



MEASUREMENT OF THE HIGGS MASS

VIA THE CHANNEL:

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z H \rightarrow e^+e^- + X$$

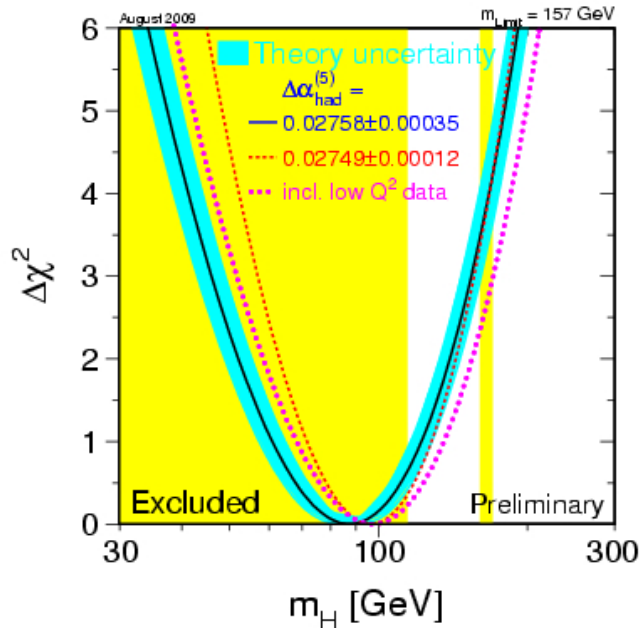
(Preliminary results)

LCWS10 & ILC10, Beijing, China, 26-30 March 2010

Y. Khoulaki and D. Benchekroun, University of Casablanca, Morocco

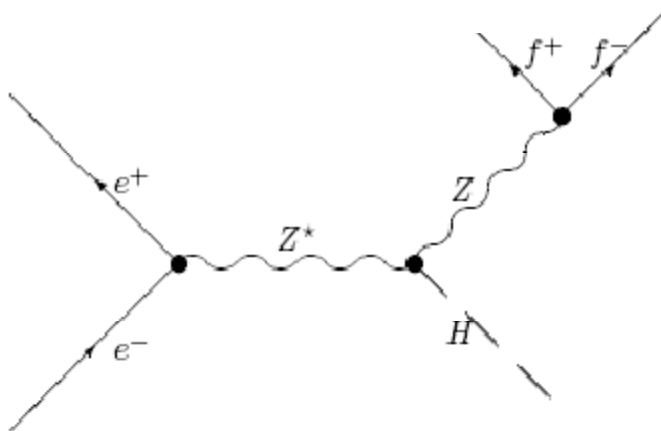
L. Morin and J.Y. Hostachy, LPSC-Grenoble, France

I. Constraints on the Higgs mass & Higgs-strahlung process



From direct searches :

- LEP2: $M_H \geq 114$ GeV
- Recent combined D0 and CDF results:
 $M_H < 160$ GeV or $M_H > 170$ GeV at 95 % confidence level



At future ILC, the main production mechanism of Higgs are Higgs-strahlung process and WW fusion mechanism.

We will focus on the Higgs-strahlung process:

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow H Z \rightarrow e^+e^- H$$

