

# **A Study on Leakage and Energy Resolution**

**Ivan Marchesini , CALICE meeting, 2010-07-05**

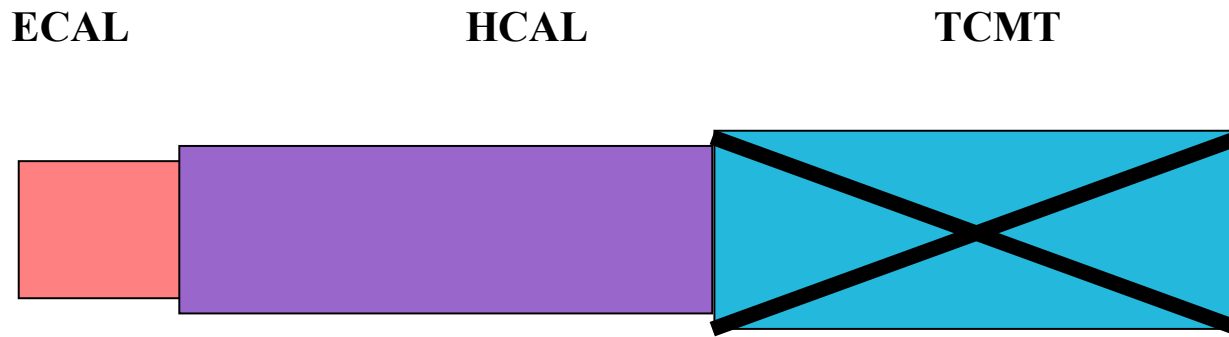
# Outlook

- ▶ Introduction.
- ▶ Event selection.
- ▶ Quick reminder. Variables sensitive to the leakage used:
  - Shower Start;
  - End-fraction.
- ▶ An energy-independent correction to the Leakage.
- ▶ First data/MC comparisons.
- ▶ Comments and next steps.

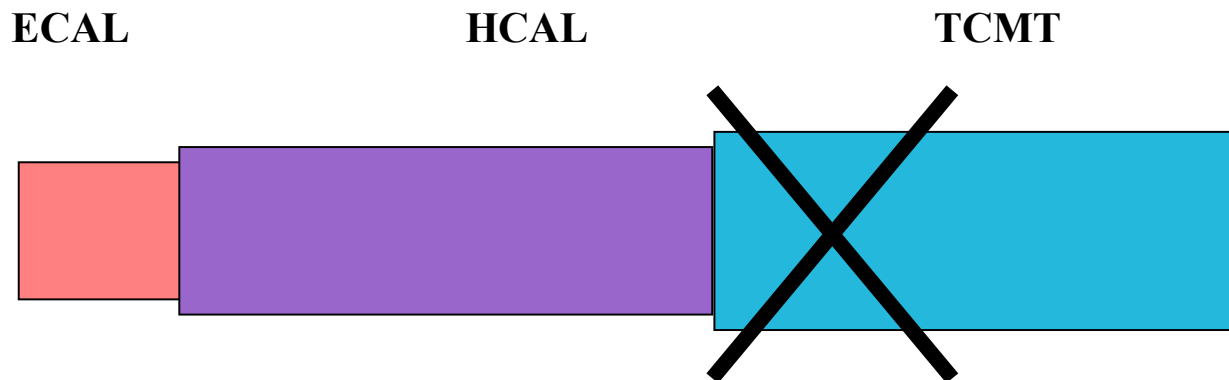
# Introduction

# Tasks of the Study

1) Study a correction to the leakage from the HCAL, using the **HCAL alone**.



2) See the benefit of having additionally a **TCMT** in an ILD-like configuration:



Information of the first TCMT layers removed, to simulate coil.

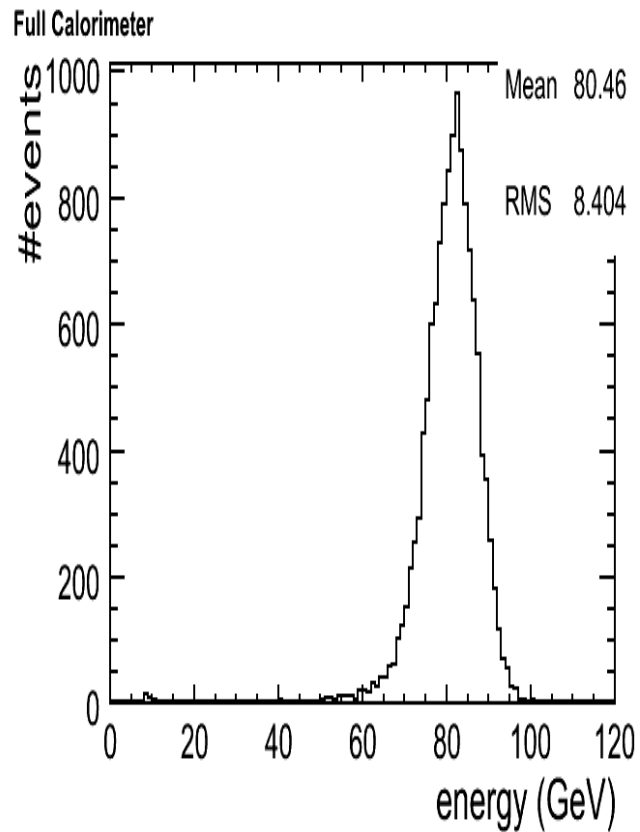
# Event Selection

# Event Selection

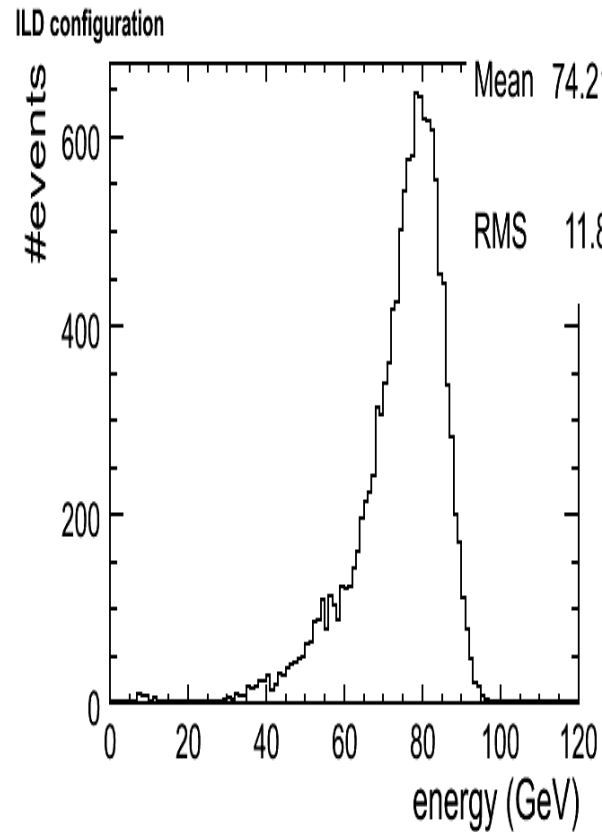
- ▶ CERN 2007 pion runs. Examples for 80 GeV run 330962.
- ▶ Cuts:
  - 0.5 MIP threshold.
  - TRIGGER:
    - BeamBit==1;
    - b100x100Bit==0 no muons.
    - CherenkowBit==0 no electrons.
  - Shower start in the HCAL:
    - Marina processor: exclude shower start HCAL layers 1, 2.
  - Further MIP rejection:
    - Frac-10 cut: E hits > 10 MIPs / total E > 0.01 (for HCAL + TCMT).
    - Triangle cut: E TCMT vs E HCAL+ECAL.

