

Omega

JRA3 Front End Electronics

C. de LA TAILLE
OMEGA-LAL Orsay



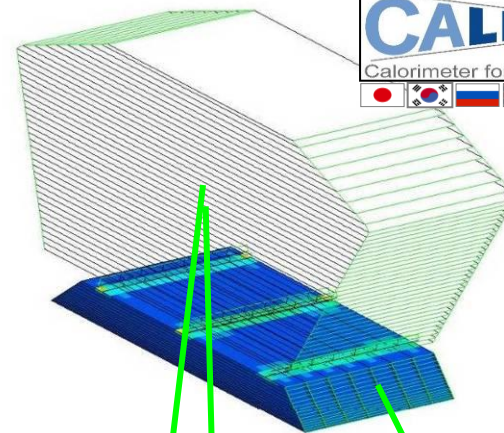
Orsay MicroElectronic Group Associated



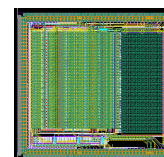
Second generation ASICs for EUDET



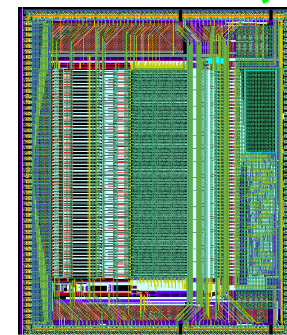
- Add auto-trigger, analog storage, digitization and token-ring readout !!!
- Include power pulsing : <1 % duty cycle
- Optimize commonalities within EUDET (readout, DAQ...)
- Dedicated run produced in march 2010
 - 25 wafers received in june (<1€/ch)
 - Plastic packaging in the US



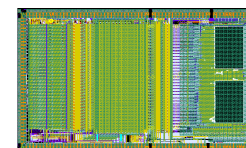
HARDROC2
SDHCAL RPC
64 ch 16 mm²



SKIROC2
ECAL Si
64 ch. 70 mm²



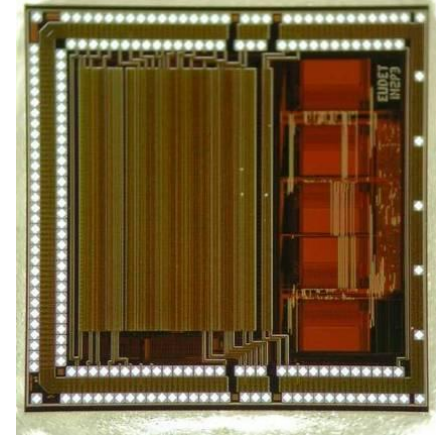
SPIROC2
AHCAL SiPM
36 ch 30 mm²



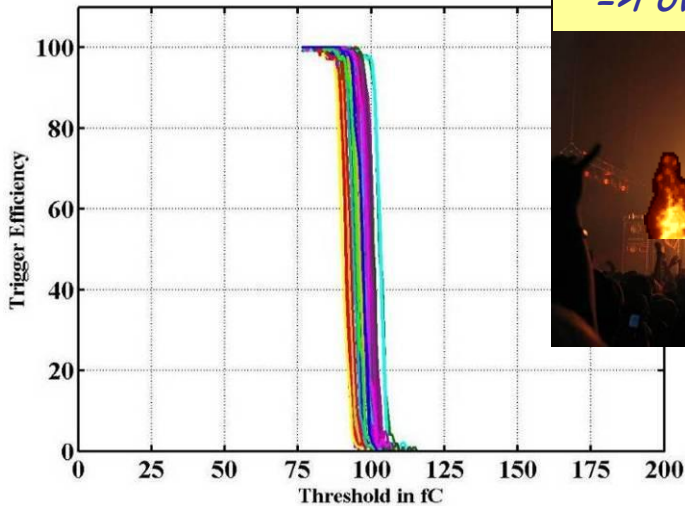
FLC_PHY3
(2003)



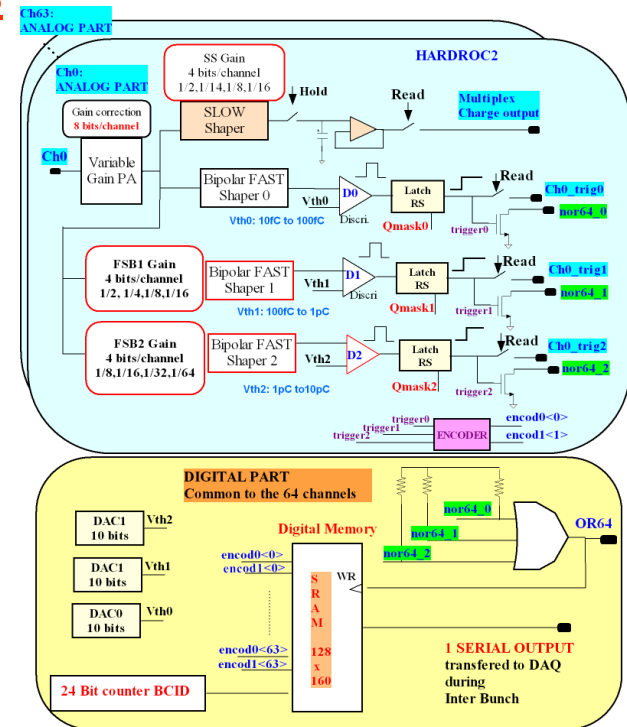
- Hadronic Rpc Detector Read Out Chip
 - 64 inputs, preamp + shaper+ 3 discris
 - Full power pulsing => 7 $\mu\text{W}/\text{ch}$
 - Chip embedded in detector
 - in beam in 2008-2009
 - 10 000 chips produced
 - collab. LLR, IPNL, LAPP, LAL/OMEGA