II. Grid, VO & software

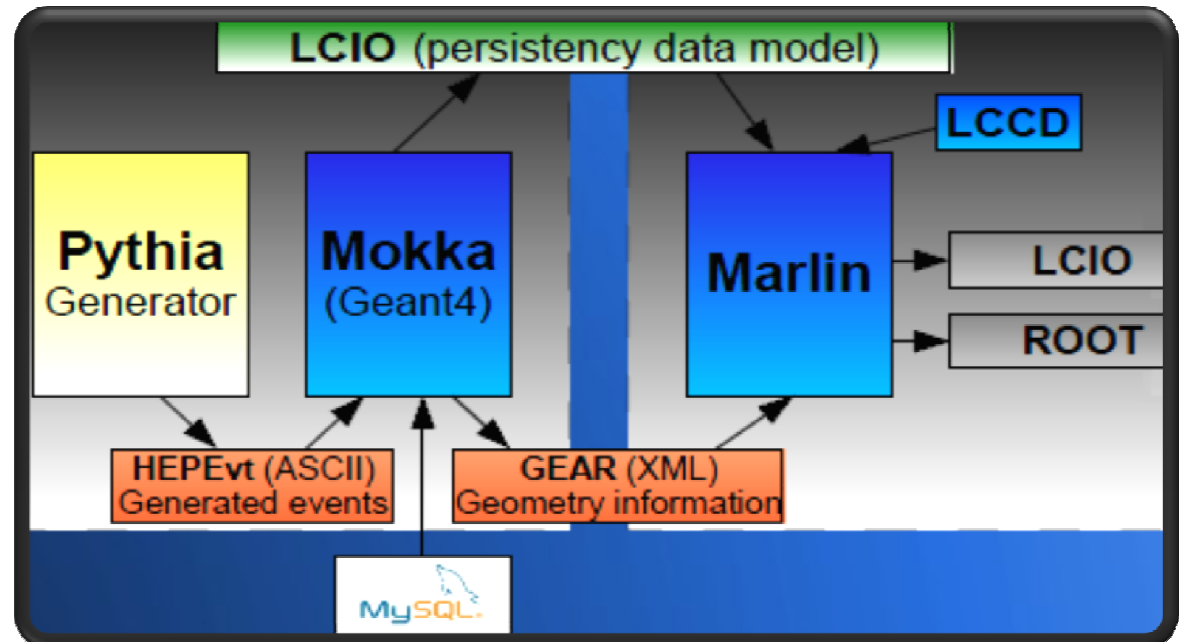
LCG Grid "LHC Computing Grid"

Virtual Organisation (VO) : « CALICE & ILC »

- ✓ <https://grid-voms.desy.de:8443/voms/calice>
- ✓ <https://grid-voms.desy.de:8443/voms/ilc>

CCIN2P3 platform (in France)

ILD data sample for Lol:
fully simulated and
reconstructed for the
ILD_00 detector model



III. Parameters in simulations and analyses

ILD_00 detector:

$M_H = 120 \text{ GeV}$

$\sqrt{s} = 250 \text{ GeV}$

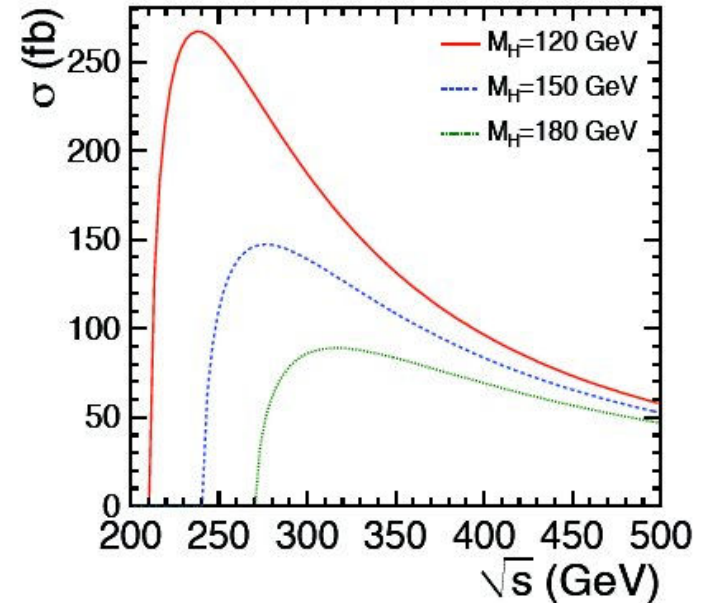
e^+ polarization = 30%

e^- polarization = 80%

$L = 250 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Background:

- Bhabha scattering
- SM events with 4 fermions, including e^+e^-



| Cross section (fb) | e^+e^- beam polarization mode (30%, 80%) | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | (-, -) | (+, -) | (-, +) | (+, +) |
| ZH \rightarrow eeX | 6.77 | 11.11 | 7.48 | 5.12 |
| ee (Bhabha) | $17.28 \cdot 10^6$ | $17.30 \cdot 10^6$ | $17.28 \cdot 10^6$ | $17.28 \cdot 10^6$ |
| 4f \rightarrow eeff | 4 258 | 4 908 | 4 253 | 4 557 |