# Total Energy

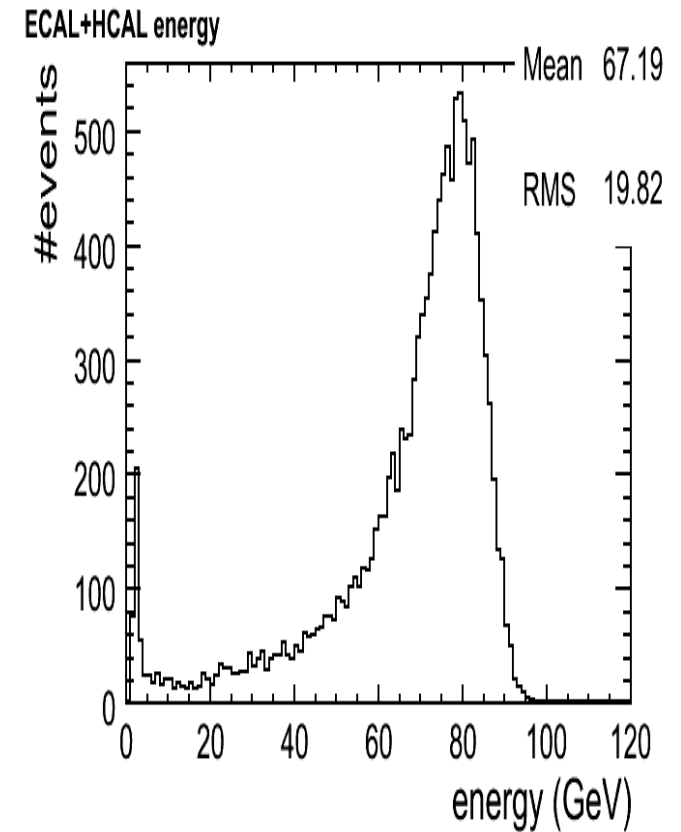
All



~~ECAL+HCAL+COIL~~  
+TCMT = ILD



ECAL+HCAL

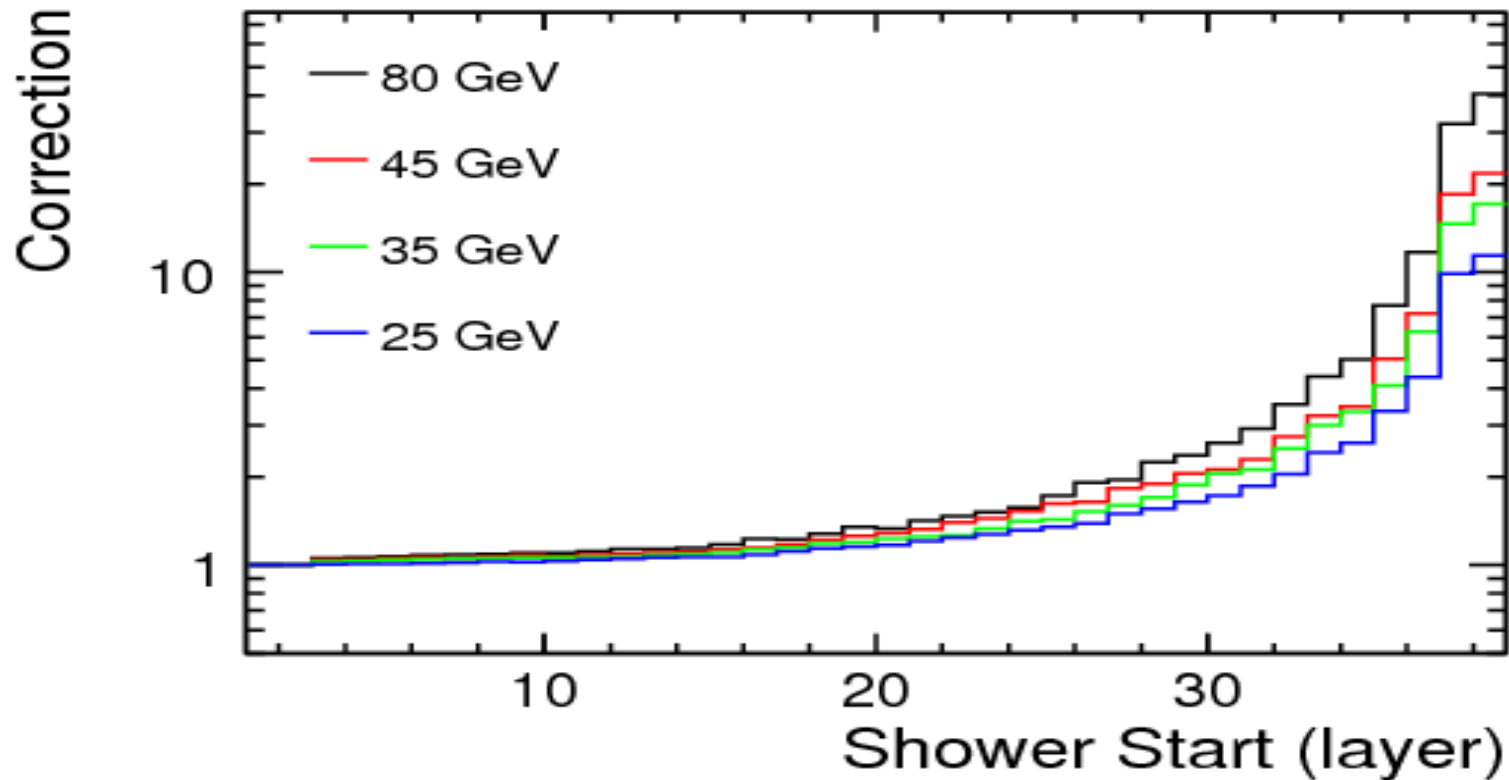


# **Variables Sensitive to Leakage: 1 – Shower Start**



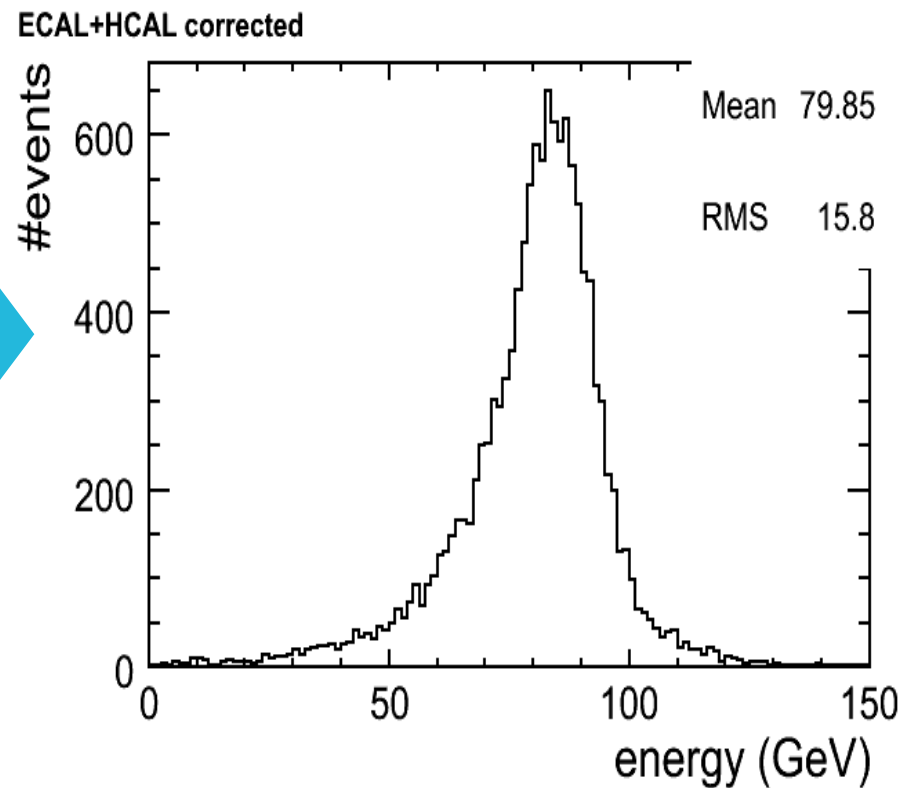
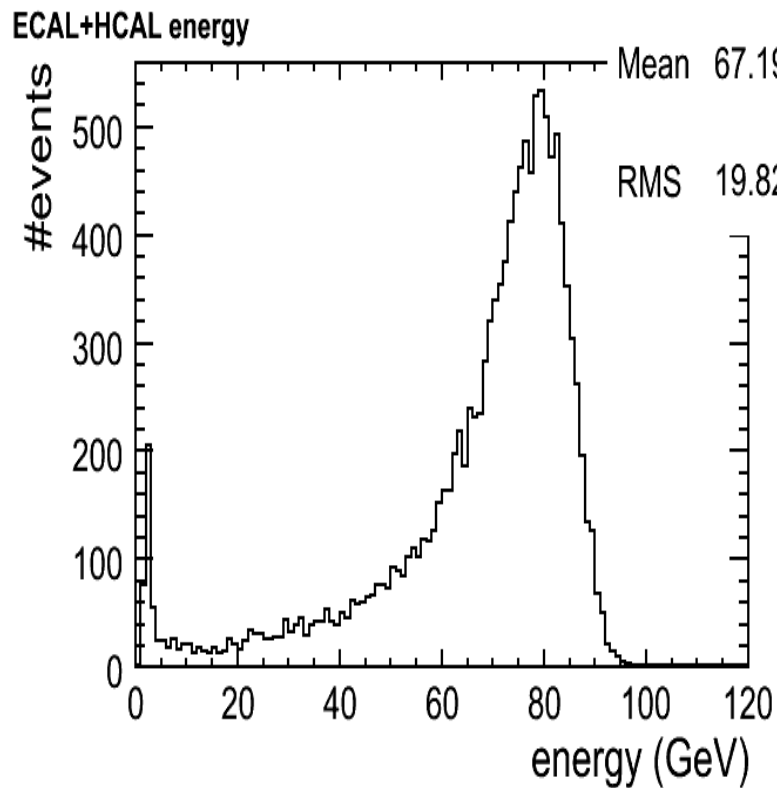
# Correction vs Energy

- ▶ Correction to the leakage depending on the shower start layer.
- ▶ Correction strongly **energy dependent**.



# Result

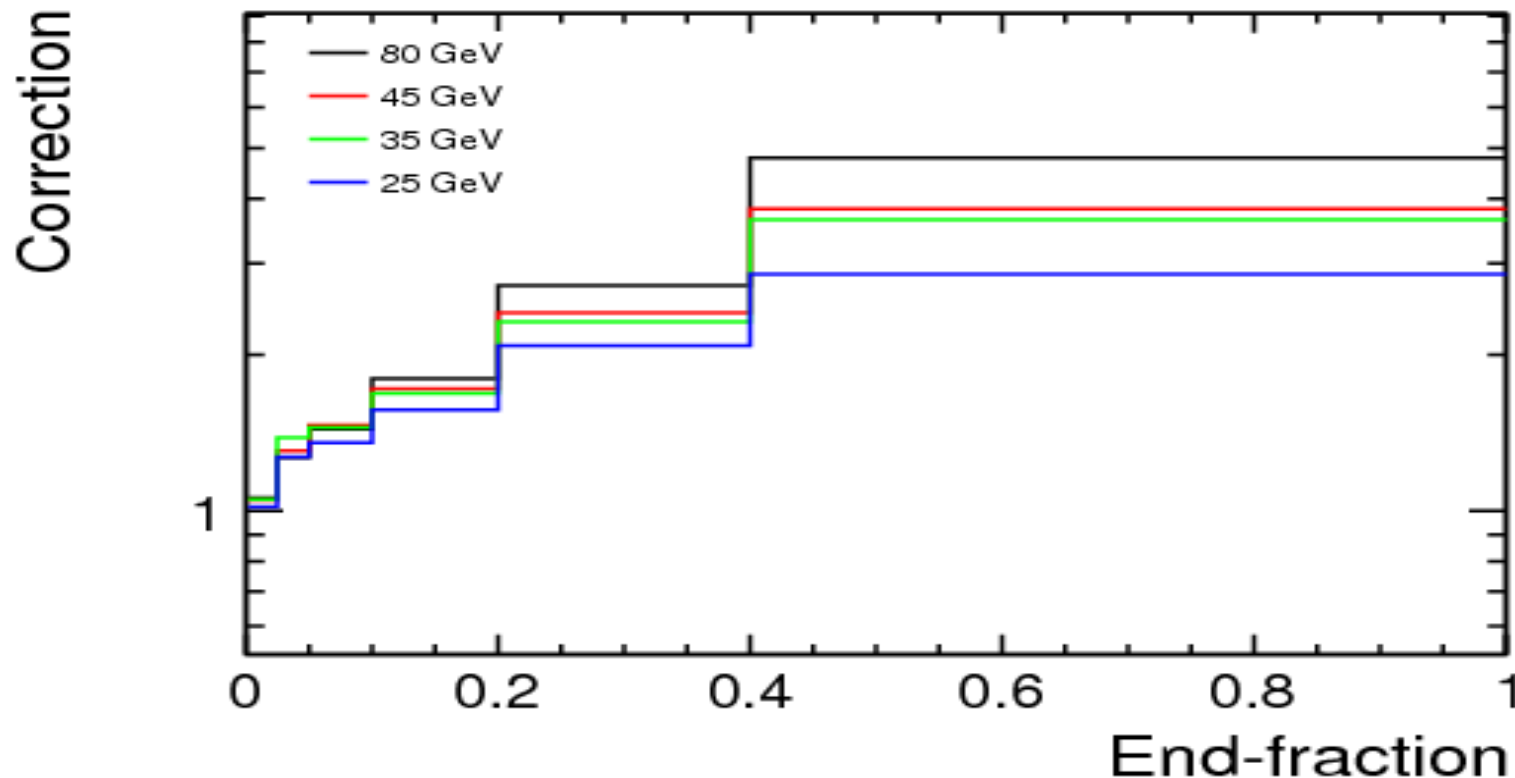
- ▶ Mean value of the total energy distribution well recovered.
- ▶ RMS reduced but still large.



# **Variables Sensitive to Leakage: 2 – End-fraction**

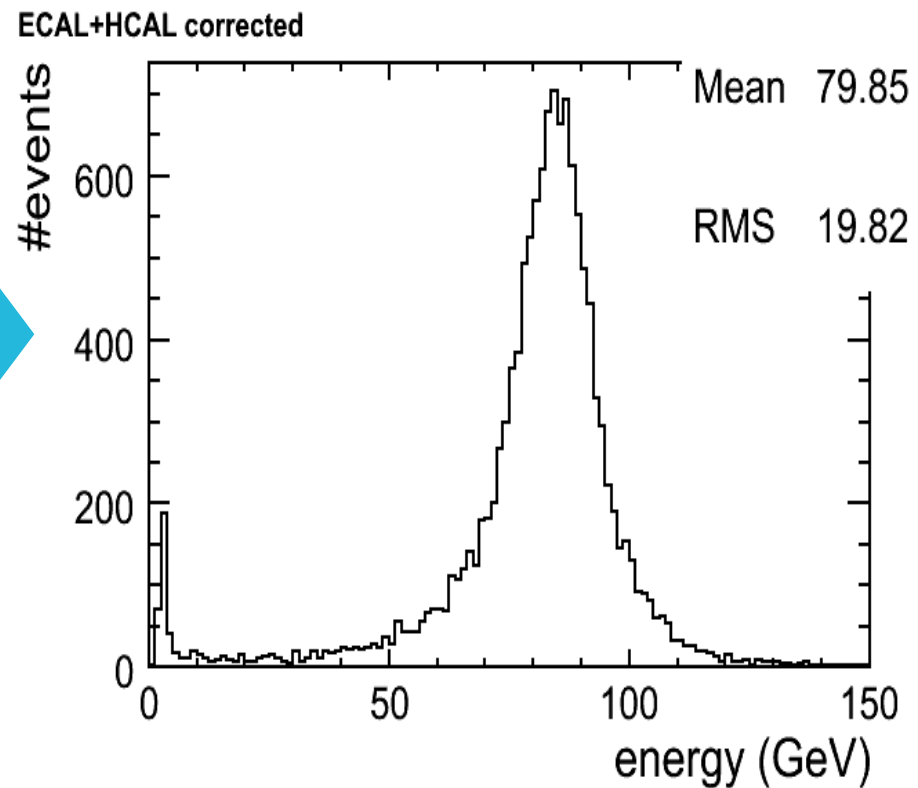
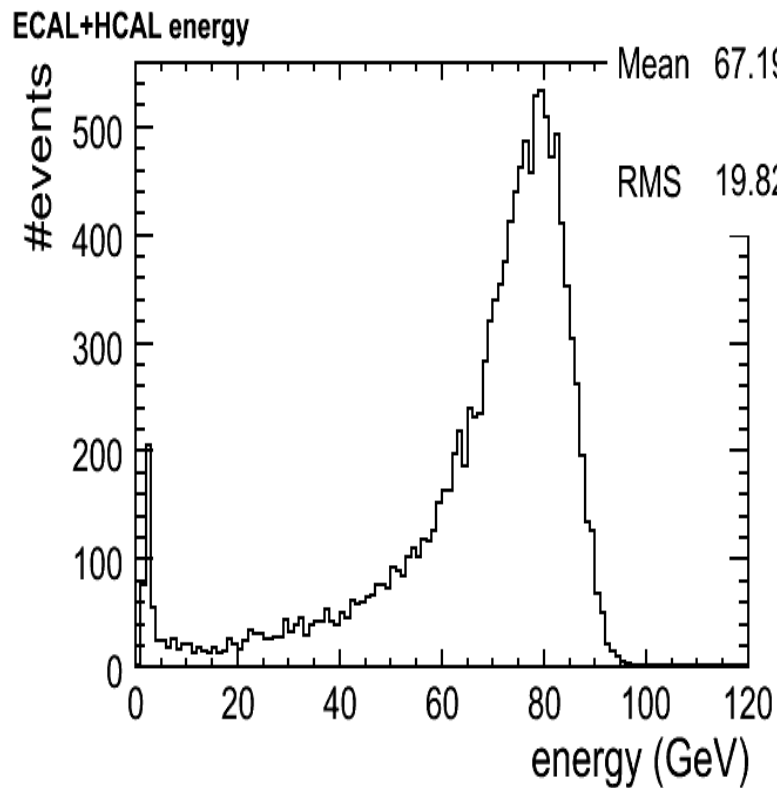
# Correction vs Energy

- ▶ End-fraction: fraction of energy in the last 2 layers of the HCAL/ measured energy ECAL+HCAL.
- ▶ Correction to the leakage depending on the end-fraction bin.
- ▶ Correction strongly **energy dependent**.



# Result

- ▶ Mean value of the total energy distribution well recovered.
- ▶ Some events on the left tail not recovered: RMS still large.



