

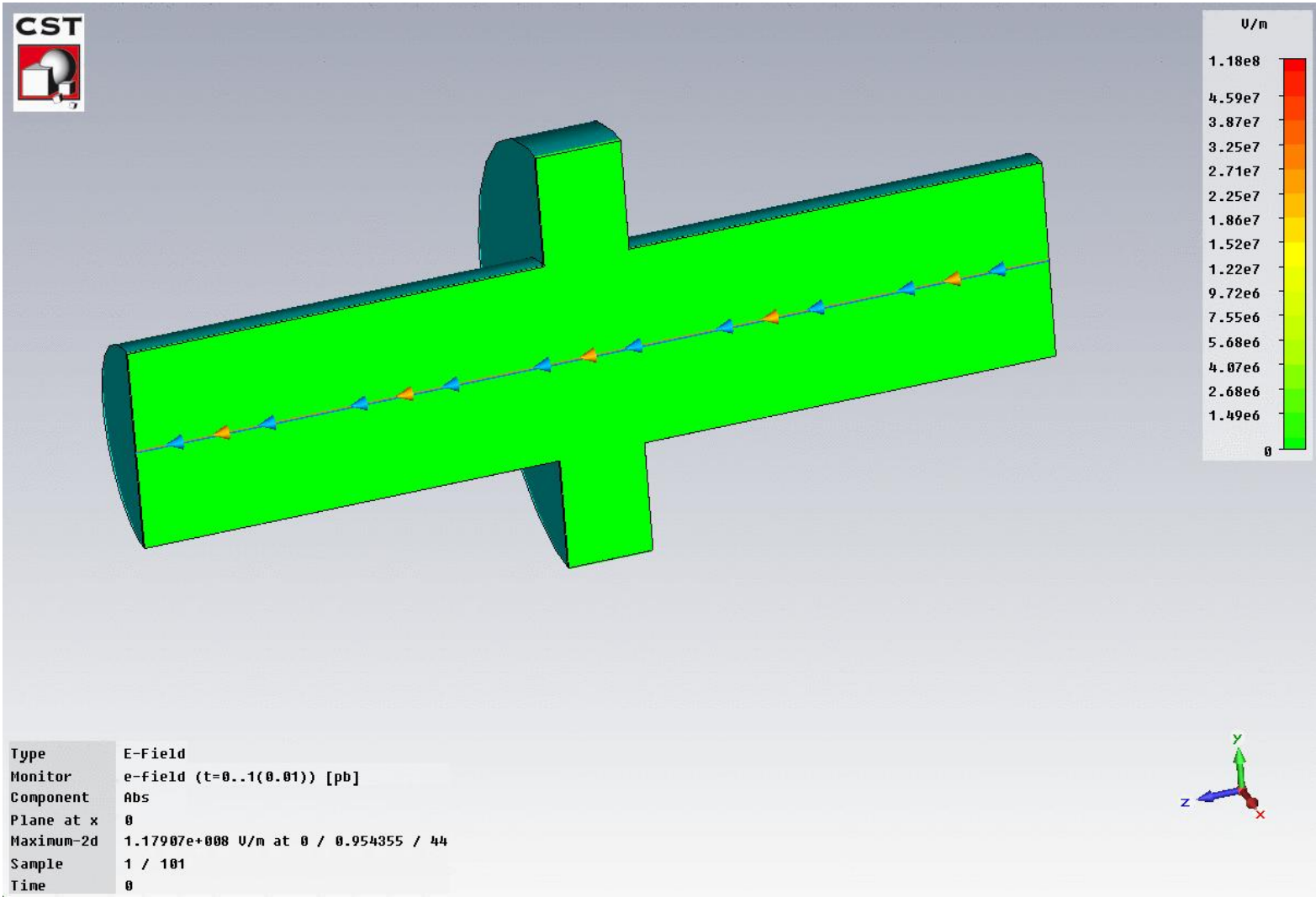
# Wakefield illustrations

30/10/2010

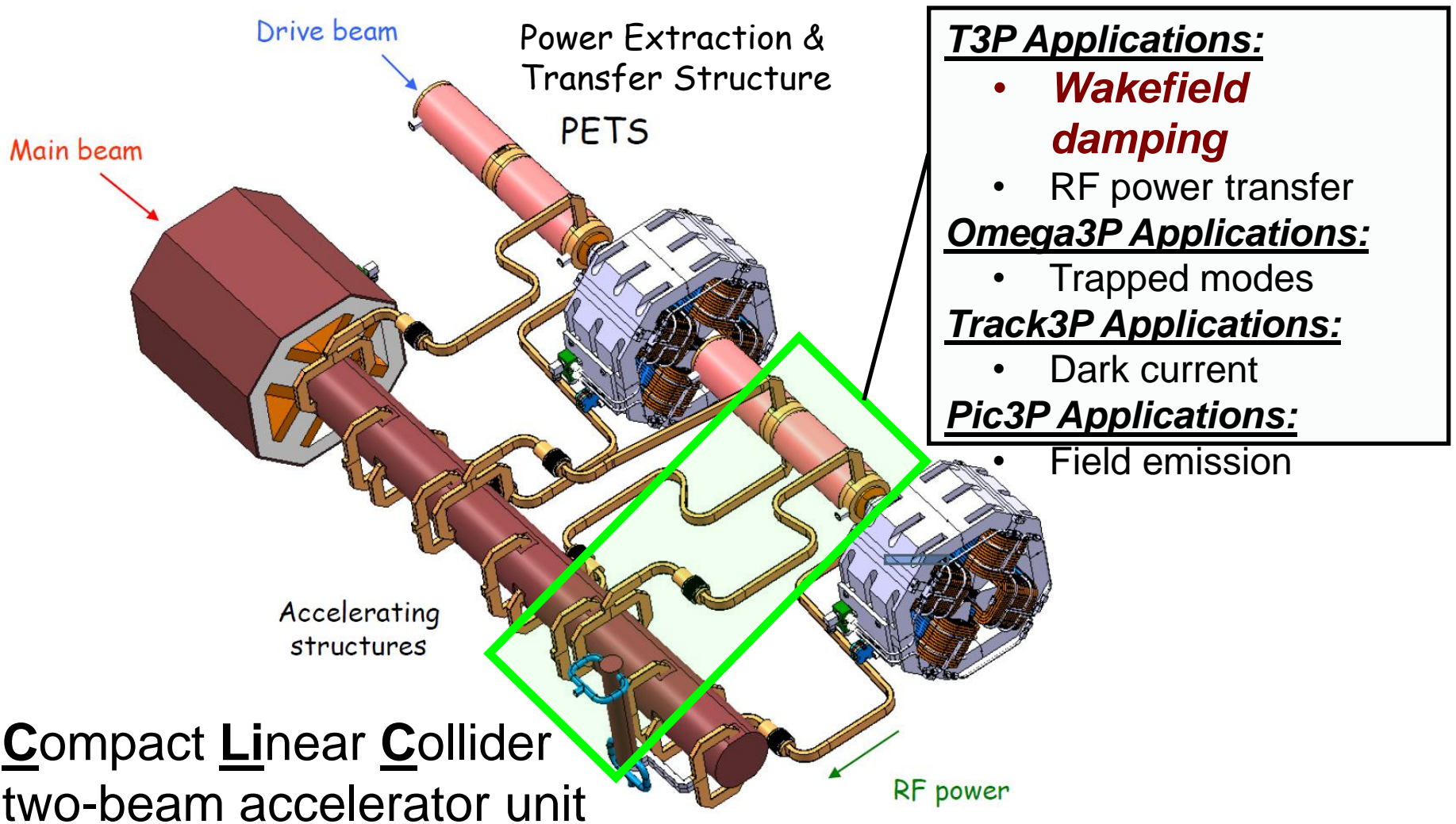
A.Grudiev

5<sup>th</sup> IASLC, Villars-sur-Ollon, CH