IV. Event reconstruction

The Higgs mass is calculated from the well known formula:

$$M_H^2 = s + M_Z^2 - 2 E_Z \sqrt{s}$$

Identification of the Z boson:

- Selection of the e^+e^- pair which gives the best mass for the Z boson :

$$M_{Z \text{ reconstructed}} = M_Z \pm 10 \text{ GeV}$$

- Central leptons : $|\cos(\theta_i)| < 0.9$
- Opposite charges

| (+,-) | $L_{\text{simulated}} \text{ (fb}^{-1}\text{)}$ | $N_{\text{simulated}}$ | $N_{\text{reconstructed}}$ | $N_{\text{expected for 250 fb}^{-1}}$ |
|-----------------|---|------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| eeX (Signal) | 1000 | 11 111 | 5 183 | 1 300 |
| ee (Bhabha) | 0.5123 | 8 866 734 | 48 201 | 23 10 ⁶ |

⇒ The Bhabha effect is strongly dominant

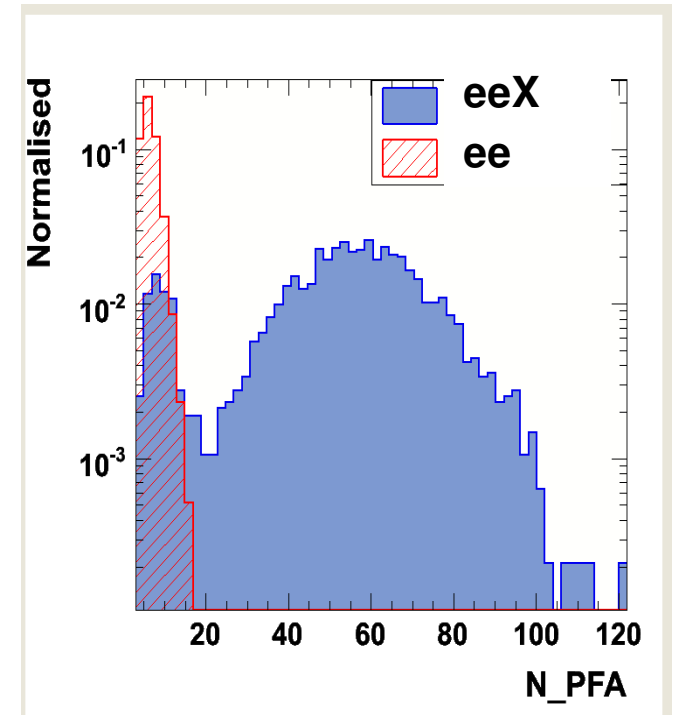
V. Event selection (Bhabha scattering)

Pre-selection : Cut on the number of reconstructed objects $N_{\text{objets}} > 21$

