
LCIO converter plugin for every raw data format
- Data collector writes common LCIO file



Screenshot



EUDAQ RunControl and LogCollector

Pixelman event display and PixelmanProducer

He/CO₂ 70/30:

Drift distances [cm]	4.3 ; 10 ; 15 ; 20 ; 25 ; 30 ; 40 ; 50
Angles	5° ; 10° ; 0° ; -5° ; -10°
Particle energies	1 GeV ; 1.6 GeV ; 2.6 GeV ; 3.8 GeV ; 5 GeV
GEM voltage	355 V ; 370 V ; 385 V ; 395 V ; 405 V ; 415 V
Magnetic field	0 T ; 1 T

T2K Gas:

Drift distances [cm]	4.3 ; 10 ; 15 ; 20 ; 25 ; 30 ; 40 ; 50
Angles	5° ; 10° ; 0° ; -5° ; -10°
Particle energies	1 GeV ; 1.6 GeV ; 2.6 GeV ; 3.8 GeV ; 5 GeV
GEM voltage	260 V ; 270 V ; 280 V
Magnetic field	0 T ; 1 T
Laser Dots with 1 T	

- Module worked fine in He/CO₂ for two weeks.
No HV problems
- Frequent trips in T2K gas (module and field cage).
In the last night of data taking a discharge destroyed one Quadboard



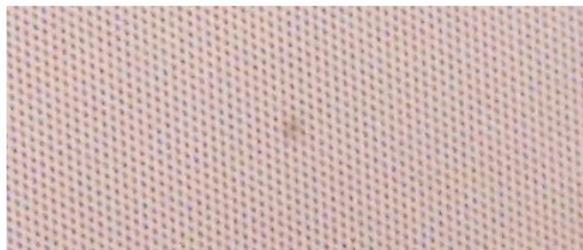
- Bond wires reach into the induction gap (some of them were not protected with glue)
- Brown spot on the GEM at position of bond wires

Short term solution:

- Protect all bond wires with resin
- Make bonds as flat as possible

Long term solution:

- Through silicon vias
on the chip



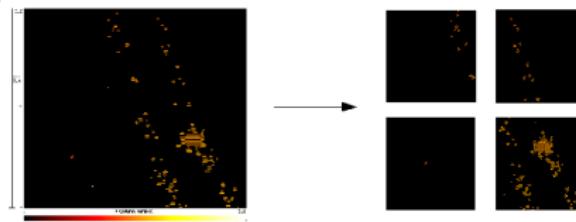
Aim of the reconstruction:

- Reconstruct individual clusters
 - Fit the track
 - Determine the point resolution
- already done for single chips

Strategy:

- Subdivide Quadboard raw data into data of single chips
- Adapt existing processors for multiple chips
- Include the exact geometric alignment of the chips with GEAR
- Create new processors for analysis

Divider Processor:



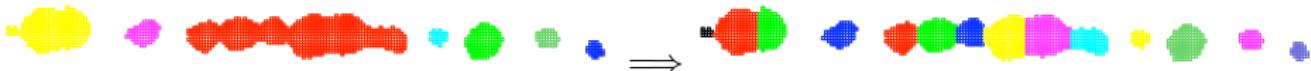
Example: Cluster Separator



Clusters are split along cluster axis

Short drift distances:

- Algorithm works fine



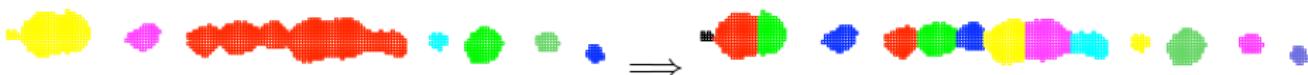
Example: Cluster Separator



Clusters are split along cluster axis

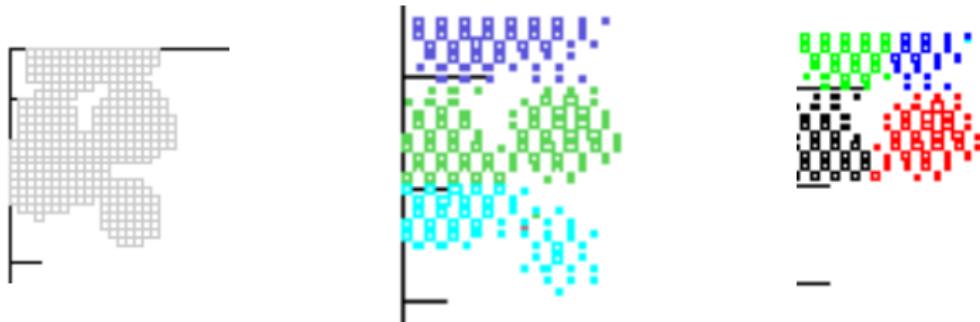
Short drift distances:

- Algorithm works fine



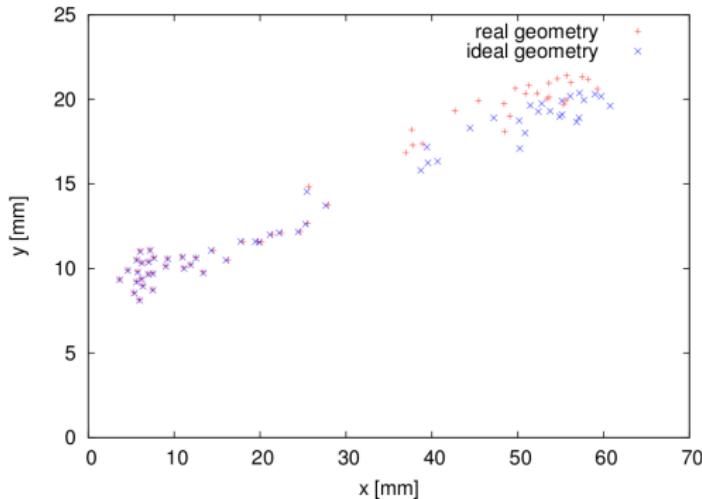
Long drift distances:

- Algorithm is not optimized yet
- Need to apply algorithm twice
- But: Algorithm loses some data on the second pass



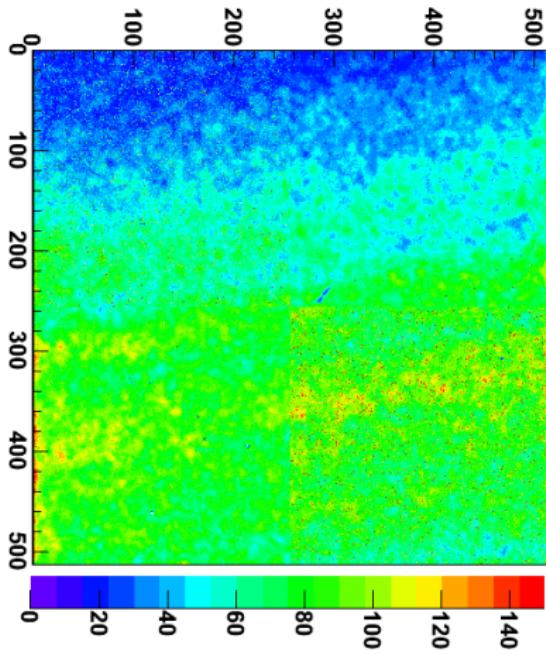
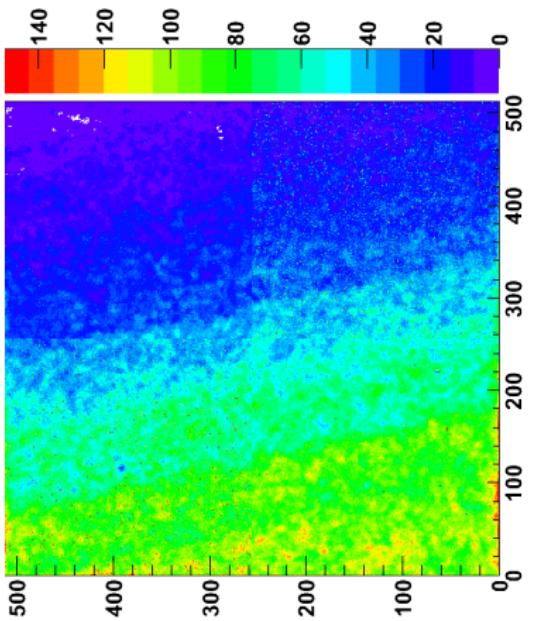
Geometry file:

- Alignment has been measured with movable table and microscope
- Exact Geometry is provided by GEAR: Displacement of each individual chip can be defined

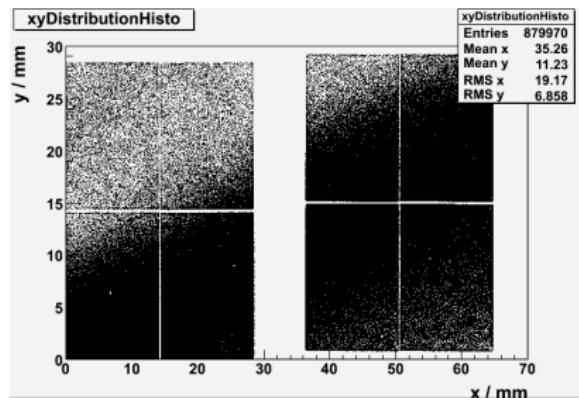
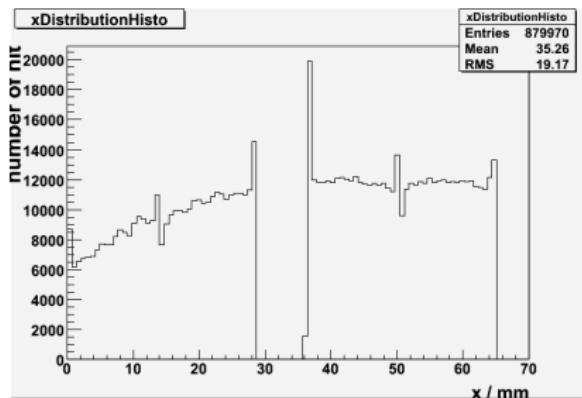