# Bunch passage through the pillbox cavity



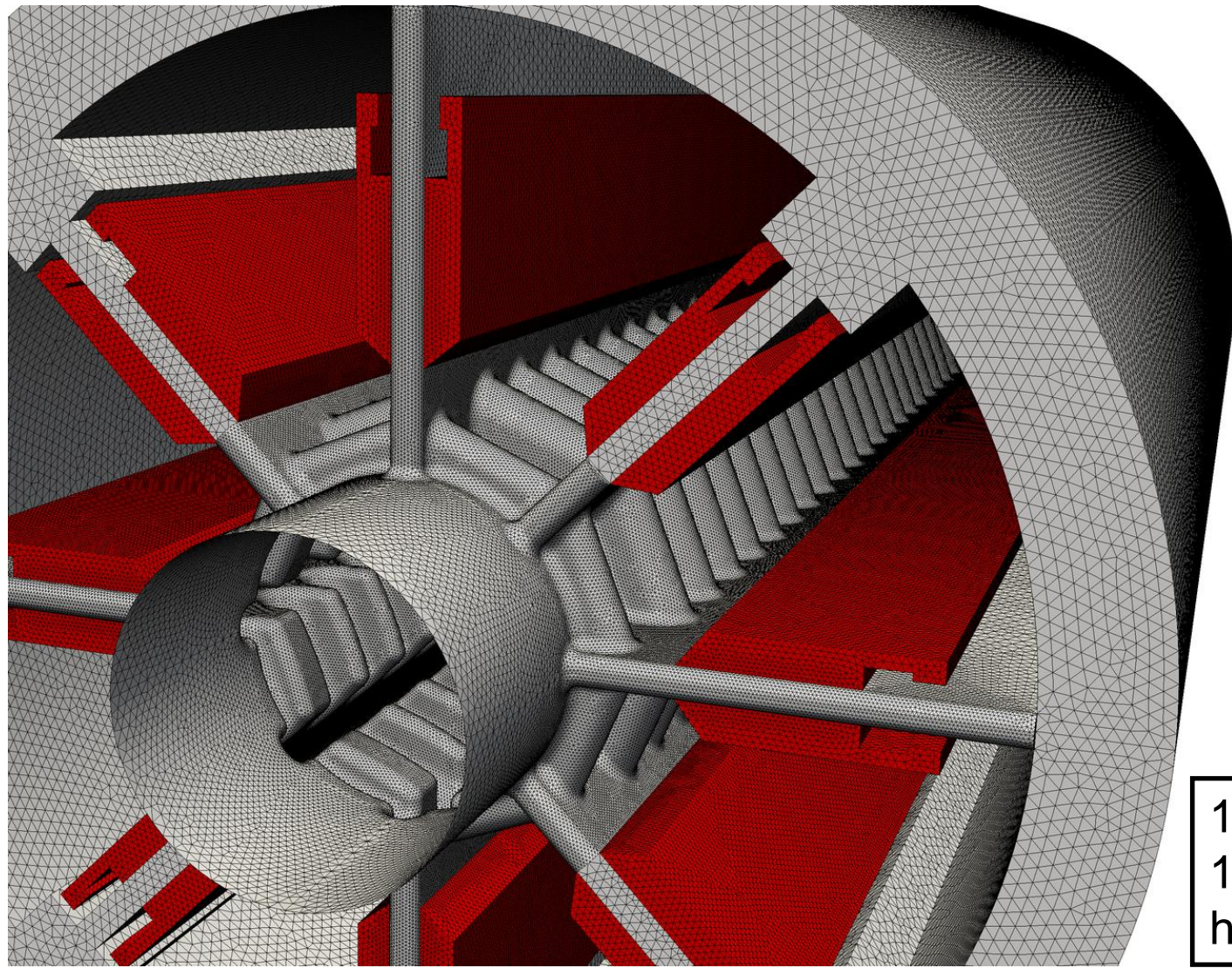
# CLIC Two-Beam Accelerator



**C**ompact **L**inear **C**ollider  