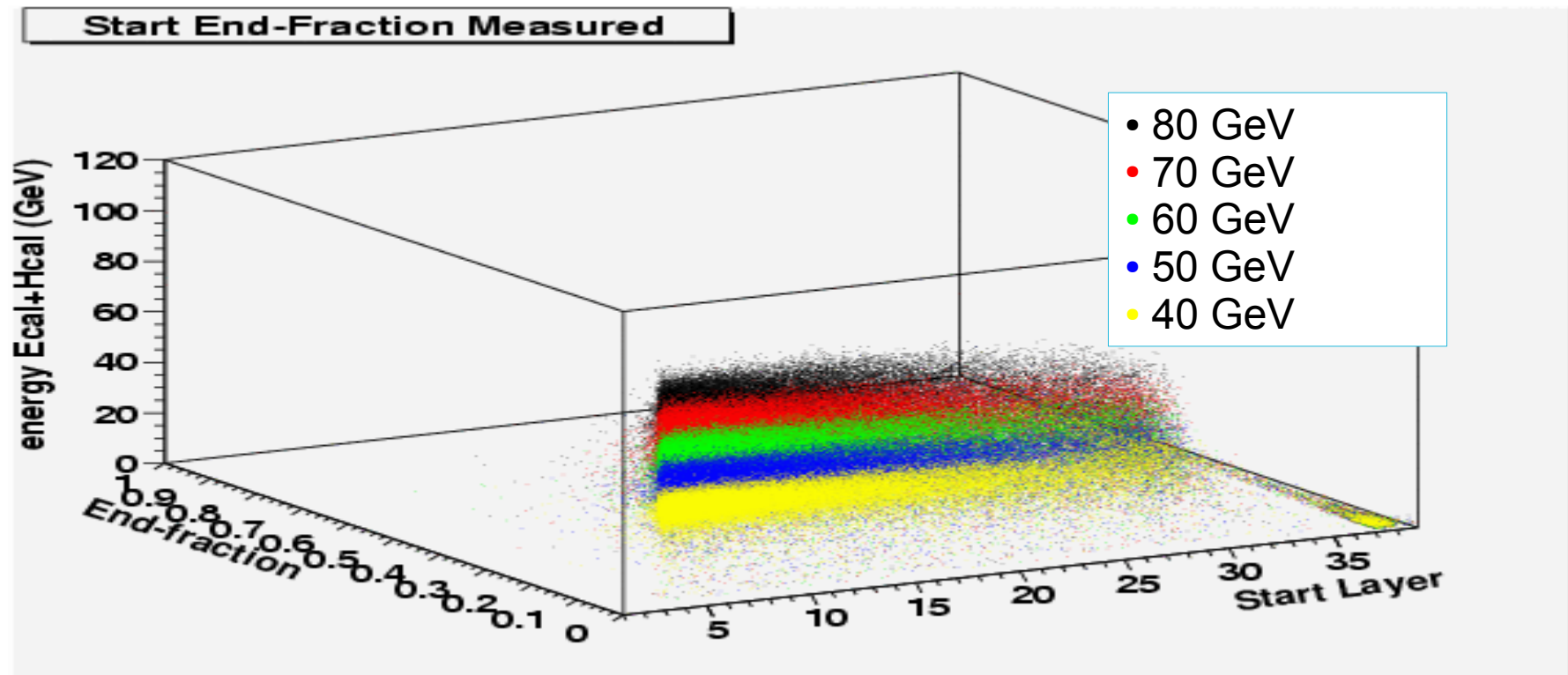
# Correction to the Leakage

# Content

- ▶ Shower start and End-fraction: powerful but energy dependent.
- ▶ Idea: add **measured energy** observable to gain energy independence.
- ▶ I present here a **Monte Carlo study**.
- ▶ Monte Carlo files:
  - physics list: FTFP\_BERT;
  - detector model: TBCern0707\_p0709.
- ▶ Monte Carlo template: [10,15,20,25,...,100] GeV.
- ▶ Data fitted to the template: [32.5,37.5,42.5,...,77.5] GeV.

# 3D Distribution

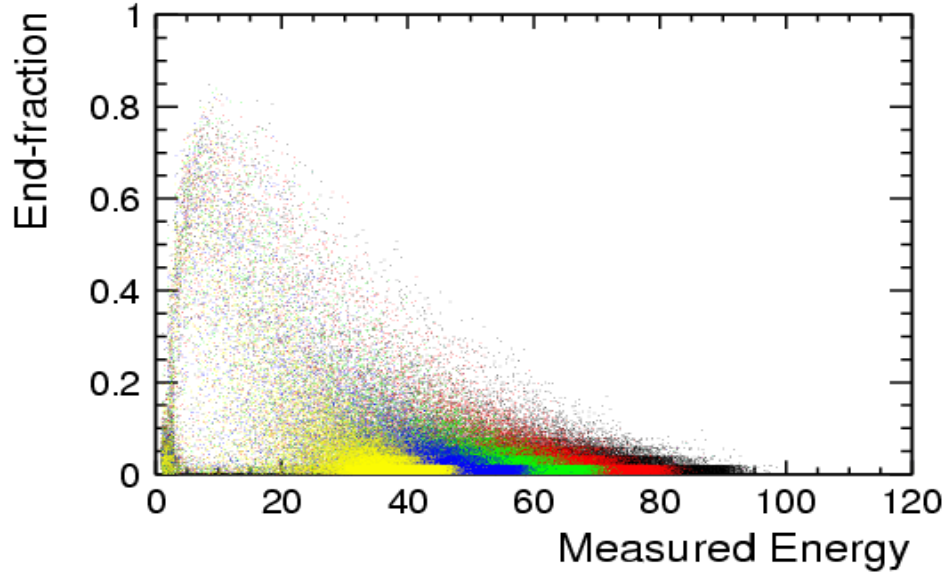
- ▶ X: shower start layer;
- ▶ Y: fraction of energy in the last 2 layers of the HCAL with respect to the measured energy (Ecal+Hcal);
- ▶ Z: measured energy (Ecal+Hcal).



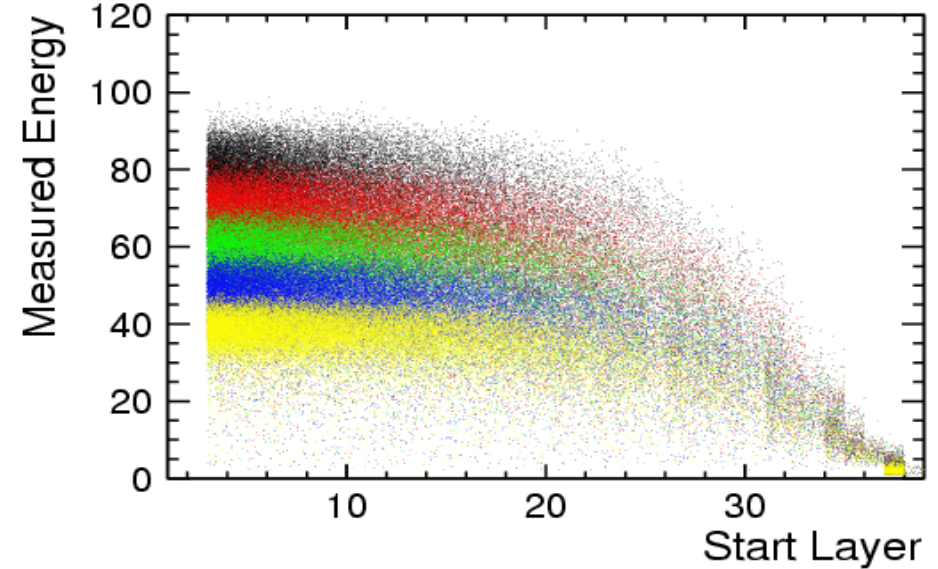


# 2D Projections

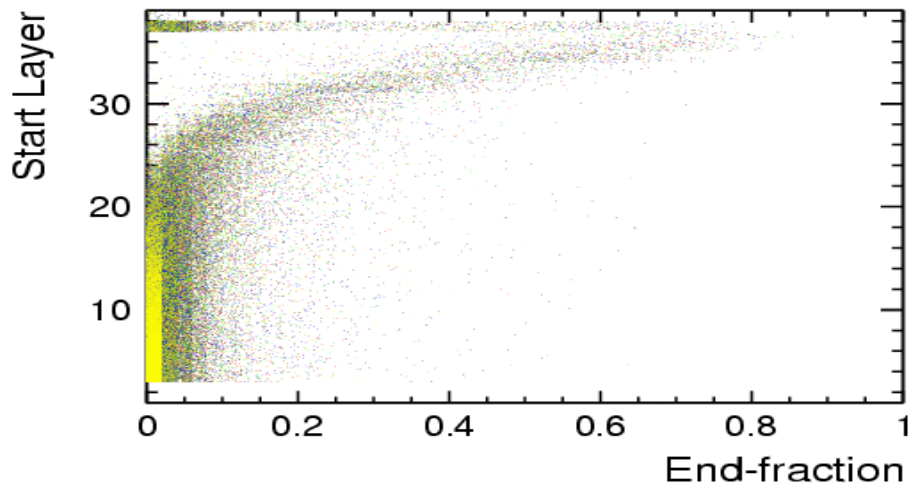
2D projection



2D projection



2D projection



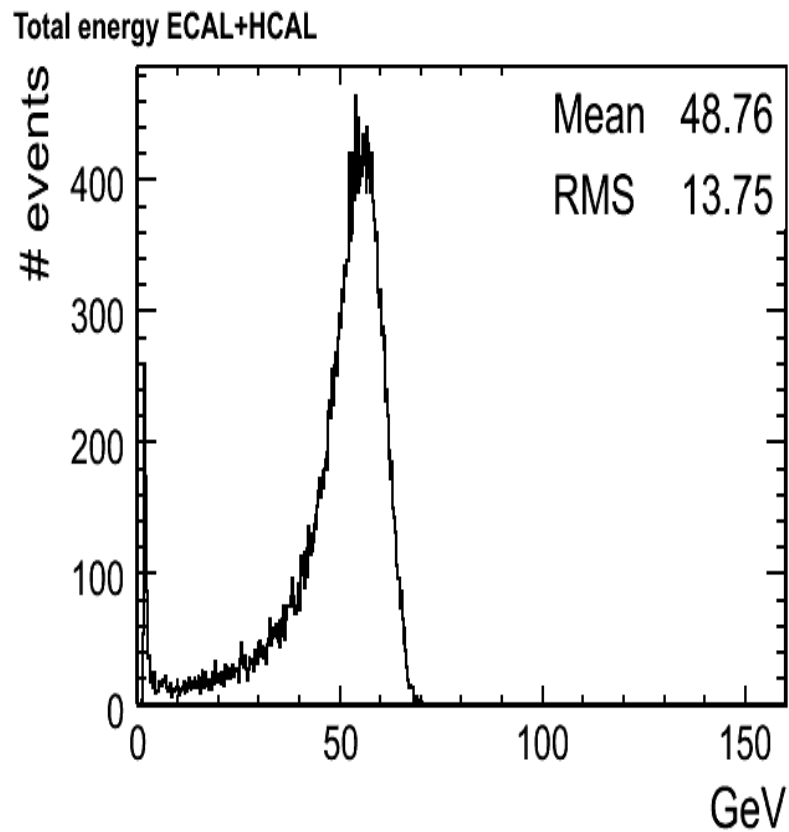
- 80 GeV
- 70 GeV
- 60 GeV
- 50 GeV
- 40 GeV

# Fit Structure

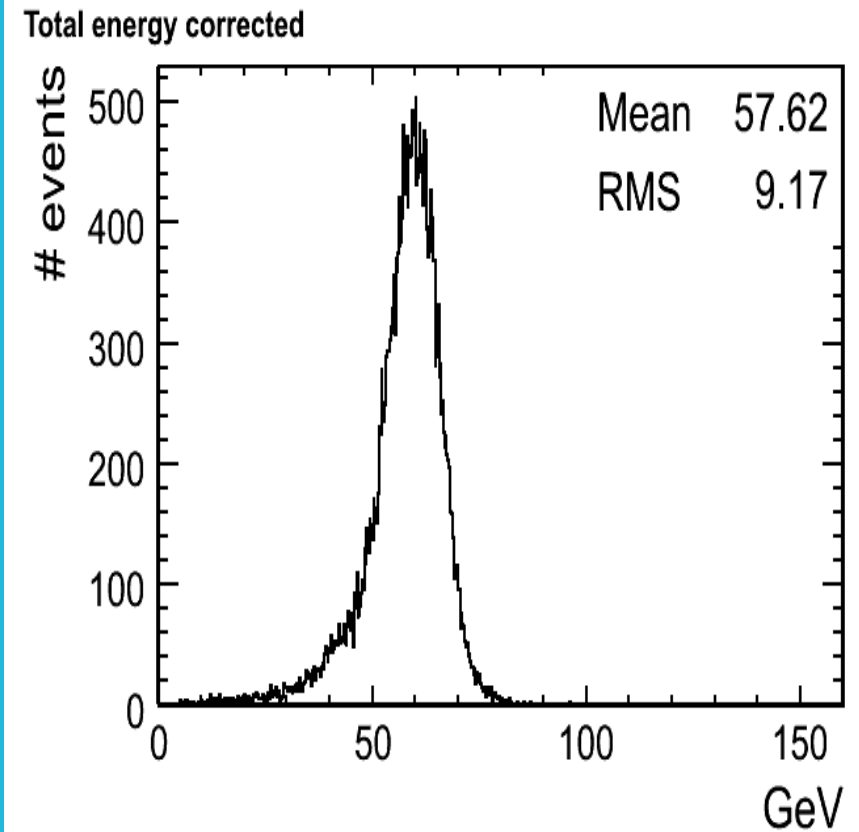
- ▶ Different energies cover different regions of 3D space.
- ▶ Fill the 3D space with the average leakage correction.
- ▶ **Averaging over energies** where they overlap.
- ▶ Apply a **bin-wise correction** to independent runs.
- ▶ Correction depends on the 3D bin where the event is located. **No beam energy information used.**
- ▶ Note: the shower start finder uses the beam energy information, but this is not strictly necessary (could use measured energy).

# Application

► Run to be corrected: **57.5 GeV**.