Occupancy

TimePix Occupancy Chip1

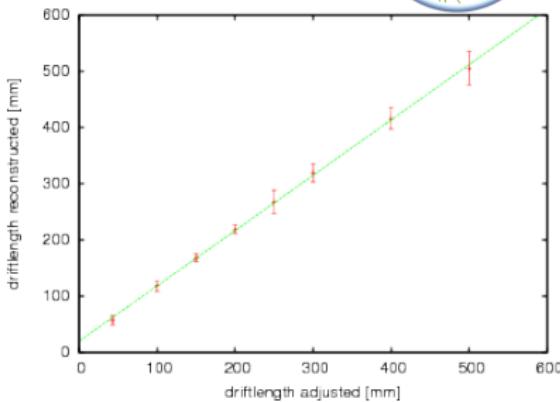
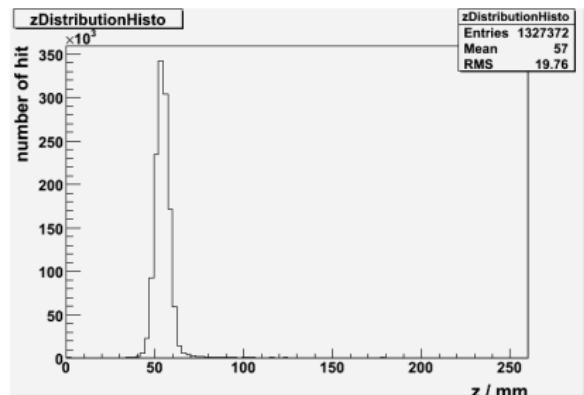


- Homogeneous response over the whole module
- Beam profile clearly visible
- Hot area near the gap between the boards



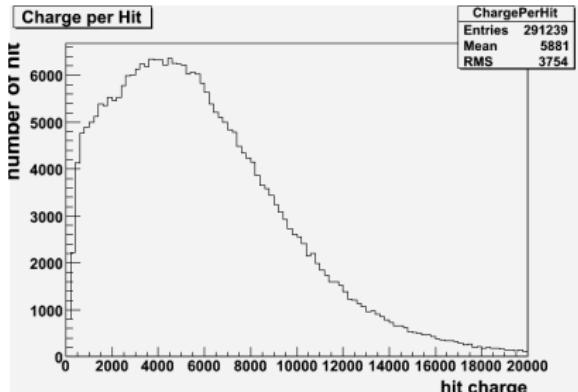
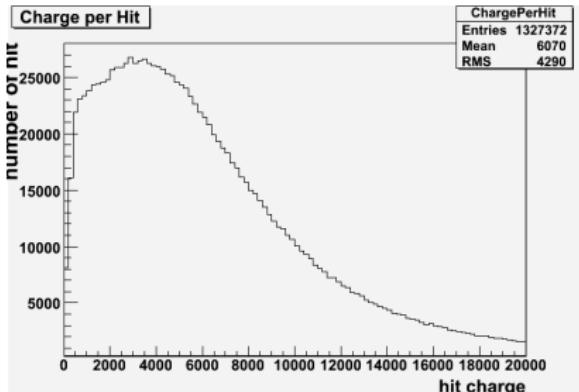
- Reconstructed plot behave like event display
- Inhomogeneous electric field and binning effects lead to clearly visible chip boarders

Z Reconstruction



- Convert drift time to drift length with help of drift velocity calculated by Magboltz
- Fit: $z' = (0.984 \pm 0.011)z + (19.802 \pm 2.981)$
- Offset corresponds to cable and trigger delay (uncorrected)
- Indication for homogeneous drift field, little contamination in gas mixture and correct reconstruction

Charge Per Hit



- Amplification independent from distance
- Primary electrons with longer drift can be better separated

Summary

- LC-Module with two QuadBoards + GEMs successfully operated
 - World record: more than 500,000 channels
- Breakdown due to discharges is understood
- First analysis plots behave like expected
- Analysis ongoing

Outlook

- Improve reconstruction algorithms
- Study track properties (momentum resolution)
- Fix damaged quad board