





08/02/2011



State of mechanical ECAL module.

- 1 Produced parts for ECAL Mould
- 2 Thermal studies
- 3 BG studies
- 4 Mould / ECAL Studies
- 5 Schedule

ECAL module – parts of Mould



⇒ Validation & Thermal tests : *Feb 2011*

⇒ Alveolar structure : *March 2011*

Alveolar layer production :

15/15 structures are been moulded The production of one layer is now stopped because we waiting <u>the FBG</u>. The reception of the FBG is expected this week





The goal:

- 1 Measuring and understanding the propagation of heat from the outside to the inside of the module
- 2 Create a heating cycle adapted to the structure.
- 3 Test and improve the assembly procedures.







⇒ what we have already built



First assembly



The joints are inserted between the alveolars and cores



2 The temperature sensor are stuck to the core



A skotch is stuck under cores

3

1



⇒ what we have already built



5 the aluminum rods and hand grips are screwed



7 The foils of 0.35mm are positioned on the layer



6 The alveolar layer is inserted in the mould with steel calibration foils



8 The tungsten plates are positioned precisely in the mould



⇒ what remains to be done: End of assembly *Feb 2011*





The temperature sensor wires are maintained



The layers are positioned at 0.3 mm of the staircase.



Positions of the temperature sensors

ECAL module – BG studies



The goal :

- 1 Compare the results of stress concentration obtained by simulation.
- 2 Study the deformed inside the structure.
- 3 Improve the simulation about the global mechanical behaviour



ECAL module – BG studies

Optical fibers



⇒ what we have already built



Integration of Optical fibers between two layers of carbon



Bending 3pts tests to validate the FBG inside one alveolar layer



Preparation of similarly tests on demonstrator + destructive tests !!!

Frotin

1

3

EUDET module – BG studies



⇒ what remains to be done: *March 2011*



Schema of position of BG inside the fiber.



Build a new layer with 2 FBG inside





During assembly of the mold, we saw a problem. There was an area at the end of the structure that were not balanced.



The first design incorporated a contact between the structure and the stairscaise.

But due to many modifications, we have forgotten the role of the balance of forces that the structure has played.



ECAL module – Mould/ECAL Studies



To solve the rotation of the stairscase, we add a carbon plate on top to block it's move.

To solve the deformation of the carbon plan, we added an thicker aluminum plate to withstand the stresses.

After some simulations, we have a mold perfectly balanced as shown in the result below.





ECAL module – Studies



⇒ what remains to be done: Design of transport system *Jun 2011*



We study a system for transporting the ECAL module.

This system provides the structure against mechanical stress during all displacement.

This system can be completely removed for beams tests.

The schedule:



ECAL module :

Reception of complete Assembly mould	Done	
Thermal tests	Feb	2010
Build one alveolar layer with FBG	March	2011
ECAL module construction	March	2011
Modifications of H mould	Мау	2011
14 short H-shaped + 1 long	Мау	2011
TestBeam preparation (interfaces, tools)	Jun	2011