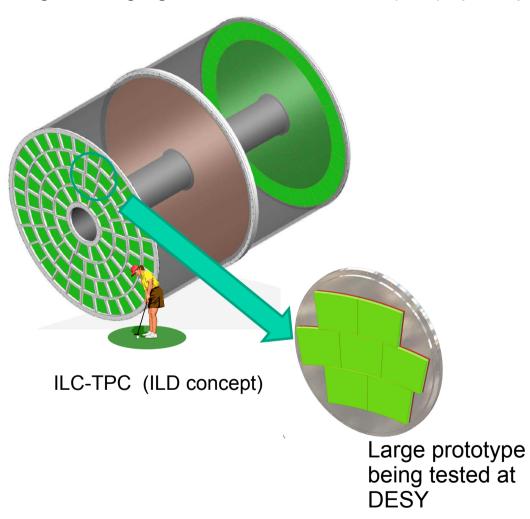
LPTPC DAQ

29 September 2010

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ILC-TPC

Continuous 3D tracking in a large gaseous volume with O(100) space points.



LPTPC @ DESY

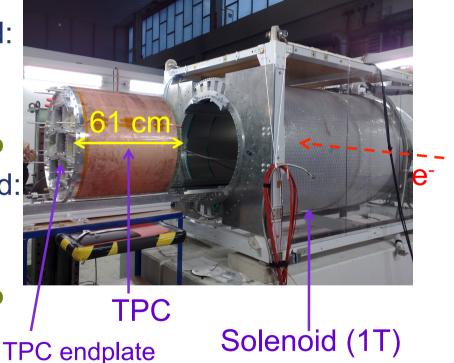
 Since end of 2008, LCTPC collaboration is testing a large TPC prototype (LPTPC) with 6 GeV e⁻ beam in DESY

TPC endplate allows to easily accommodate different Micro Pattern

Gas Detector (MPGD)

• 3 MPGD technologies are tested:

- MICROMEGAS + PADs
- Double GEM + PADs
- Triple GEM + CMOS Timepix chip
- 3 ReadOut Electronics are tested:
 - MICROMEGAS + T2K AFTER
 - Double GEM + ALTRO (ALICE)
 - Triple GEM + CMOS Timepix chip

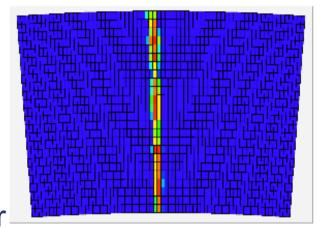


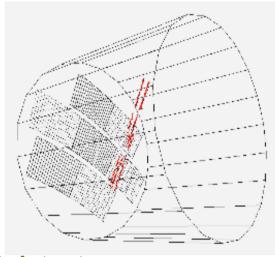
In this talk I will mainly report on the latest TB (sept. 2010) with GEM

+ a word on MICROMEGAS DAQ

Test beam campaign

- Since end of 2008, many successful test beams in DESY with LPTPC
 - Both GEMs and MICROMEGAS are running nicely
 - As well as their DAQ

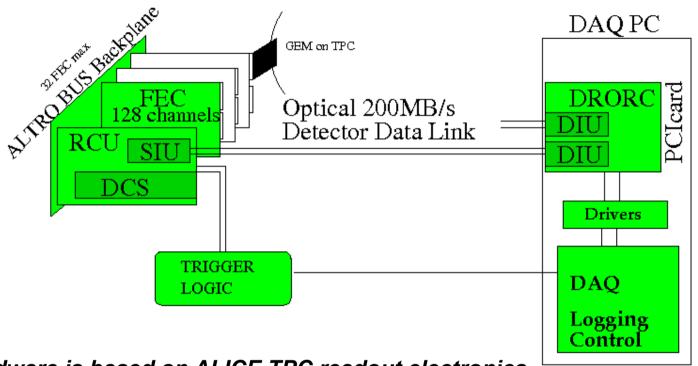




- However
 - Different DAQ systems for the different detectors
 - In ILD, space will be limited for TPC electronics (10 cm)
 - → need redesign of FE electronics and DAQ interface (sALTRO and AFTER)