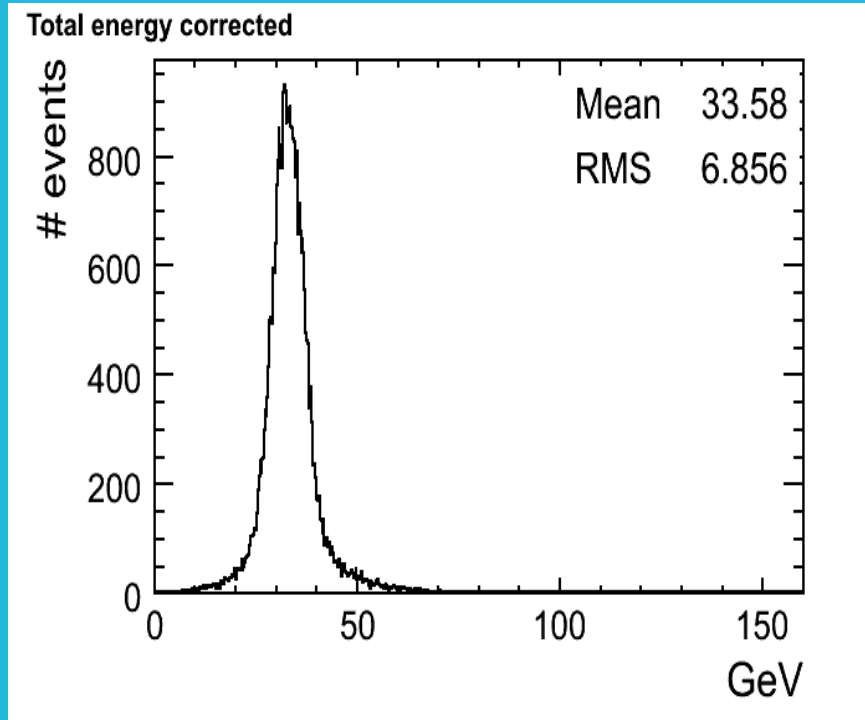
**Uncorrected**



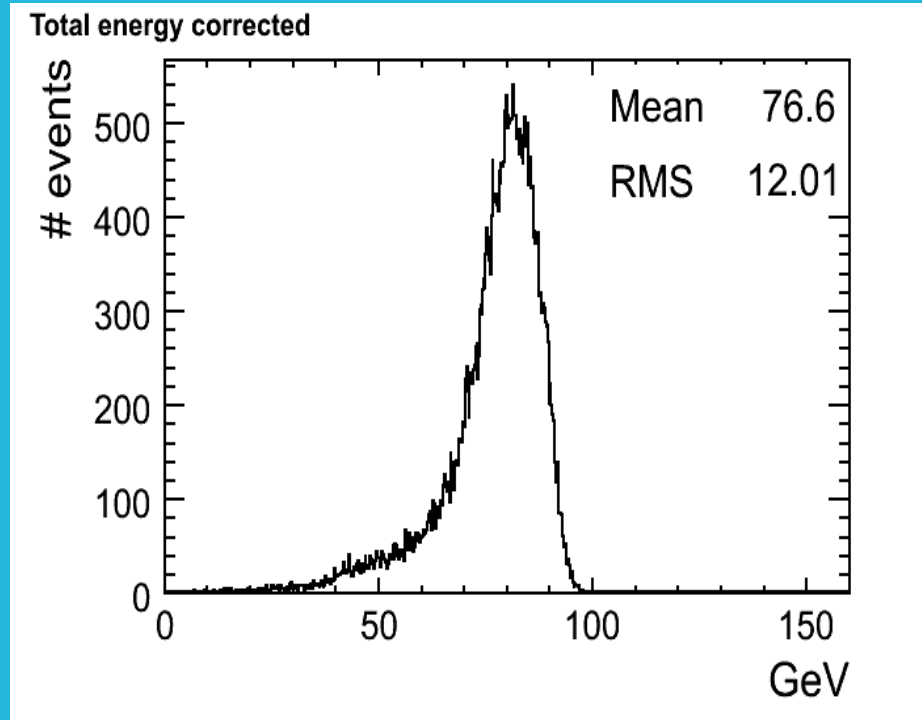
**Corrected**

# Remaining Issues

- ▶ Low energies slightly over-corrected, high energies slightly under-corrected.
- ▶ Thinking of an improvement. Probably further energy steps in the template would help.

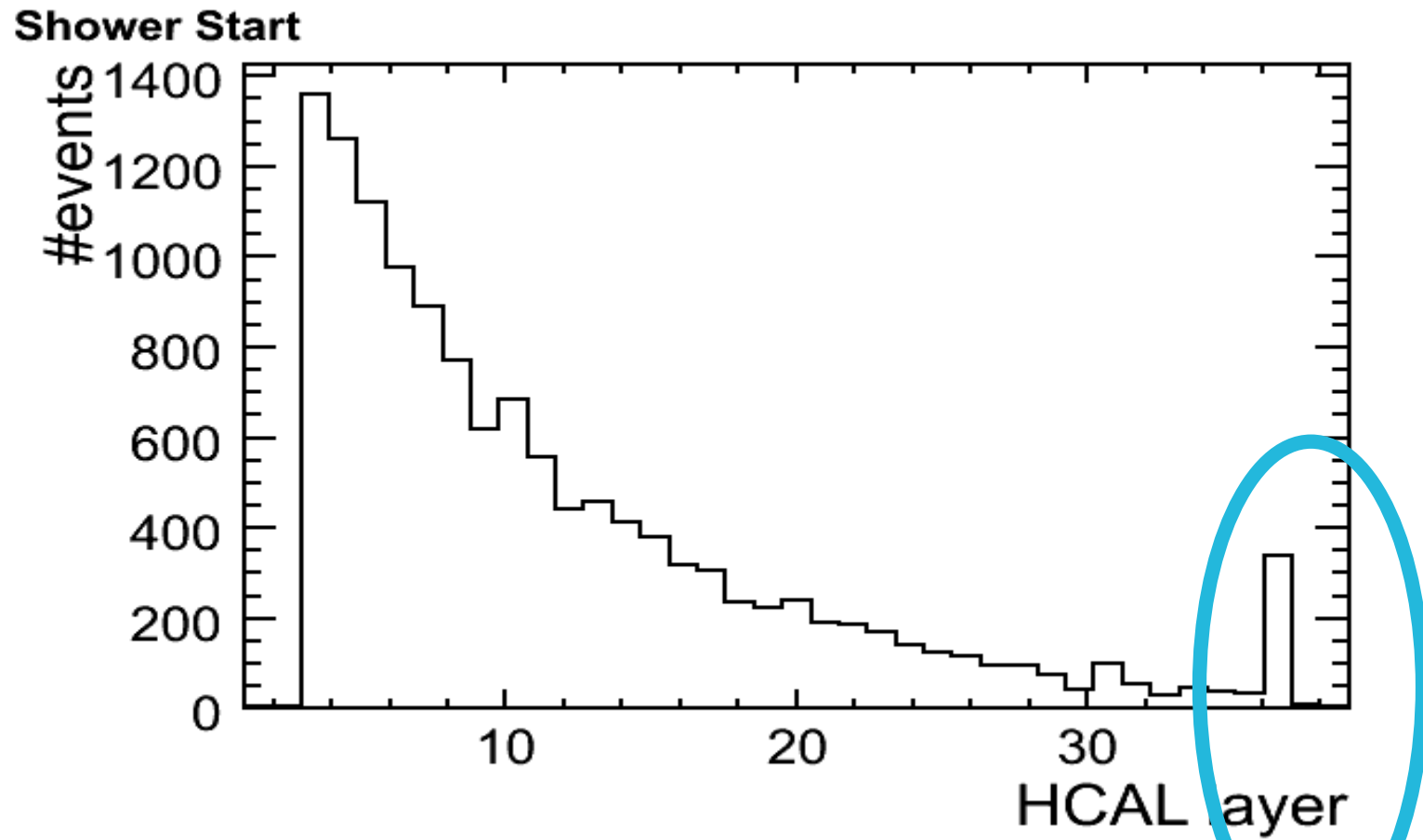


**Corrected 32.5 GeV run**



**Corrected 77.5 GeV run**

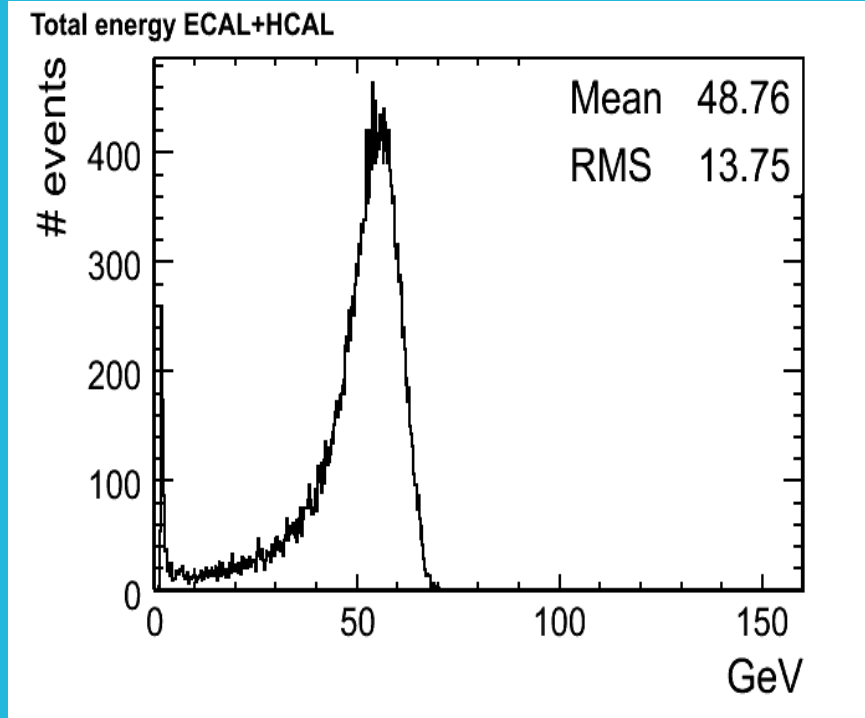
# Showers Starting in the Tcmt



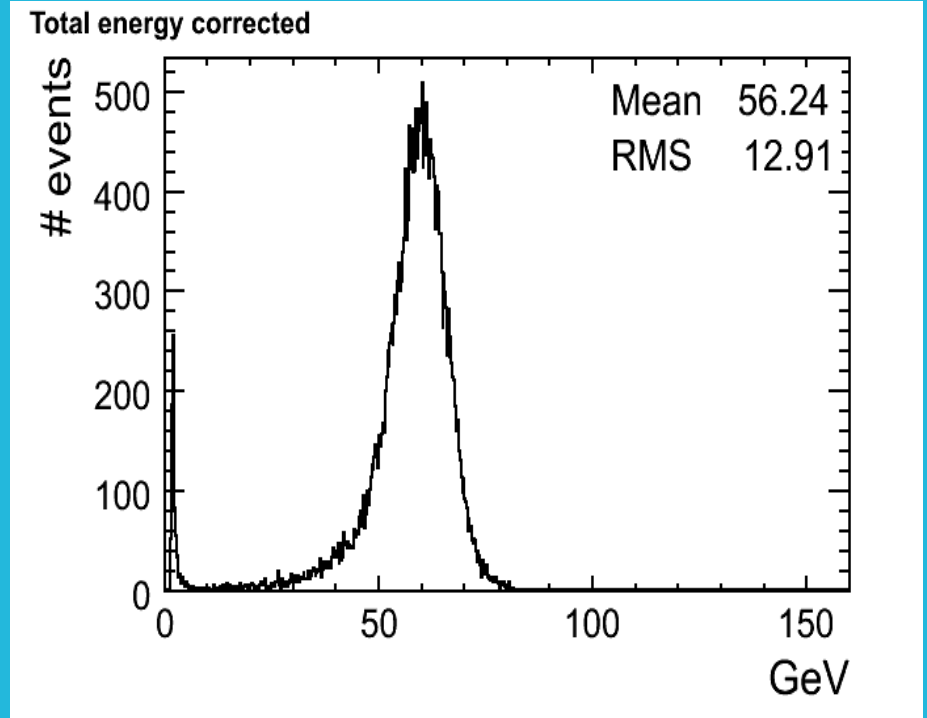
Explained as showers starting in the tcmt

# Relevance of a Post-Coil Sampling

- ▶ Showers starting in the tcmt would not be seen, and not corrected for, in a hcal-only option.
- ▶ Run to be corrected: **57.5 GeV**.



