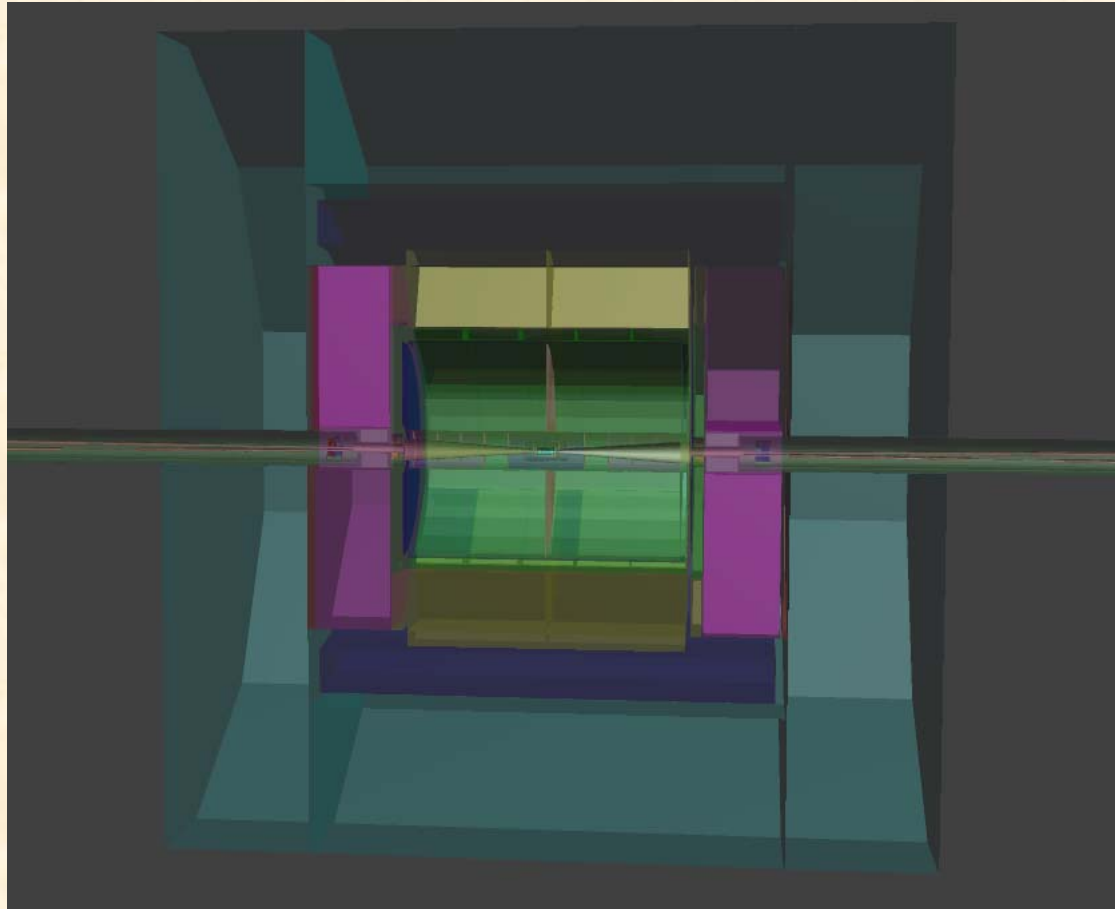


Mokka *Since 1999* : *Status and Plans*



ILD Software and Integration Workshop 2010, DESY
Paulo Mora de Freitas - L.L.R. – Ecole polytechnique

Since January 2010

- Plan to dump automatically the geometry parameters into GEAR file : aborted
 - Replaced by GearCGA or GearTGeo
- Plan to dump automatically, for each new model, the detailed pdf 3D per sub-detector
 - First step done (to dump in VRML)
 - Useful also for EDMS CAD interface
- To test fork strategy : postponed
- Geometry dump in GDML : done.

Current issues - I

- Beam pipe and masks
 - No improvements in design, so neither in simulation
 - Currently the masks should be place inside the Hcal end caps: problem not yet addressed
- Dead material in the central tracking area and between end caps and barrels
 - Work in progress in each sub-detector group to evaluate material, quantity, localization, distribution in space...
 - Not yet enough information to be able to simulate it

Current issues - II

- B Field
 - No progress
 - A 'realistic' field map exists, but we don't use it except for background simulations, as this is where it is needed (close to the beam pipe in the fwd region)

Current issues - III

- Physics List
 - LOI studies have used LCPhys created by Dennis Wright (SLAC)
 - Calice people have used LHEP, QGSP_BERT or Q6SC_CHIPS depending on the prototype and/or the test beam year
 - A choice has to be done before starting MC mass production (before end 2011?)
 - Should be discussed by the LC community at the last LCWS

News about it ?