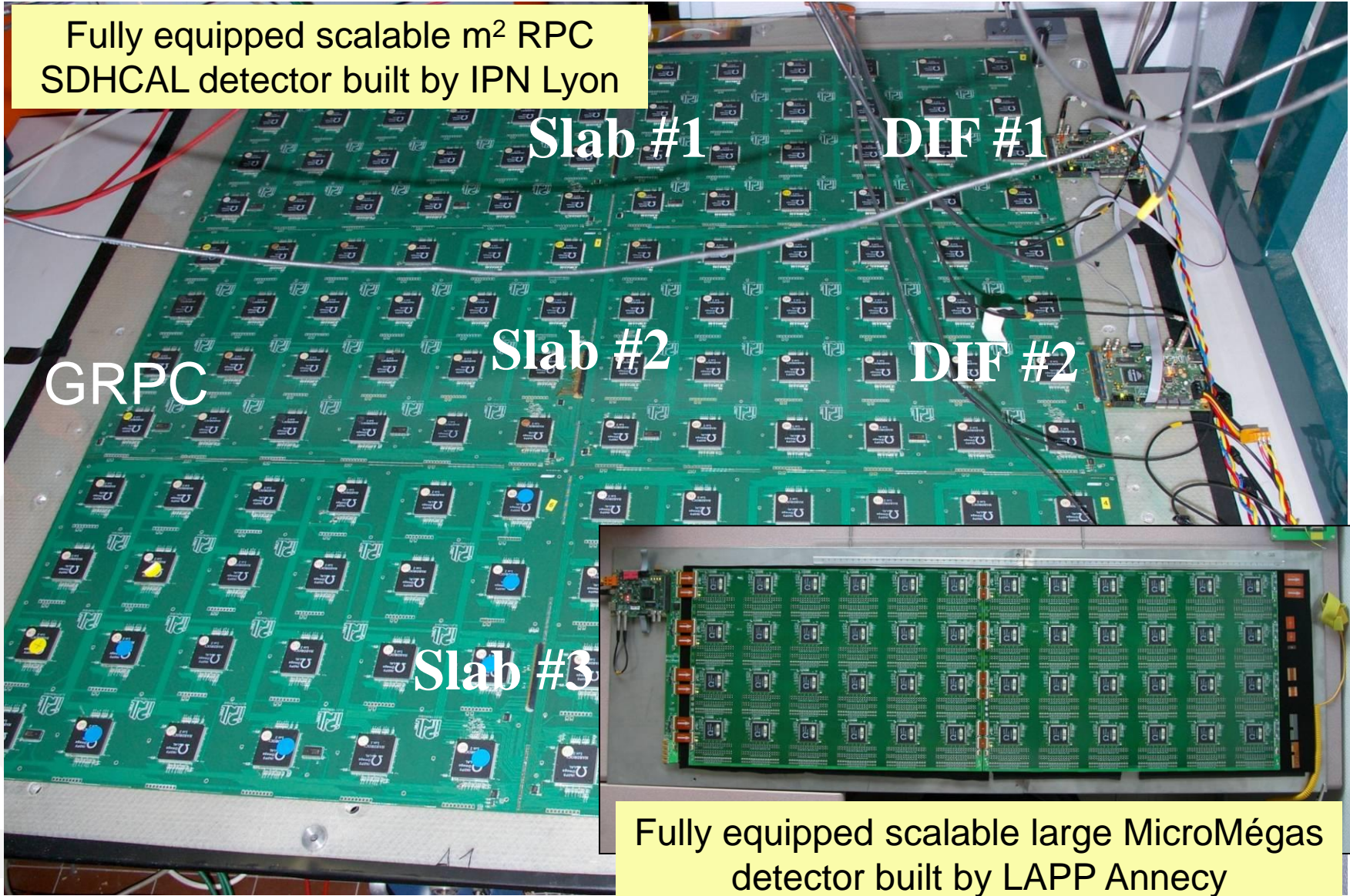


Readout and DAQ2 validated with μMegas and RPC m^2 detectors

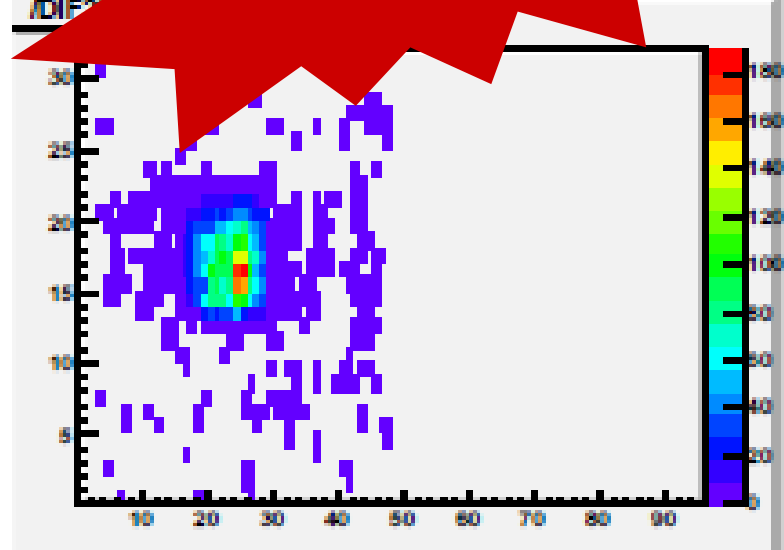
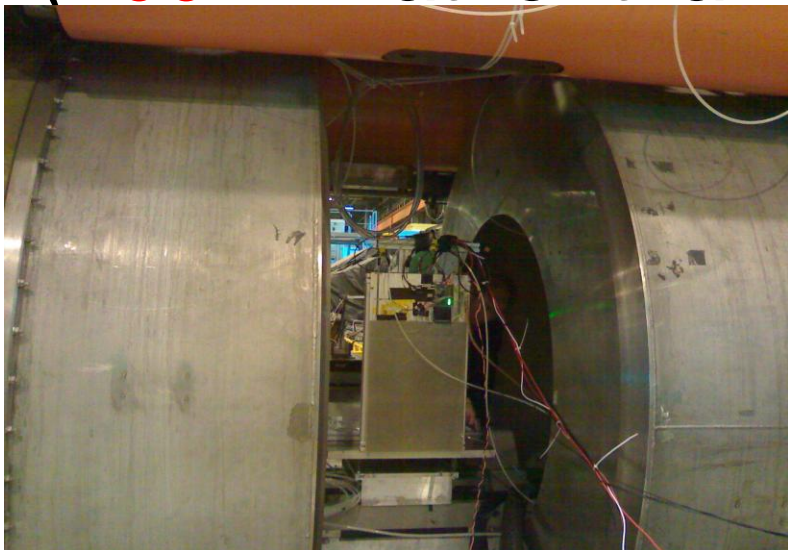


*it's gonna heat !
=>Power pulse*





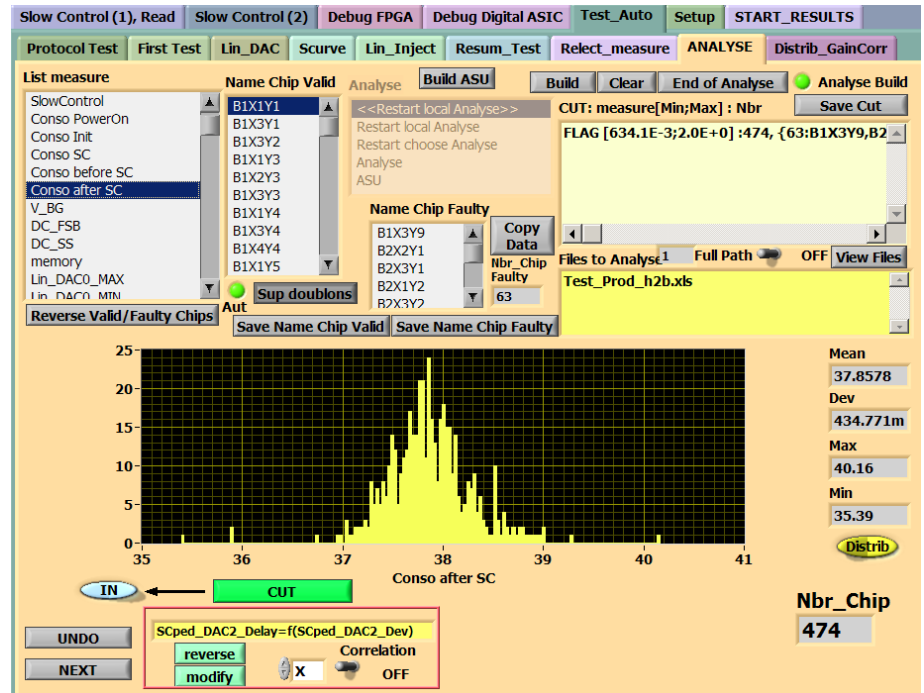
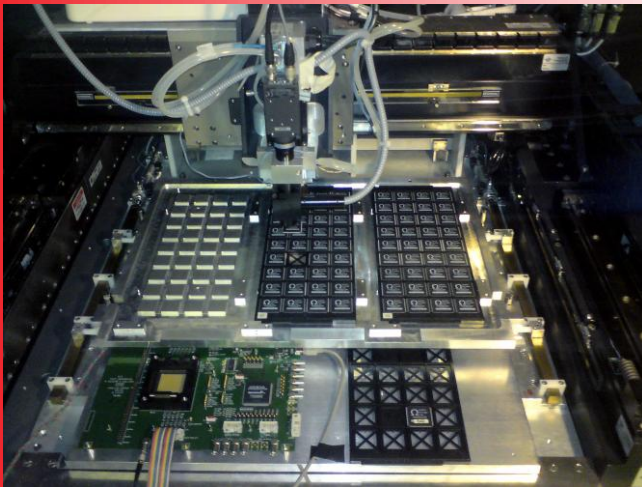
Cycle of 2 ms power pulse
(100 Hz rather than cooling (1 Hz))