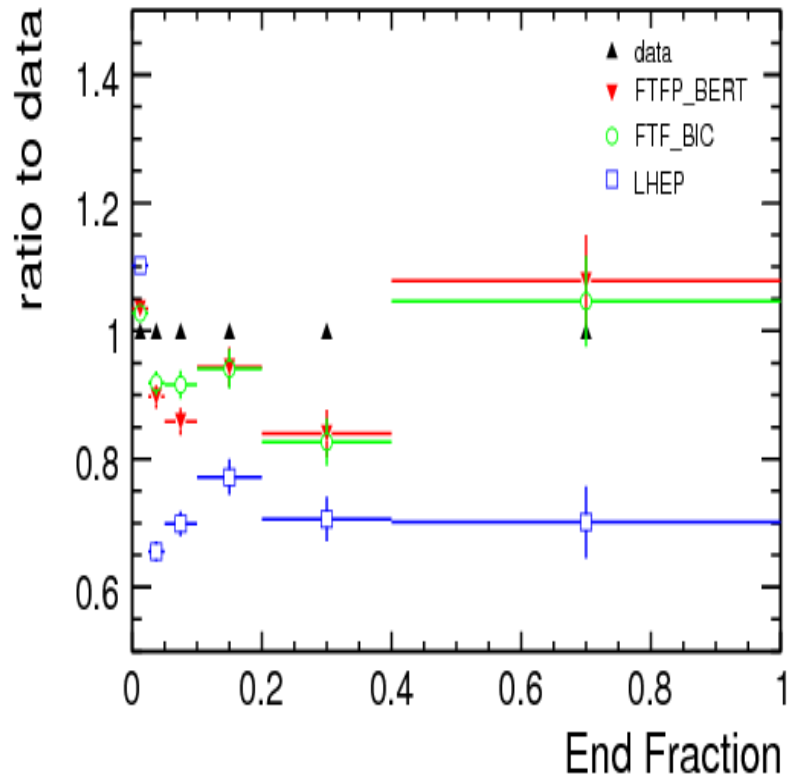
**Uncorrected**



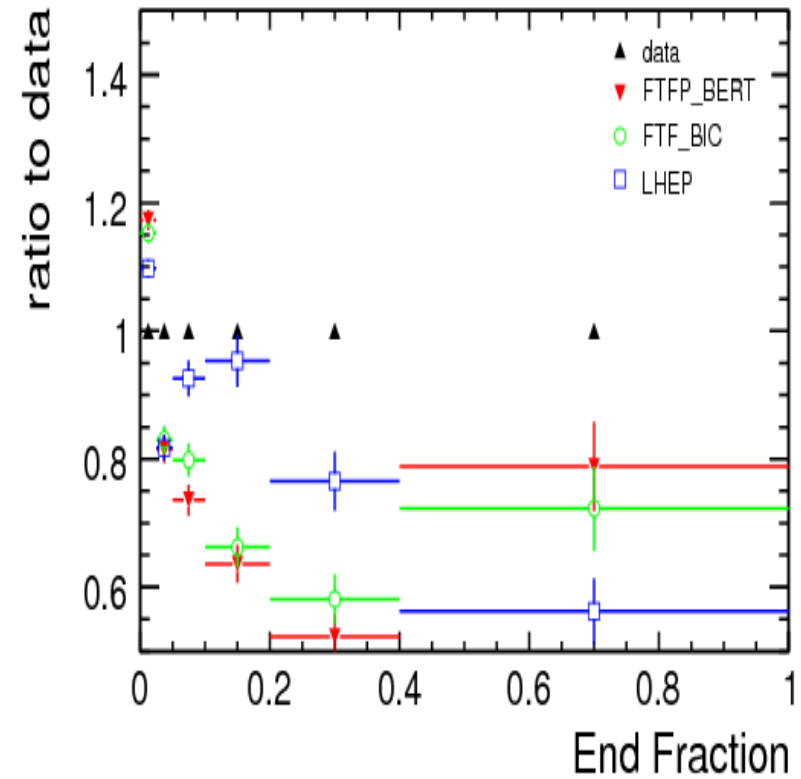
**Corrected**

# First Data/MC Comparisons

# End-fraction (ratio)



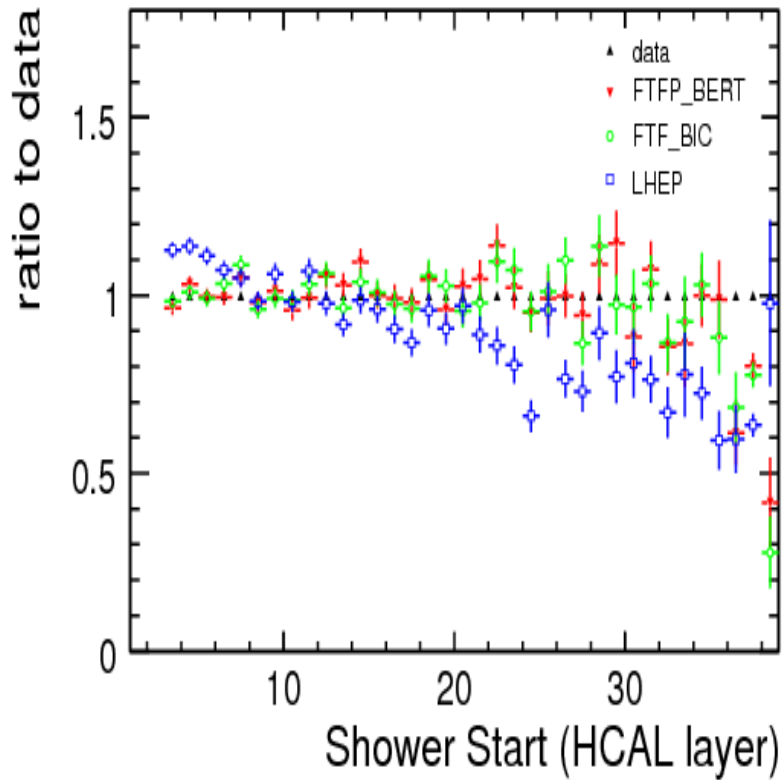
25 GeV



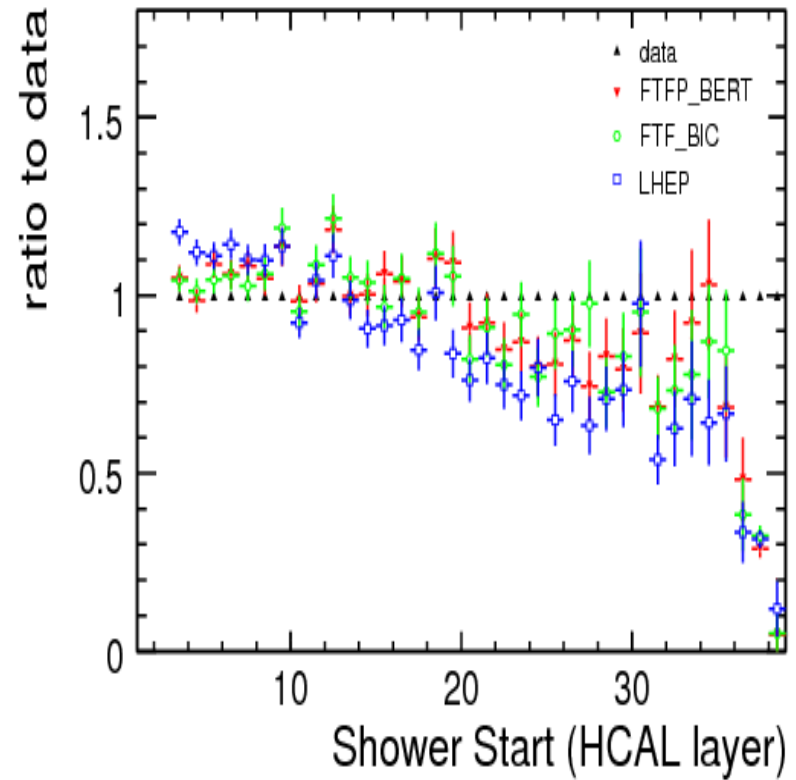
80 GeV



# Shower Start (ratio)



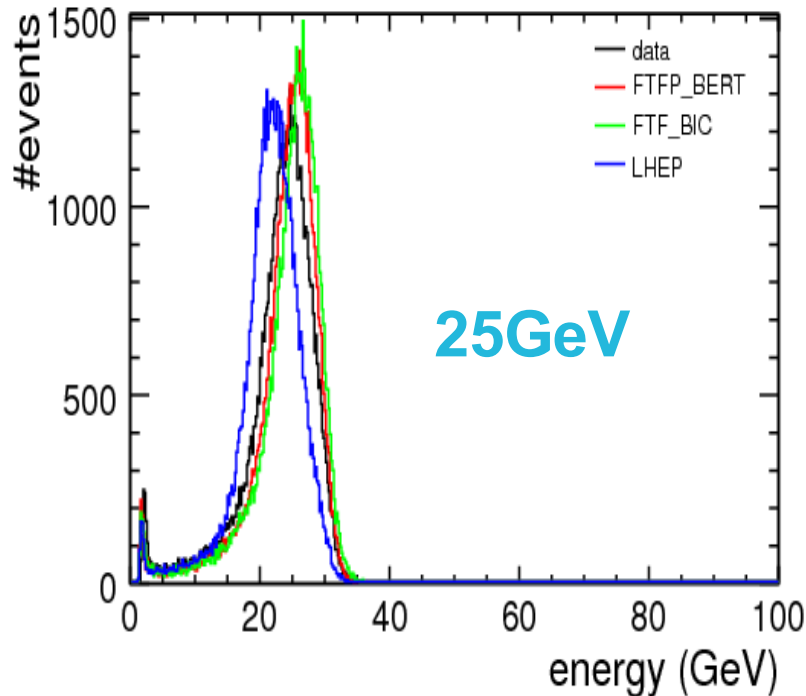
25 GeV



80 GeV

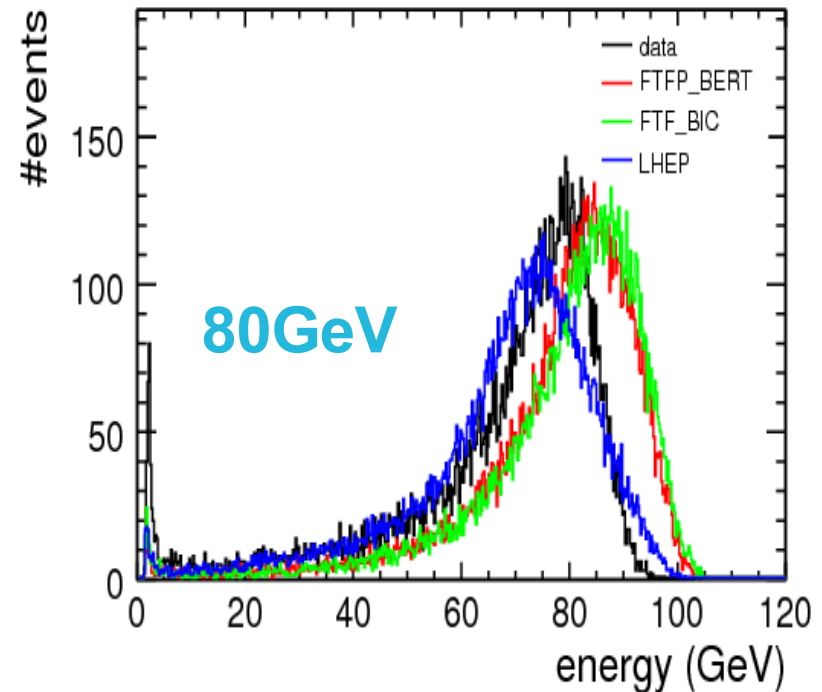
# Measured Energy HCAL

Total energy HCAL



**Mean 22.9 RMS 5.7**  
**Mean 23.9 RMS 5.4**  
**Mean 24.4 RMS 5.6**  
**Mean 21.5 RMS 5.0**

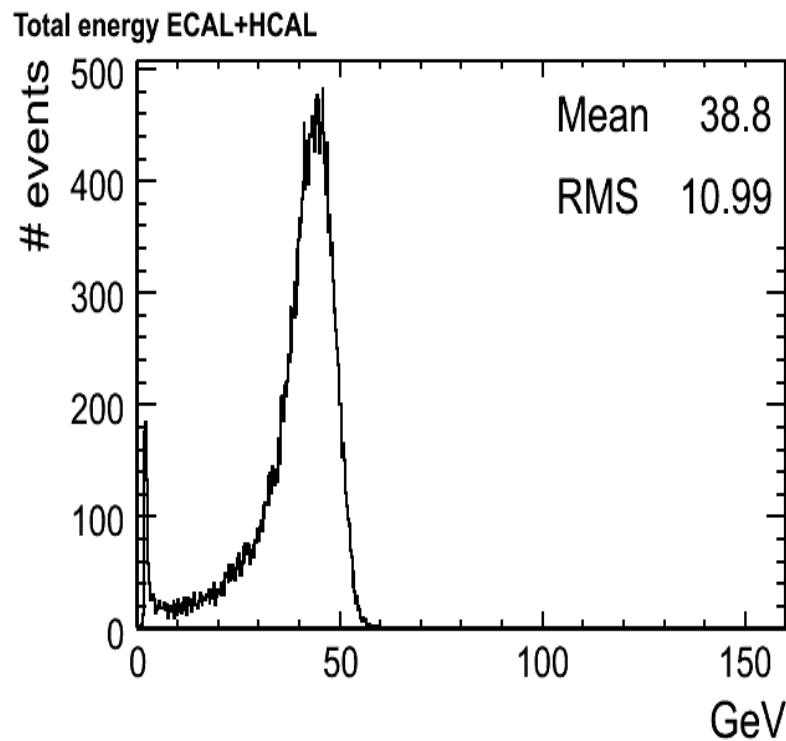
Total energy HCAL



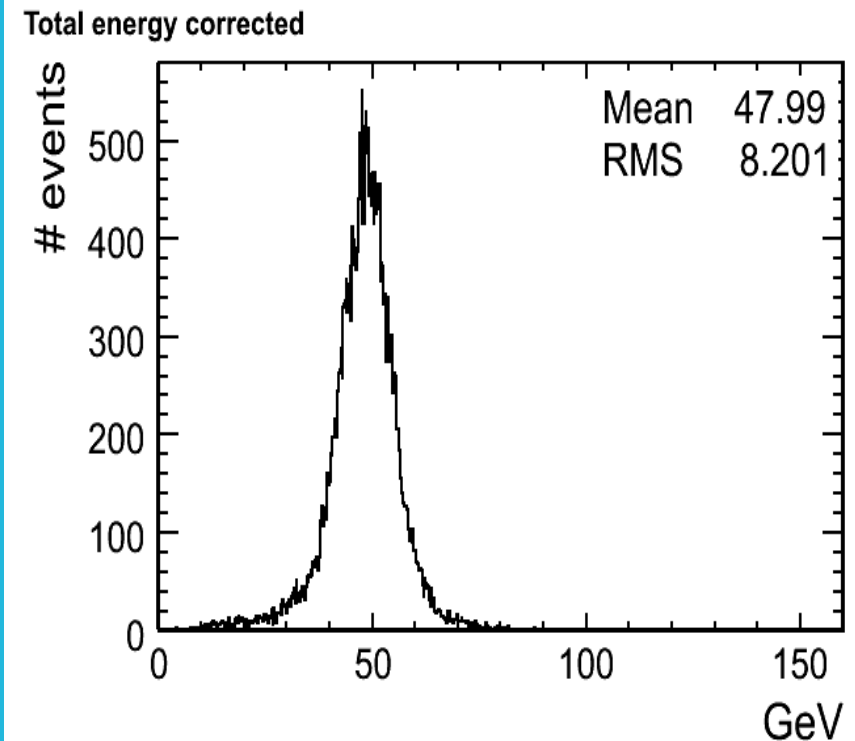
**Mean 67.2 RMS 19.8**  
**Mean 77.5 RMS 16.6**  
**Mean 78.5 RMS 17.0**  
**Mean 68.1 RMS 17.4**

# Correcting Data with Monte Carlo template

- ▶ Run to be corrected: **45 GeV**.
- ▶ Different sampling weights to Monte Carlo to recover energy scale.