New plans - I

- To be able to read HepMC files:
 - Tony Johnson has already a Java reader for HepMC ascii and Les Houches formats, the next is to consider how to store the HepMC info in (extended) LCIO structures
 - (Then it could easily be read by Mokka)
 - Mark Terwort, student at DESY, is interested in reading HepMC from Herwig++ into Mokka (no news about progress)

New plans - II

- To improve GEAR API, extending the interface for each sub detector as needed
 - Implies to review the current GEAR implementation in Mokka
- To formalize and propose a clear interface and protocol for scaling sub-detectors, to detect overlaps on the fly when propagating user modifications on a model

Acknowledgements

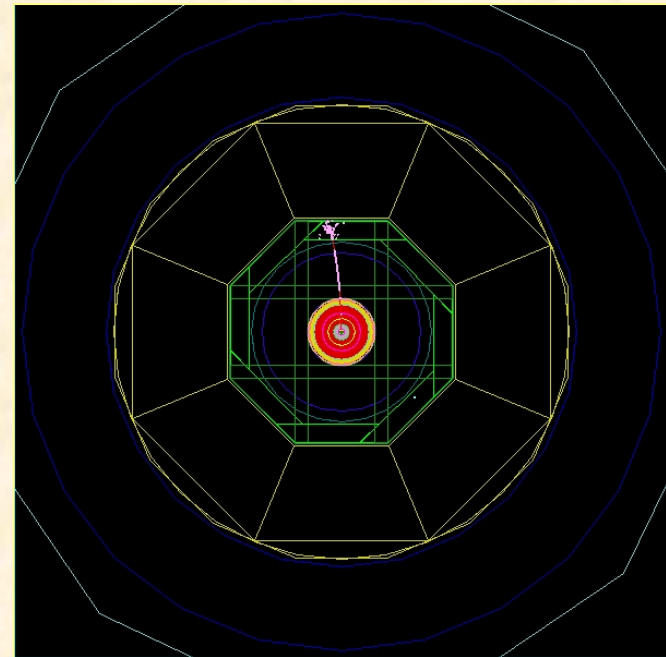
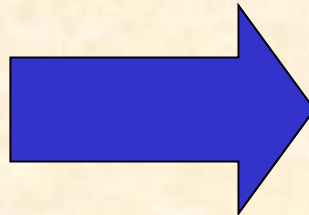
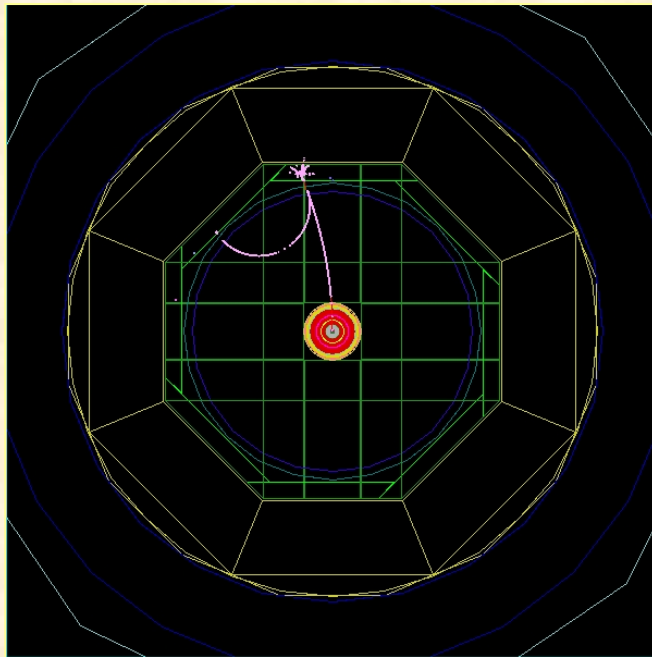
- Many thanks for all people which have collaborated with us to develop and maintain Mokka