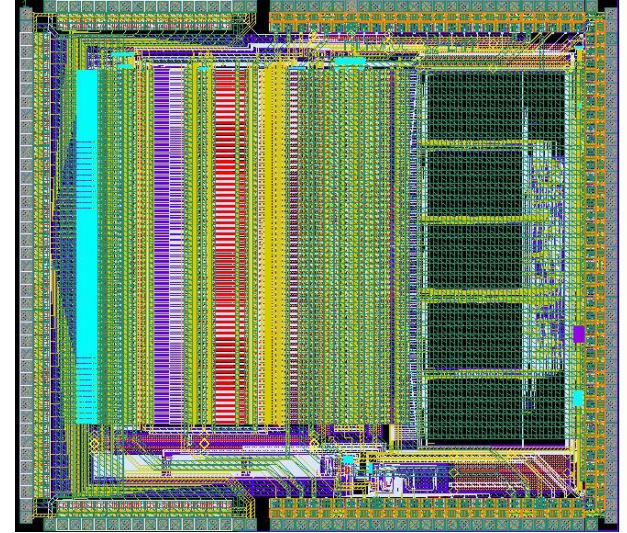
Efficiency is almost the same (2% less) but this probably due to the acquisition starting time which is to be fine-tuned.

HARDROC2B: first tests

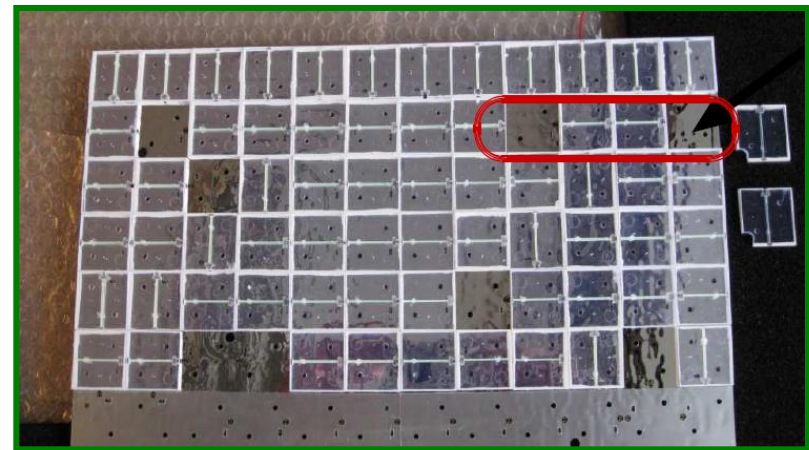
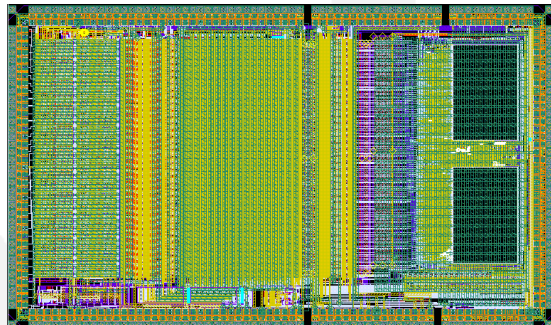
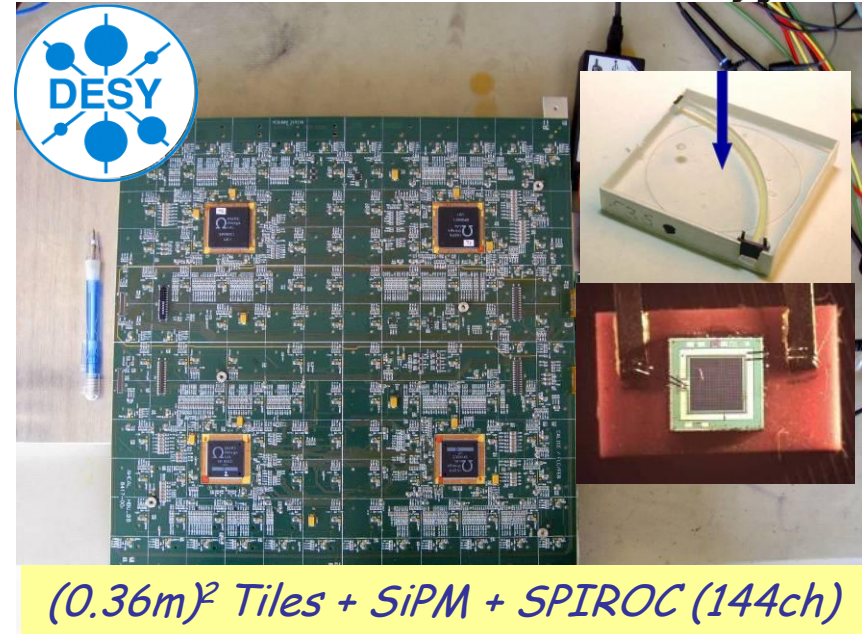
- ~9000 chips to be tested with a dedicated testbench in IPNL Lyon
- ~1 000 chips tested right now with a yield of 80%



- MICROROC : MICROME GAS Read Out Chip
 - Same as HARDROC but with charge preamp input stage + HV protection [R. Gaglione] and slower shaping + 4bit DAC/channel [N. Seguin]
 - Preamp optimized for $C_d=80$ pF, noise = 0.2 fC. $C_f=0.4$ pF $R_f=5$ M
 - Maximum input charge : 500 fC
 - Bi-gain shaper (G1-G4), peaking tunable 50-200 ns (2 bits)
 - 3 thresholds. Lowest threshold ~ 2 fC
 - Pin to pin compatible with HR2
 - Chip sent in MPW june 10, received several **very promising preliminary results**