two-beam accelerator unit

Courtesy of A. Candel

# (SLAC) Unstructured Mesh Model of PETS



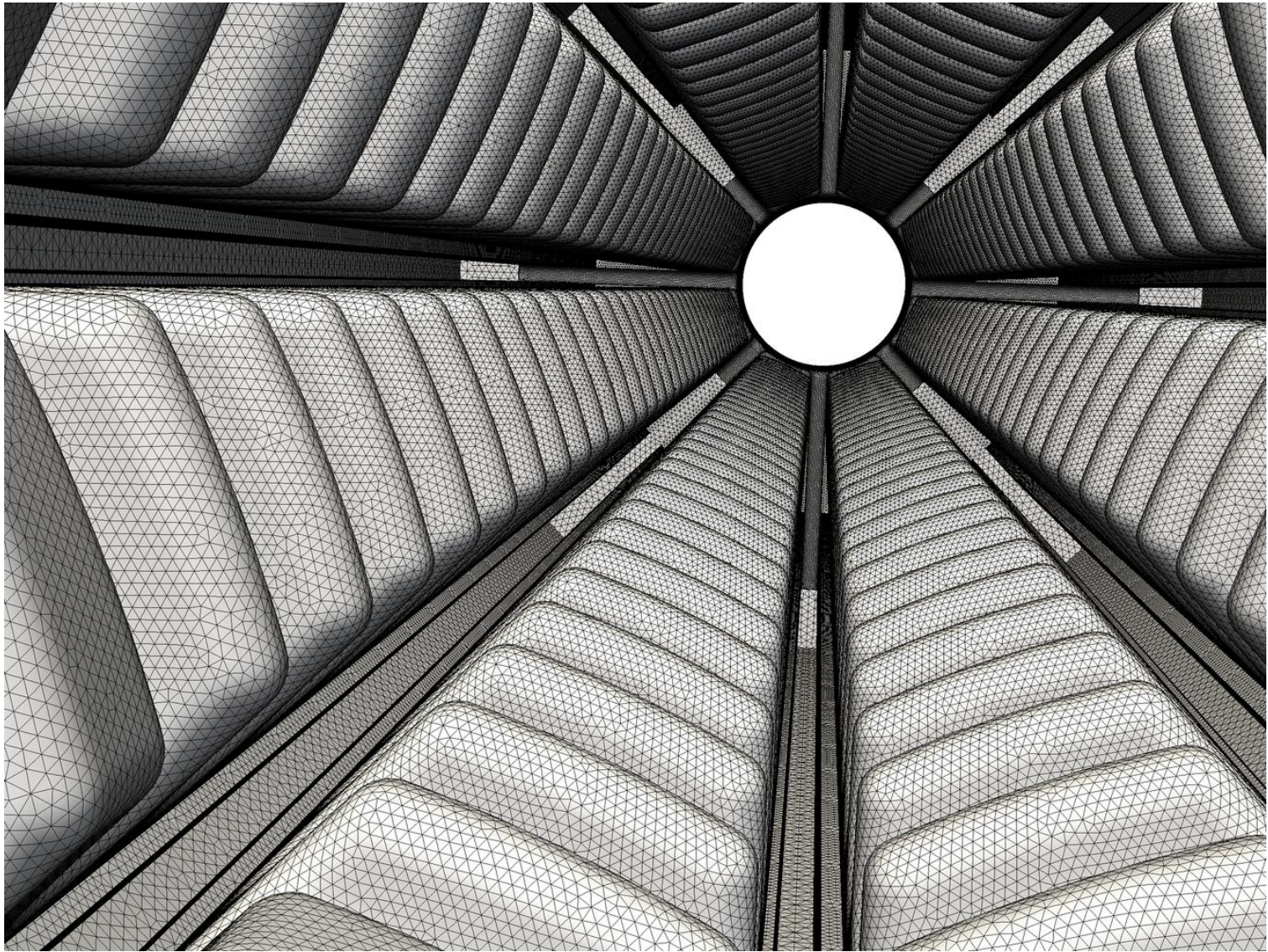
**Dielectric  
absorbers  