BACKUPS

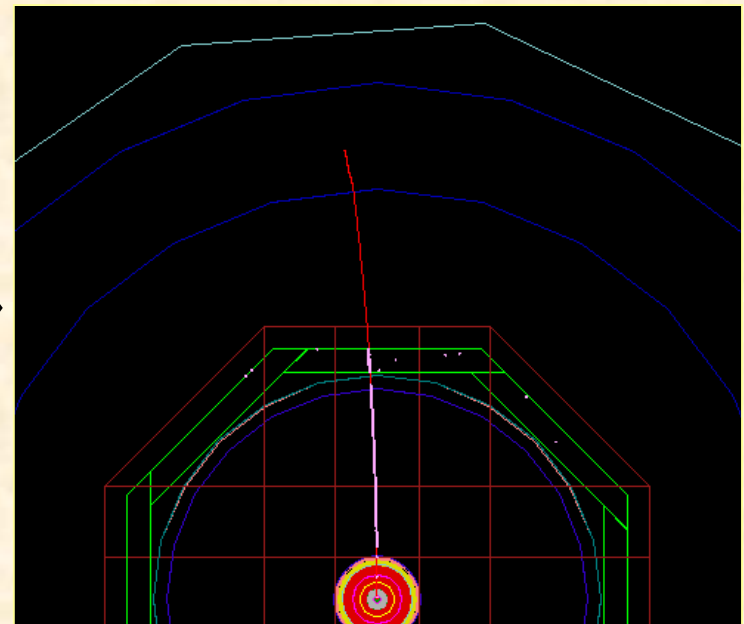
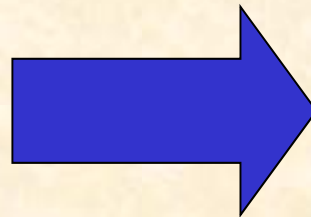
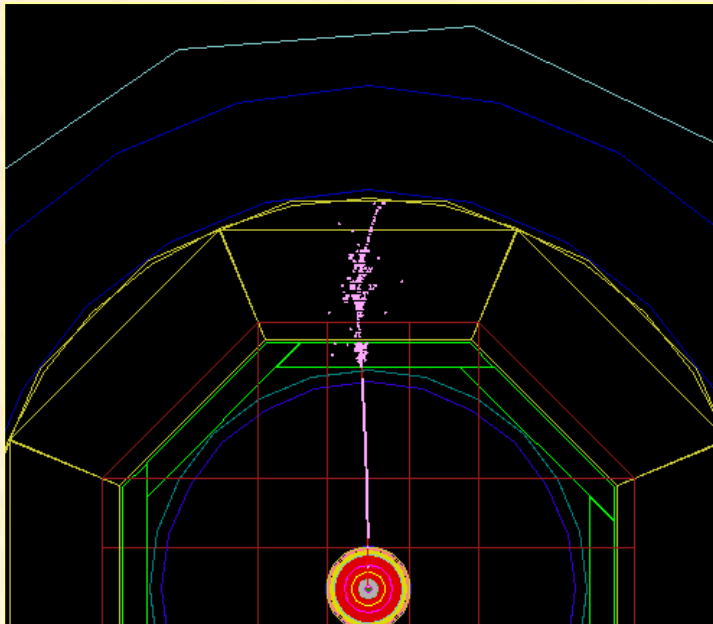
Some good features... (1)

- “Scaling”, the user is able to modify the model's main parameters at launch time, ex :
 - `/Mokka/init/globalModelParameter TPC_outer_radius 800`



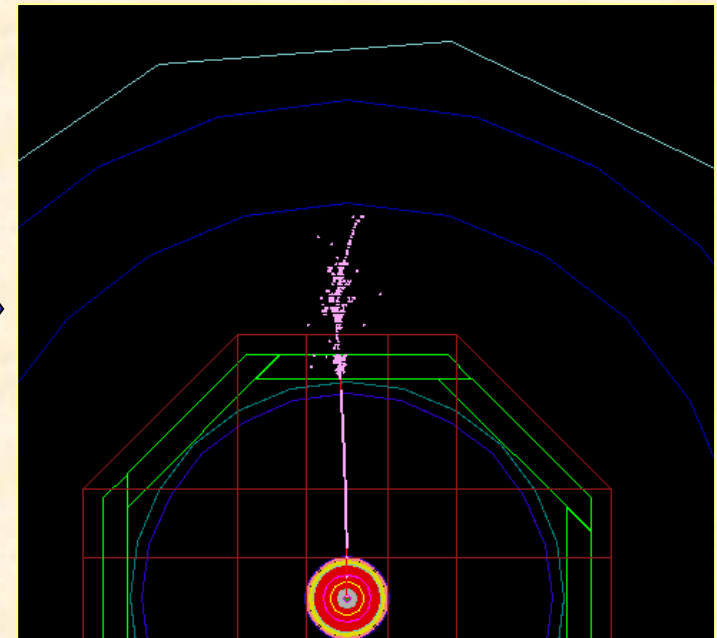
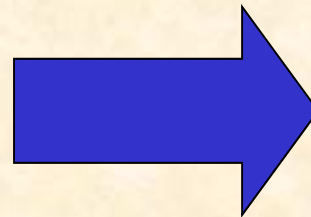
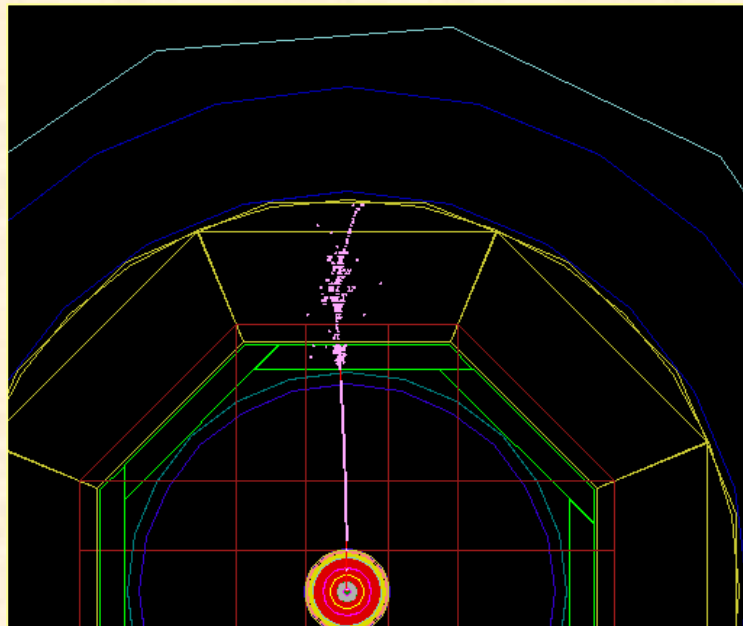
Some good features...(2)

