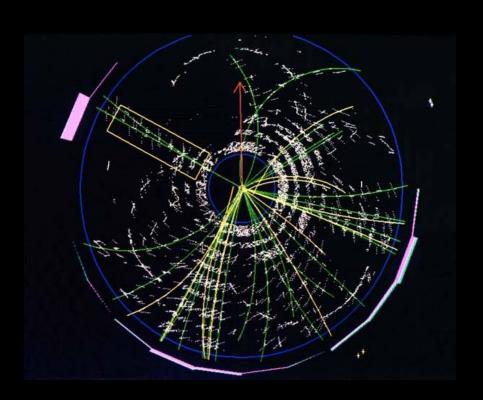
Exciting Physics at the Tevatron

Robert Roser

Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory





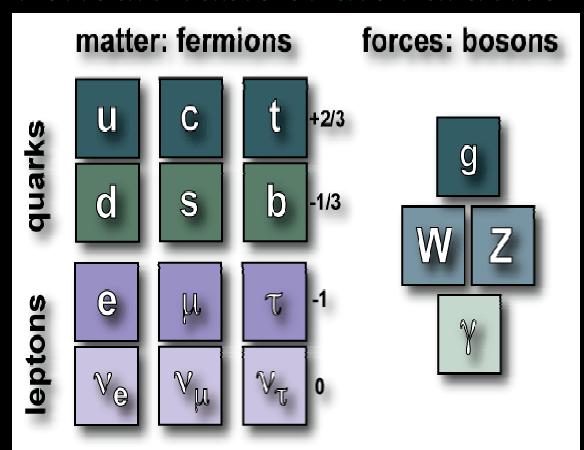


The Big Picture!

The Standard Model of Particle Physics states: The world is comprised of Quarks and Leptons that interact by exchanging Bosons

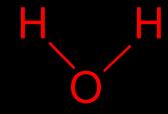
- Each particle has its own anti particle
- Quarks have fractional charge!
- SM provides a good description of particles and their interactions
- Extensively tested

Periodic Table of the Particles



An example - Water!





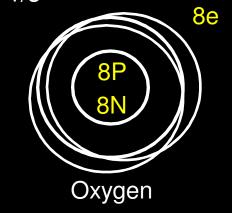


Proton 2/3+2/3-1/3



Neutron 2/3-1/3-1/3



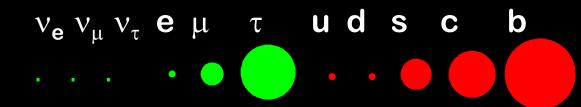




28 Up Quarks

H₂O 26 down quarks
10 electrons

The \$64,000 Question



top quark

photons gluons W Z

Why is top so heavy?

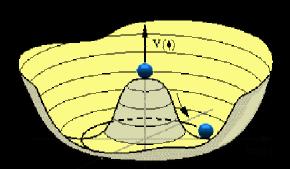
"Why are there so many particles?"
"Where does mass come from?"

Enter the Higgs Mechanism



The Solution:

- Add scalar field throughout the universe
 - Potential is symmetric
 - Ground state breaks symmetry



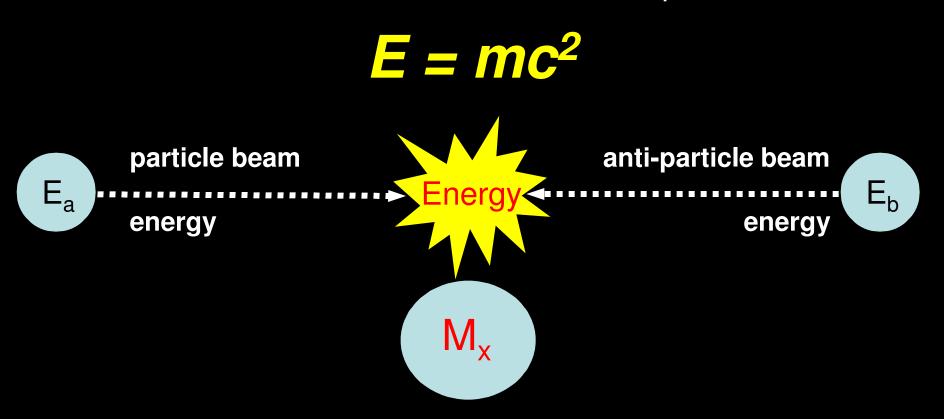
Cleverly

- Masses are generated for the fermions due to their interaction with this non-zero field
- Theory preserves symmetry (gauge invariance)
- Standard Model calculations no longer fail
- A new particle is predicted: the Higgs boson
- Finding the BEHHGK boson
 - Means Higgs field exists
 - ☐ Means we confirm our theory for the origin of mass

How does one search for the Higgs boson? (or anything else for that matter)