(SiC)**

1/4 model  
10M elements  
 $h \geq 0.25$  mm

Courtesy of A. Candel

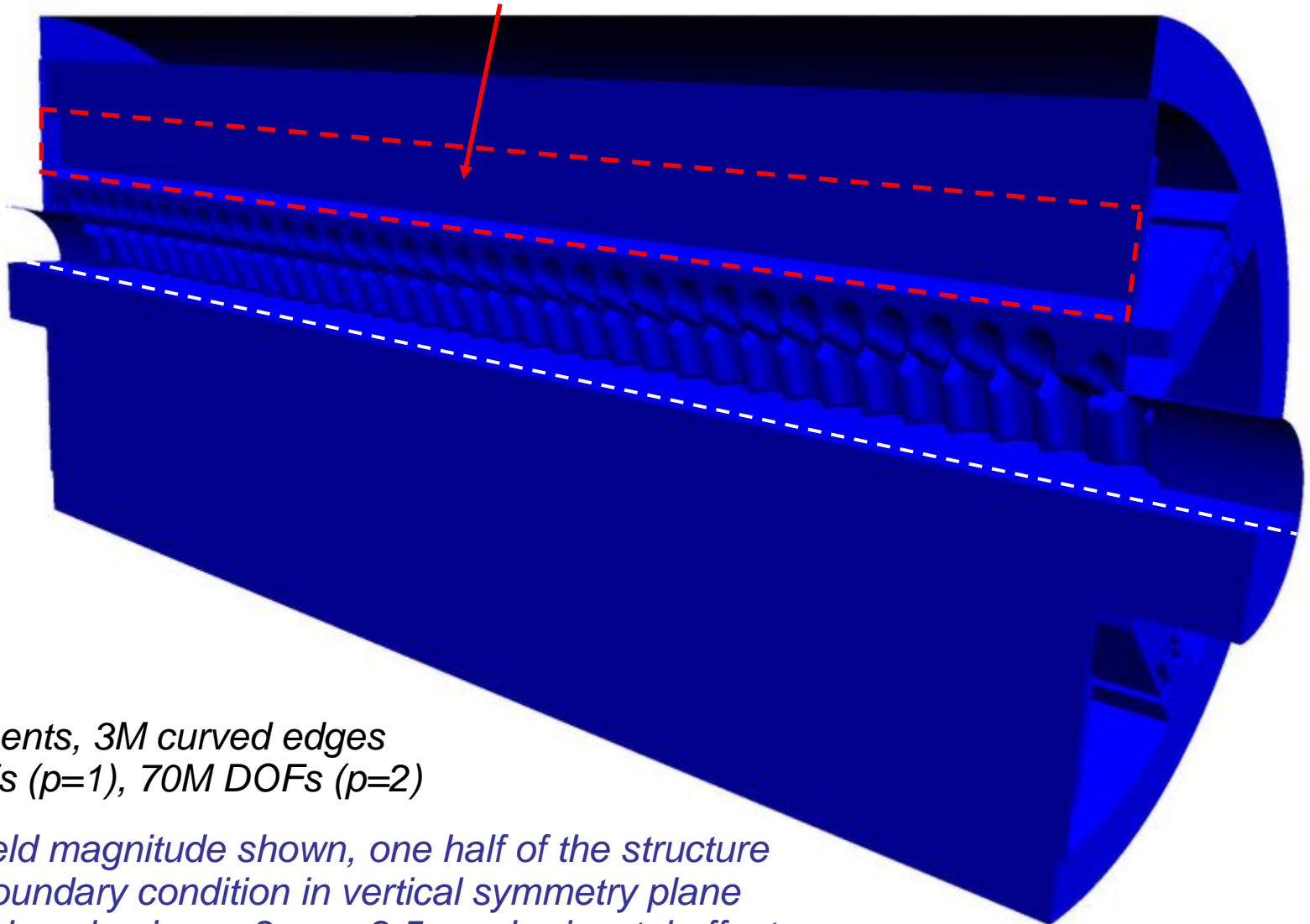
# (SLAC) Internal View of PETS - Curved Mesh

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# T3P - PETS Bunch Transit

*Dissipation of wakefields in dielectric loads:  $\epsilon_{ps}=13$ ,  $\tan(d)=0.2$*