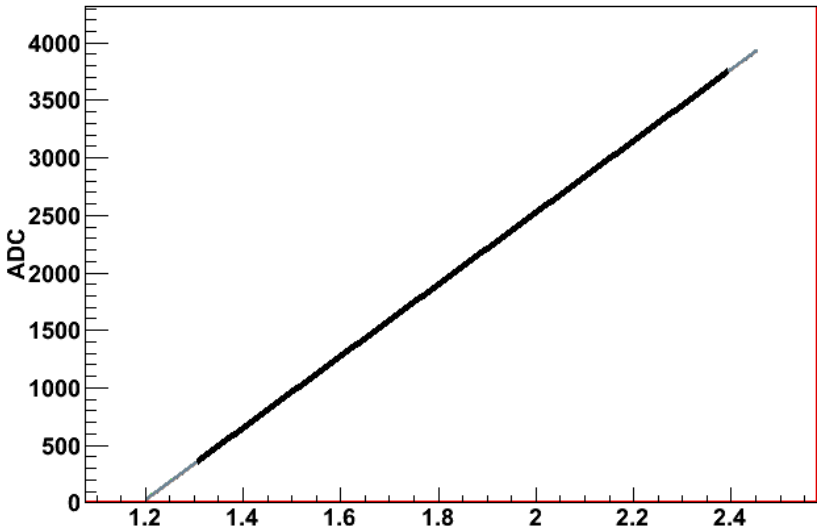
- SPIROC : Silicon Photomultiplier Integrated Readout Chip
 - 36 channels
 - Internal 12 bit ADC/TDC
 - Charge measurement (0-300 pC)
 - Time measurement (< 1 ns)
 - Autotrigger on MIP or spe (150 fC)
 - Sparsified readout compatible with EUDET 2nd generation DAQ
 - Pulsed power $\rightarrow 25 \mu\text{W}/\text{ch}$
 - Also External users (PET, hodoscopes, μ -imaging... (@ Aachen, Napoli, Pisa, Roma...))



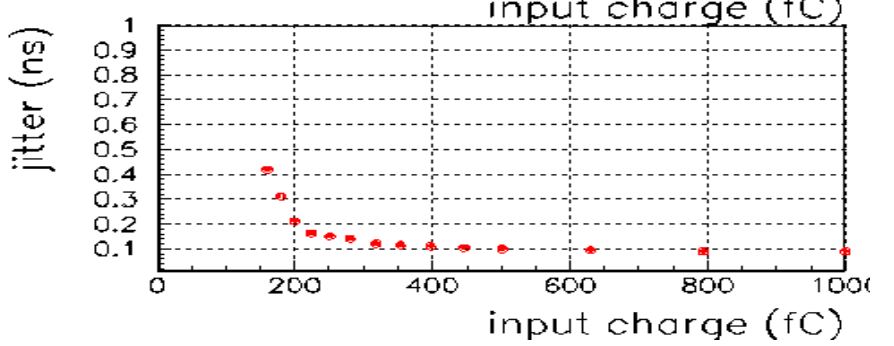
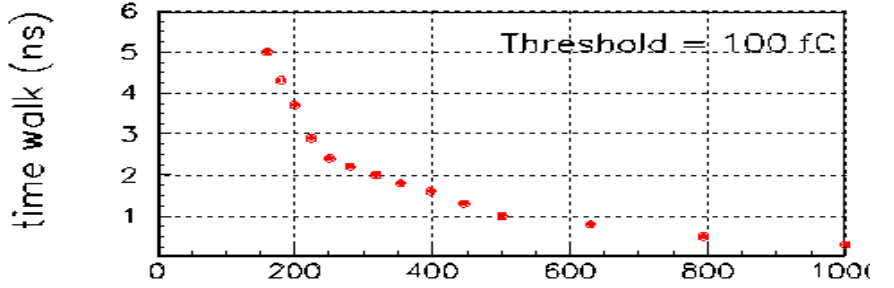
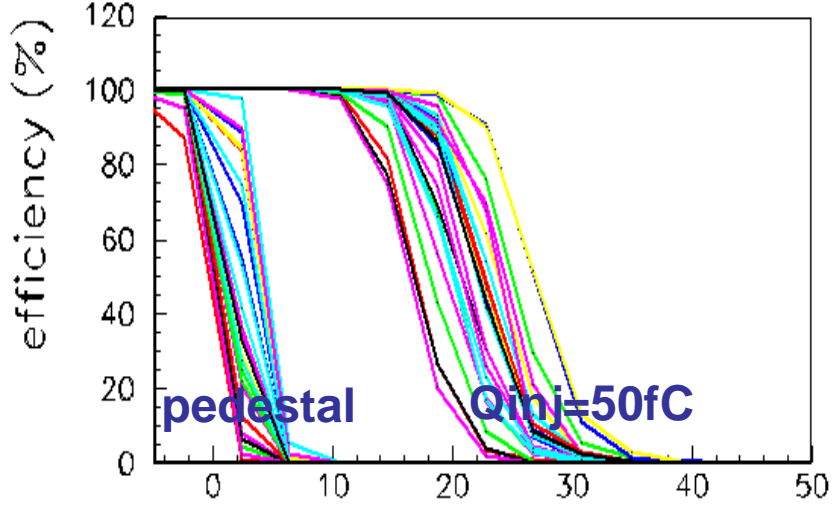
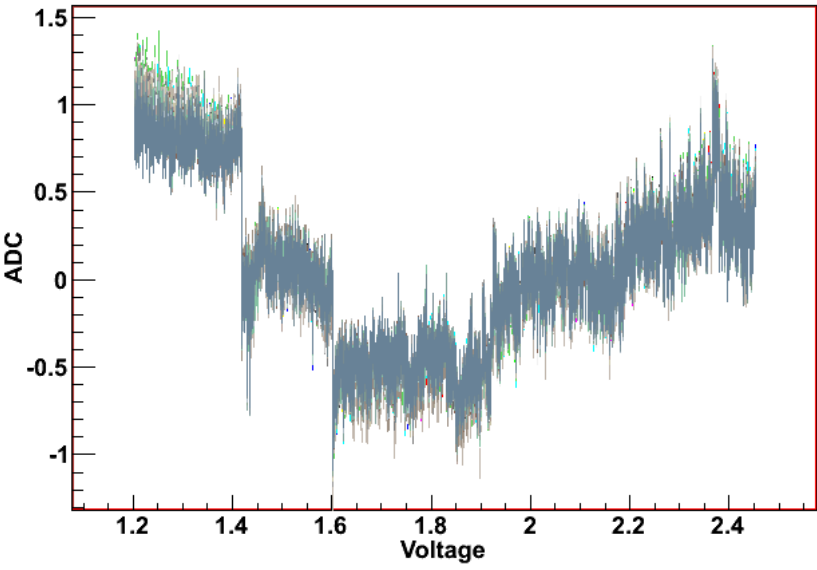
Performance