The measurement of the cut efficiency was limited by the MC event number

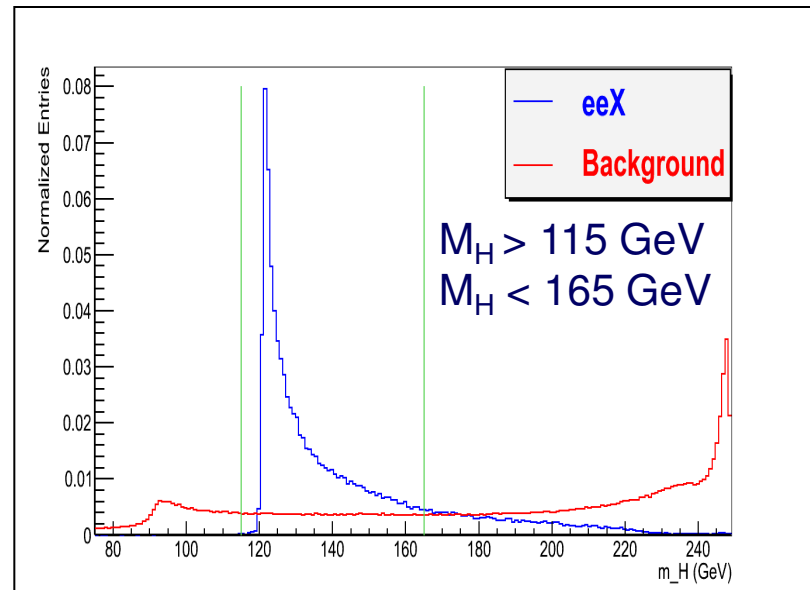
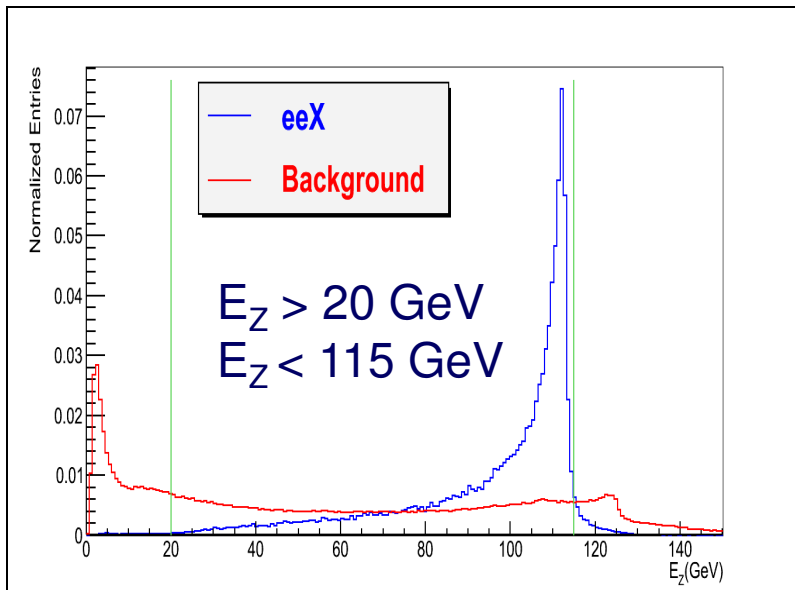
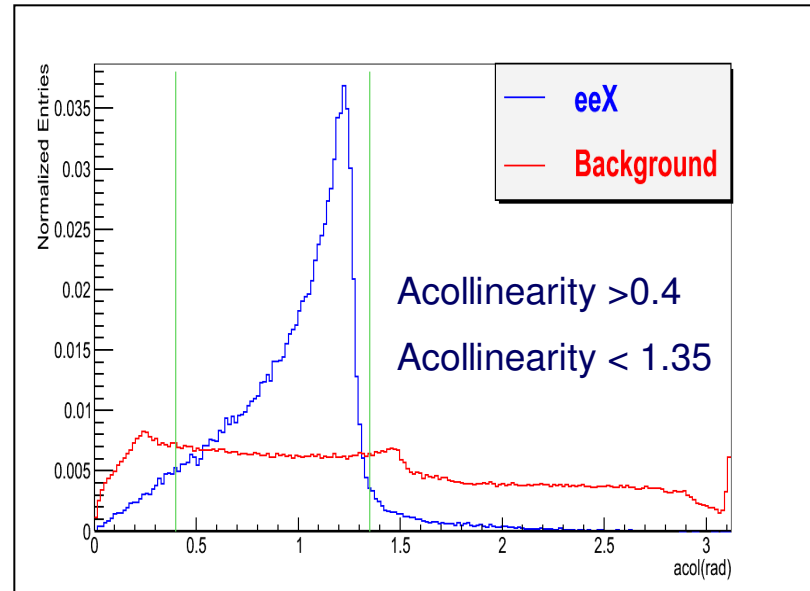
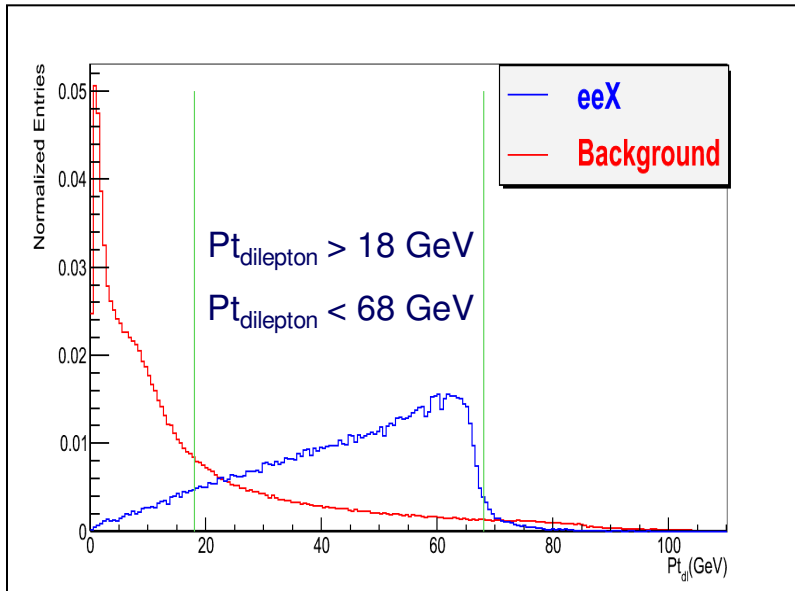
But the Bhabha background can be controlled