Making Particle X

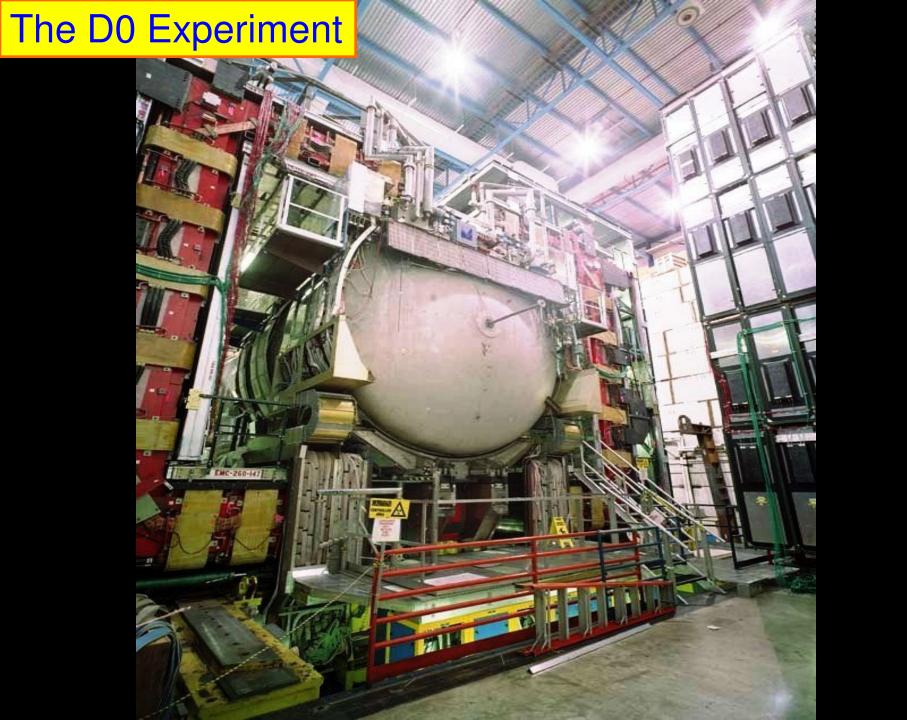
Thanks to Einstein we know that a high energy collision of particle A and B can result in the creation of particle X