LPTPC ALTRO DAQ Readout of GEM A status report

29 September 2010 Ulf Mjörnmark, Lund University

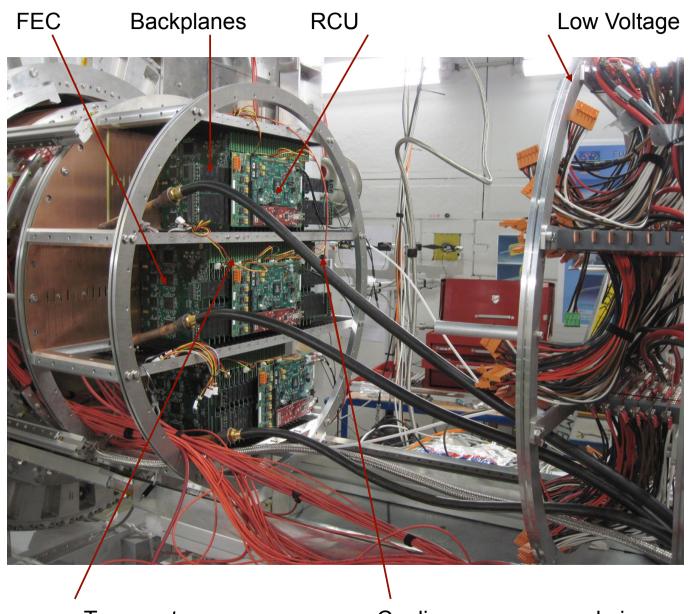


Hardware is based on ALICE TPC readout electronics

modified Front End Cards (FEC) with 8*16 ch ALTRO chips (128 ch/FEC): Preamplifier 16 ch PASA \rightarrow 16 ch PCA16 with programmable gain,shaping Added hardware to program PCA16 settings

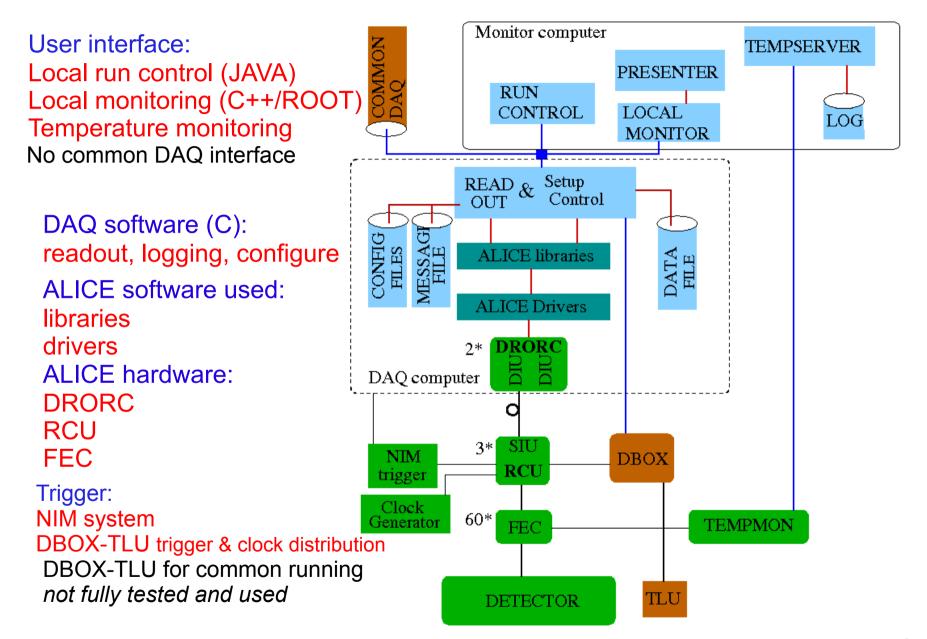
Modified board controller firmware for downloading PCA16 settings Other input connectors to use kapton cables between GEM and FEC