- “Cooking”, the user is able to modify the model ingredients at launch time, ex :
 - `/Mokka/init/EditGeometry/rmSubDetector SHcal01`



Some good features...(3)

- “Visioning models”, the user is able to interactively modify the model rendering, ex :
 - Idle> /Mokka/Visu/Detector/Visibility hcal false

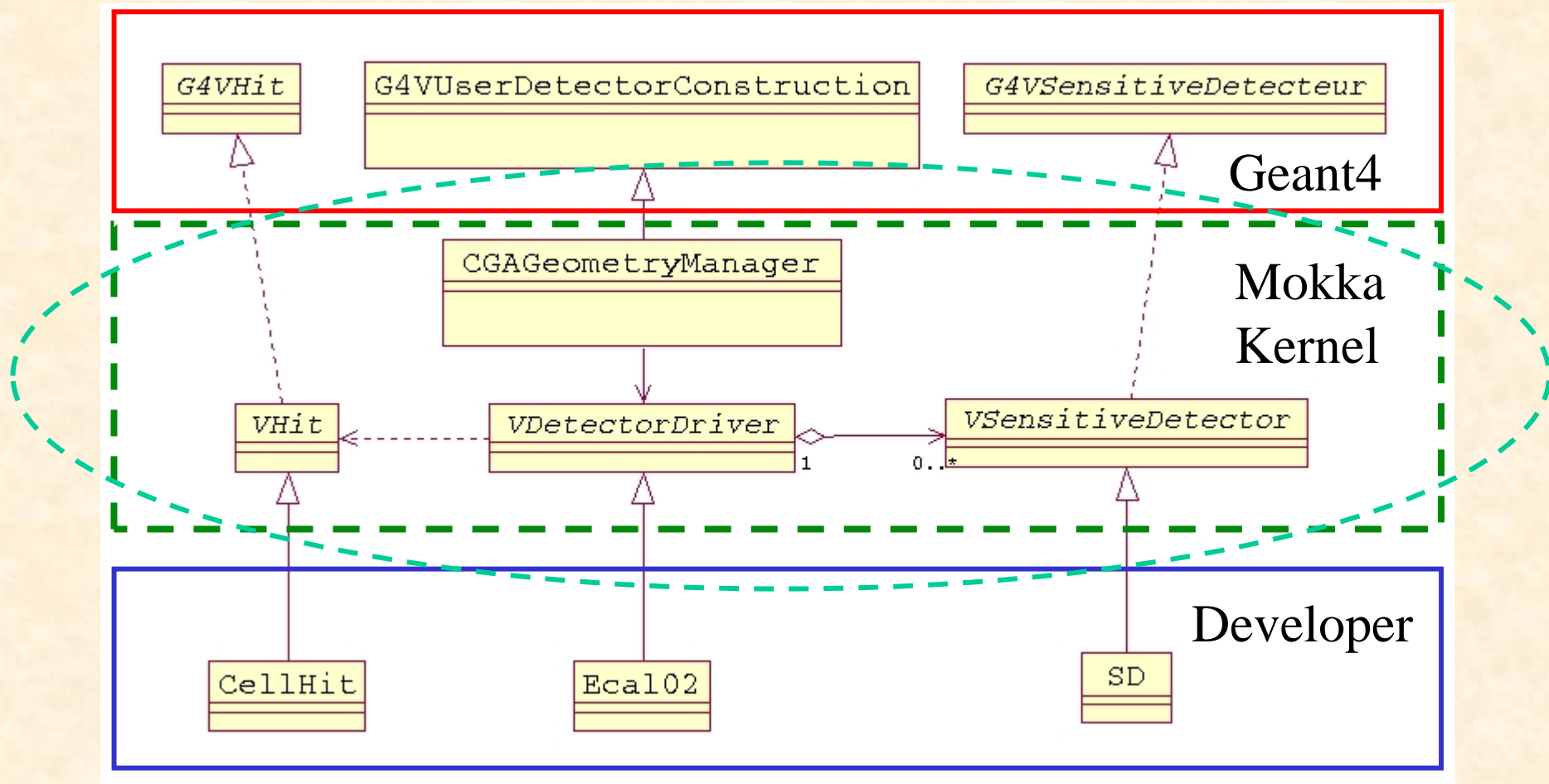


Some good features...(4)

- Plug-in user actions, the possibility to define several run time « user actions » via plug-ins:
 - virtual void *BeginOfRunAction* (const G4Run *)
 - virtual void *EndOfRunAction* (const G4Run *)
 - virtual void *BeginOfEventAction* (const G4Event *)
 - virtual void *EndOfEventAction* (const G4Event *)
 - virtual void *PreUserTrackingAction* (const G4Track *)
 - virtual void *PostUserTrackingAction* (const G4Track *)
 - virtual void *UserSteppingAction* (const G4Step *)

The strategy:

- Improving the Mokka Kernel:

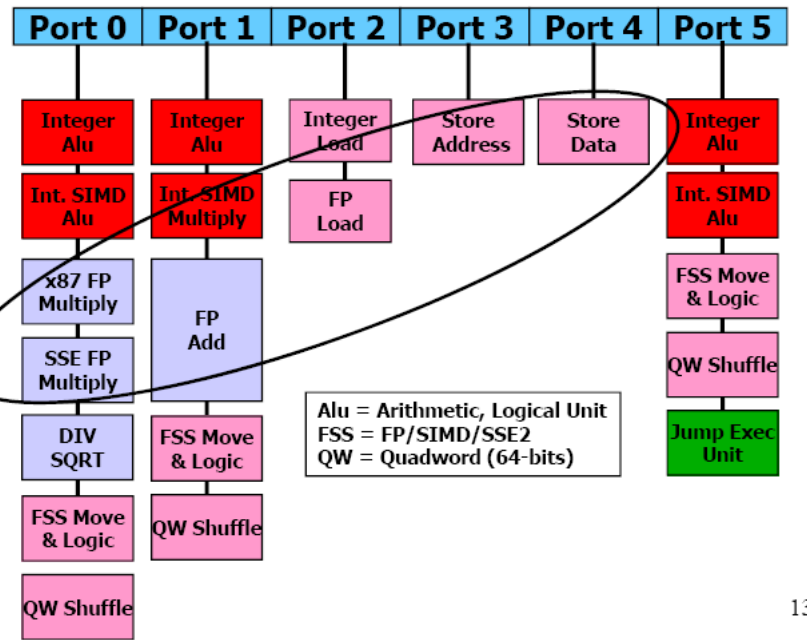


Improving performance (1)

- Optimizing CPU use:

(thanks to Sverre Jarp / Cern)

- Intel's Core microarchitecture can handle:
 - Four instructions in parallel:
 - Every cycle
 - Data width of 128 bits



Issue ports in the Core 2 micro-architecture (from Intel Manual No. 248966-016)