**Uncorrected**



**Corrected**

# Next Steps

# Next Steps

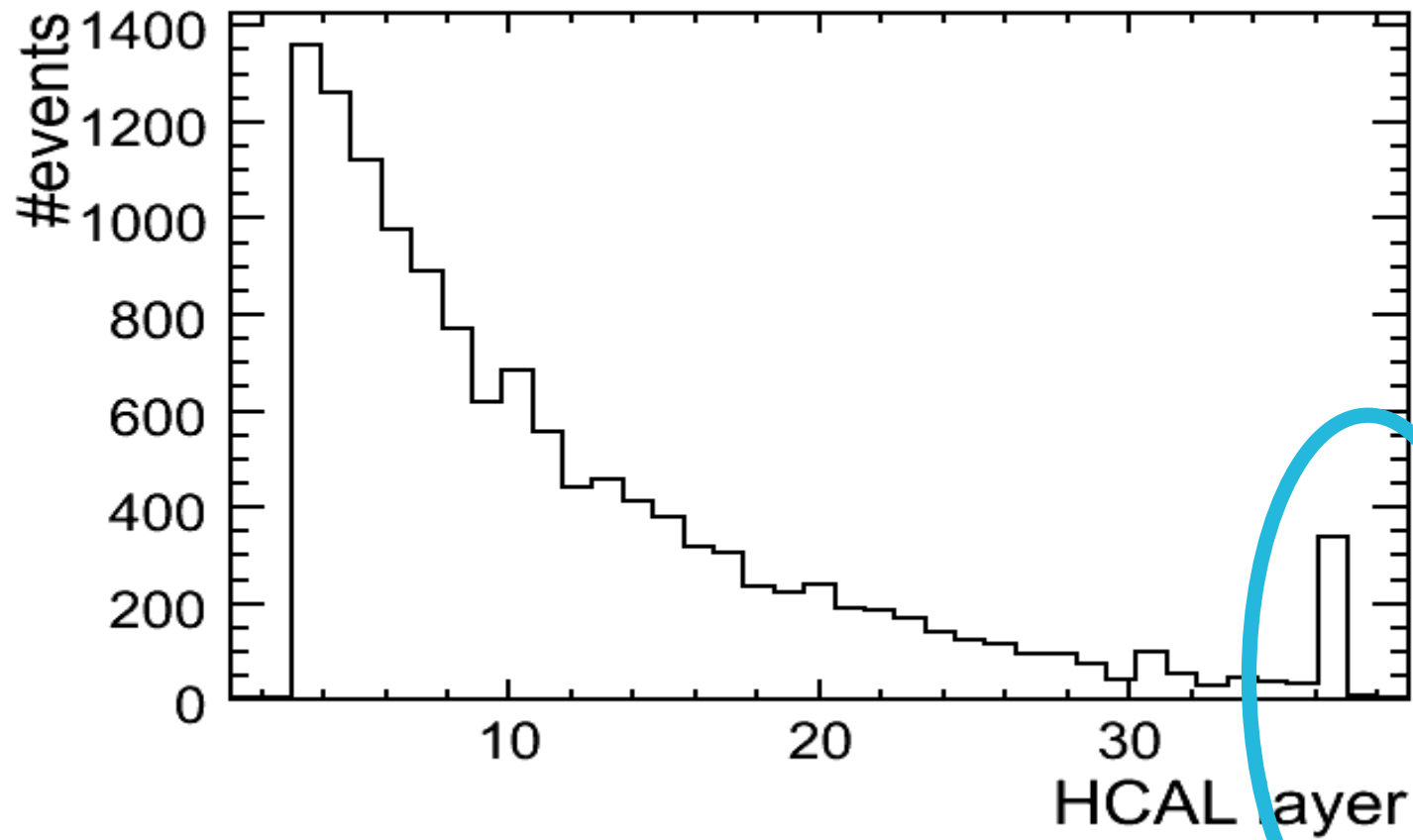
- ▶ Polish the analysis and study **smarter fit** to the template.
- ▶ Develop Monte Carlo / **data comparison**.
- ▶ Final aim is an **ILD-oriented** study:
  - Step 1: estimate detailed jet composition from ILD simulation.
  - Step 2: try to estimate impact on ILD physics events reconstruction of leakage correction for the neutrals.
  - Step 2b: study correction for overlaid/jets-like events in the HCAL.

**End**

# **Additional Slides**

# Shower Start

Shower Start

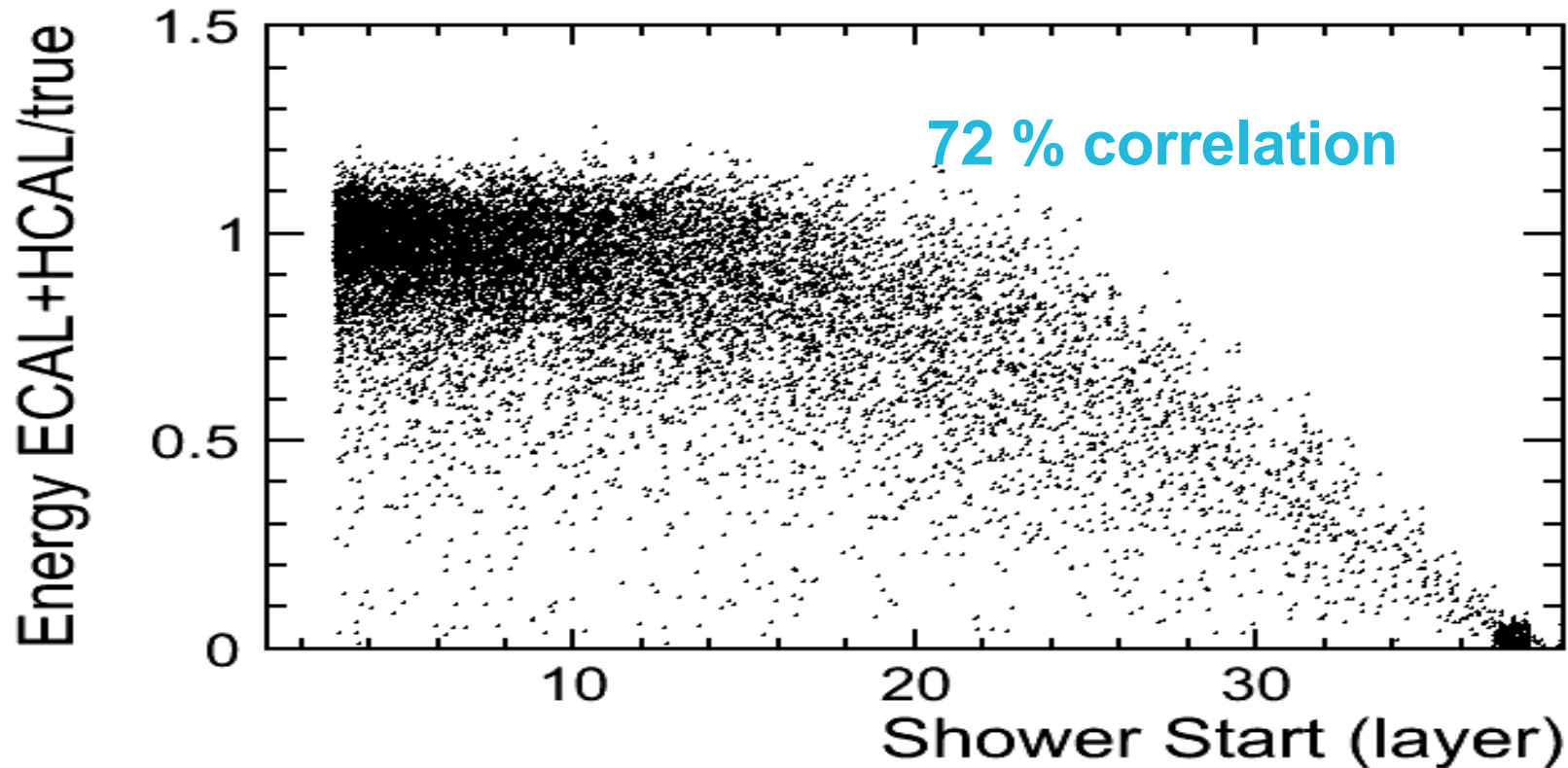


understood

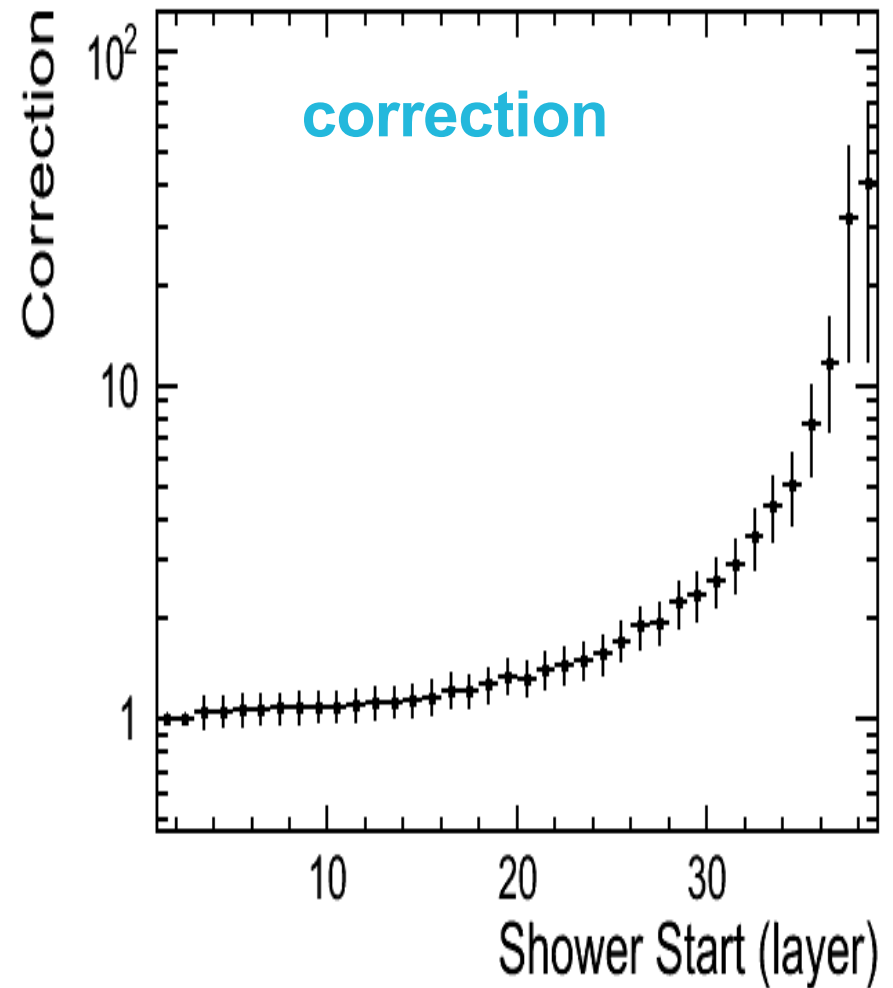
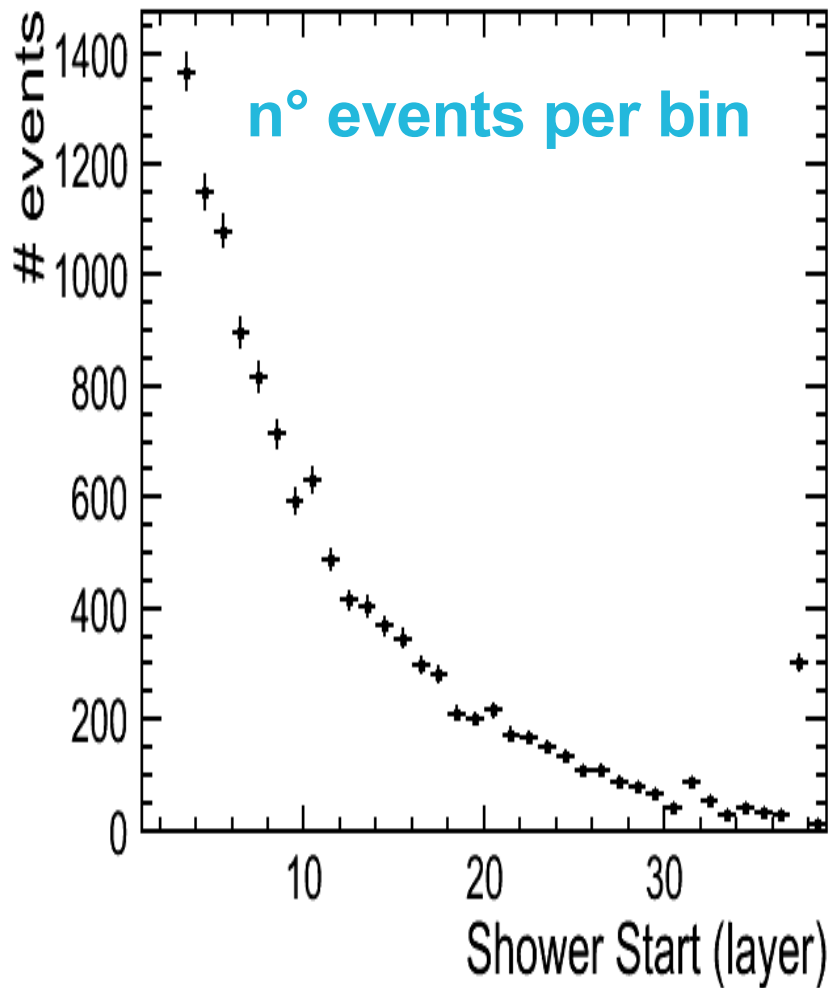


# Shower Start vs Leakage

- ▶ Leakage expressed by:  $(\text{energy ECAL} + \text{HCAL}) / (\text{beam energy})$ .
- ▶ Ex.: **80 GeV run 330962**.



