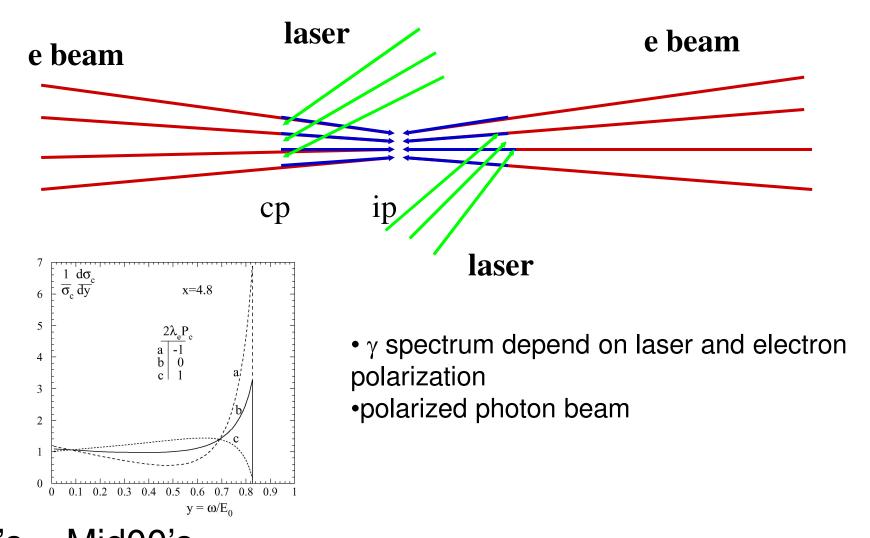
Summary of Gamma-Gamma session

Tohru Takahashi Hiroshima University

> Mar 29. 2009 LCWS10/ILC10

Principle of $\gamma\gamma$ Collider

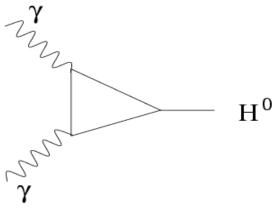


~90's ~ Mid00's Extensive studies on Physics case and Technical Issues



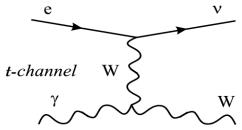
Basic Physics Case for a Low Energy & High Energy PLC already stablish

M.Velasco LCWS08



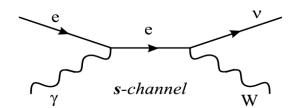


- $M_h=120 \text{ GeV}$ - $\Gamma_{h\rightarrow\gamma\gamma}$ - $Br_{H\rightarrow bb} \rightarrow 2\%$
- $E\gamma \rightarrow WV$ - Γ_W & M_W



High Energy

- M_A & M_H
 - Accessible in low tan β not accessible to LHC and ILC
 - Turn ODD and EVEN states with linear polarization
- $E\gamma \rightarrow W_V$
 - Gauge coupling $K_{\gamma} \& \lambda_{\gamma}$ more precise than at the LHC



After Mid 2000s

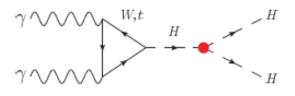
- Toward the realization of photon colliders
 - Technical R&D
 - Laser and optics
 - higher geometric luminosity
- Physics case
 - Beyond basic cases
 - rare processes w/ ultimate luminosity

In This workshop

- One Physics talk (another one submitted to Higgs session) ,,, joint w/ Higgs/EWSB
 - Higgs pair production in gamma gamma collier
 - K. IKEMATSU (KEK)
- Three Technical related talks joint w/ BDS/MDI
 - The design of the cavity laser
 - B. Stuart (LLNL)
 - Status of the optical resonant cavity development
 - Tohru Takahashi