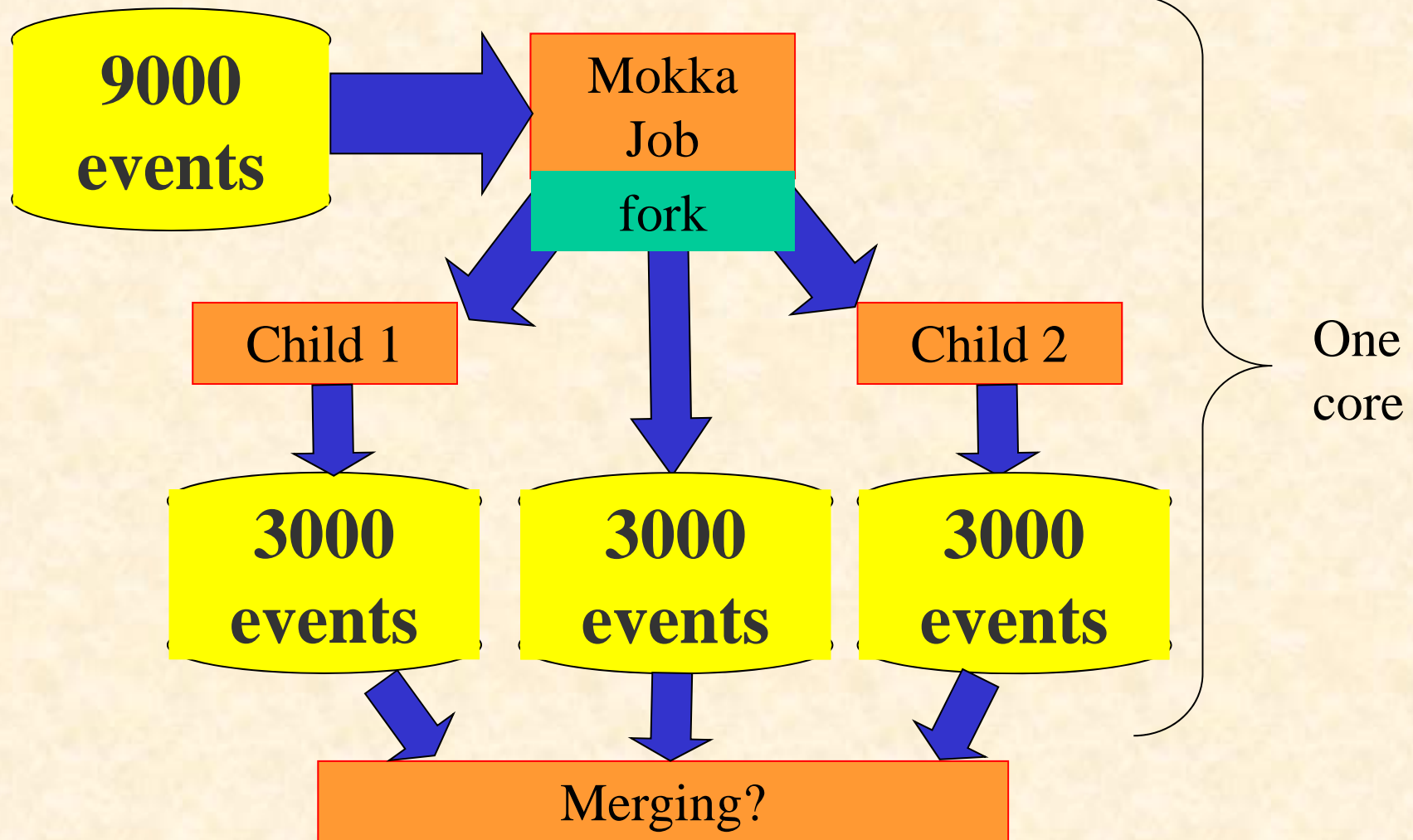
“Like having a Ferrari, but using only...



the first gear.”