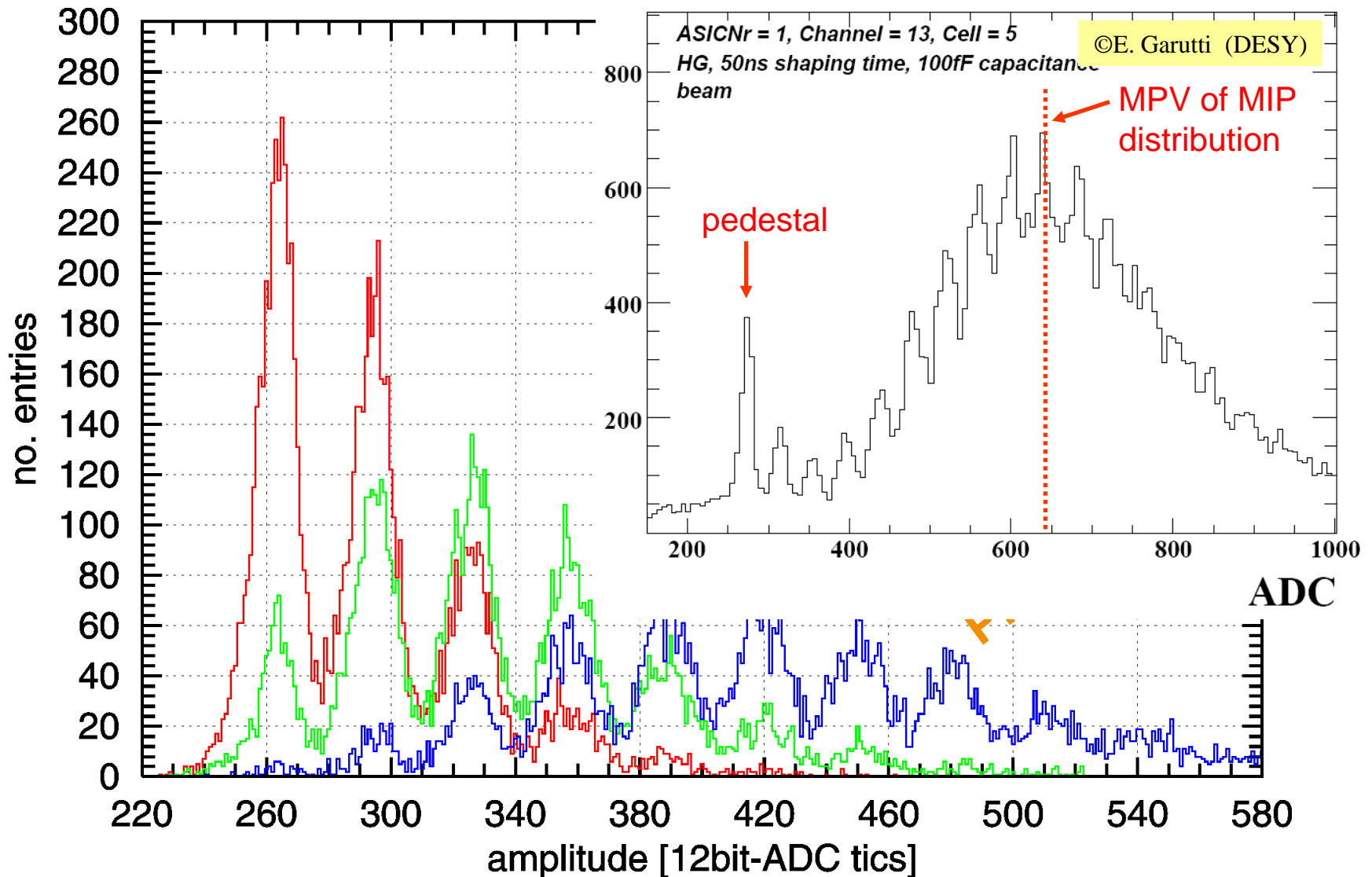
Mean(Voltage)



Residual(Voltage)



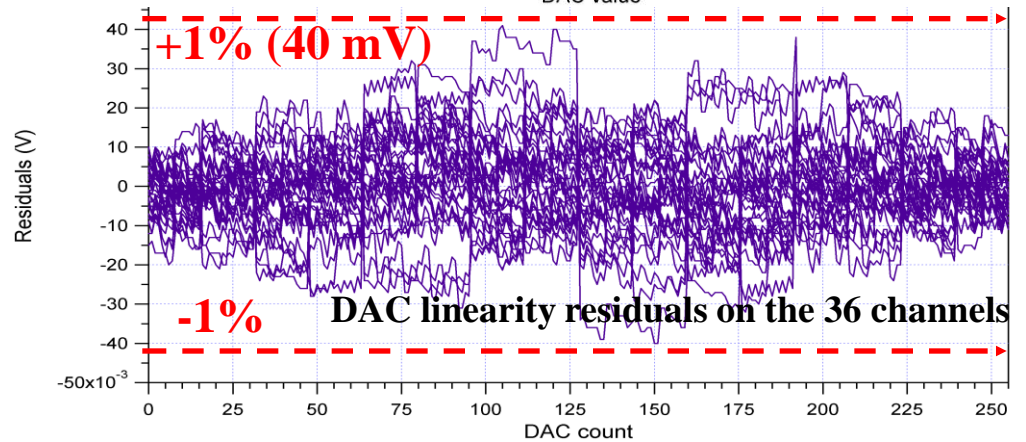
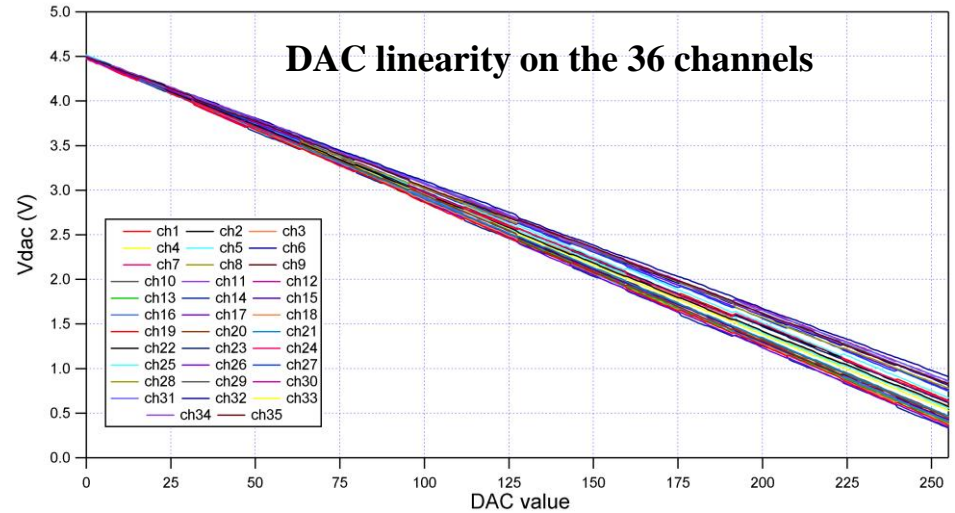
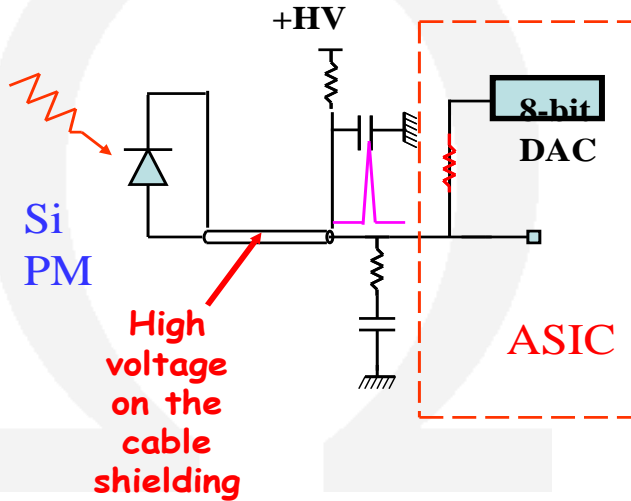
Single-Photon Peaks I



