

Present Status of GRACE/SUSY-loop

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1. Motivation

- The best candidate for BSM
 - Search for SUSY particles @LHC&ILC
- Precision study @ILC

The accuracy of theoretical prediction should be less than the accuracy of experimental measurement

- 1-loop correction to major possible decays of sfermion and gluino with GRACE/SUSY-loop

2. GRACE system

1. Generates all Feynman diagrams automatically
2. Generates physical amplitudes automatically
3. Incorporates libraries
(Loop integral, Kinematics, etc.)
4. Integrates the matrix element by the adaptive Monte Carlo method (BASES)
5. Does Monte Carlo event generation (SPRING)
6. Enables various self-check for the results
(UV cancellation, IR cancellation, NLG invariance, ...)

Other automatic SUSY 1-loop systems

SloopS(Boudjema et al., 05), FeynArt/Calc(Hahn, 01, 06)

Nonlinear gauge (NLG) fixing terms in the electroweak sector of MSSM

$$L_{\text{gf}} = -\frac{1}{\xi_W} |F_{W^+}|^2 - \frac{1}{2\xi_Z} (F_Z)^2 - \frac{1}{2\xi_\gamma} (F_\gamma)^2 \quad : \text{ gauge fixing terms}$$

$$F_{W^+} = (\partial_\mu + ie\tilde{\alpha}A_\mu + igc_W\tilde{\beta}Z_\mu)W^{+\mu} + i\xi_W \frac{g}{2} (v + \tilde{\delta}_h h^0 + \tilde{\delta}_H H^0 + i\tilde{\kappa}G^0)G^+$$

$$F_Z = \partial_\mu Z^\mu + \xi_Z \frac{g_Z}{2} (v + \tilde{\varepsilon}_h h^0 + \tilde{\varepsilon}_H H^0)G^0 \qquad F_\gamma = \partial_\mu A^\mu$$

Gauge invariant scheme^[1] \rightarrow gauge invariance test
 \rightarrow independence of physical results on NLG parameters

$(\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}, \tilde{\delta}_h, \tilde{\delta}_H, \tilde{\kappa}, \tilde{\varepsilon}_h, \tilde{\varepsilon}_H)$: NLG parameters

\blacktriangleright Extend NLG formalism in section 5

[1] J.Fujimoto et al., Nucl. Phys. (Proc. Suppl.) 157 (2006) 157;
 Phys.Rev.D75, 113002('07)

Renormalization Scheme

Electroweak corrections

* On-Mass-Shell scheme

e.g. $\text{Re} \hat{\Pi}_W(M_W^2) = 0$ $\hat{\Pi}_W(q^2) = \Pi_W(q^2) + \delta M_W^2 - \delta Z_W(q^2 - M_W^2)$

→ mass shifts occur for $h^0, H^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_{2,3,4}^0$

* Sfermion sector

→ residue conditions: $\delta Z_{\tilde{f}\tilde{f}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial q^2} \Sigma(q^2) \Big|_{q^2 \rightarrow m_{\tilde{f}}^2} \equiv \Sigma'(m_{\tilde{f}}^2)$

$\tilde{f}_1 - \tilde{f}_2$ decoupling conditions:

$$\frac{1}{2} \delta Z_{\tilde{f}_i \tilde{f}_j} = - \frac{\Sigma_{\tilde{f}_i \tilde{f}_j}(m_{\tilde{f}_j}^2)}{m_{\tilde{f}_i}^2 - m_{\tilde{f}_j}^2}, \quad i \neq j$$

external wave function: $\delta Z_{\tilde{t}_2 \tilde{t}_2}^{ext} \neq 0, \delta Z_{\tilde{b}_2 \tilde{b}_2}^{ext} \neq 0$

QCD/SUSYQCD corrections

* light quarks(u,d,c,s) and gluon

⇒ DR-bar scheme

→ PDF, parton-shower, ...

* massive quarks(b,t), squark and gluino

⇒ On-Mass-Shell scheme

* IR regularization... $1/\bar{\epsilon}$ (Dimensional)

$$d = 4 - 2\epsilon = 4 + 2\bar{\epsilon}$$

$$C_{UV} = \frac{1}{\epsilon}, \quad C_{IR} = \frac{1}{\bar{\epsilon}}$$

3. Stop decay (2-body decay)

- stop1 decay
 - gluino decay
- } decay widths in the 1-loop order



using the SPS1a' parameter set
in the framework of the MSSM



K.lizuka, et al., POS (RADCOR2009) 068 [hep-ph/1001.2800]

MSSM parameters(SPS1a')

GUT scale
input parameter

$$m_0 = 100 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_{1/2} = 250 \text{ GeV}$$

$$A_0 = -100 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\mu = 399 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\tan \beta = 10$$

$$M\tilde{e}_1 = 126 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{e}_2 = 190 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{\nu}_e = 173 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M\tilde{\mu}_1 = 125 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{\mu}_2 = 190 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{\nu}_\mu = 173 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M\tilde{\tau}_1 = 108 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{\tau}_2 = 195 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{\nu}_\tau = 171 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M\tilde{u}_1 = 546 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{u}_2 = 563 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{d}_1 = 546 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M\tilde{d}_2 = 569 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{c}_1 = 546 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{c}_2 = 563 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M\tilde{s}_1 = 546 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{s}_2 = 569 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{t}_1 = 369 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M\tilde{t}_2 = 584 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{b}_1 = 450 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{b}_2 = 544 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M\tilde{\chi}_1^0 = 98 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{\chi}_2^0 = 185 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{\chi}_3^0 = 405 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M\tilde{\chi}_4^0 = 420 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{\chi}_1^+ = 184 \text{ GeV} \quad M\tilde{\chi}_2^+ = 421 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M\tilde{g} = 610 \text{ GeV} \quad M_{A^0} = 425 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_1 = 100 \text{ GeV} \quad M_2 = 198 \text{ GeV}$$

$$(M_t = 178 \text{ GeV}, M_b = 4.1 \text{ GeV})$$

Possible decay modes

➤ sfermion

$$\tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_i^0, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q'\tilde{\chi}_k^+ \quad i=1,2,3,4 \quad k=1,2$$

(~~$\tilde{q} \rightarrow \tilde{g}q$~~ because of $m_{\tilde{q}} < m_{\tilde{g}}$)

$$\tilde{l} \rightarrow l\tilde{\chi}_i^0, \tilde{l} \rightarrow l'\tilde{\chi}_k^+$$