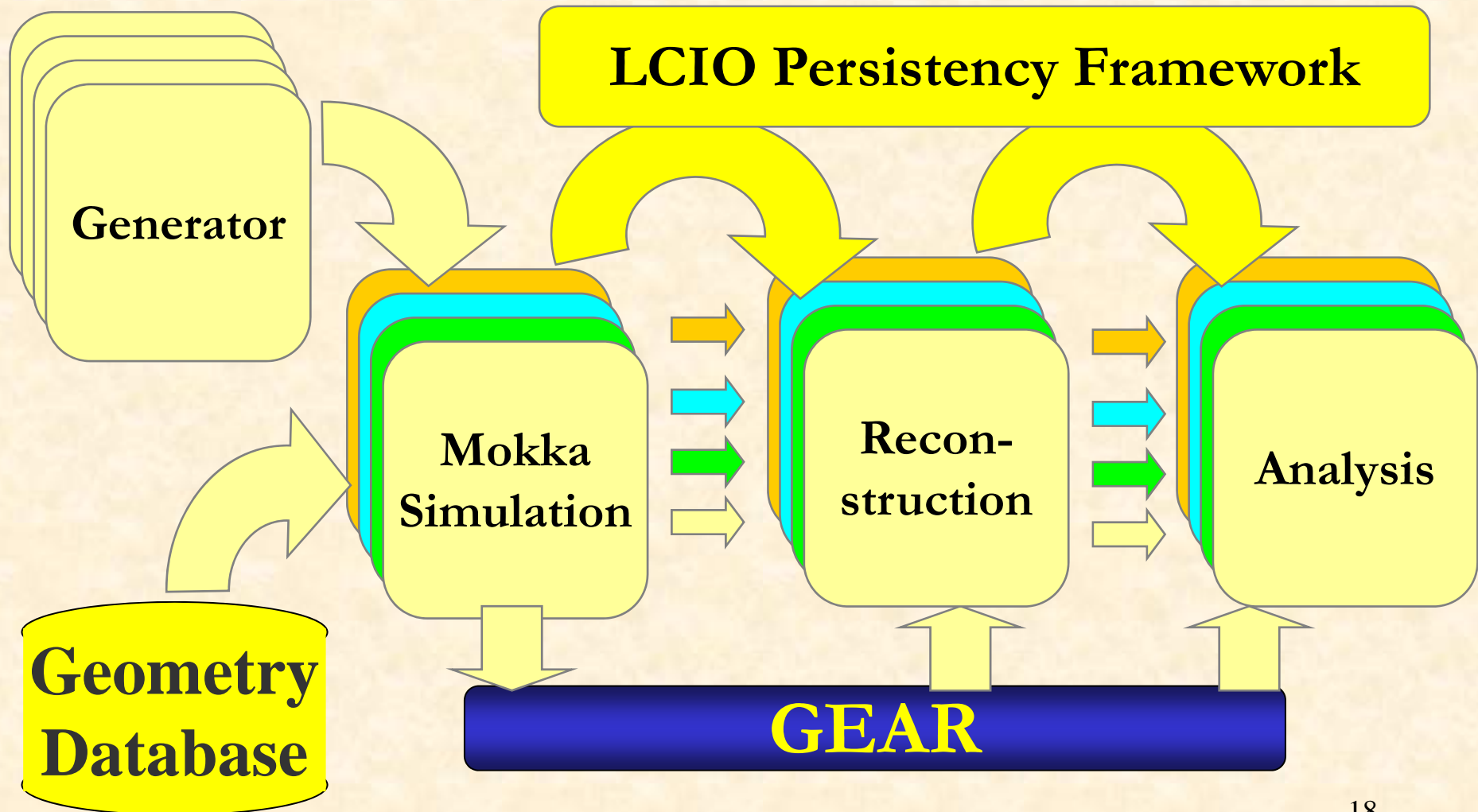
Improving performance (1)



