LHT status report

7.30 physics meeting Tohoku Univ. Eriko Kato

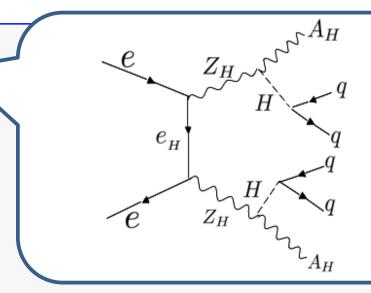
Simulation environment

<u>Signal</u>

• $e^+e^- -> Z_H Z_H$ (99.52fb)

Background

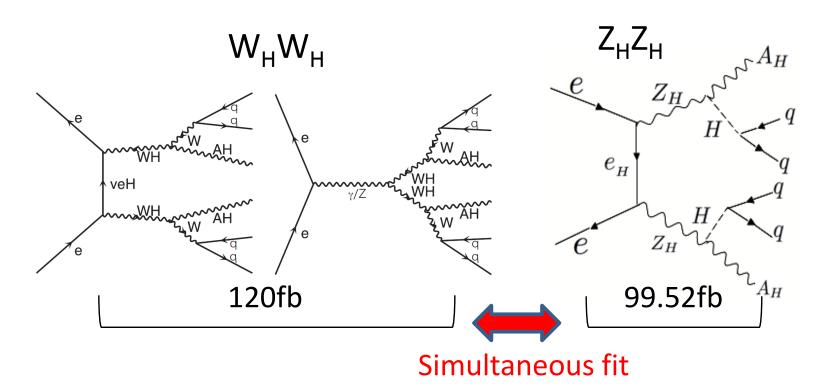
- e⁺e⁻ ->WW (3069fb)
- e⁺e⁻ ->tt (192.9fb)
- e⁺e⁻ ->WWZ (63.86fb)
- $e^+e^- > vvWW (14.67fb)$



Vs = 1 TeV Luminosity=500 fb⁻¹ No beam polarization Higgs mass=134GeV

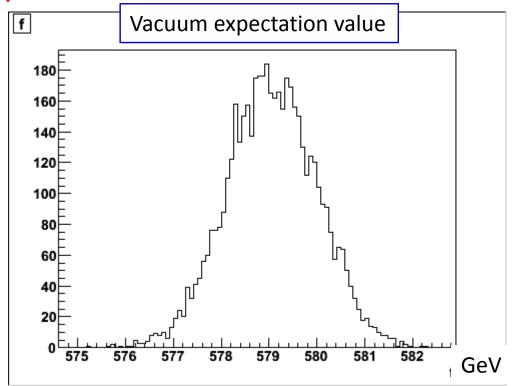
Simultaneous fitting

- \triangleright Using the fact that A_H mass can be obtained both from $W_HW_H\&Z_HZ_H$. I performed simultaneous fit.
 - Sasakisan's W_HW_H analysis was used



Simultaneous fitting: VUV

- \triangleright Previously: $A_H W_H Z_H$ mass were derived through simultaneous fitting.
- ➤ This time : Derived the corresponding f:Vacuume expectation value



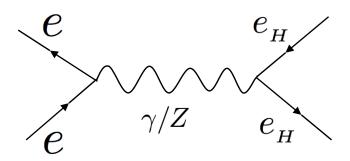
f = 579.10±0.94 GeV Resolution :0.16% True value 580 GeV

New study of LHT

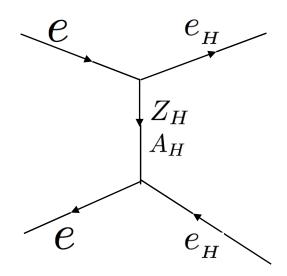
$$e^+e^-\rightarrow e_H^+e_H^-$$

Simulation environment

Decay modes of e_He_H



Vs = 1 TeV Luminosity=500 fb⁻¹ No beam polarization Higgs mass=134GeV

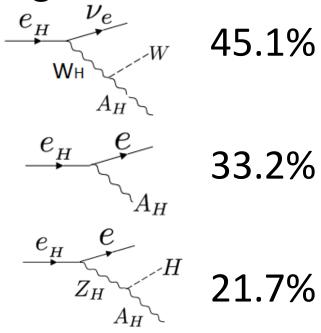


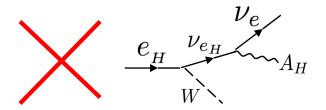
$$m_{eH}$$
= $\sqrt{2}\kappa f$ =410GeV

$$m_{vH} = \kappa f(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{(1+c)})/2 = 410 \text{GeV}$$

Decay modes of e_He_H

- ee-> $e_{H}e_{H}$ σ =116 fb
- Branching ratio

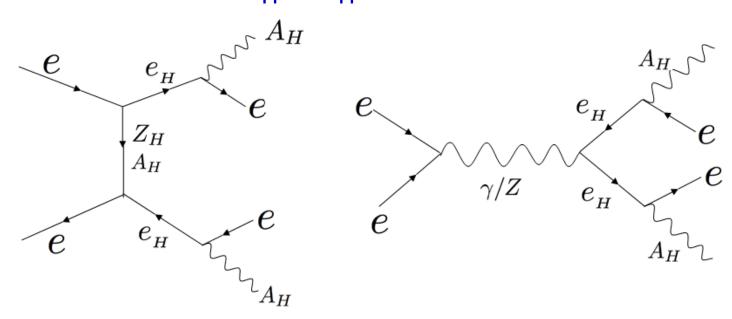




 m_{eH} =410GeV $\stackrel{.}{=}$ m_{vH}

Generator

 \triangleright Generator of e_H -> A_H e done



Currently analyzing this mode