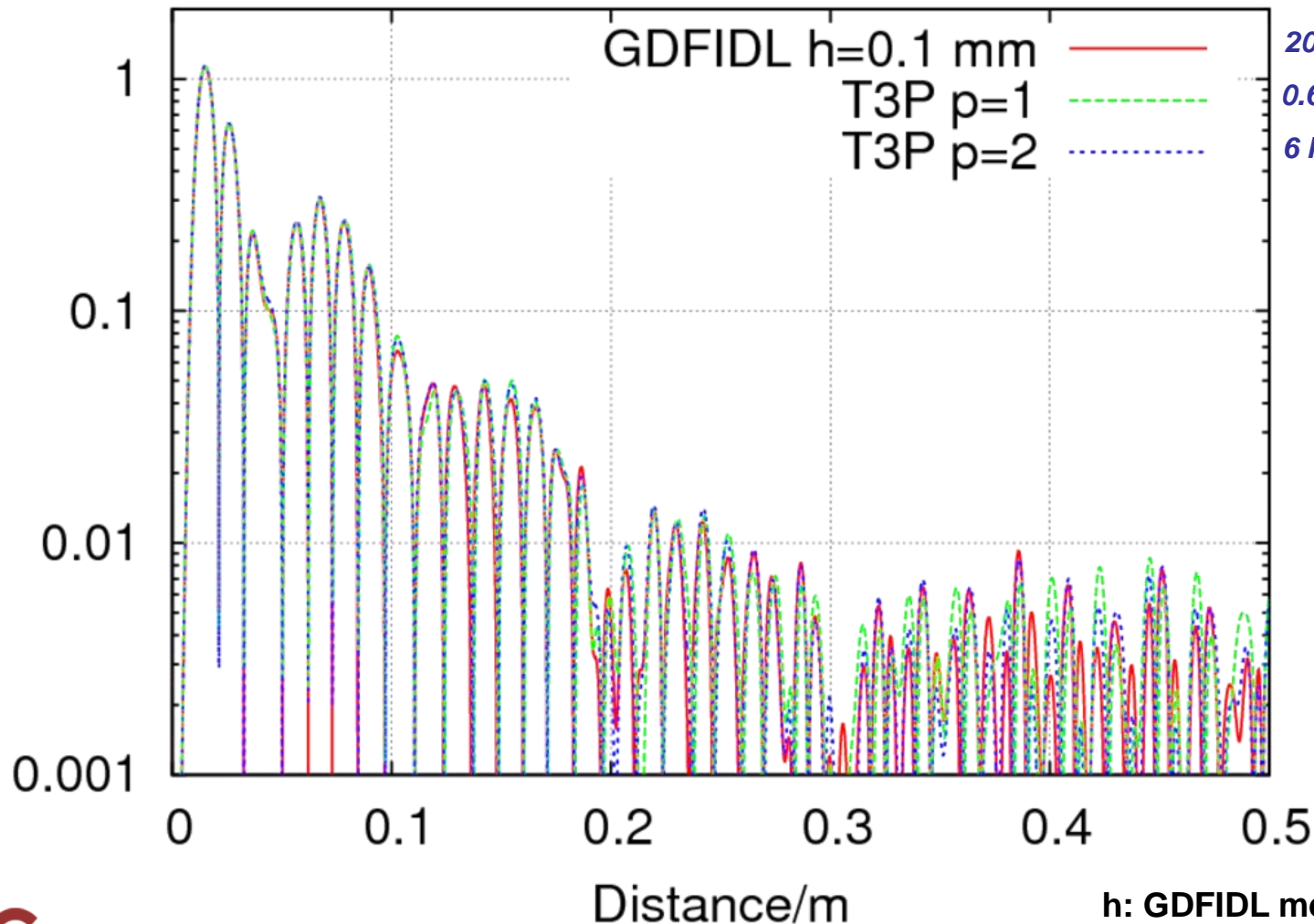
10M elements, 3M curved edges  
12M DOFs ( $p=1$ ), 70M DOFs ( $p=2$ )

Electric field magnitude shown, one half of the structure  
Electric boundary condition in vertical symmetry plane  
Gaussian bunch,  $\sigma=2$  mm, 2.5 mm horizontal offset

Courtesy of A. Candel  
(SLAC) PETS Wakefield Convergence/Benchmarking

PETS (May 09), Loads:  $\epsilon_r=13$ ,  $\tan\delta=0.2$

Transverse Wake [V/pC/mm/structure]