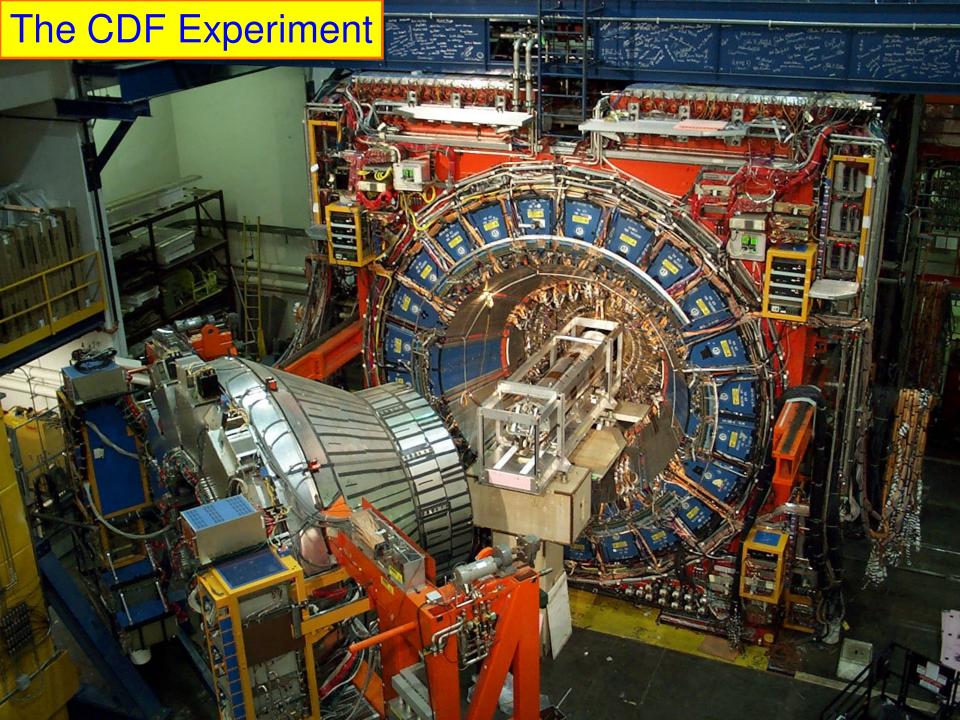


As long as $E_a + E_b >> M_x c^2$

America's Most Powerful Accelerator: Fermilab's Tevatron

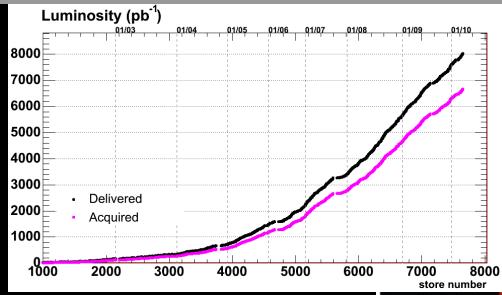




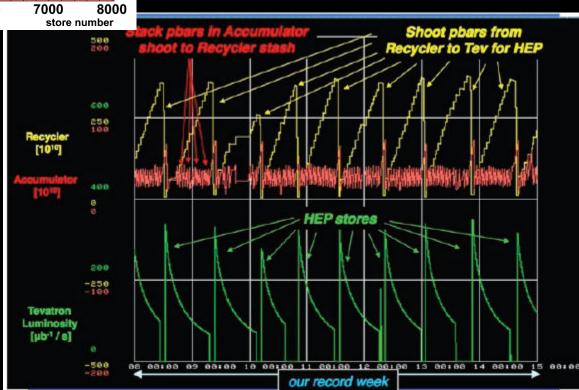




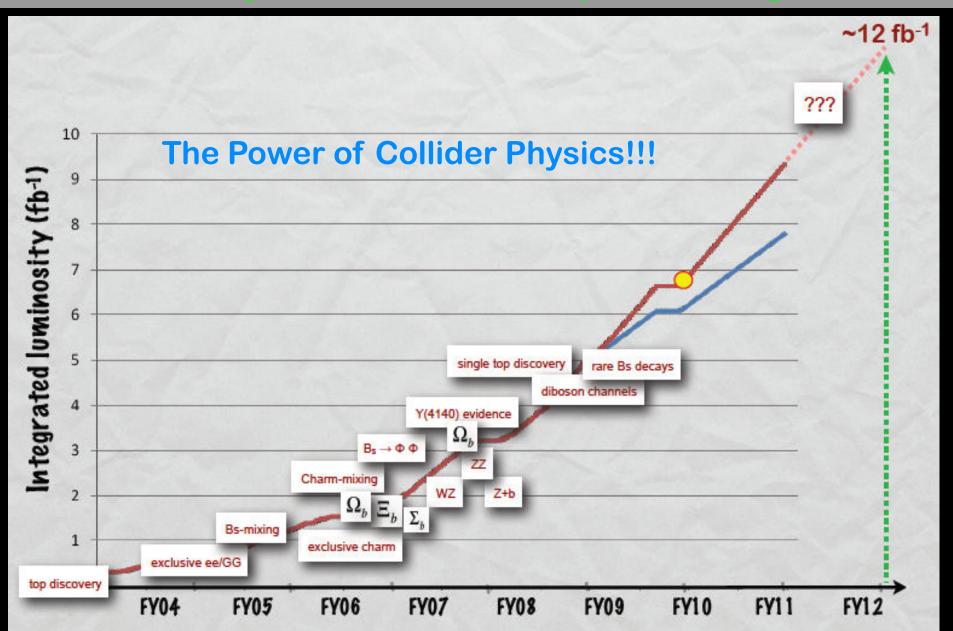
Tevatron Performance



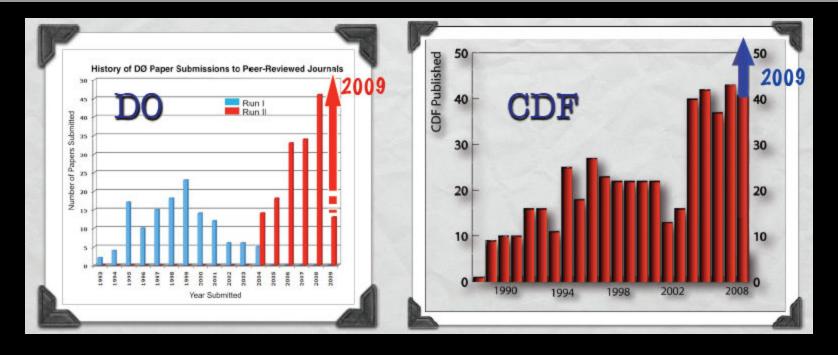
- Stores
 routinely come
 in at >300e32
- 60 70 pb delivered/week is typical
- Expect >2fb/year



New Physics Shows Up Throughout



Tevatron Physics Output



Tevatron Experiments publishing >100 papers/year

Over the last few years, ~60 PhD's/year

Present >200 talks at conferences each year

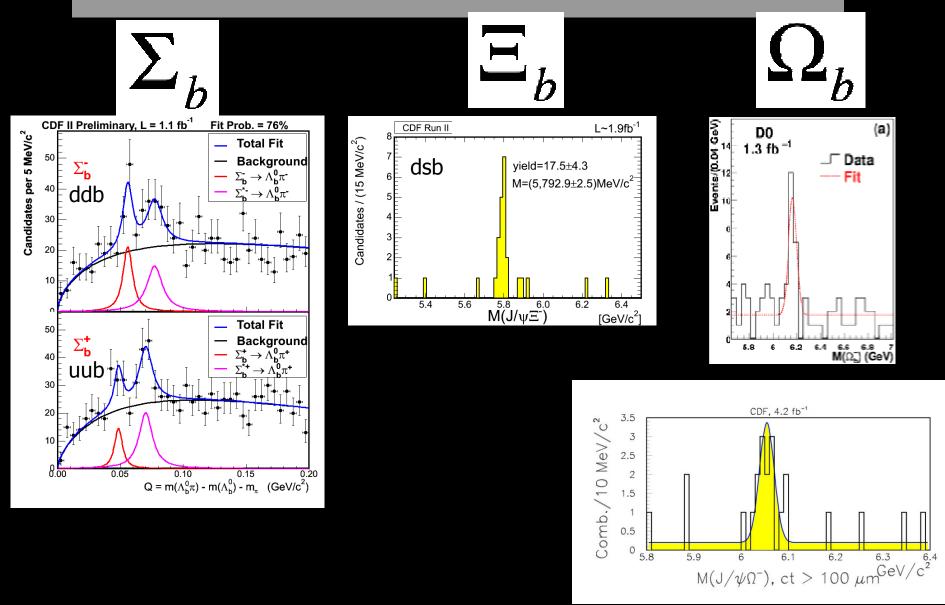
The Tevatron Research Program

Precision, New Research Discoveries

- Mixing, CKM Constraints and CP Violation
- Heavy Flavor Spectroscopy
- New Heavy Baryon States
- Tests of Quantum Chromodynamics
- Precise measurement of Topquark and W-boson Masses
- Top Quark Properties
- Di-Boson production and SM Gauge Couplings
- New Exclusive/Diffractive Processes

Unique Window into the unknown

- Searches for Supersymmetry, Extra Dimensions, Exotica
- Still at the Energy Frontier
 - Proobing the Terascale as the luminosity increases
- The Standard Model BEHHGK (Higgs) Boson is within reach!