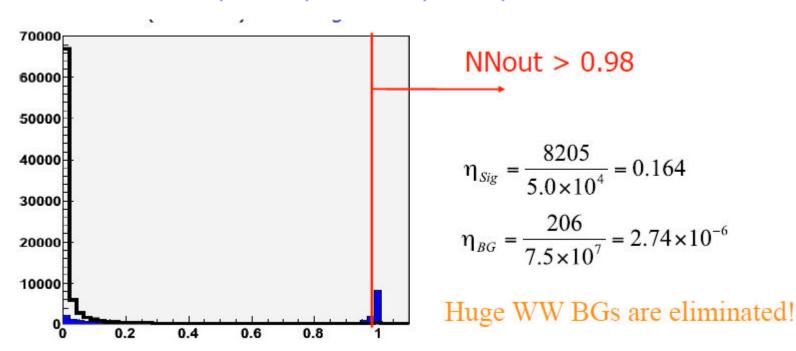
Higs pair in $\gamma\gamma$ colliders

Measurement of Higgs self-coupling constant $\lambda = \lambda_{SM} (1 + \delta_K)$ using $\gamma\gamma$ ->HH process



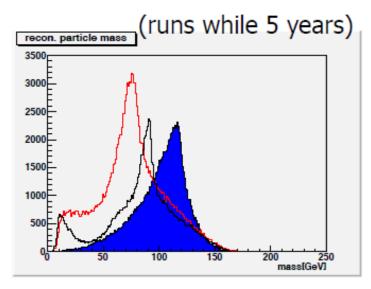
and other diagrams

- Theoretical works by
 - Jikia, Belusevic
 - Asakawa, Harada, Kenemura, Okada, Tsumura

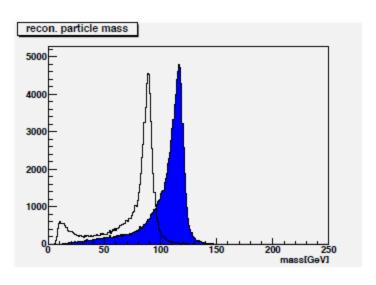


$\gamma\gamma$ ->ZZ showed up

 $\gamma\gamma$ ->ZZ->bbbb has the same final state with $\gamma\gamma$ ->HH->bbbb

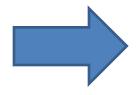


Current jet mass resolution



w/ ideal jet finder

Significance ~5 (5 years) can be obtained



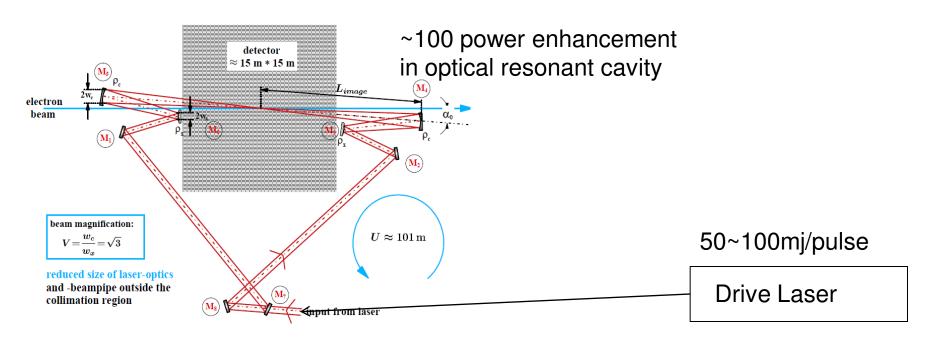
observation of gg->HH may be feasible with better jet finder (vertex info. et.)

Laser for gamma collider

- 5~10J/pulse,
- wave length ~1μm, focus: a few to 10μm,
- synchronize with electron bunches