- 50 chips SPIROC2 produced in june 2008 to equip AHCAL and ECAL EUDET modules
 - **EUDET milestone**
 - Package TQFP208
 - Difficult slow control loading
- **Measurements slowly coming in : complex chip**
 - Collab LAL, DESY, Heidelberg
- Full production run : march 2010
- 4000 chips SPIROC0 (analog) bare die
- 1000 chips SPIROC2A in TQFP208
 - Identical to SPIROC2 with slow control fixed
- 200 chips SPIROC2B in TQFP208
 - Pin to pin compatible with SP2
 - Individual gain adjustment
 - Better input DAC
- **New alternative FE design in collaboration with Heidelberg**
- **Many external applications !**

SPIROC2B: new Input DAC

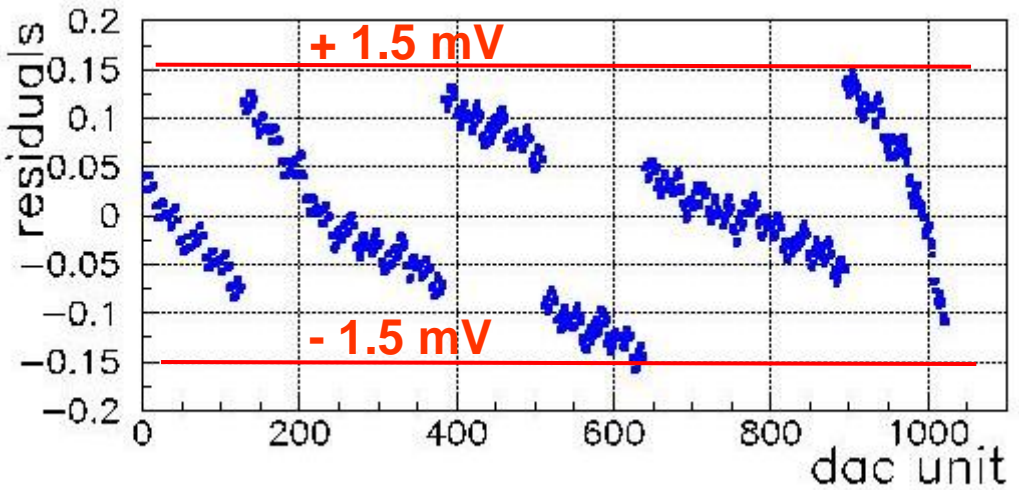
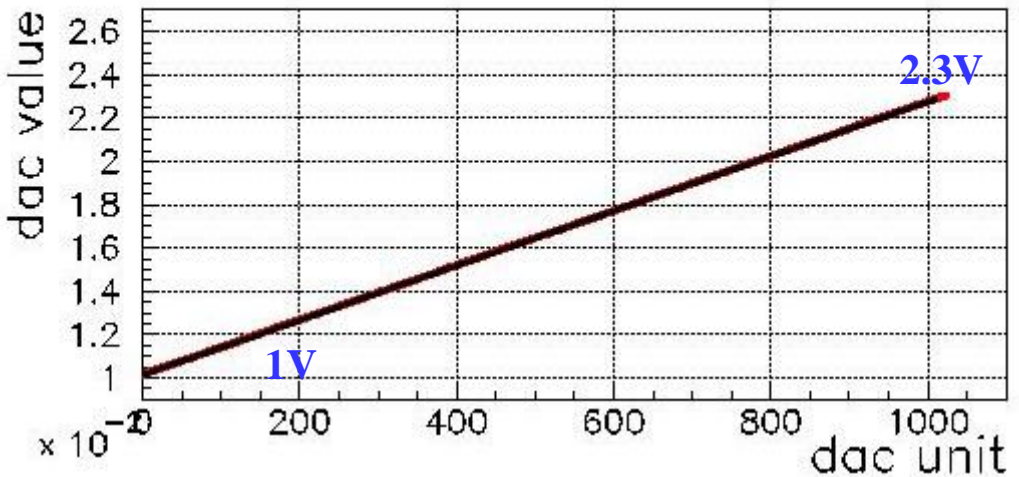
- Input DAC to optimize SiPM bias voltage
- 8-bit DAC, 5V range, **LSB=20mV**
- 36 DAC (one per channel)
- **Ultra low power (<1 μ W) : no power pulsing**
- Can sink 10 μ A leakage current
- Improved version : new spatial arrangement for a better matching
- **Linearity : $\pm 1\%$**
- **DAC uniformity between the 36 channels : $\sim 3\%$**



SPIROC2B: new 10-bit DAC linearity



- Residuals : **$\pm 1.5\text{mV}$** (better than ± 1 LSB)
- Slope 1.3mV/DAC unit



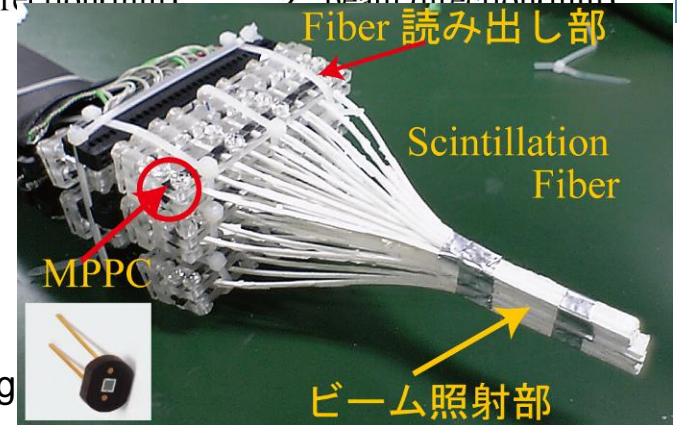
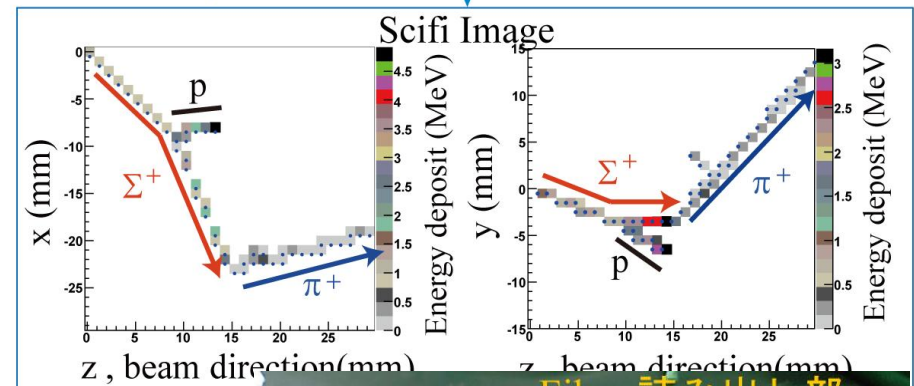
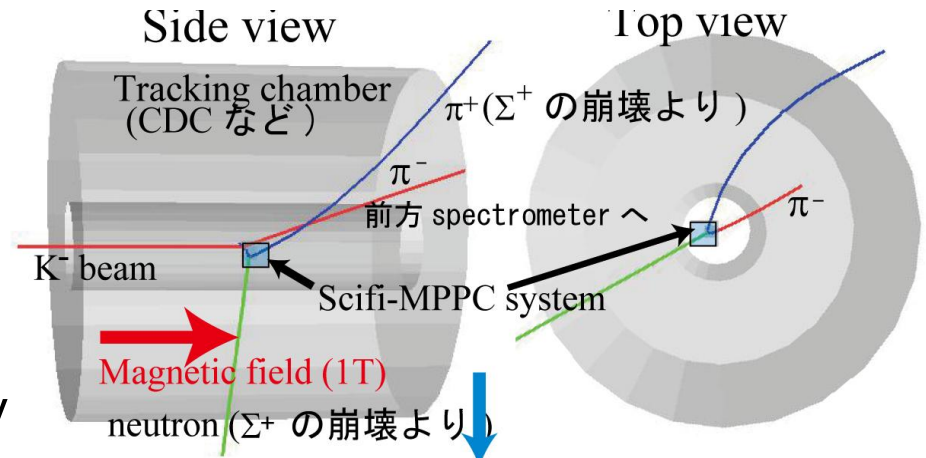
Active target with MPPC readout

