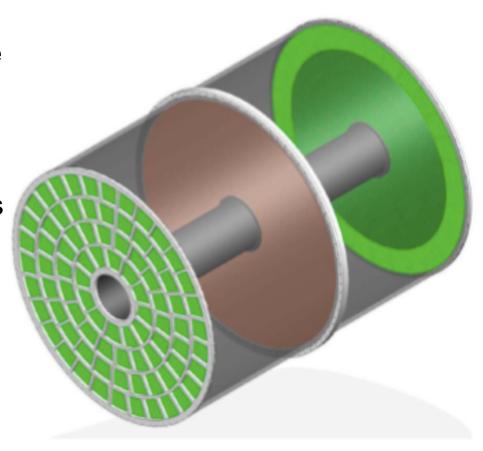
TPC Status in Mokka

Steve Aplin DESY

ILD Software Meeting 27th January 2010

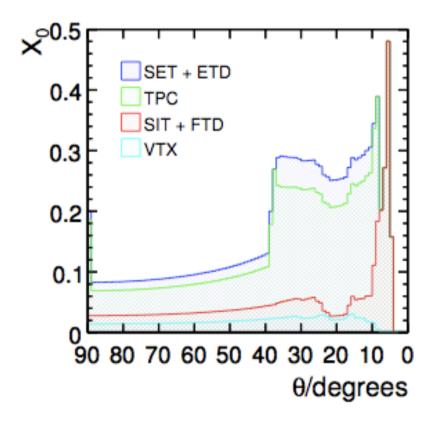
Material

- Structure Aluminium Frame
- Gas Argon Mixture
- Cathode Copper, Mylar
- End-Plate is currently described as sequential discs of appropriate material e.g. copper, air, G10
- Field cage is described as homogenous cylinders



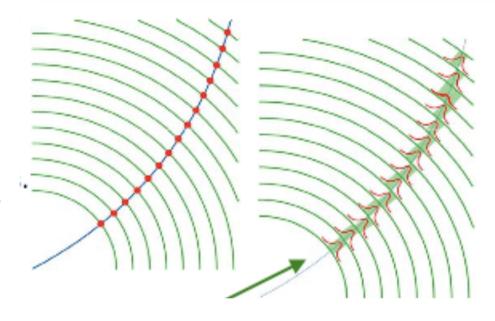
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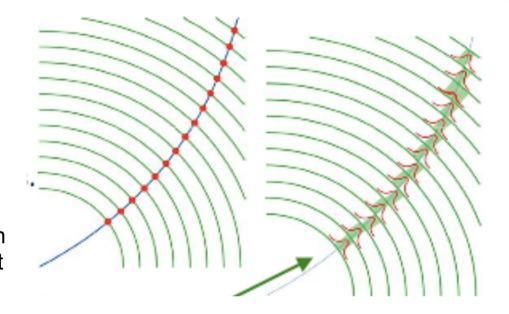
Digitisation

- TPC SimHits are produced in three types
- A separation is made between tracks which cross several pad rings and very low energy, "micro curlers"
 - for high energy tracks a hit is produced at the point where the track crosses the mid point of the pad ring
 - also for high energy tracks a hit is produced if it travels more than 10mm without traversing any boundary
 - very low pt tracks simply produce a hit every 10mm
- Need to clean up the use of TPCCut



Digitisation

- Parameterised resolution
- This should hold for different technology options
- There remains the need to address a more detailed simulation of the signal development.
- Although this more detailed simulation would not be used for mass production and will probably be done in LCTPC. It is also important for dE/dx.



	$\sigma_{r-\phi}/\mu\mathrm{m}$	$\sigma_z/\mu\mathrm{m}$		$\sigma_{r-\phi}/\mu\mathrm{m}$	$\sigma_z/\mu\mathrm{m}$
VTX	2.8	2.8	FTD	5.8	5.8
SIT/SET	7.0	50.0	ETD	7.0	7.0
TPC	$\sigma_{r\phi}^2 = 50^2 + 900^2 \sin^2 \phi + ((25^2/22) \times (4/B)^2 \sin \theta) z \mu\text{m}^2$				
	$\sigma_z^2 = 40^2 + 8^2 \times z \mu \text{m}^2$				