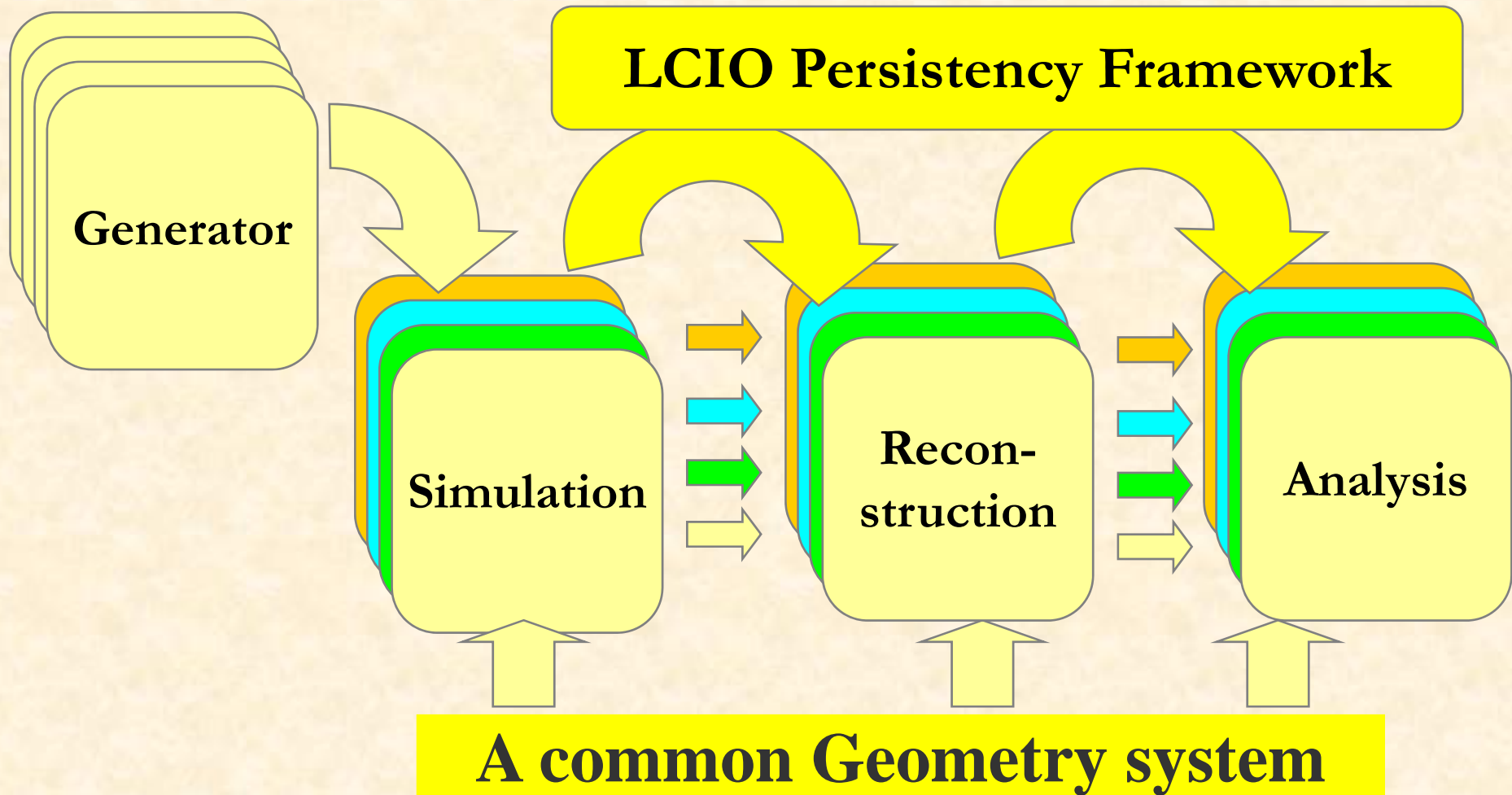
Improving performance (2)