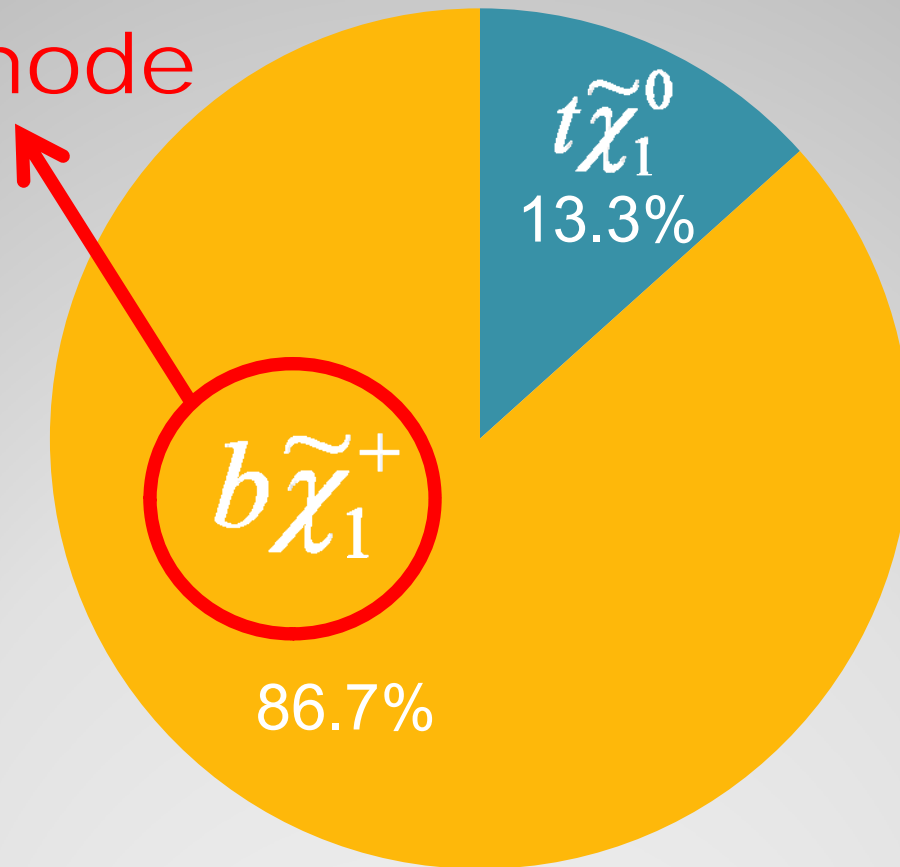
➤ gluino

$$\tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}_j \quad j=1,2$$

(~~$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}_2$~~ because of $m_{\tilde{g}} < m_t + m_{\tilde{t}_2}$)

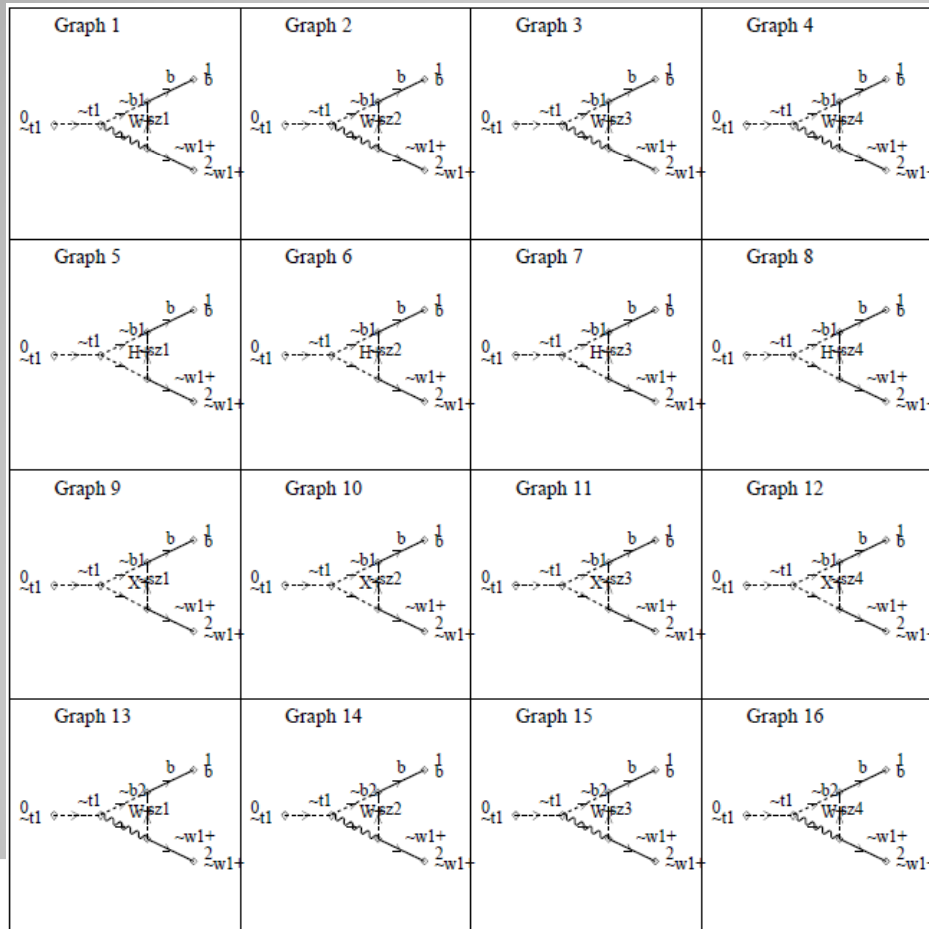
Branching ratio of stop1 decay (tree)

Main mode

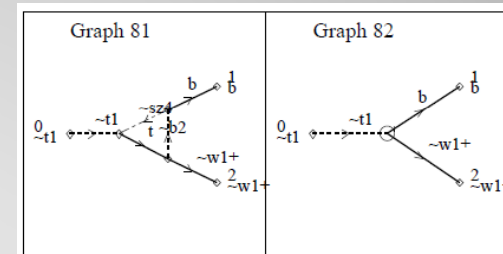


Details of $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^+$ (1)

Feynman diagrams (Electroweak 1-loop)



■ ■ ■



82 diagrams

Details of $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^+$ (2)

✓ Independence of nonlinear gauge parameters (NLG)

$(\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}, \tilde{\delta}_h, \tilde{\delta}_H, \tilde{K}, \tilde{\varepsilon}_h, \tilde{\varepsilon}_H)$: NLG parameters

Case 1 : (0,0,0,0,0,0,0)

unit : [GeV]

Ans = **0.15117115752797127186610833503954323**

Case 2 : (1000,2000,3000,4000,5000,6000,7000)

Ans = **0.15117115752797127186610833480863836**

OK

Details of $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^+$ (3)

✓ Ultraviolet divergence is canceled? (C_{uv} part dependence)

Case 1 : ($C_{uv}=0$)

unit : [GeV]

Ans = **0.15117115752797127186610833503954323**

Case 2 : ($C_{uv}=1000$)