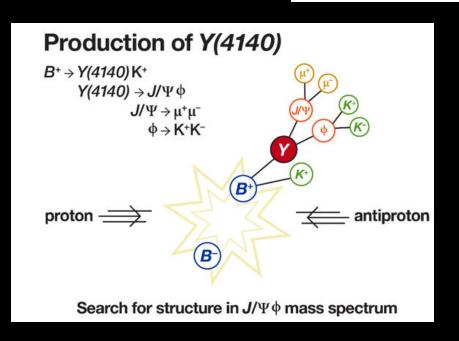
5.8

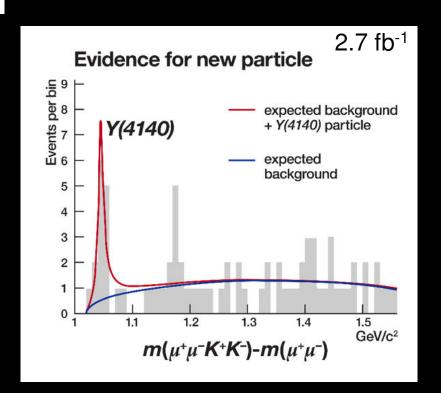
5.9

With more data : emergence of a new particle

Y(4140)

unknown composition

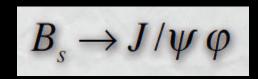


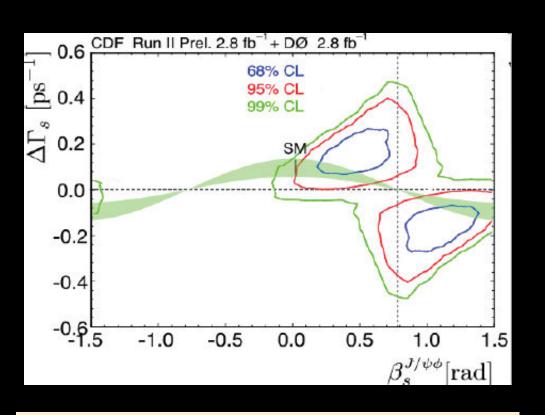


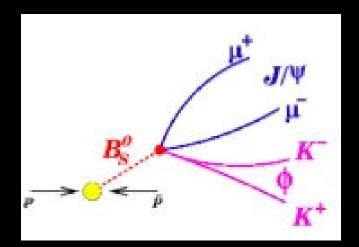
2009

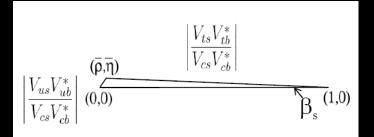
Precision: CPV in β_s

Both CDF and D0 measure the CP Violating Parameter β_s in B_s in J/ $\psi \phi$ with 2.8/fb





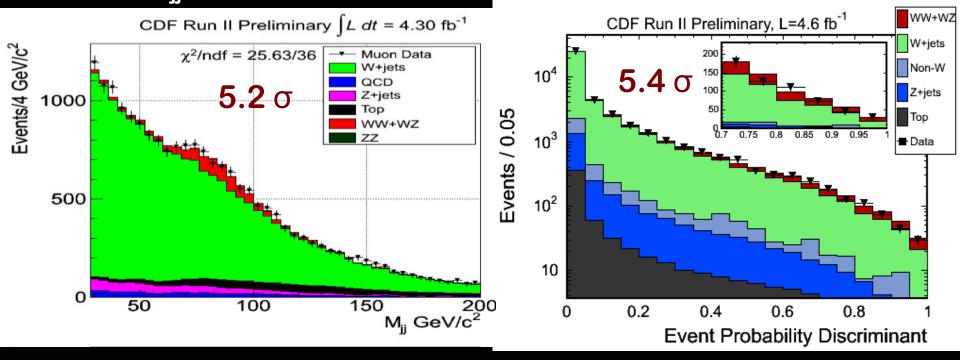




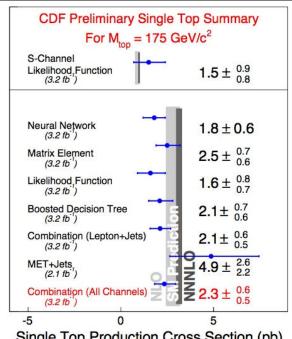
2.1-sigma from SM Prediction

Di-bosons

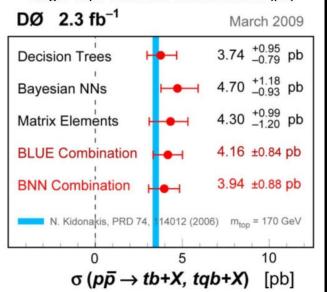
- WW/WZ lepton + Jets observations
- Using m_{ii} and matrix element techniques with 4.3-4.6fb⁻¹

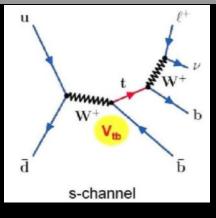


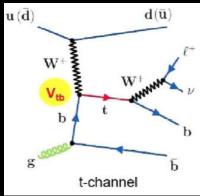
$$\sigma$$
 = 18.1 ± 3.3_{stat} ± 2.5_{sys}
 σ = 16.5 +3.3-3.0 ± 3.5_{sys}

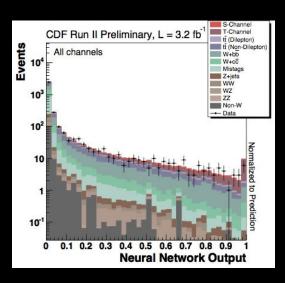


Single Top Production Cross Section (pb)