*runtime:*

*20 hours, 80 CPUs*

*0.6 hours, 1200 CPUs*

*6 hours, 4800 CPUs*

*GDFIDL results by Igor Syratchev, CERN*

**h: GDFIDL mesh step size**

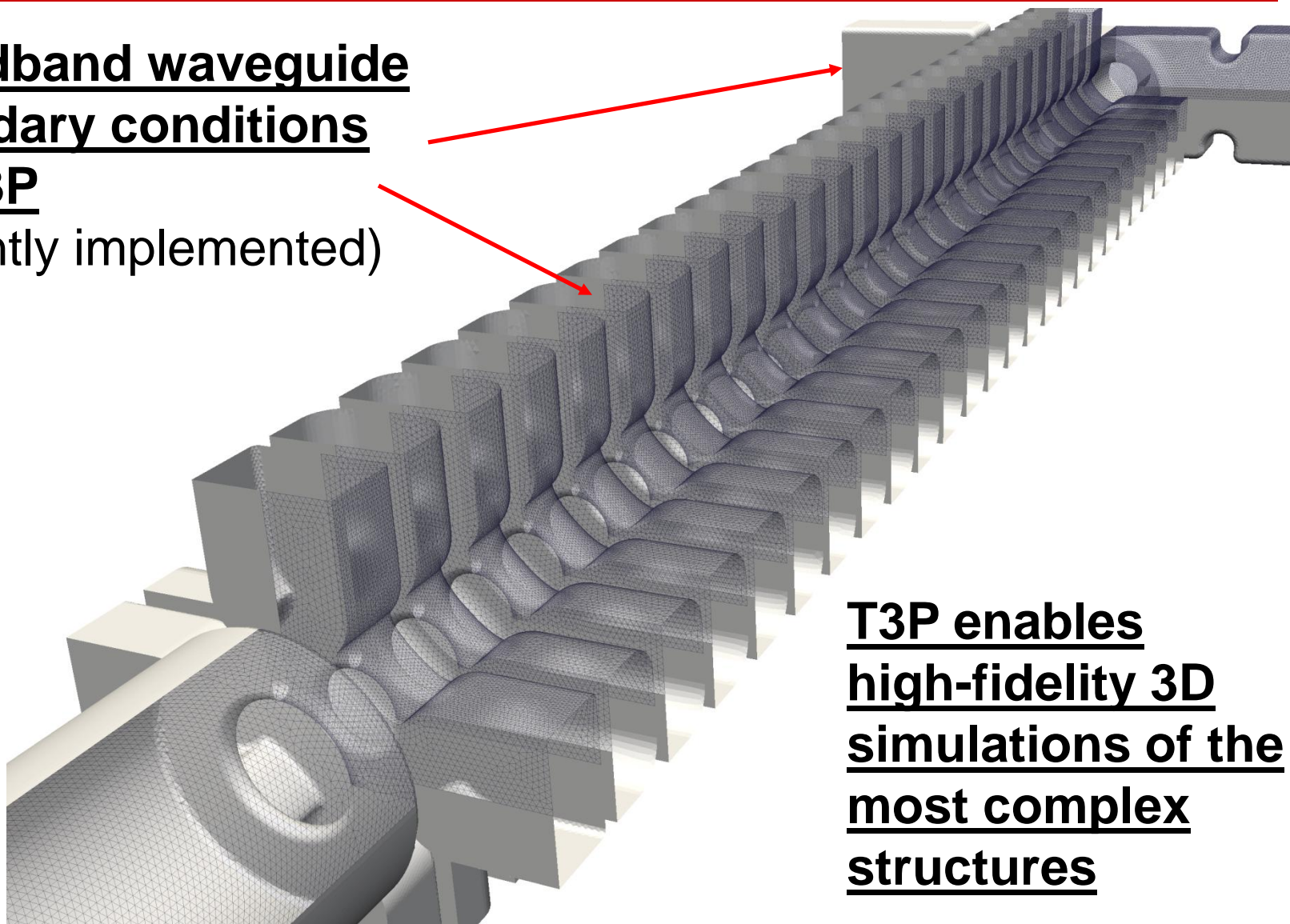
**p: T3P basis function order**

IWLC10 A. Candel

# (SLAC) CLIC TD24 Accelerating Structure

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**Broadband waveguide**  
**boundary conditions**  
**for T3P**  
(recently implemented)