Ans = **0.15117115752797127186590180279397801**

✓ Infrared divergence is canceled? (λ dependence)

λ : fictitious photon mass

unit : [GeV]

Case 1 : ($\lambda=1\times 10^{-24}$)

Ans = **0.15117115752797127186610833503954323**

Case 2 : ($\lambda=1\times 10^{-27}$)

Ans = **0.15117115752797127186610833519080020**

Details of $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^+$ (4)

✓ Electroweak corrections : test of cancellation

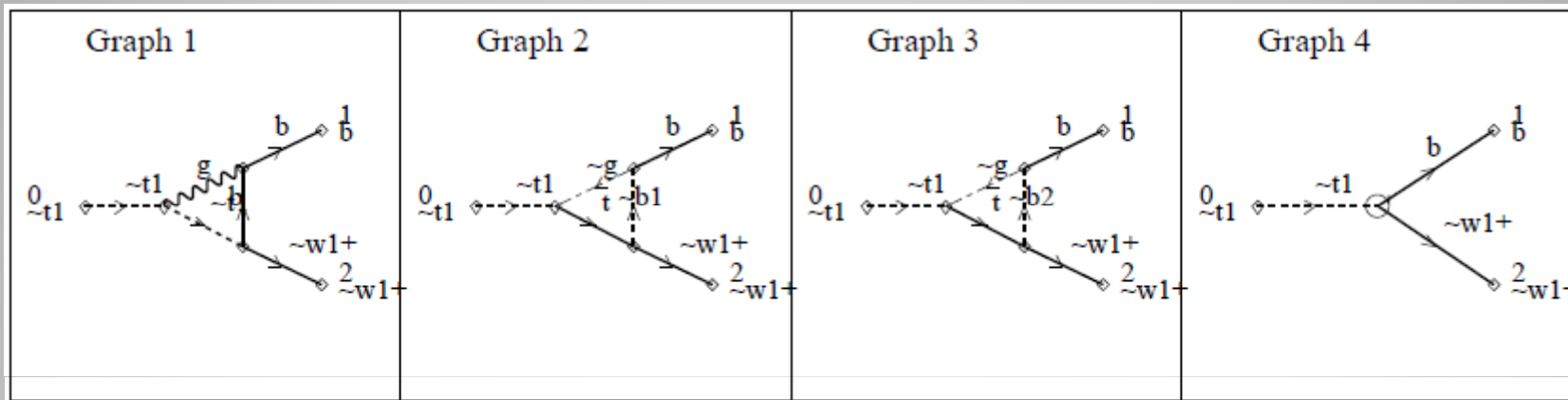
Born : 1.4326728 [GeV]

Table 1: test of cancellation (Electroweak) unit : [GeV]

Cuv	0	1000	0	0
λ	10^{-24}	10^{-24}	10^{-27}	10^{-24}
kc	10^{-3}	10^{-3}	10^{-3}	10^{-5}
loop	-0.06256	-0.06256	-0.09364	-0.06256
soft	0.21373	0.21373	0.24481	0.19301
hard	0.04849	0.04849	0.04849	0.06921
sum	0.19966	0.19966	0.19966	0.19966
correction	13.9%	13.9%	13.9%	13.9% ¹⁵

Details of $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^+$ (5)

Feynman diagrams(QCD 1-loop)



4 diagrams

Details of $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^+$ (6)

✓ Infrared divergence is canceled? (Cir part dependence)

Table2: cancellation check of IR unit : [GeV]

	Cir	
graph No.	0	1000
1	-1.8937129	-299.3588218
2	-0.1893653	-0.1893653
3	-0.0064516	-0.0064516
4 (counter term)	0.8352818	73.8007086
soft	-3.7518778	220.7478043
sum	-5.0061258	-5.0061259

Details of $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^+$ (7)

✓ QCD corrections : Check of cancellation

Born : 1.4326728 [GeV]

Table3: check of cancellation (QCD)

unit : [GeV]

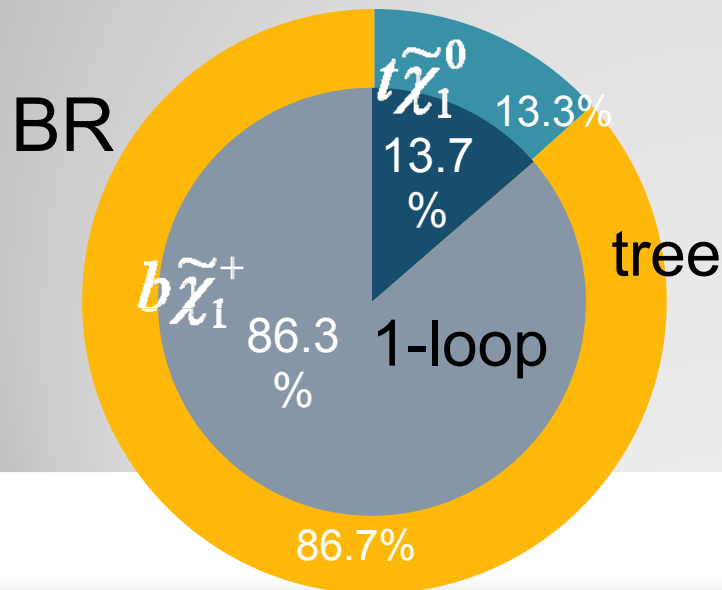
Cuv	0	1	0	0
Cir	0	0	1	0
kc	10^{-3}	10^{-3}	10^{-3}	10^{-4}
loop	-1.254	-1.254	-1.479	-1.254
soft	-3.752	-3.752	-3.527	-4.786
hard	4.905	4.905	4.905	5.939
sum	-0.100	-0.100	-0.100	-0.099
correction	-7.1%	-7.1%	-7.1%	-7.1%

Summary of stop1 decay

Table4: summary of stop1 decay

unit : [GeV]

	tree	$\delta\Gamma$ (QCD)	$\delta\Gamma/\text{tree(QCD)}$	total
		$\delta\Gamma$ (ELWK)	$\delta\Gamma/\text{tree(ELWK)}$	
$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^+$	1.43267	-0.104	-7.1%	6.8%
		0.200	13.9%	
$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0.22067	0.00461	2.1%	9.7%
		0.01681	7.6%	



total decay width

$\Gamma(\text{tree})$: 1.65 [GeV]
$\Gamma(\text{QCD})$: 1.55 [GeV]
$\Gamma(\text{Electroweak})$: 1.87 [GeV]
$\Gamma(\text{1-loop})$: 1.77 [GeV]