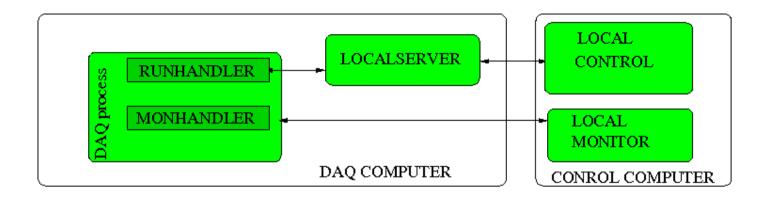
Modified ALTRO BUS backplane to allow 32 FECs instead of 26 Modified Readout Control Units (RCU) to handle external trigger and clocks Standard Data Receiver (DRORC)



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Low Voltage Kapton cables FEC





Messages are sent between local control and localserver over network as simple text strings:

*<command> <parameters> e.g.:

*START configure DRORC/data memory/RCU/ALTRO

*SOR, *EOR start of run, end of run

*PCA configure PCA16

*STOP close DRORC/data memory

*POW power on/off FECs, download lookup tables (takes long time)

Localserver communicates with DAQ runhandler using sockets or UNIX signals depending on run state (should have be done differently today).

Local monitor communicates with a thread (monhandler) in the DAQ process *GETEVT request an event, event is sent as raw binary data over the network

TRIGGER SYSTEM

NIM electronics and using the parallel port on DAQ computer to enable/reset trigger. External clock generator for the RCUs *One trigger mode:*

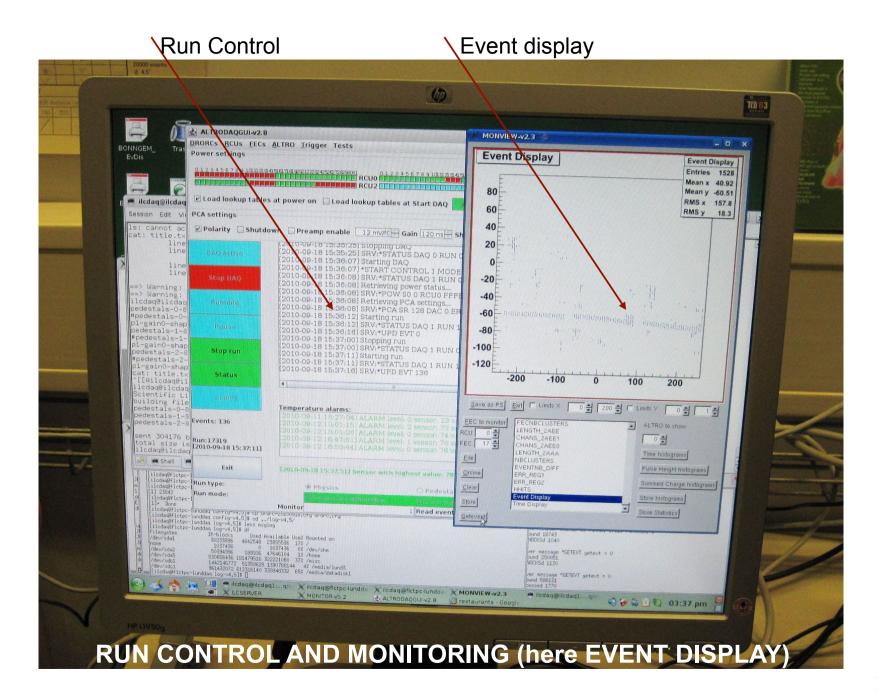
1 - Data driven readout (DAQ process waits for data from DRORCs)

DBOX – TLU intended to be used for common running D(istributor)BOX recieves trigger from TLU, distributes trigger and clocks to the RCUs *Two trigger modes:*

- 1 Data driven readout (DAQ process waits for data from DRORCs)
- 2 Network trigger from DBOX to DAQ process

DAQ process send an acknowledge through the network to the DBOX when finished *Problem:* acknowledge is sometimes sent but not received.