Tohoku Univ + KEK

• Characteristics

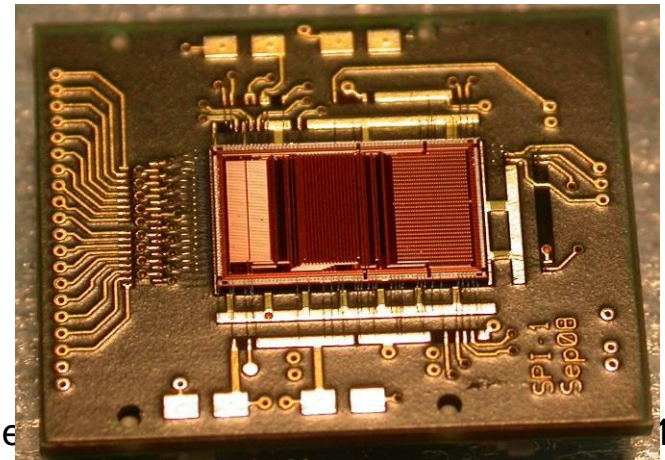
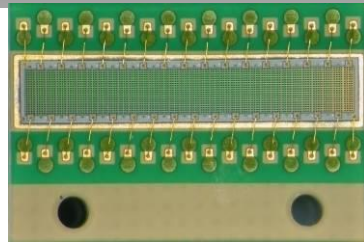
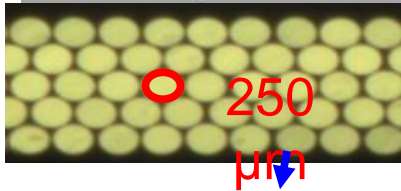
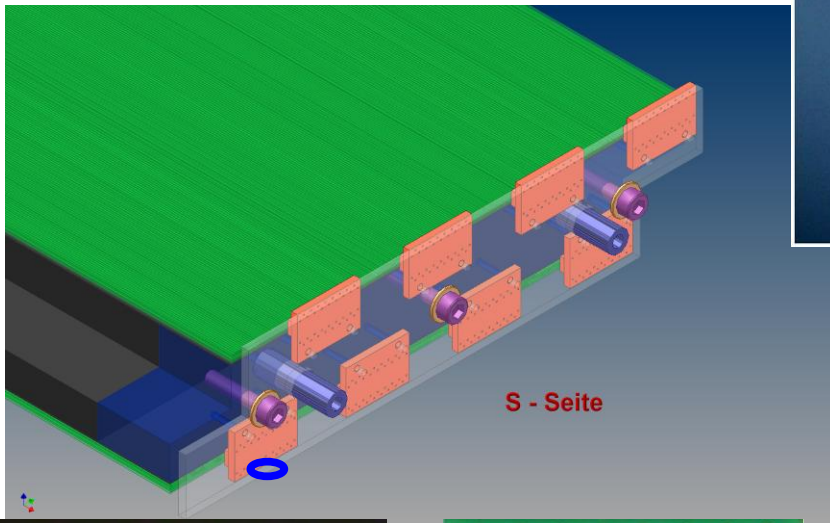
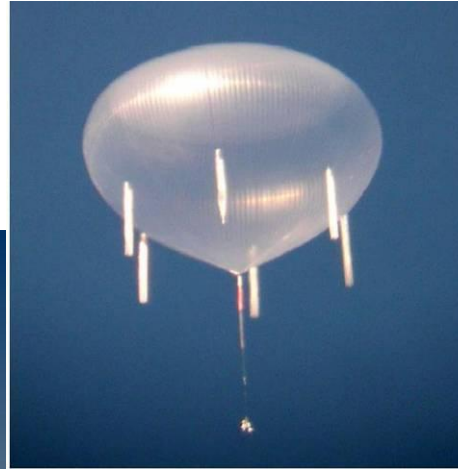
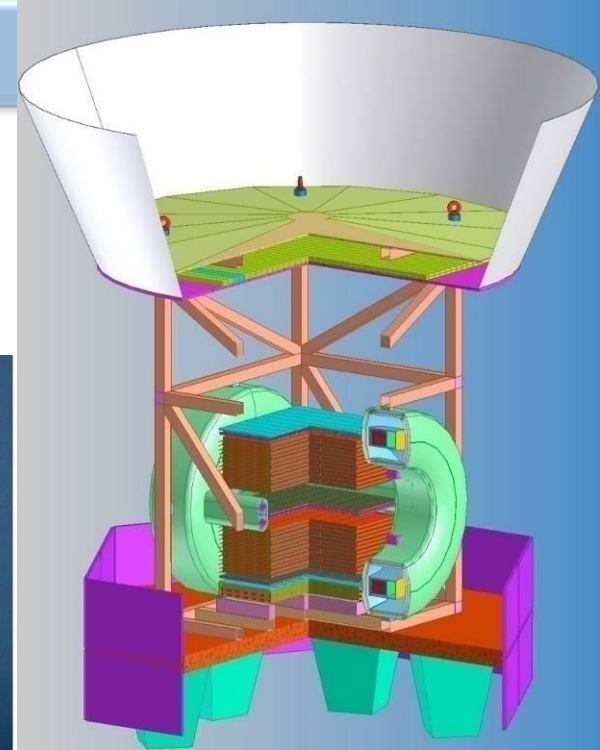
- Fast time response
 - Work in a high beam intensity
- Large gain ($10^5 \sim 10^6$)
 - Possible to detect 1 photon
- Operation in the magnetic field
 - Combination of Imaging and Spectrometer
- Trigger possibility