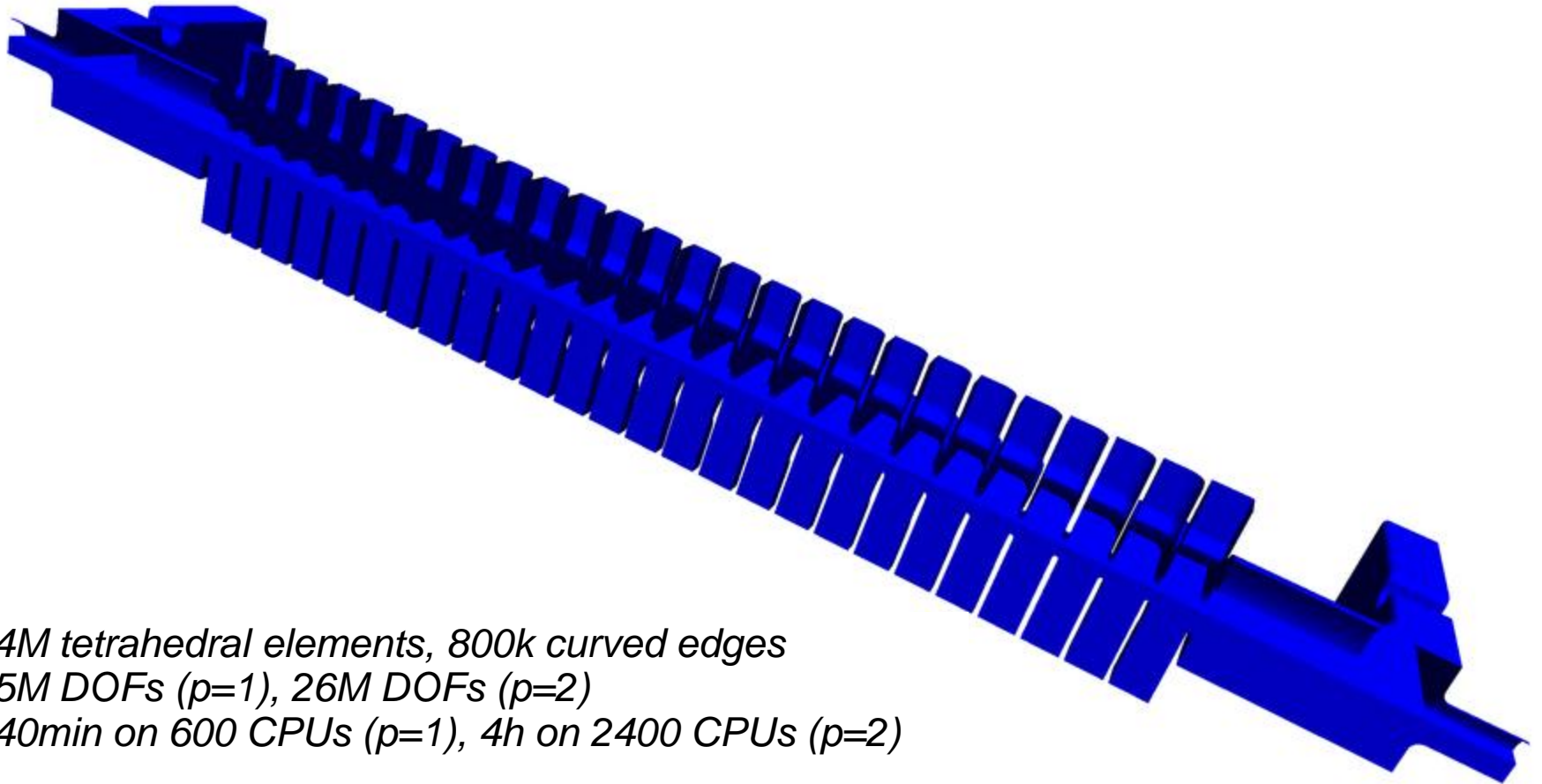


**T3P enables**  
**high-fidelity 3D**  
**simulations of the**  
**most complex**  
**structures**



# T3P: TD24 Bunch Transit

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*4M tetrahedral elements, 800k curved edges  
5M DOFs ( $p=1$ ), 26M DOFs ( $p=2$ )  
40min on 600 CPUs ( $p=1$ ), 4h on 2400 CPUs ( $p=2$ )*

*Electric field magnitude shown, one half of the structure  
Electric boundary condition in vertical symmetry plane  
Gaussian bunch,  $\sigma=2$  mm, 1 mm horizontal offset*

# T3P: Numerical Convergence

TD24.vg1.8