4. Stop decay (3-body decay)

□ stop1 decay

decay width in the 1-loop order



using another MSSM parameter set



3-body decay can occur

MSSM parameters

$$M_{\tilde{t}_1} = 278.9 \text{ GeV} - 600 \text{ GeV} \quad M_{\tilde{t}_2} = 600 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_{\tilde{b}_1} = 330 \text{ GeV} \quad M_{\tilde{\nu}} = 317 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 194.58 \text{ GeV} \quad M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^+} = 396.12 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_{\tilde{g}} = 1390 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_2 = 400 \text{ GeV} \quad \mu = -750 \text{ GeV}$$

$$(M_t = 178 \text{ GeV}, M_b = 4.1 \text{ GeV}, M_W = 80.22 \text{ GeV})$$

Experimental limits from Tevatron & LEP2:

$$M_{\tilde{t}_1} > 95.7 \text{ GeV} \quad M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 46 \text{ GeV} \quad M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^+} > 94 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_{\tilde{b}_1} > 89 \text{ GeV} \quad M_{\tilde{g}} > 308 \text{ GeV} \quad M_{\tilde{q}} > 379 \text{ GeV}$$

3-body decay

$$M_{\tilde{t}_1} = 278.9\text{GeV} - 368.6\text{GeV}$$

$$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b W^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^0$$

major decay mode

$$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b l^+ \tilde{\nu}_l$$

minor decay mode

2-body decay

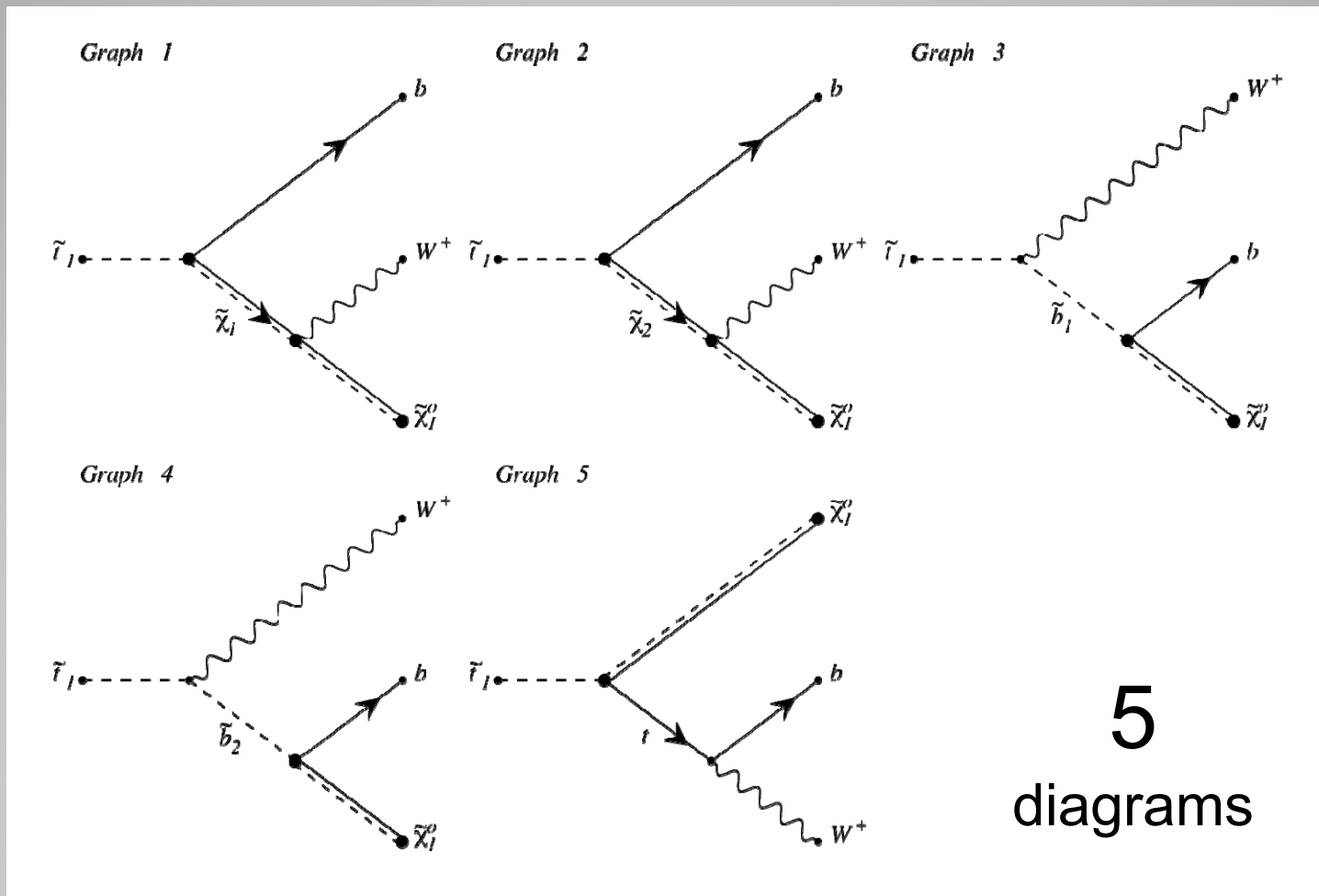
$$M_{\tilde{t}_1} > 368.6\text{GeV}$$

$$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \left(M_{\tilde{t}_1} > M_t + M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 368.6\text{GeV} \right)$$

$$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \left(M_{\tilde{t}_1} > M_b + M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^+} = 400.2\text{GeV} \right)$$

$$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow W \tilde{b}_1 \left(M_{\tilde{t}_1} > M_W + M_{\tilde{b}_1} = 410.2\text{GeV} \right)$$