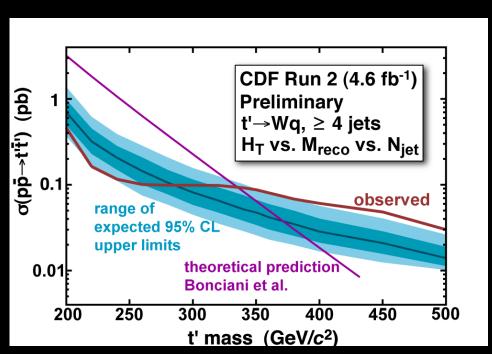


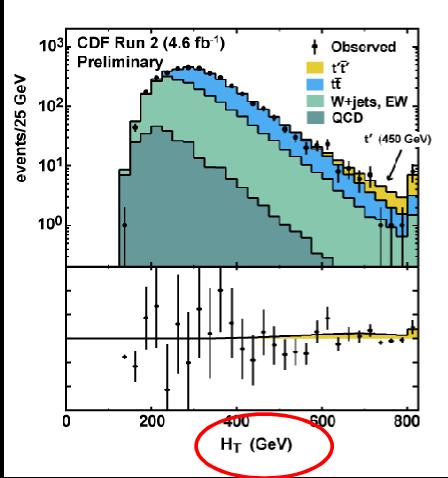
- **Single Top Physics Program**
 - Test s vs t [new physics]
 - Vtb [precision]
 - **Lifetime [new physics]**

t' Search

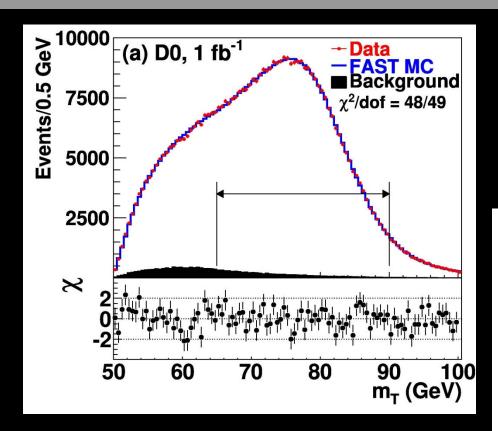
Search for heavy top t' → Wq

- Leptons +Jets events with 4.6/fb
- Reconstruct mass of t' and search in H_T and m_{t'}
- May occur in little Higgs, forth generation, ...



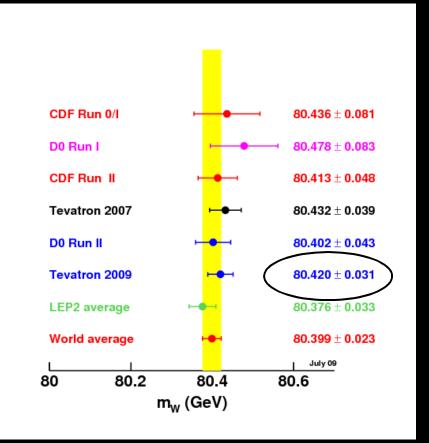


W Mass Summary

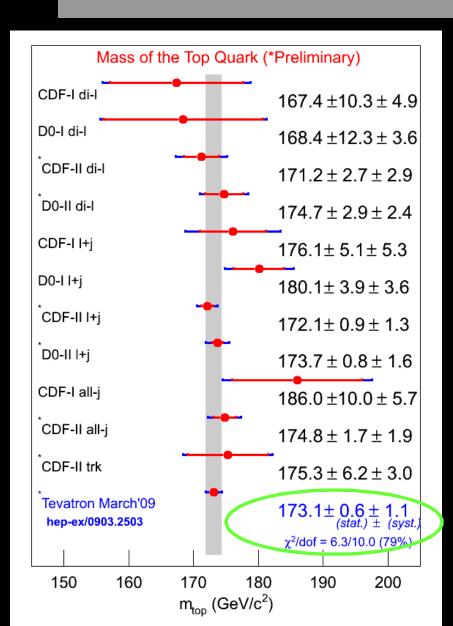


 $M_w = 80.399 \pm 0.023 \text{ GeV}$

Tevatron has worlds best measurement



Summary of Top Mass

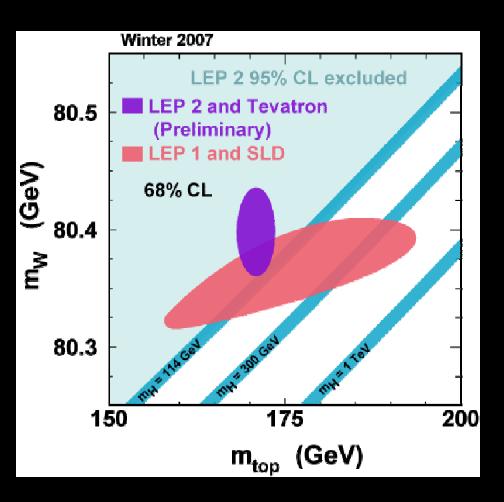


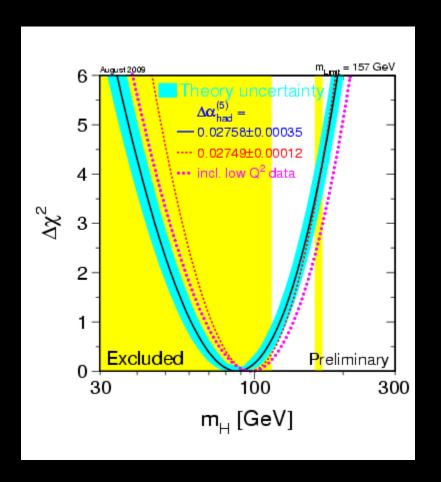
$$M_t = 173.1 \pm 1.2 \text{ GeV}$$
 <1% Precision

We now know the mass of the top quark with better precision than any other quark!!!

15 short years from discovery to this....

Where is the Higgs Hiding?