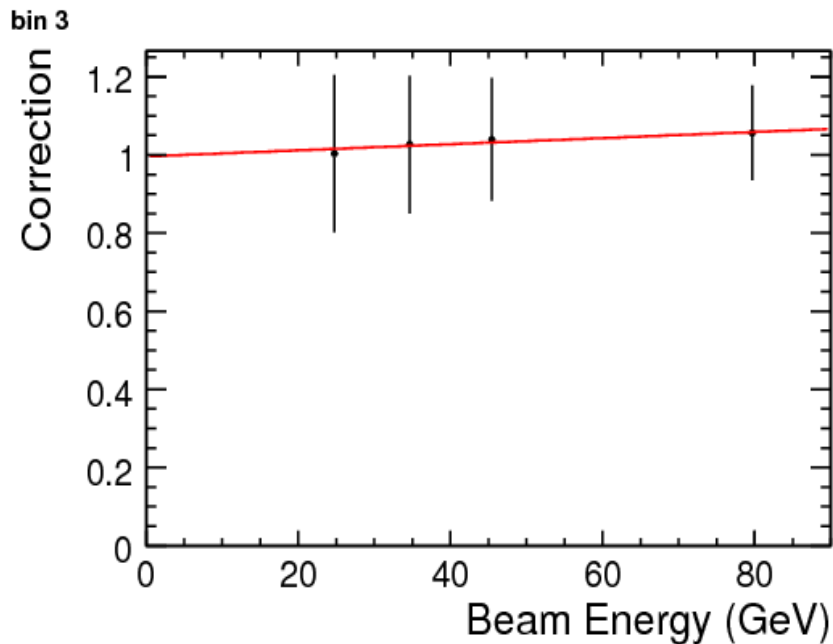
# Correction



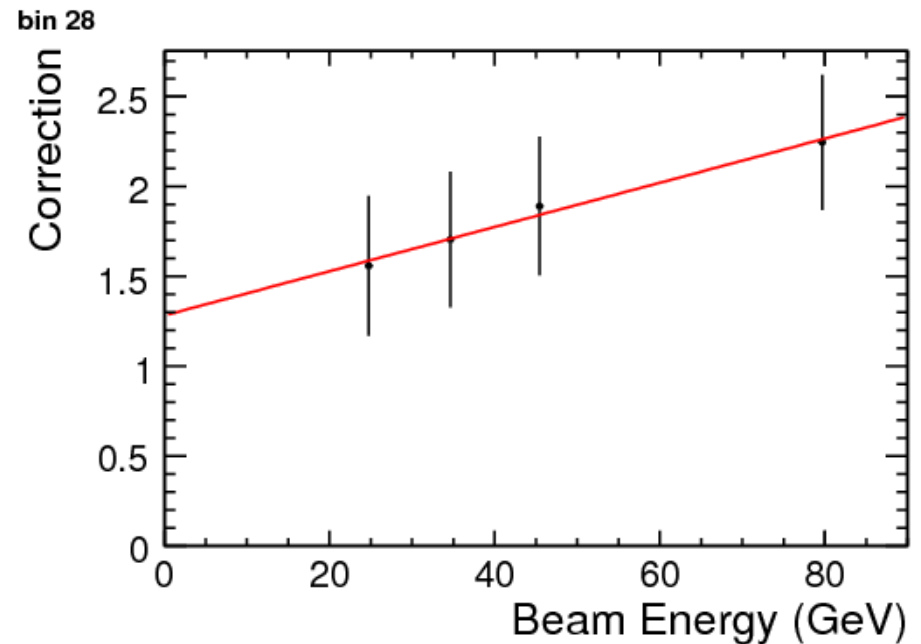
# Energy Dependence

- ▶ Shower start advanced in the HCAL: steeper energy dependence.

## Correction vs energy



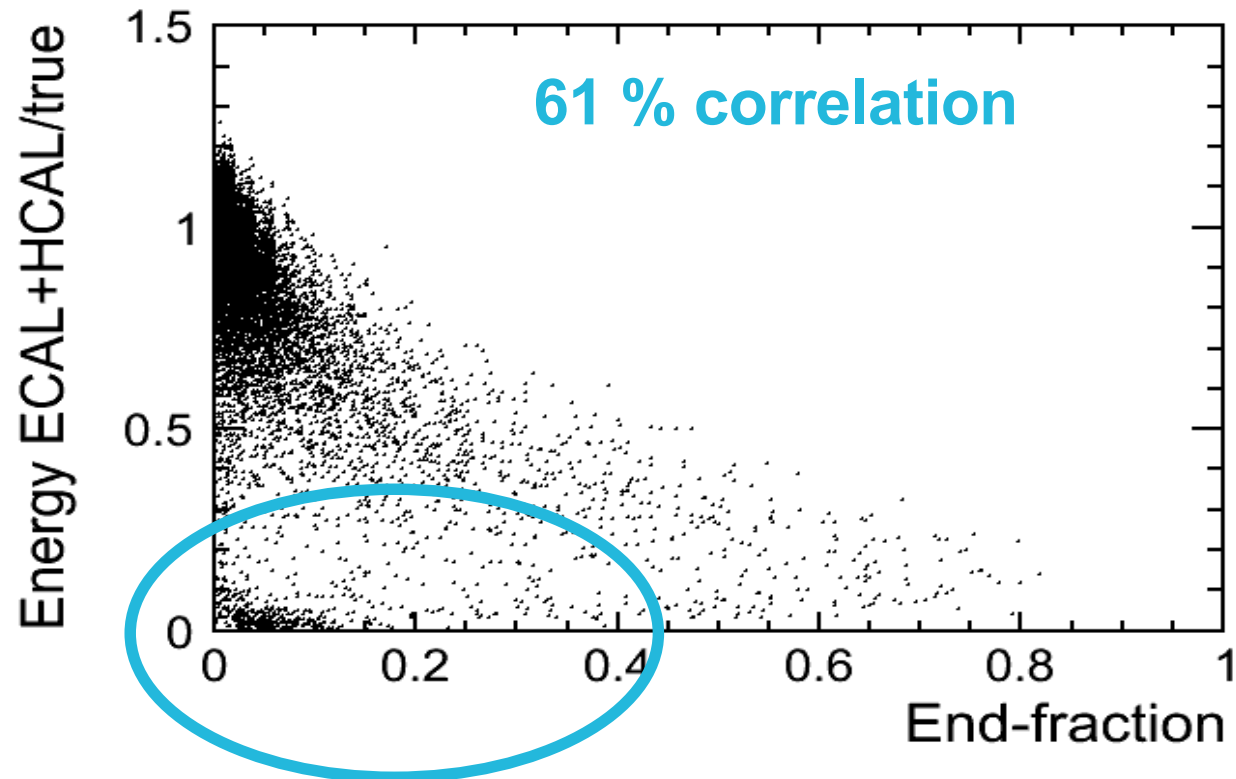
Shower start layer 3



Shower start layer 28

# End-fraction vs Leakage

- ▶ End-fraction: fraction of HCAL energy in the last 2 layers.
- ▶ Ex.: 80 GeV run 330962.

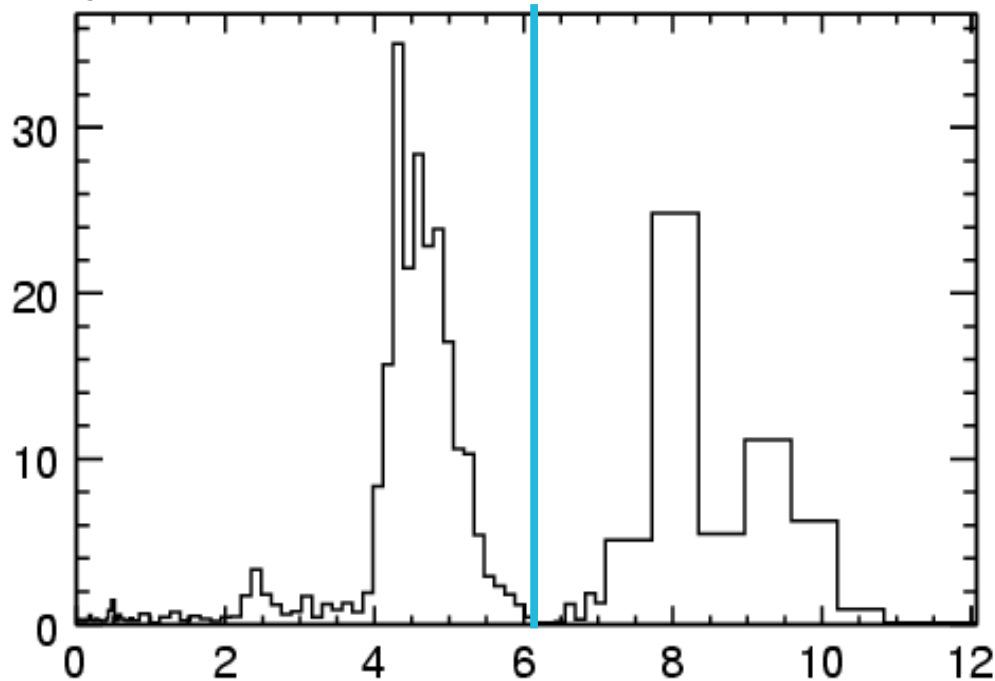


Events spoiling  
the correlation

# Events Spoiling the Correlation

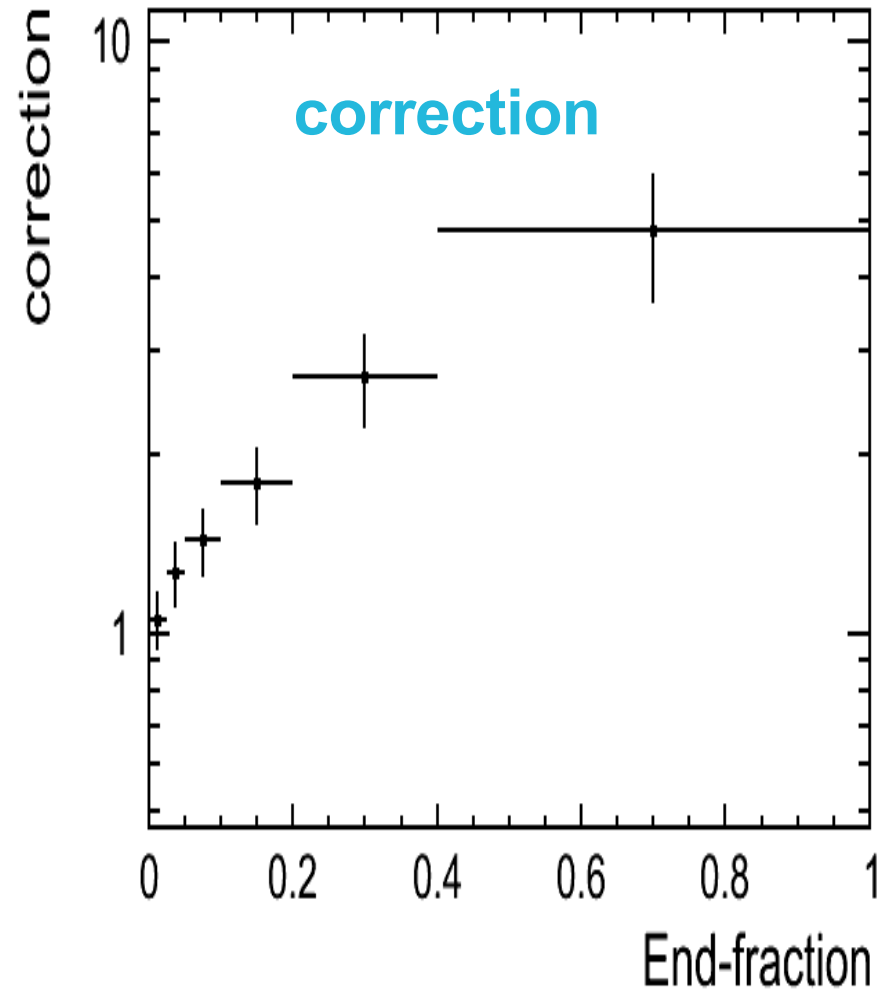
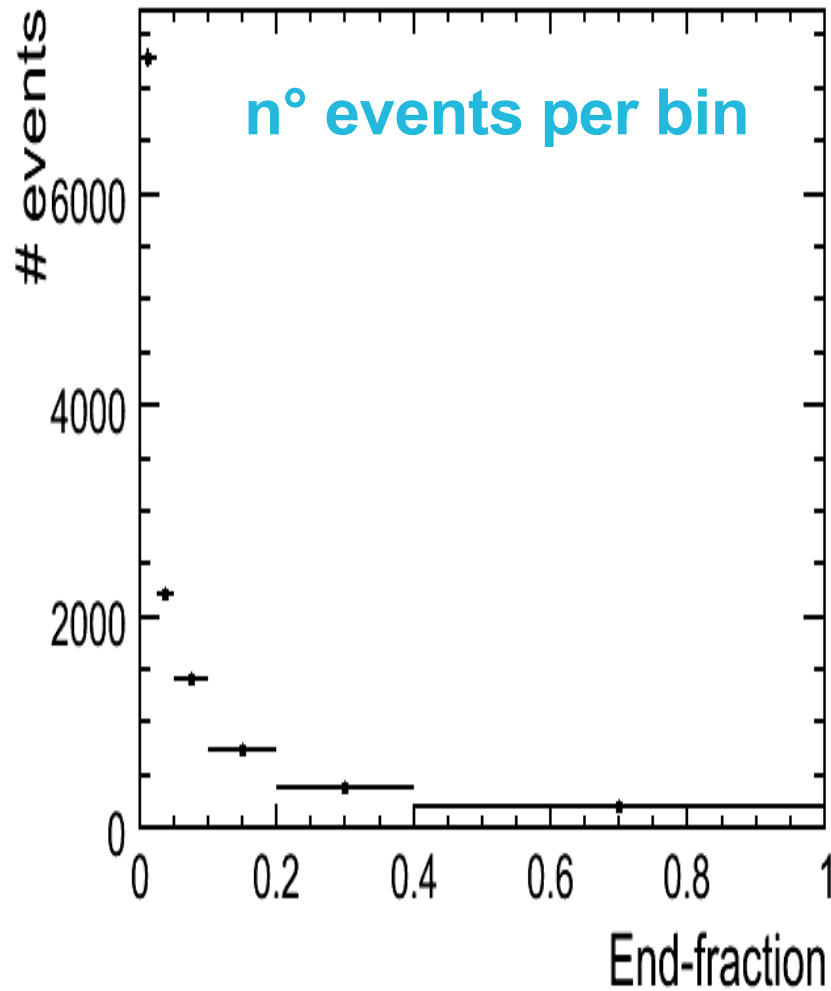
- ▶ Events with a “bad” shower shape.
- ▶ (Few) events starting in the TCMT: for this one can do nothing anyway in a non-post-coil-sampling option.