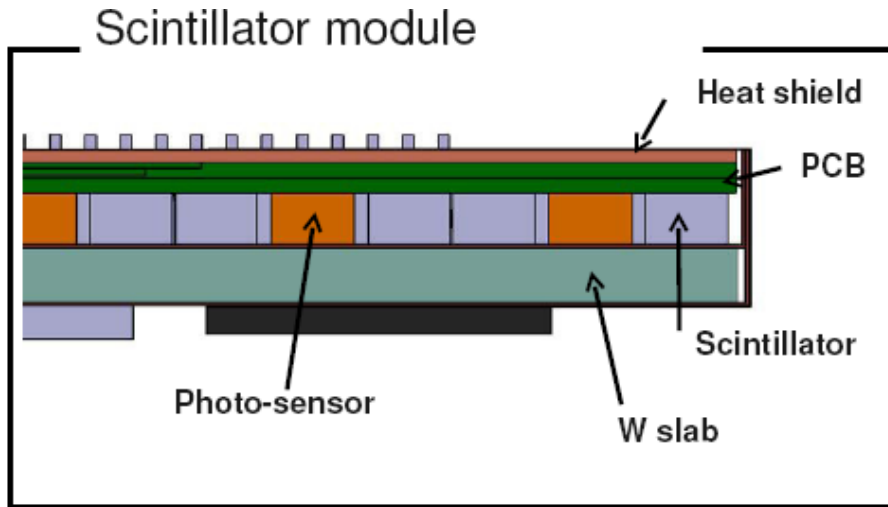
Test with small prototype



MPPC 50ch を用いた小型プロトタイプ

- PEBS is a project in Research & Development phase
The purpose of the experiment is a precision measurement of the electron & positron cosmic ray flux in the energy range from 1 to 2000 GeV.





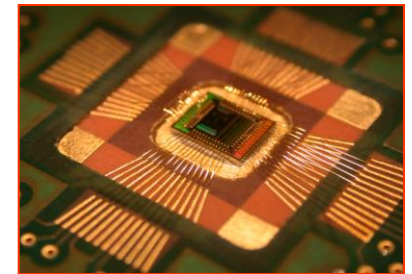
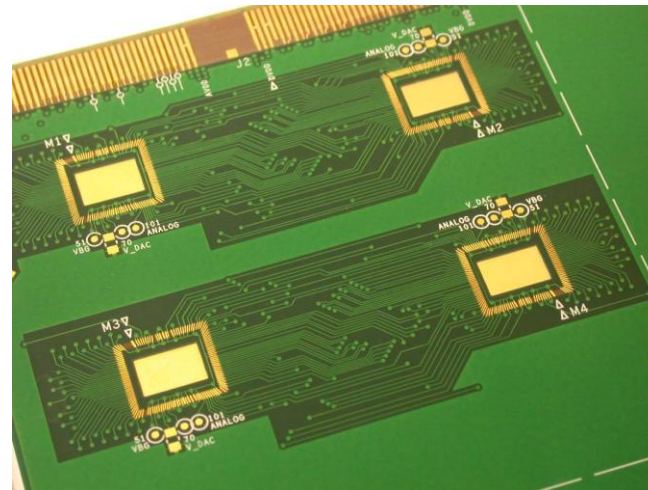
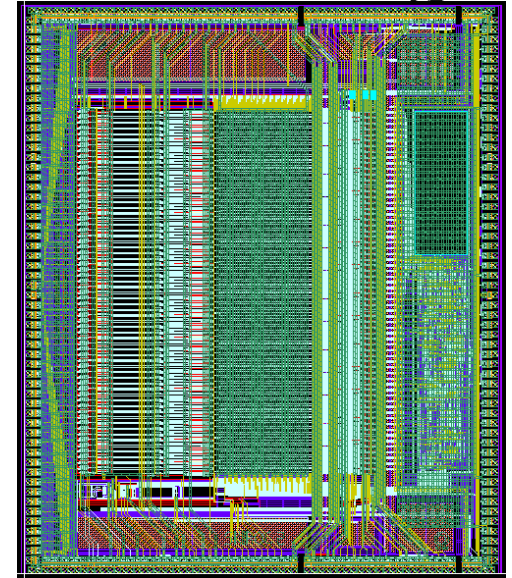
Single-sided slabs to fit into EUDET structure

~45x5 mm² strips, MPPC readout

PCB: Similar requirements to AHCAL → work with DESY
MPPC mounting/readout
Gain monitoring system

SKIROC : ECAL readout

- SKIROC2 : Silicon Kalorimeter Integrated Read-Out Chip
 - 64 channels, 70 mm²
 - Very large dynamic range: HG for 0.5-500 MIP, LG for 500-3000 Mip
 - Collab. with LLR
 - Testability at wafer level
- Front End boards crucial element
 - Collab with Korea

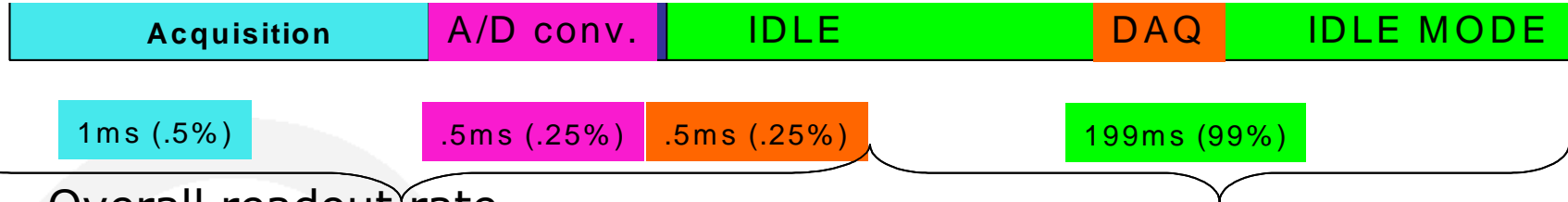


- Nice infrastructure essential to prove ILC calo feasibility
 - ECAL, HCAL : Mechanical infrastructure + new sensors
 - Light calibration system
 - Embedded electronics with 2nd generation DAQ
 - First power pulsing operation at system level
 - FCAL : new sensors and readout electronics

- All milestones completed, good starting point for AIDA
 - Large scale mechanical structure
 - Thousands of readout chips
 - 2nd generation DAQ infrastructure
 - Lots of important tests ahead : Power pulsing, coherent noise, power dissipation, timing, system aspects, DAQ...
 - Small Testbeam program starting



- Data rate (Spiroc/Skiroc) : naive estimate
 - Volume : $36\text{ch} \times 16\text{sca} \times 50\text{bits} = 30 \text{ kbit/chip}$
 - Conversion time : $16 \times 100 \mu\text{s} = 1.6 \text{ ms}$
 - Readout speed 5 MHz (could be increased to 10-20 MHz)
 - 8 chips/DIF line (one FEV only)
 - Total : $1.5\text{ms} + 30000 \times 200\text{ns} \times 8 = 50 \text{ ms}/16 \text{ events} = 3 \text{ ms/evt} \Rightarrow 300 \text{ Hz during spill}$



- Overall readout rate
 - « Add » 1-10% power pulsing : 3-30 Hz effective rate
 - Pessimistic as assuming all chips full
 - **interesting tests to be done**
- Note : readout electronics designed for ILC low-occupancy, low rate detector **≠ Testbeam !!**

Read out: token ring

- Readout architecture common to all calorimeters
- Minimize data lines & power