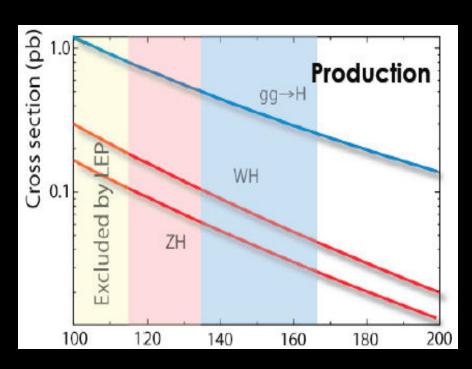


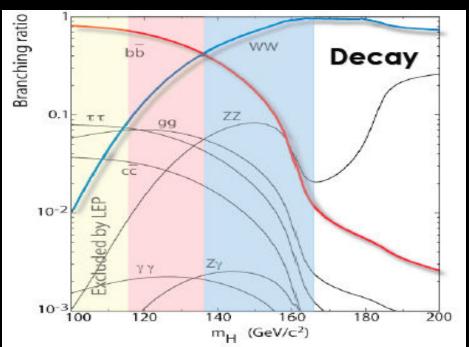


Mw vs Mtop

 $M_{\rm H}$ < 157 GeV at 95% C.L. Preferred $M_{\rm H}$ – 87⁺³⁵₋₂₆ GeV

Higgs Production and Decay



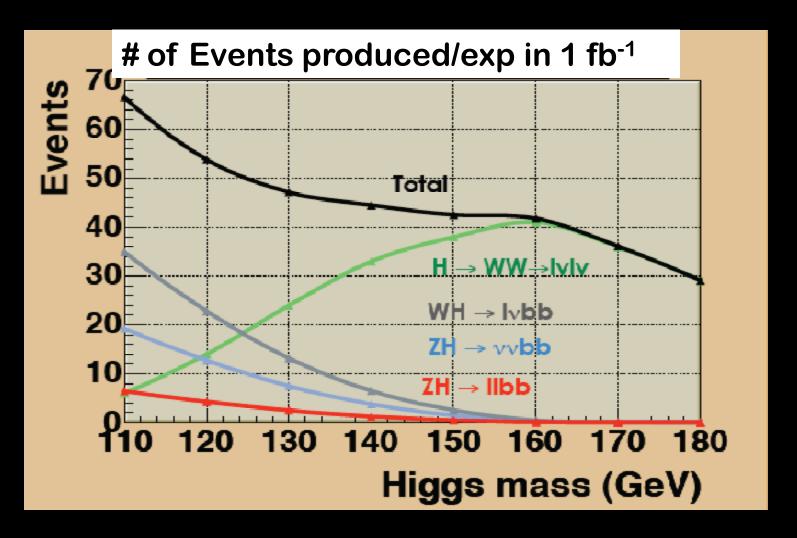


Higgs are produced in several diferent ways...

Higgs decay into different "final states" depending on the mass of the Higgs

To find it, we need to look at all these final decay states and combine the results

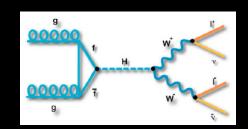
The Challenge

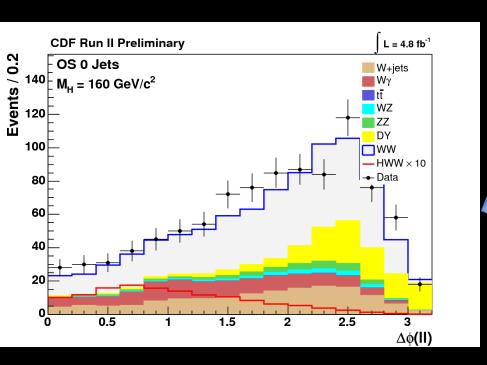


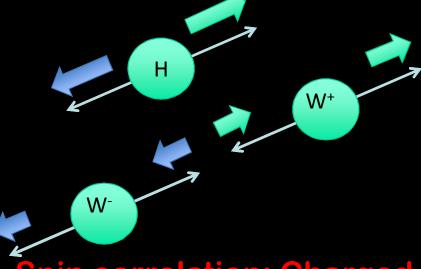
These are production numbers – trigger, acceptance etc.not yet factored in...

SM Higgs: H→WW (High Mass Channel)

- H→WW→IvIv signature: Two high p_T leptons and MET
 - Primary backgrounds: WW and top in di-lepton decay channel
 - Key issue: Maximizing signal acceptance
 - Excellent physics based discriminants
- Most sensitive Higgs search channel at the Tevatron