⇒ The Bhabha background will be neglected in the following part of this study



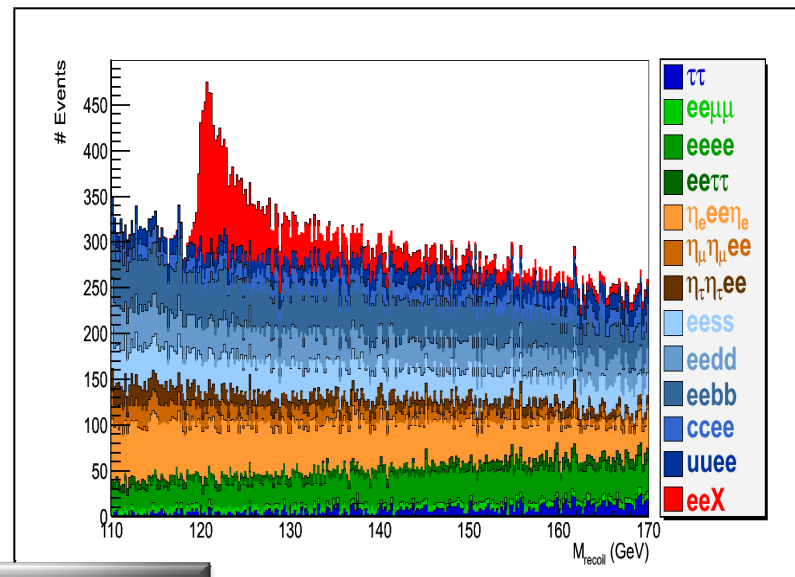
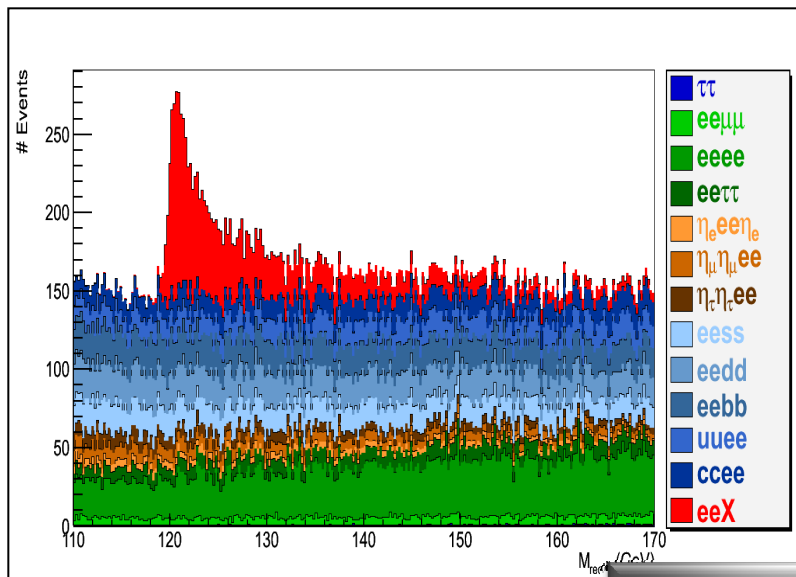
| (+-) | $L_{\text{simulated}} (\text{fb}^{-1})$ | $N_{\text{simulated}}$ | $N_{\text{reconstructed}}$ | $N_{\text{objets}} > 21$ | $N_{\text{objets}} > 21$ (250 fb $^{-1}$) |
|-----------------|---|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| eeX (Signal) | 1 000 | 11 111 | 5 183 | 4 638 | 1 159 |
| ee (Bhabha) | 0.5123 | $8.87 \cdot 10^6$ | 48 201 | 1 | 487 |