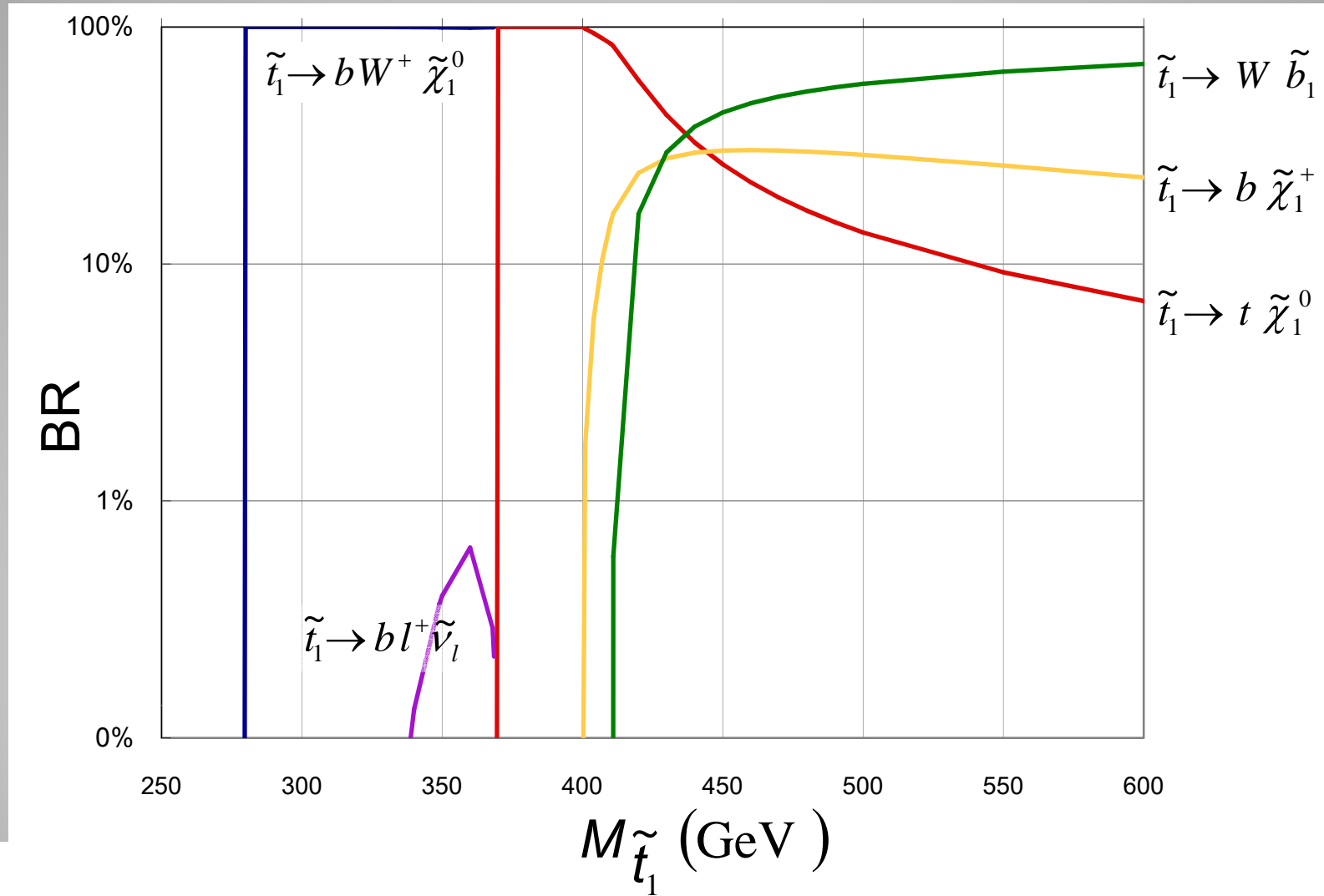
Feynman diagrams $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b W^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (tree)