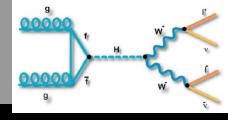


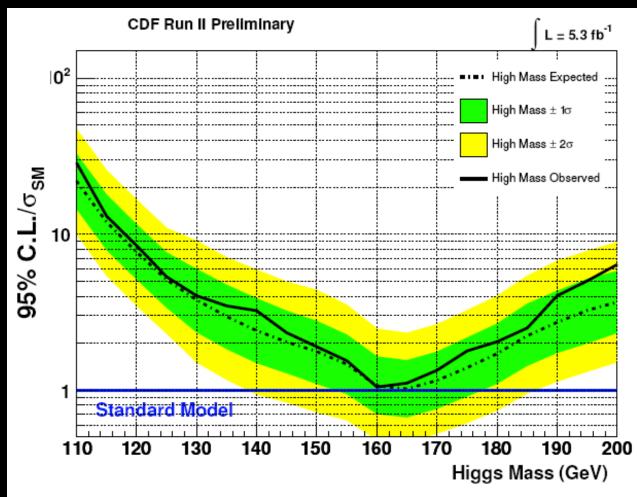




Spin correlation: Charged leptons go in the same direction

CDF H→WW Result





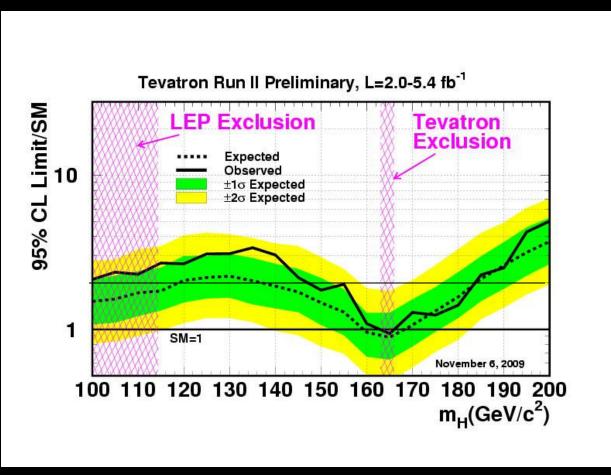
36 Higgs Events.

Exp. 1.07 @ 160 GeV, 1.02 @ 165 GeV

Combine Experiments

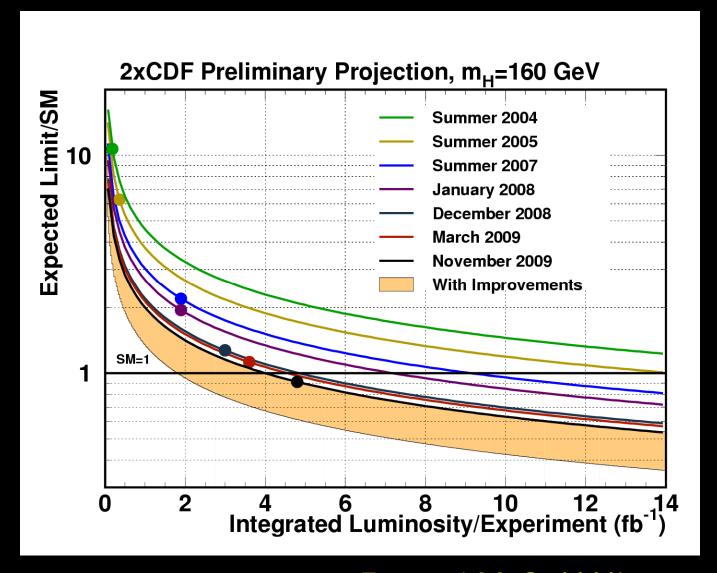
Neither experiment has sufficient power to span the entire mass range using the luminosity we expect to acquire in Run II

Factor away in sensitivity from SM

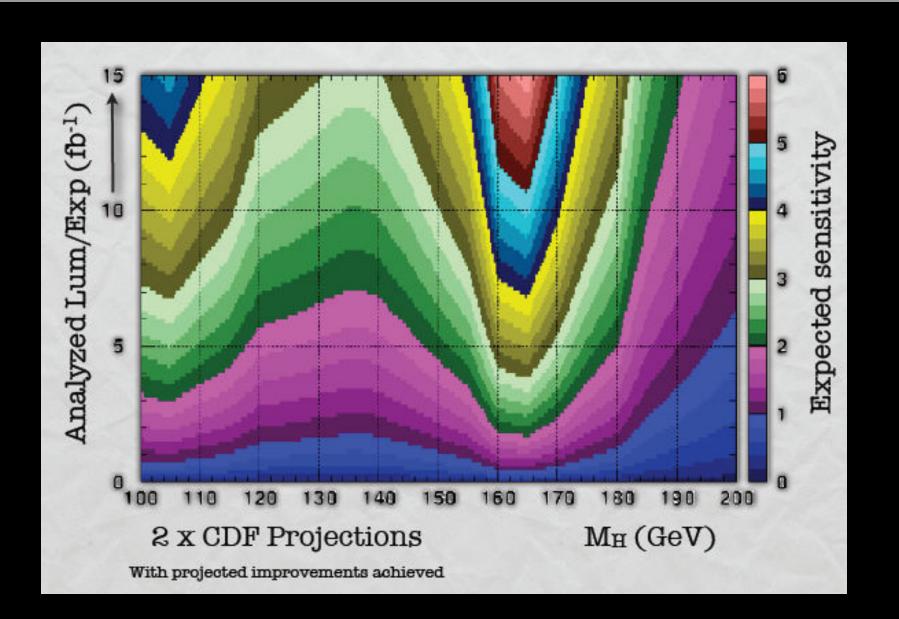


SM Higgs Excluded: $m_H = 163-166$ GeV

We are Making Steady Progress...



How Well Can We Do?