There has not yet been any combined running, so DBOX – TLU has not been the standard trigger system used.



EXPERIENCE WITH READOUT SYSTEM

Operated reliable when taking data in test beams at DESY:

February – March 2009 July 2009 September 2009 September 2010

In September 2010 did the system consist of: 7680 channels (60 Front End cards) 3 RCUs 2 DRORCs

The system is designed to handle 10000 channels.

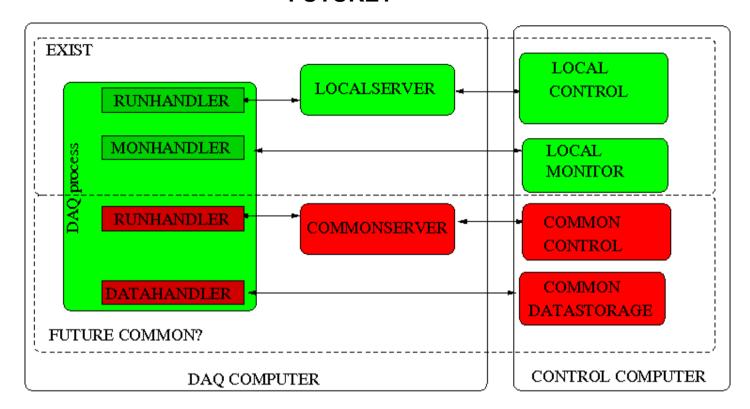
Improvements have been done during this time.

Used in Japan with 1 RCU + GEM + small TPC.

Used in Lund for system tests.

Some improvements in run control planned.

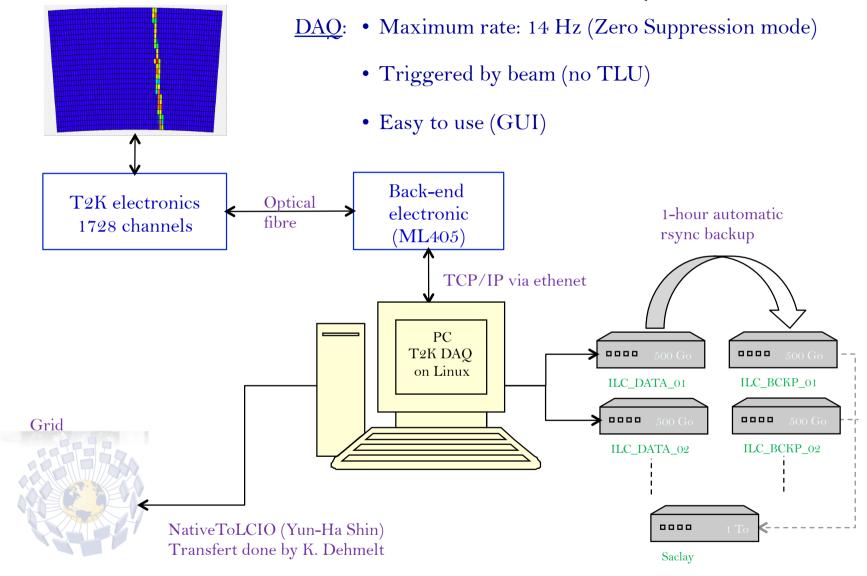
FUTURE?