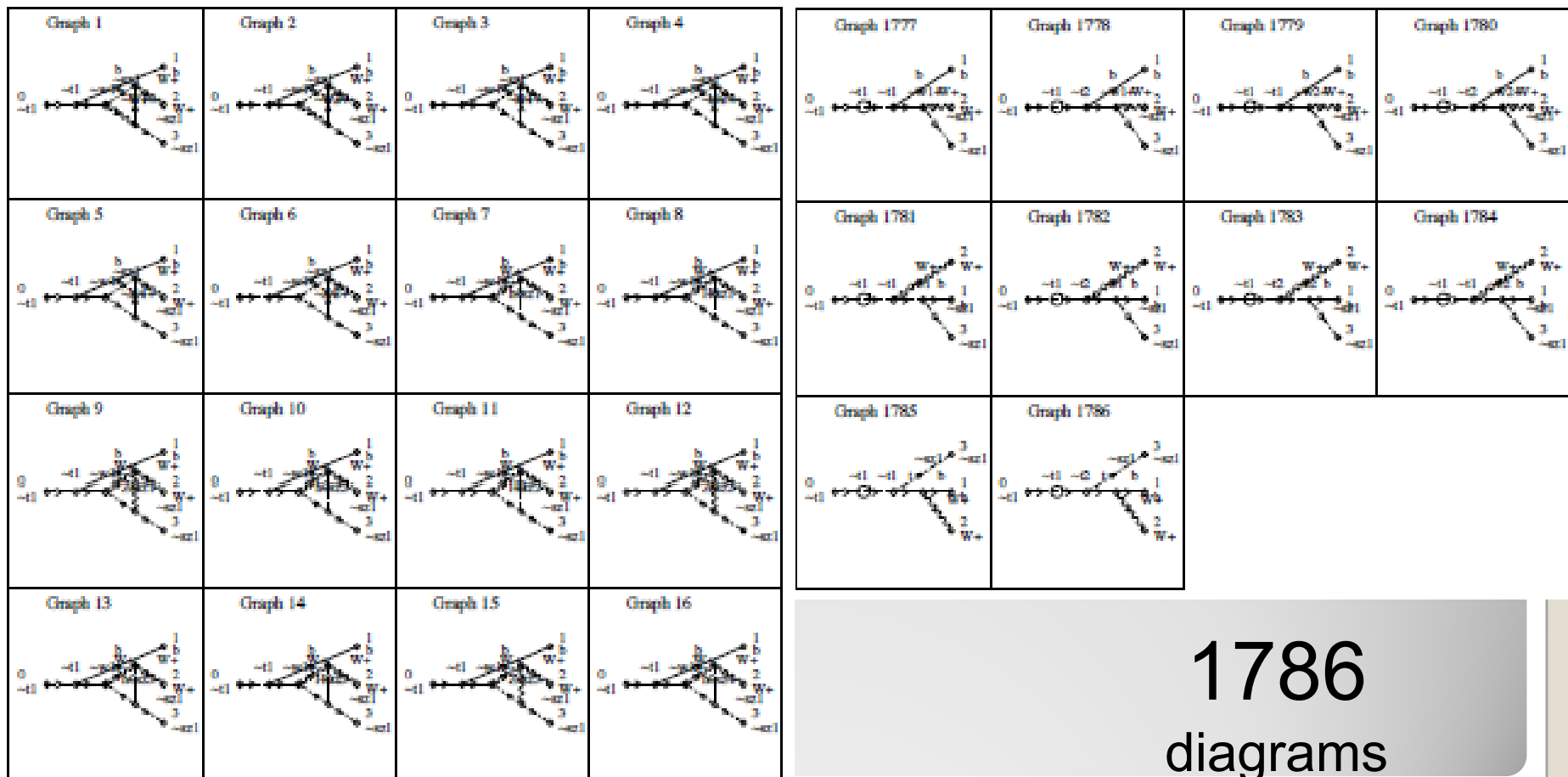
5
diagrams

produced by GRACEFIG

Branching ratio of stop1 decay vs. $M_{\tilde{t}_1}$

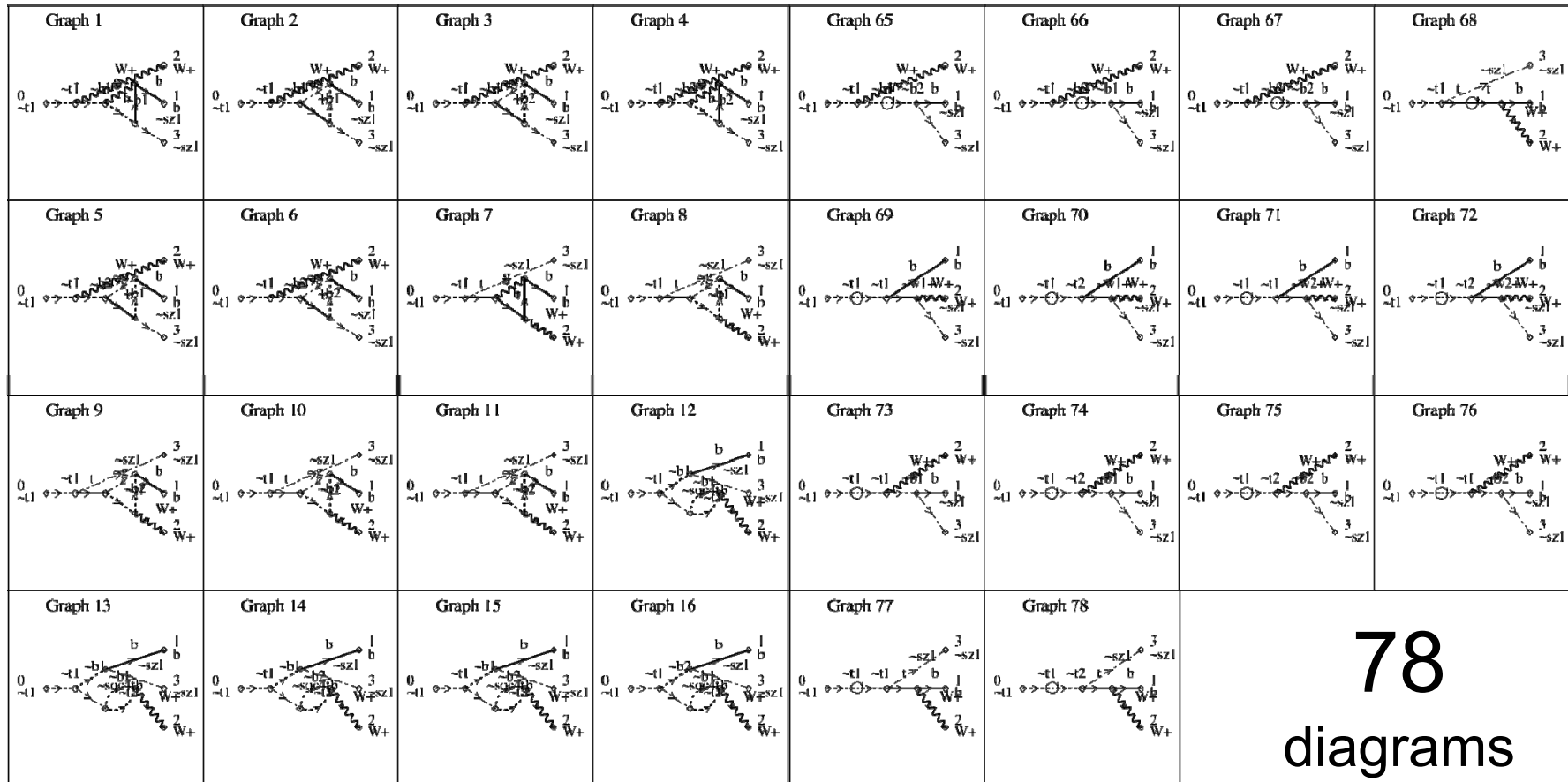


Feynman diagrams (Electroweak 1-loop)