Conclusions

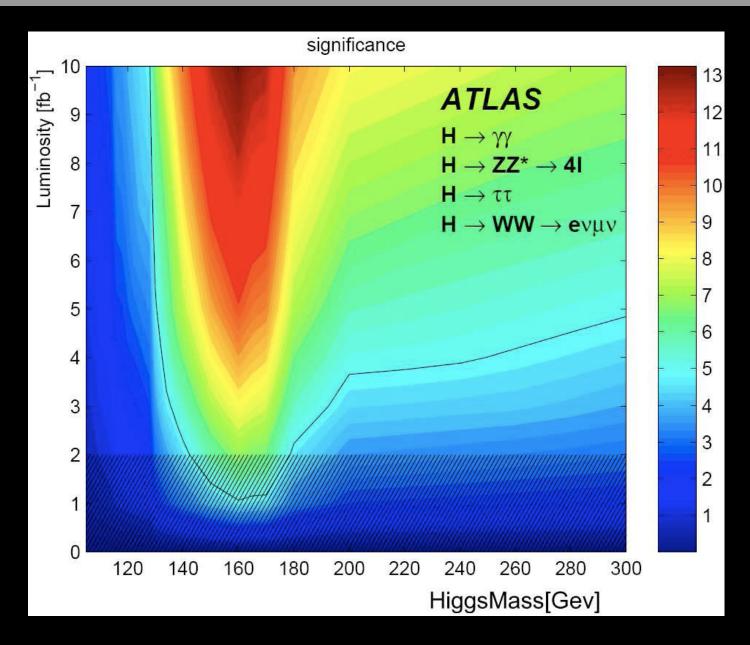
- High Energy Colliders provide physicists with a tool to explore the fundamental questions about nature
- The Tevatron has been remarkably successful from the discovery to the top quark, to the observation of B_s mixing to the remarkable precision measurements of the Top quark and W boson mass just to name a few
- Evidence for the Higgs is within reach and the Tevatron. Its going to be an exciting next couple of years !!!

Shameless Plug

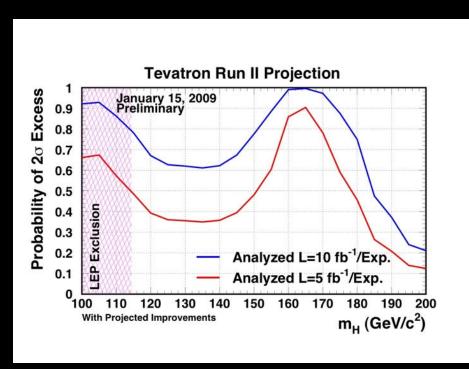
- The tevatron experiments are welcoming help
- CDF would love help in analyzing its data sample
- "service requirements" are very low (read none)
- The plan is to run through 2011 though we would like to run it longer given the LHC plan

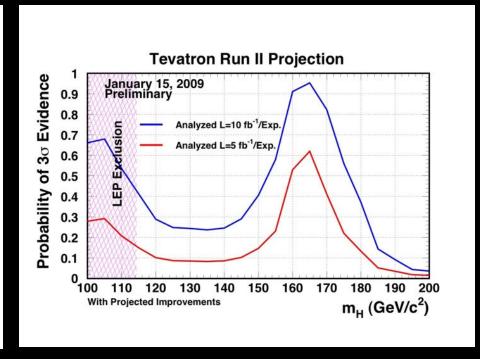
Backup

ATLAS Sensitivity at 14 TeV



How Well Can We Do???



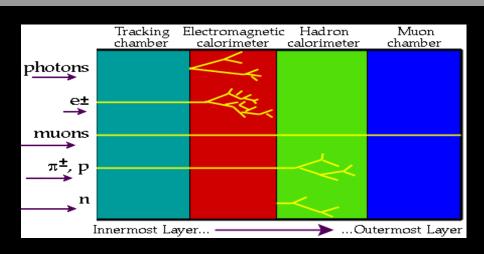


2 σ

3 თ

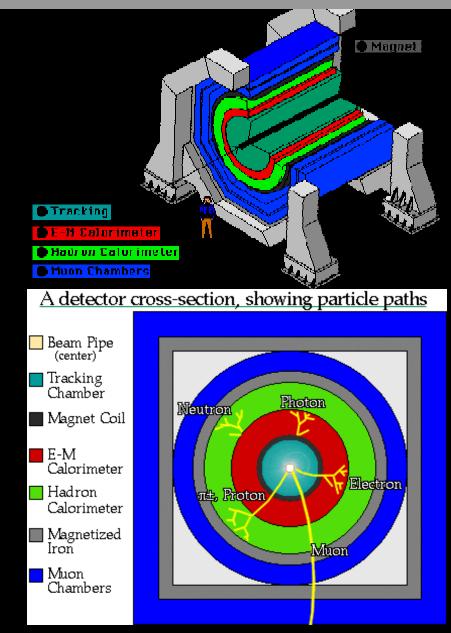
Projections with 5, 10 fb-1 data sets/experiment

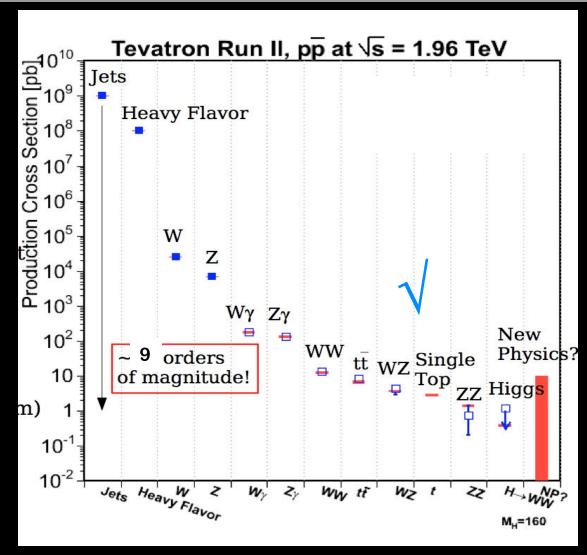
Principle of a Collider Detector



Basic principle is the interaction of particles with matter

- Momentum/Charge Measurement:
 - need to affect particle as little as possible
 - use dilute/thin absorber medium (gas, thin silicon wafers): Tracker
- Energy Measurement:
 - want to fully absorb particle
 - use thick absorber medium (lead, steel, uranium): Calorimeter





Harder to Observe