- Switching fast/detailed simulation in Mokka :
 - It's a standard Geant4 feature
 - It can take the control on a detector region, thanks to the “ghost volumes”
 - Can be generic (ex: Gflash for e-/e+ showers)
 - Could generate hits or reco-like objects directly written into the lcio output file
 - Has to be implemented by specialists, but should be driven by end users depending on their needs
 - Could help providing quick answers, depending on the studies being done

Sharing geometry today



Sharing geometry in the future?



While waiting for the future...

- The model parameters for each sub detector are there :

Base de données models03 - table parameters

requête SQL

		name	description	default_value
Modifier	Effacer	Ecal_Barrel_halfZ	The half Z size of Ecal barrel. It's a master parameter for LDCxx_02yy.	2206.25

[Insérer un nouvel enregistrement](#)

...at the geometry data base

While waiting for the future...

– But also there :

...

Building sub_detector SEcal03, geometry db VOID, driver SEcal03:

A scalable LDC Ecal driver without database, just parameters.

Current parameters for the SEcal03 detector :

- Ecal_Alveolus_Air_Gap = 0.5

- Ecal_Barrel_halfZ = 2350

- Ecal_EC_Ring_gap = 10

...

... at the Geometry Manager level, at run time.

While waiting for the future...

– And a few ones are also there :

...

```
<detector name="TPC" geartype="TPCParameters">
```

...

```
<parameter name="tpcInnerRadius" type="double" value="3.290000000e+02" />
```

```
<parameter name="tpcOuterRadius" type="double" value="1.808000000e+03" />
```

...

...at the GearOutput.xml file.

(But depending on the detector driver code)



Proposal to improve the geometry sharing (while waiting for the future):

- Exporting the model parameters for each sub detector into the GearOutput.xml file should be:
 - A Mokka Kernel responsibility
 - Done automatically for all parameters & for all sub detectors
- Reconstruction / analysis developers will be able to:
 - Access to all model parameters really used by simulation
 - Reliable information and for free (it's automatic)
 - Introduce in the Mokka DB specific reconstruction parameters, providing defaults in an elegant way (as already done for the Hcal_virtual_cell_size parameter)

Improving Documentation

- Doing it automatically, with Mokka & scripts.
For example,
 - Gave a new model:
 - To create automatically 3D* pdf files, one per sub detector and fully detailed for deep inspection
 - To put it together the parameter list, description and values per sub detector in the Mokka Web page which describes the new model
 - Gave a new Mokka release:
 - Automatically indexing the release notes per subject and adding it to the Mokka Web site, in a indexed / searchable Web page

(*) concerning pdf 3D, many thanks to Norman Graf!

And don't forget the user's requests...

- New or better detector studies ask for new features or improvements. For example:
 - “Low energy particles can stay a long time looping inside the field”. So we should improve the event time structure:
 - to deal correctly with the detector response. Now probably it includes hits that are no more read by the readout system
 - to provide a way to implement and study correctly events with pile-ups (end of the previous event)
- “Frozen models could be built in stand alone (to avoid DB accesses), helping people using grid”
- (see MokkaDB tool)