VI. Event selection (cuts on kinematic variables)



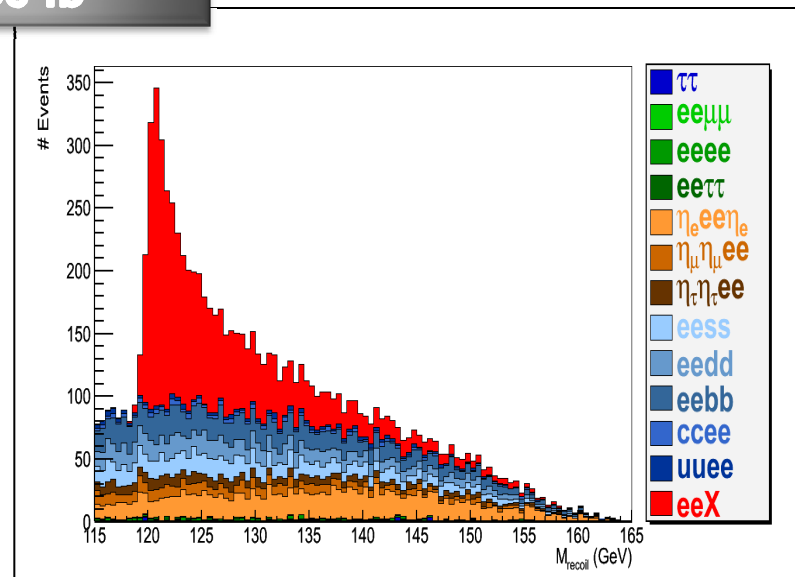
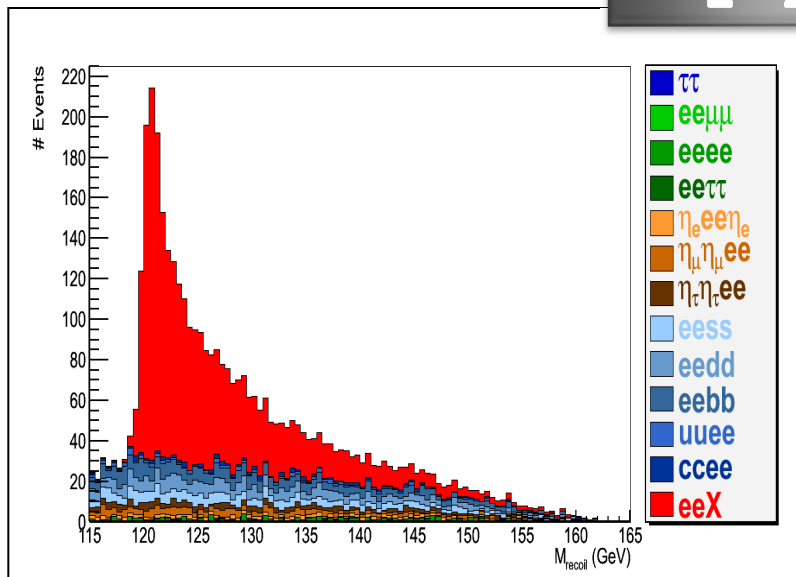
V. Event selection (results)

Before Cuts



$L = 250 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

After Cuts



Polarization mode (+,-)

Polarization mode (-,+)