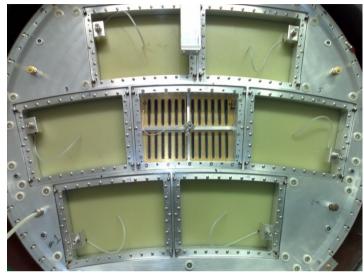
DBOX – TLU trigger? fully implemented if any combined running Some work was done to integrate DAQ process with EUDAQ, but lack of time/manpower and problem with ALICE C-code interrupted it.

Control? implement a commonserver that can communicate with the DAQ process one one side, as the localserver do, and with a common control on the other side. **Event data transfer?** Currently as local storage and sending raw binary data over network.

MICROMEGAS DAQ

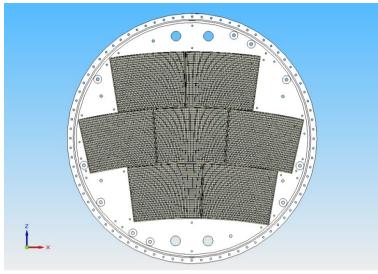


MICROMEGAS Future Plan

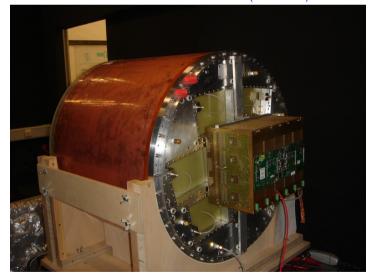


istive technology choice

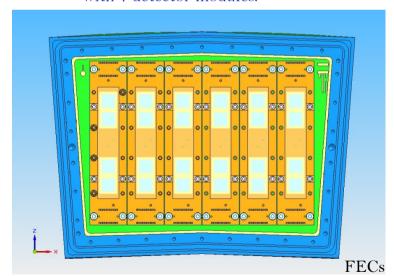
Reduce the electronics



So far with one detector module (1728ch)



with 7 detector modules.



MICROMEGAS Future plans

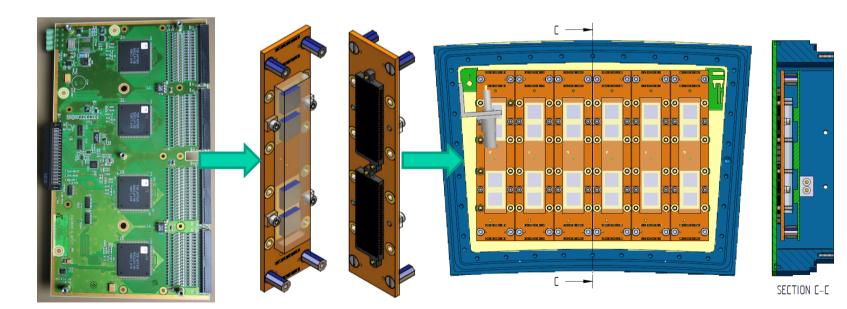
This requires:

New PCB routing

- keep pad layout
- Use flat 300 point connectors

New FEC

- Remove part of the protection (Resistive foil protects)
- Remove packaging (silicon is 7x7mm instead of 20x20 for the packaging)
- transfer power regulation and ADC to the mezzanine module card.



- •In addition: new Front End Mezzanine card and Back-end Module
- New System will be compatible with TLU

Summary Current TPC DAQs

- The LPTPC test beams have been very successful
 - Many data are being analyzed, more test beam coming with more channels
- BUT:
 - Each electronics (ALTRO, AFTER, Timepix and Si envelope) has its own DAQ system :
 - Each system is working stand alone
 - Each system has local online monitoring tools
 - Most systems have local reconstruction and analysis
 - All have a converter to LCIO
 - Analysis in Marlin has started on all systems
- For TPC alone tests, each system is working fine
 - + already one successful combined test MICROMEGAS+Si envelope
- However:
 - Except Timepix, other systems are not using EUDAQ
 - So far, only ALTRO can use TLU (with an extra distributor board)
 - One of the problem : TLU uses LVDS signal while ALTRO/AFTER use LVTTL

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