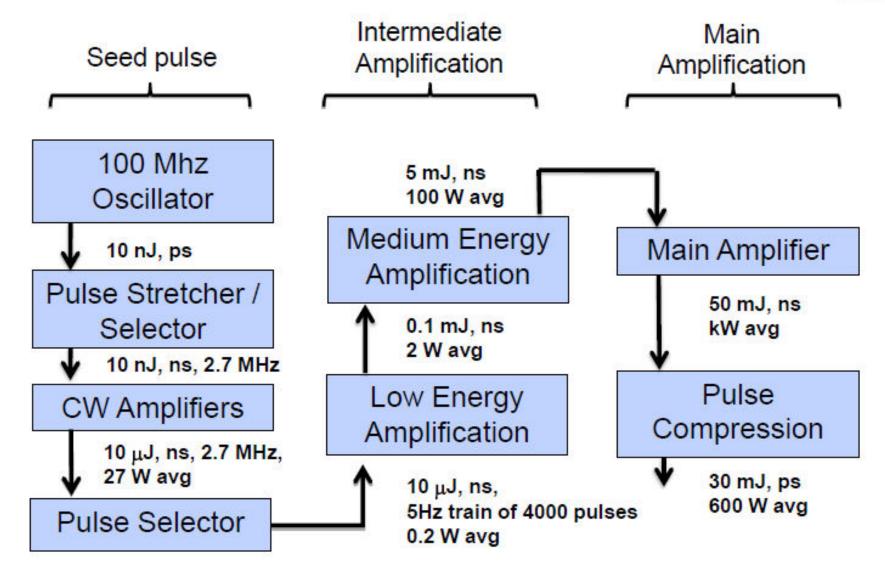
3000 pulses in 1ms



Laser system concept

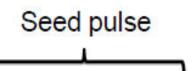


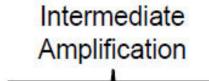


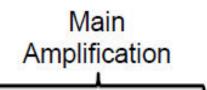


Laser system concept















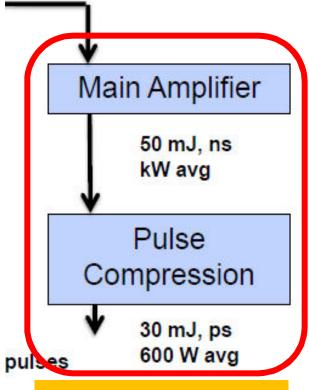




Cutting Edge Optronics' slab pumphead, the Whisper MiniSlab™



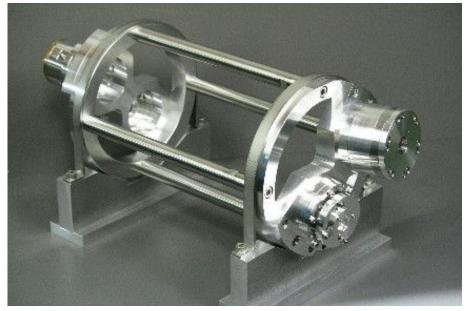
Cutting Edge Optronics RBA PowerPULSE



Conceptual design at LLNL by 2010

Nor for gamma collider but laser compton has wide comunity 2-mirror cavity (Hiroshima / Weseda / Kyoto / IHEP / KEK) 4-mirror cavity

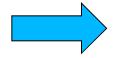




moderate enhancement moderate spot size simple control

demonstration of γ ray gen. accum. exp. w/ cavity and acc.

high enhancement small spot size complicated control



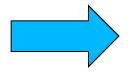
intense γ ray generation

Optical Cavity

• good experience and γ ray demonstration at the ATF with 2 mirror cavity

setp by step and steady improvement

 progress understanding of 4 mirror ring cavity through prototype construction and calculation

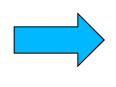


more complicated but interesting feature of 3D cavity

- In near future
 - bunch by bunch information more g ray with
 - 2 M cavity
 - 4M cavity in the ATF ring from LAL this summer

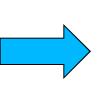
Summary

- ► We see progress in both technical and physics case study
- ▶ personal view
 - -physics case of the ILC depends on the LHC
 - physics case of the gamma collider depend on the LHC and the ILC e+e-



We do need case study but too many "if" to discuss how we could implement it in the ILC program at this moment

need more technical R&D toward the gamma collider



Key technology(= laser compton scattering) has application in wider community (industrial, medical,,,,) working with wide community is a way to keep it on track