#### Status of the strip *clustering* k. kotera, shinshu-u, 10th December 2009 Physics Software meeting of ILD Asia

# Status until the last meeting $\sqrt{s=91 \text{ GeV uds}}$





#### Without any tune for WcECAL,

mean of energy for ScECAL is larger with factor 1.4 than for SiECAL. Large RMS for ScECAL is caused by difference of energy response between the barrel and the end-caps. These are consistent with ....

\_4 :

#### Deposited energy by 100 k events 10 GeV photons dep.on z



- z dependence of deposited energy in SiECAL is reasonable and it is removed in the reconstruction process using two factor for the layers.
  Both ScECAL and SiECAL are affected by the field, but larger for ScECAL. → I temporarily made two factors of response for the barrel
- and the end-cap. The factor I calculated for SiECAL is similar as the default value of MarlinReco.

#### Status

- 1. I found the ProcessorParameter to set the response factor in SimpleCaloDigi.cc in MarlinReco.
- 2. I added a new ProcessorParameter which set the ratio of response factor between the barrel and the end-cap, in SimpleCaloDisi.cc. However, it does not work so far.
- 3. Still Marlin is trapped in some loop in several events even using Pre-2009-11-24 version.

#### Plan

- 1. fix the problem with using new Processor Parameter.
- fix the infinite loop problem occurring in some events, this is not the case for Miyamoto-san (I'm going to KEK 18th - 20th Dec).
- 3. merging tiles to make strip ScWECAL,
- 4. developing the strip clustering algorithm,
- 5. comparing the performance between tile ScWECAL and strip ScWECAL,
- 6. comparing the performance between SiECAL and ScWECAL.

### backup

### Sc/SI ECAL parameter

- Ecal\_Barrel\_halfZ = 2350
- Ecal\_Sc\_thickness = 2.
- Ecal\_Slab\_H\_fiber\_thickness = 0.55
- Ecal\_Slab\_PCB\_thickness = 0.8
- Ecal\_Slab\_copper\_thickness = 0.4
- Ecal\_Slab\_glue\_gap = 0.1
- Ecal\_Slab\_ground\_thickness = 0.1
- Ecal\_Slab\_shielding = 0.1
- Ecal\_barrel\_number\_of\_towers = 5
- Ecal\_cables\_gap = 100.
- Ecal\_cells\_size = 4.9
- Ecal\_fiber\_thickness = .15
- Ecal\_front\_face\_thickness = 2
- Ecal\_guard\_ring\_size = 0.010
- Ecal\_lateral\_face\_thickness = 2
- Ecal\_nlayers1 = 14
- Ecal\_nlayers2 = 13
- Ecal\_radiator\_layers\_set1\_thickness = 3.0
- Ecal\_radiator\_layers\_set2\_thickness = 3.0
- Ecal\_radiator\_material = tungsten
- Ecal\_sensitive\_material = polystyrene
- Ecal\_support\_thickness = 9.3

- Ecal\_Barrel\_halfZ = 2350
- Ecal\_Si\_thickness = .5
- Ecal\_Slab\_H\_fiber\_thickness = 0.55
- Ecal\_Slab\_PCB\_thickness = 0.8
- Ecal\_Slab\_copper\_thickness = 0.4
- Ecal\_Slab\_glue\_gap = 0.1
- Ecal\_Slab\_ground\_thickness = 0.1
- Ecal\_Slab\_shielding = 0.1
- Ecal\_barrel\_number\_of\_towers = 5
- Ecal\_cables\_gap = 100.
- Ecal\_cells\_size = 4.9
- Ecal\_fiber\_thickness = .15
- Ecal\_front\_face\_thickness = 2
- Ecal\_guard\_ring\_size = 0.5
- Ecal\_lateral\_face\_thickness = 2
- Ecal\_nlayers1 = 20
- Ecal\_nlayers2 = 9
- Ecal\_radiator\_layers\_set1\_thickness = 2.1
- Ecal\_radiator\_layers\_set2\_thickness = 4.2
- Ecal\_radiator\_material = tungsten
- Ecal\_sensitive\_material = silicon\_2.33gccm
- Ecal\_support\_thickness = 9.3

## 10 GeV photons





ScEcal

SiEcal

ratio of mean of energy, ScECAL:SiEcAL=1.5:1