Energy vs  $\lambda_1$



Ex.: neutral fractions the shower development

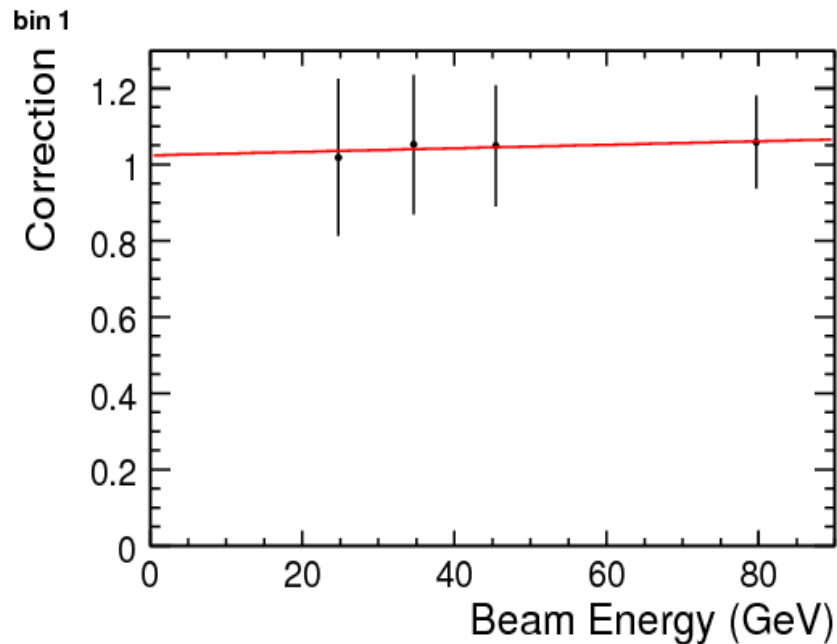
# Correction



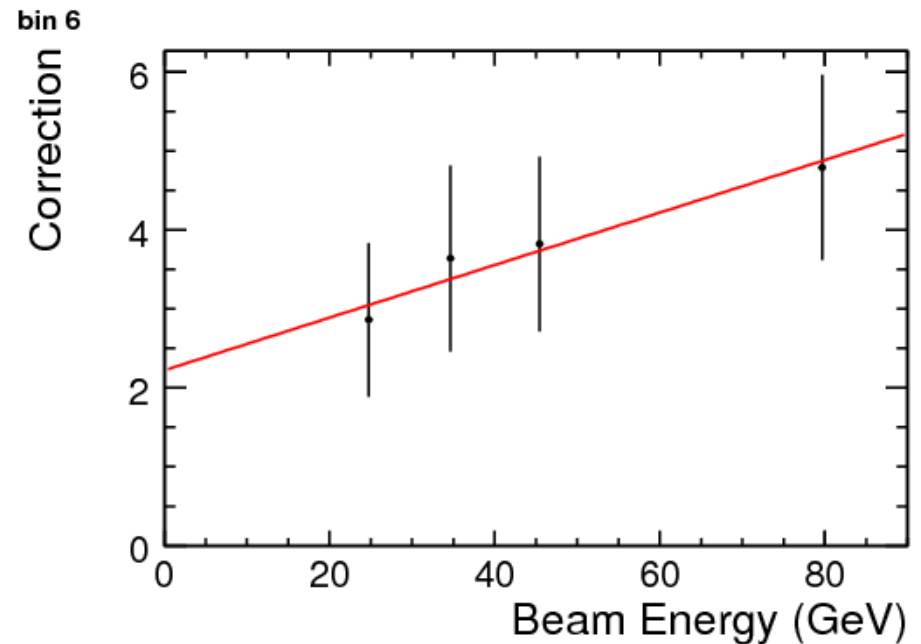
# Energy Dependence

- Higher end-fraction: steeper energy dependence.

## Correction vs energy

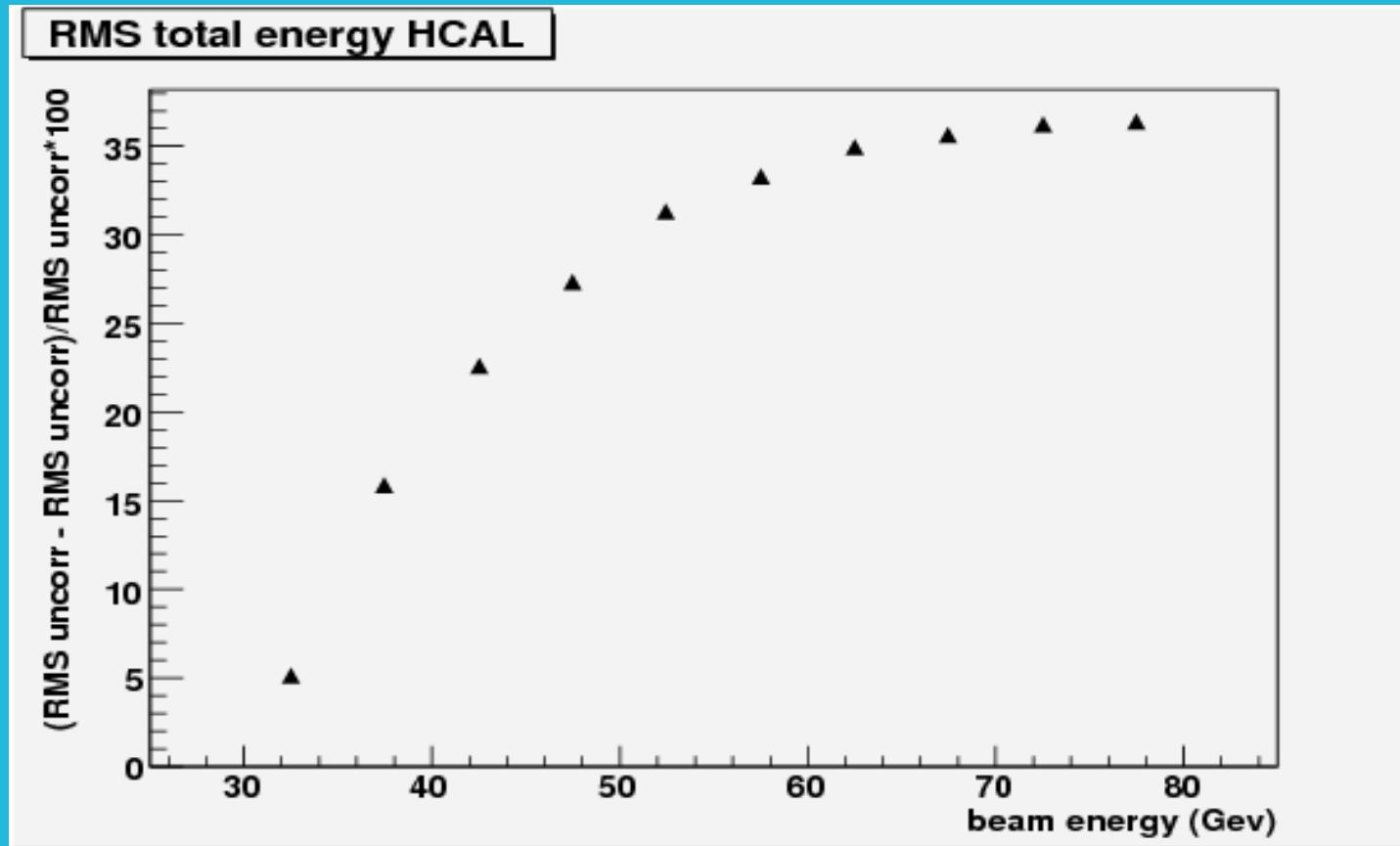


End-fraction bin 1



End-fraction bin 6

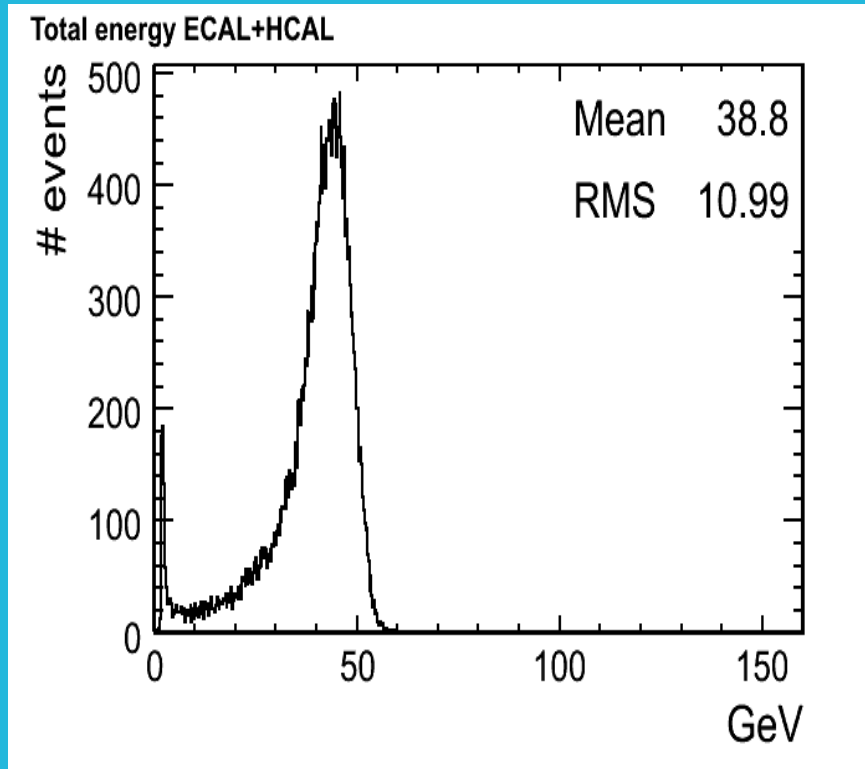
# Preliminary RMS improvement estimate



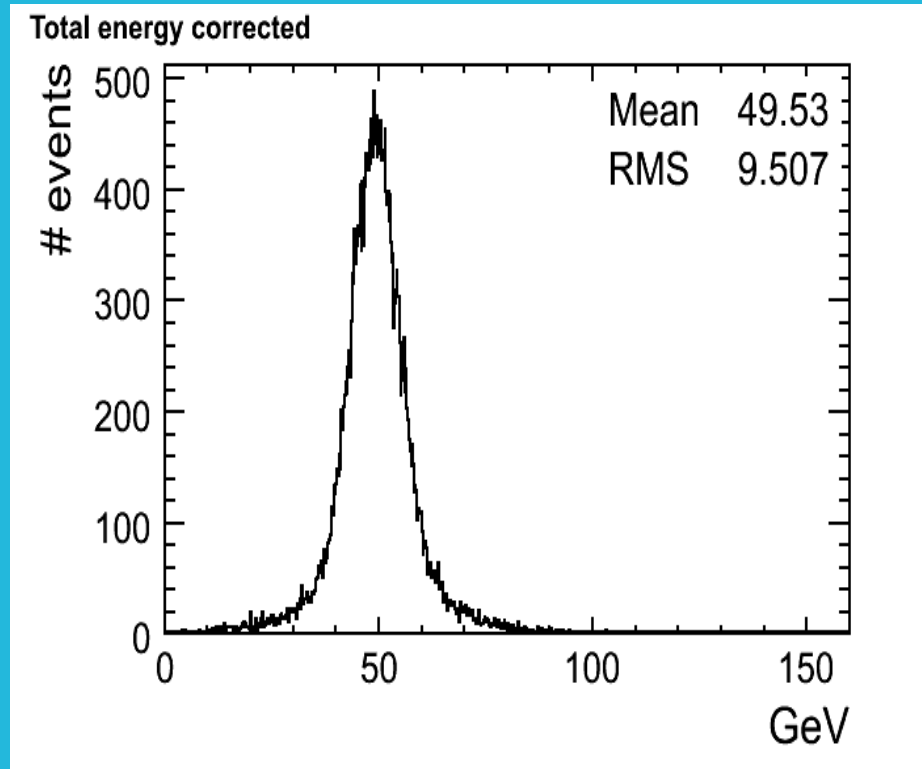


# Correcting data with Monte Carlo template

- ▶ Run to be corrected: **45 GeV**.
- ▶ Same sampling weights data and Monte Carlo.



**Uncorrected**



**Corrected**