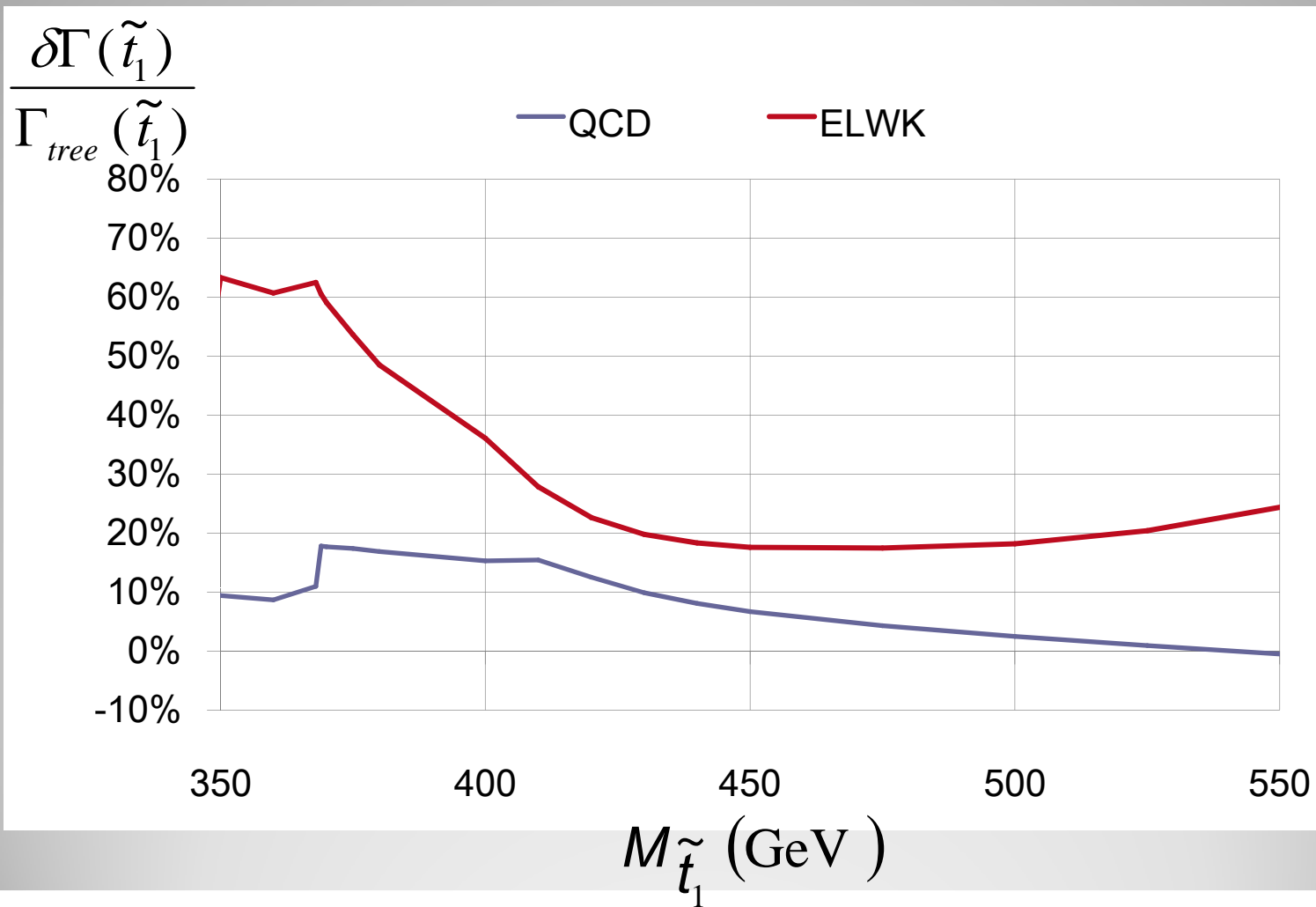


1786
diagrams

Feynman diagrams (QCD 1-loop)



1-loop corrections for total width of stop1 vs. $M_{\tilde{t}_1}$



5. Sfermion-NLG

NLG formalism is extend as follows:

$$F_{W^+} = (\partial_\mu + ie\tilde{\alpha}A_\mu + igc_W\tilde{\beta}Z_\mu)W^{+\mu} + i\xi_W \frac{g}{2} (v + \tilde{\delta}_h h^0 + \tilde{\delta}_H H^0 + i\tilde{k}G^0)G^+$$

$$+ i\xi_W g \left[\sum_{ij} \{ \tilde{c}_{ij}^{du} (\tilde{d}_i^* \tilde{u}_j) + \tilde{c}_{ij}^{sc} (\tilde{s}_i^* \tilde{c}_j) + \tilde{c}_{ij}^{bt} (\tilde{b}_i^* \tilde{t}_j) \} + \sum_i \{ \tilde{c}_i^e (\tilde{e}_i^* \tilde{\nu}_e) + \tilde{c}_i^\mu (\tilde{\mu}_i^* \tilde{\nu}_\mu) + \tilde{c}_i^\tau (\tilde{\tau}_i^* \tilde{\nu}_\tau) \} \right]$$

$$F_{W^-} = (\partial_\mu - ie\tilde{\alpha}A_\mu - igc_W\tilde{\beta}Z_\mu)W^{-\mu} - i\xi_W \frac{g}{2} (v + \tilde{\delta}_h h^0 + \tilde{\delta}_H H^0 - i\tilde{k}G^0)G^-$$

$$- i\xi_W g \left[\sum_{ij} \{ \tilde{c}_{ij}^{ud} (\tilde{u}_i^* \tilde{d}_j) + \tilde{c}_{ij}^{cs} (\tilde{c}_i^* \tilde{s}_j) + \tilde{c}_{ij}^{tb} (\tilde{t}_i^* \tilde{b}_j) \} + \sum_i \{ \tilde{c}_i^e (\tilde{\nu}_e^* \tilde{e}_i) + \tilde{c}_i^\mu (\tilde{\nu}_\mu^* \tilde{\mu}_i) + \tilde{c}_i^\tau (\tilde{\nu}_\tau^* \tilde{\tau}_i) \} \right]$$

$$F_Z = \partial_\mu Z^\mu + \xi_Z \frac{g_Z}{2} (v + \tilde{\varepsilon}_h h^0 + \tilde{\varepsilon}_H H^0)G^0$$

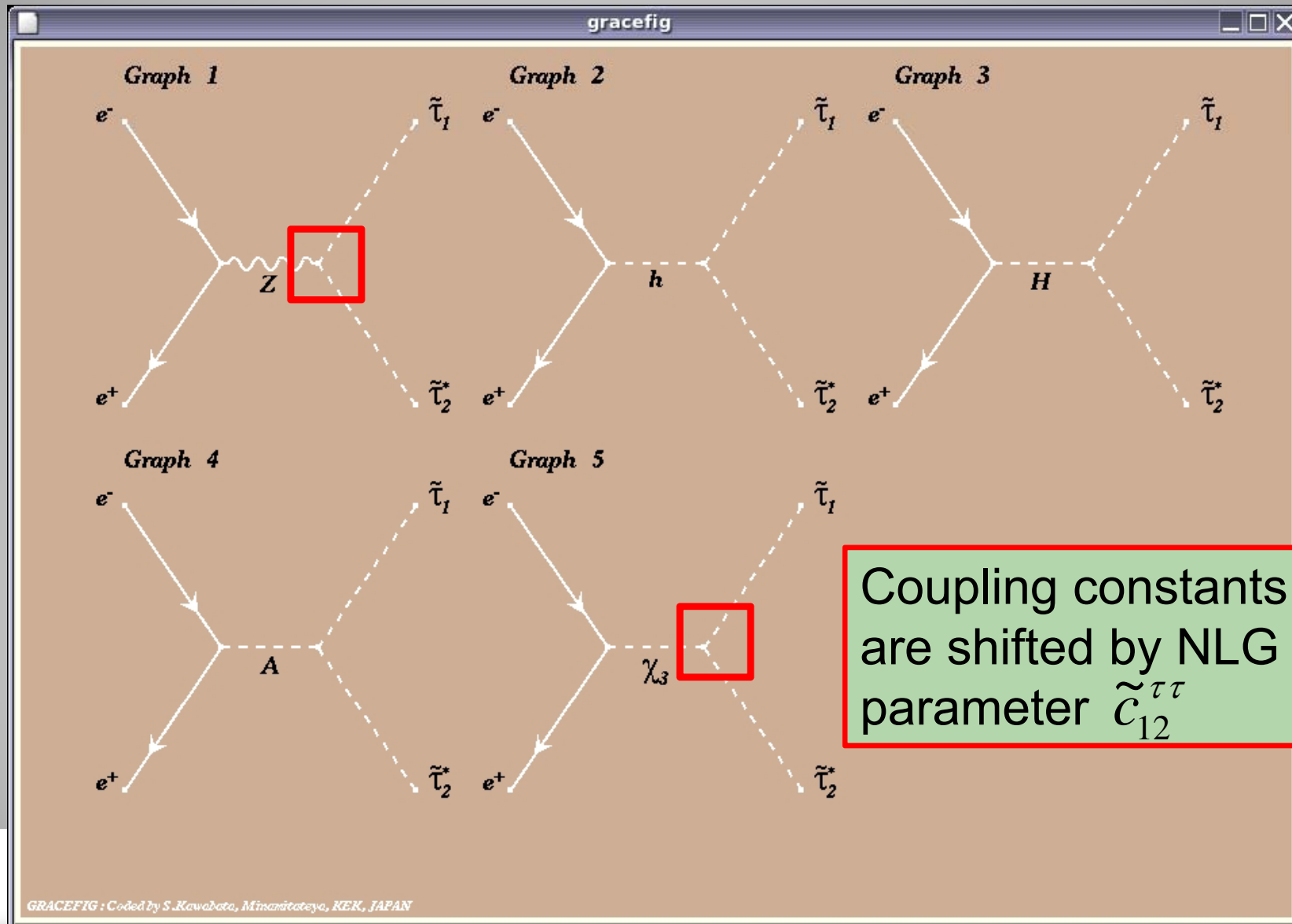
$$+ \xi_Z g_Z \left[\sum_{ij} \{ \tilde{c}_{ij}^{uu} (\tilde{u}_i^* \tilde{u}_j) + \tilde{c}_{ij}^{dd} (\tilde{d}_i^* \tilde{d}_j) + \tilde{c}_{ij}^{cc} (\tilde{c}_i^* \tilde{c}_j) + \tilde{c}_{ij}^{ss} (\tilde{s}_i^* \tilde{s}_j) + \tilde{c}_{ij}^{tt} (\tilde{t}_i^* \tilde{t}_j) + \tilde{c}_{ij}^{bb} (\tilde{b}_i^* \tilde{b}_j) \} \right. \\ \left. + \tilde{c}^{\nu_e \nu_e} (\tilde{\nu}_e^* \tilde{\nu}_e) + \tilde{c}^{\nu_\mu \nu_\mu} (\tilde{\nu}_\mu^* \tilde{\nu}_\mu) + \tilde{c}^{\nu_\tau \nu_\tau} (\tilde{\nu}_\tau^* \tilde{\nu}_\tau) + \sum_{ij} \{ \tilde{c}_{ij}^{ee} (\tilde{e}_i^* \tilde{e}_j) + \tilde{c}_{ij}^{\mu\mu} (\tilde{\mu}_i^* \tilde{\mu}_j) + \tilde{c}_{ij}^{\tau\tau} (\tilde{\tau}_i^* \tilde{\tau}_j) \} \right]$$