VII. Reconstruction of the Higgs recoil mass

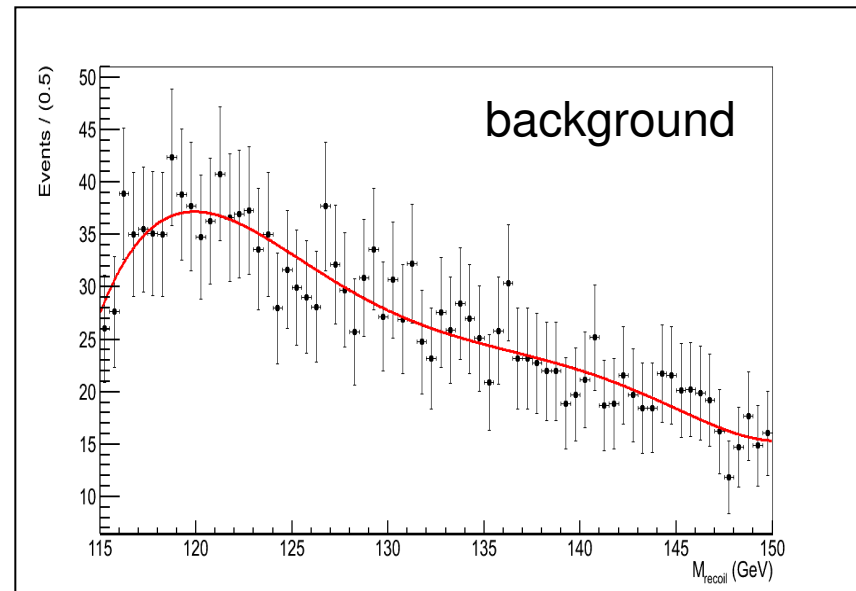
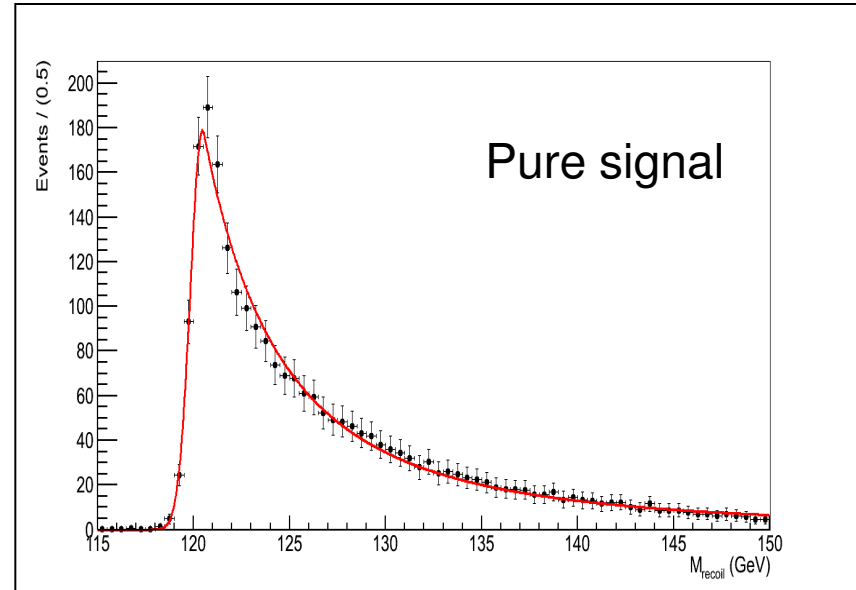
Signal measurement:

$$f(x; \alpha, n, \bar{x}, \sigma) = N \begin{cases} e^{-\frac{(x-\bar{x})^2}{2\sigma^2}} & : \text{pour } \frac{x-\bar{x}}{\sigma} \leq \alpha \\ A \left(B - \frac{x-\bar{x}}{\sigma} \right)^{-n} & : \text{pour } \frac{x-\bar{x}}{\sigma} > \alpha \end{cases}$$

$$A = \left(\frac{n}{|\alpha|} \right)^n e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} \quad \text{et} \quad B = \frac{n}{|\alpha|} - |\alpha|$$

Background measurement:

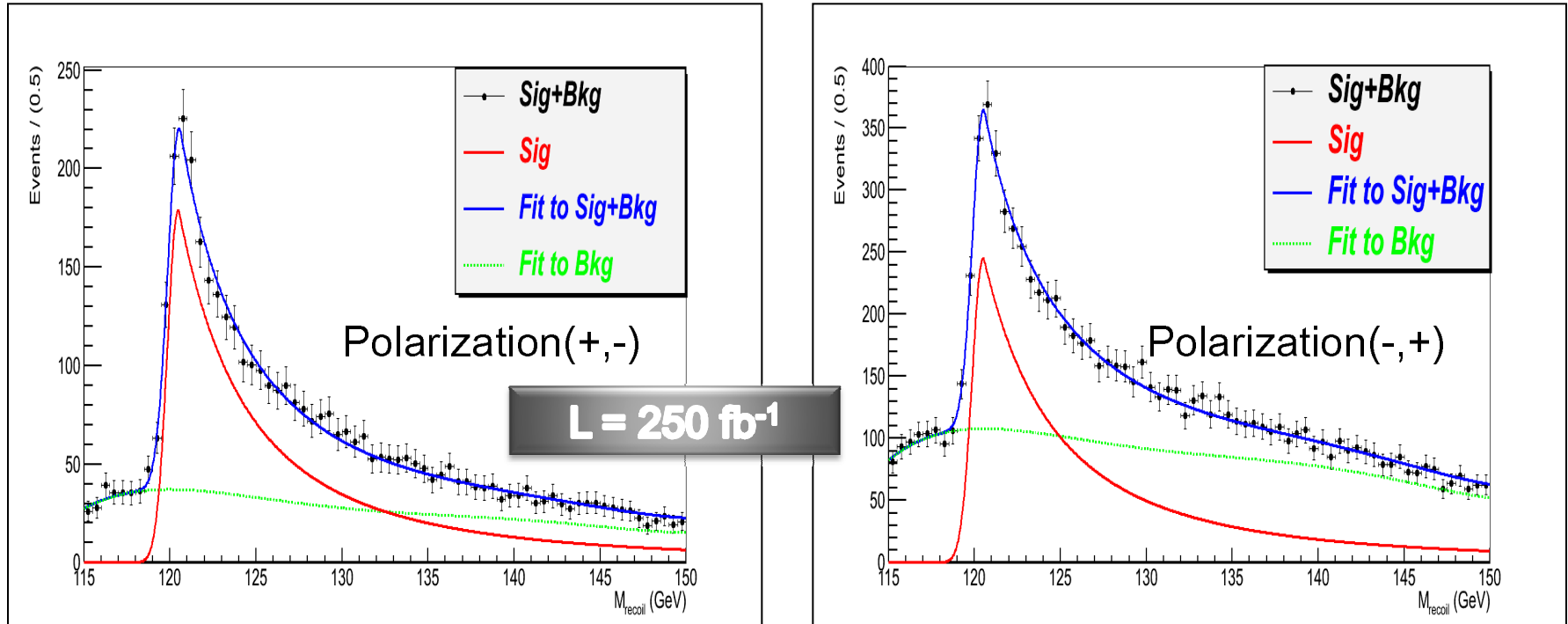
Fitted by a sum of gaussians



Polarization mode (+,-)

VIII. Reconstructed recoil mass

Measurement of the Higgs mass with signal and background:



| | e⁺e⁻ polarization mode (30%, 80%) | | | |
|----------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | (+,-) | | (-,+) | |
| | Only signal | Signal + Bkgrd | Only signal | Signal + Bkgrd |
| M_H (GeV) | 120.464 ± 0.095 | 120.523 ± 0,118 | 120,493 ± 0,081 | 120,513 ± 0.107 |
| σ (MeV) | 0.623 ± 0.058 | 0.634 ± 0.087 | 0.632 ± 0.050 | 0.629 ± 0,080 |

Conclusion

The measurement of the Higgs mass in the channel:

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow e^+e^- + X :$$

- Illustrates the ILC potential for accurate measurements
- The effect of the background is to deteriorate the accuracy on M_H
- For $M_H = 120$ GeV:

$$M_{\text{rec}} = 120.523 \pm 0.118 \text{ GeV (} e^+e^- \text{ polarization (+,-))}$$

$$M_{\text{rec}} = 120.513 \pm 0.107 \text{ GeV (} e^+e^- \text{ polarization (-,+))}$$

- For more information, other studies:

- "HZ Recoil Mass and Cross Section Analysis in ILD", H. Li, R. Pöschl and F. Richard; LAL 09-121, LC-PHSM-2009-006

- H. Li's thesis: "Higgs Recoil Mass and Cross-Section Analysis at ILC and ... "

http://tel.archivesouvertes.fr/index.php?halsid=3t3g7n01u9v1i57j7u7b5fd763&view_this_doc=tel-00430432&version=1