Vertices are tested in tree-level order

tested processes	NLG parameters
$\tilde{\nu}_\tau + \tilde{\nu}_\tau^* \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + \tilde{\nu}_\tau^*$	$\tilde{c}^{\nu_\tau \nu_\tau} = \text{param}$
$\tilde{\nu}_\tau + \tilde{\nu}_\tau^* \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_i + \tilde{\tau}_j^* (i, j = 1, 2)$	$\tilde{c}^{\nu_\tau \nu_\tau} = \text{param}, \tilde{c}_{ij}^{\tau\tau} = 1$
$\tilde{\nu}_\tau + \tilde{\nu}_\tau^* \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_i + \tilde{\tau}_j^* (i, j = 1, 2)$	$\tilde{c}_i^\tau = \text{param} (, \tilde{c}_j^\tau = \text{param})$
$\tilde{\tau}_i + \tilde{\tau}_j^* \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_k + \tilde{\tau}_l^* (i, j, k, l = 1, 2)$	$\tilde{c}_{ij}^{\tau\tau} = \text{param} (, \tilde{c}_{kl}^{\tau\tau} = 1)$
$\tilde{\nu}_\tau + \tilde{\nu}_\tau^* \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\mu + \tilde{\nu}_\mu^*$	$\tilde{c}^{\nu_\tau \nu_\tau} = \text{param}, \tilde{c}^{\nu_\mu \nu_\mu} = 1$
$\tilde{\nu}_\tau + \tilde{\nu}_\tau^* \rightarrow \tilde{\mu}_i + \tilde{\mu}_j^* (i, j = 1, 2)$	$\tilde{c}^{\nu_\tau \nu_\tau} = 1, \tilde{c}_{ij}^{\mu\mu} = \text{param}$
$\tilde{\nu}_\tau^* + \tilde{\tau}_i \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\mu^* + \tilde{\mu}_j (i, j = 1, 2)$	$\tilde{c}_j^\mu = \text{param}, \tilde{c}_i^\tau = 1$
$\tilde{\tau}_i^* + \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow \tilde{\mu}_j^* + \tilde{\nu}_\mu (i, j = 1, 2)$	$\tilde{c}_j^\mu = \text{param}, \tilde{c}_i^\tau = 1$
$\tilde{\tau}_i + \tilde{\tau}_j^* \rightarrow \tilde{\mu}_k + \tilde{\mu}_l^* (i, j, k, l = 1, 2)$	$\tilde{c}_{ij}^{\tau\tau} = \text{param}, \tilde{c}_{kl}^{\mu\mu} = 1$

param=-2000, -1000, 0, 1000, 2000

Example $e^- + e^+ \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 + \tilde{\tau}_2^*$



Parameters:

$$M\tilde{\tau}_1 = 495.8363\text{GeV} \quad M\tilde{\tau}_2 = 508.2332\text{GeV} \quad (M_e = 300\text{GeV})$$

Numerical results ($\sqrt{s} = 1500\text{GeV}$)

$$\tilde{C}_{12}^{\tau\tau} = \begin{cases} 0: \text{ANS} = 8.9792964724402614470699931753014867 \\ 10000: \text{ANS} = 8.979296472440261447069993175301\mathbf{3881} \end{cases}$$



$$\tilde{C}_{12}^{\tau\tau} = 0:$$

M(1, 1)=
0.10269237512119918812995945384209772E-02
M(1, 4)=
-0.38529019804590944104014323681077317E-03
M(1, 5) =
-0.29070005693539901125229604898770801E-05
M(4, 5)=
0.10425754169753368492956162927317175
M(5, 5)=
0.78661937057133369193446324698668517E-03

$$\tilde{C}_{12}^{\tau\tau} = 10000:$$

M(1, 1)=
0.10269 $\mathbf{449195937336652852973634412653}$ E-02
M(1, 4)=
-0. $\mathbf{66404570223518680945209228534251260}$ E-03
M(1, 5) =
-0. $\mathbf{50235966130396134337994982683375445}$ E-05
M(4, 5)=
0.104 $\mathbf{53629720172296229797357832170511}$
M(5, 5)=
0.7 $\mathbf{9083139427696315459131349752335842}$ E-03

6. Summary

- ✓ QCD and Electroweak 1-loop corrections for 2-body and 3-body decays of lighter stop
 - ➔ calculated by GRACE/SUSY-loop
- ✓ $\delta\Gamma(\text{Electroweak}) > \delta\Gamma(\text{QCD})$: possible originated from large Yukawa correction of top
- ✓ NLG formalism is extend
 - ➔ including sfermion bilinear forms
 - ➔ tests are completed in tree-level order