

# Data acquisition software and Simulation progress

L. Mirabito

IPN Lyon, IN2P3, CNRS

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# Plan

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Online DAQ Status
  - LDA Integration
  - Process control an User Interface
  - Configuration DataBase
- 3 Online DAQ futur developments
  - Slow Control
  - Online Analysis
- 4 Simulation status (R.Han)

# Introduction

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- LDA integration
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## Simulation status

- $m^3$  simulation
- Beam test validation of the simulation

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# LDA Integration

## Low Level driver

- Driver developped at LLR (D.Decotigny,N.Roche)
- SLC5 installation tested successfully at IPN
- Firmware development ongoing (Slow control OK, HR2 R/O soon)



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## Integration in the Event Builder (L.M)

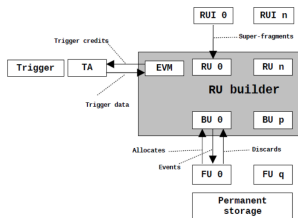
- New LDACollector for multi-dif readout
- File-based LDAEmulator
- Performances test

# Reminder: The CMS Event Builder

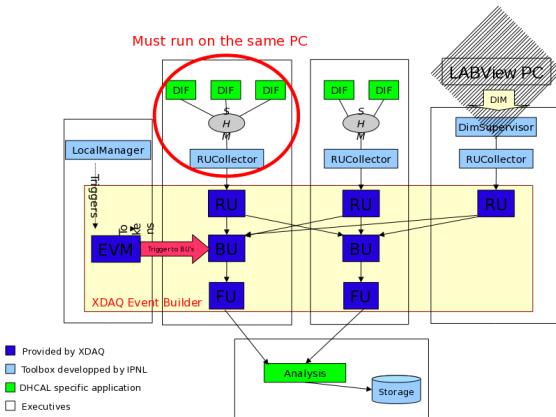
See [http://cms-ru-builder.web.cern.ch/cms-ru-builder/RUBUILDER\\_G\\_V1\\_6\\_0.doc](http://cms-ru-builder.web.cern.ch/cms-ru-builder/RUBUILDER_G_V1_6_0.doc)

*Asynchronous collection of data source corresponding to the same trigger.*

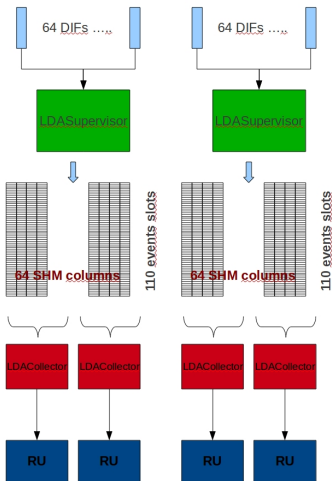
- One trigger is seen
- Each *ReadoutUnitInput* collects its fragments and pushes it to the RU
- The *TriggerAcceptor* sends trigger data to the *EventManager*
- The **EVM** sends an event Id to the **BuilderUnit** that will request its first buffer to each **RU** and build the event
- The event is sent to the registered **FilterUnit** that can make data coherence checks, analysis and data storage



# Reminder: The USB DIF case



# The LDA Readout case



# The LDAEmulator

## Goal

- 1 Application generating up to 64 DIF events blocks
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## Implementation

- XDAQ application reading cosmic test data file and duplicating DIF blocks in 64 DIFs
- New share memory structure to handle up to 64 DIFs
- Flexible RU interface: LDACollector handling 1 to 64 DIFs Shm columns

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## Performances

- 2 LDAEmulators on 2 PCs, 2x2 LDACollectors, 4 RU-BU-FU
- 7 DIFs (TOMUVOL data) duplicated 9 times on each PCs
- Stable running: 800 Hz, 230 Mb/s



# Process Control

## Job Control

- XDAQ daemon started at boot time
- Instantiate or kill XDAQ process on request
- SOAP controlled

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## User Control: Python package using SOAP messages

- Parsing of the configuration file
- XDAQ process control (executives creation/destruction)
- Parameters and State Machine control
- Full access to histograms (XML messages+ PyROOT package)

# Graphical User interface

## Technical

PyQt package interfacing the python package written to control process. Monitoring ROOT histograms are accessible via a simplified browser and ROOT Canvas are created allowing data manipulation (Fit, rebin...)

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## Deployment and Access

- Python-Root-PyQt (3) has to be installed (PyQt4 will allow x-platform installation)
- Remote access behind firewall using SOCKS
- Possibility to connect to a running DAQ
- Usual web access still available

# Setup Access

Setup Access Run Setup Run Status Monitoring Tab

Configuration file

Configuration file

Manual control Host of the LocalManager  Port

Applications Liste

	Inst.	Class	Host	Port
xrelay::Application				
pt::http:PeerTransportHTTP				
rubuilder::fu::Application				
<b>RUCollector</b>	0	RUCollector	clrtodaq.in2p3.fr	10000
pt::atcp:PeerTransportATCP				
rubuilder::bu::Application				
ManualControl				
BackupSaver				
LocalManager				
pt::fifo:PeerTransportFifo				
rubuilder::evm::Application				
MarlinAnalyzer				
DIFSupervisor				
hyperdaq::Application				
rubuilder::ru::Application				
executive::Application				

Parameters

	1	2	3	
1	FirstShmId		-1	xsd:integer
2	LastShmId		-1	xsd:integer
3	NumberOfFedC		96	xsd:unsigned
4	NumberOfFeds		1	xsd:unsigned
5	RU		0	xsd:integer
6	RUName	rubuilder::ru::A		xsd:string
7	ShmPrefix	DIFSupervisor		xsd:string
8	SwapFedData	false		xsd:boolean
9	UsePolling	true		xsd:boolean
10	class	RUCollector		xsd:string
11	className	RUCollector		xsd:string
12	context	http://clrtodaq.		xsd:string
13	continuePushir	true		xsd:boolean
14	count		0	xsd:unsigned
15	group	default		xsd:string
16	hasInstance	true		xsd:string

Control

State Machine

# Run Settings

Setup Access Run Setup Run Status Monitoring Tab

**DAQ**

Events Per Loop  Events Per Point  Max Events per run

Run Type

**Calibration**

Channel

Channel Min  Max  DAC Min  Max  Step

**Gain**

Min  Max  Step   Pedestal

**Labjack (Optional)**

ID  Veto Line  Calibration Line

# Run Status

Setup Access | Run Setup | Run Status | Monitoring | Tab

Analyzer

Run

Received  Processed

Event Manager

Triggers  Events Built  FU Processed

Reload

Application Status

	Application	State
1	DIFSupervisor_0	Enabled
2	DIFSupervisor_1	Enabled
3	DIFSupervisor_2	Enabled
4	DIFSupervisor_3	Enabled
5	DIFSupervisor_4	Enabled
6	DIFSupervisor_5	Enabled
7	DIFSupervisor_6	Enabled
8	LocalManager_0	Enabled
9	MarlinAnalyzer_0	Configured
10	RUCollector_0	Enabled
11	pt::atcp:PeerTransportATCP_0	Enabled
12	rubuilder::bu::Application_0	Enabled
13	rubuilder::evm::Application_0	Enabled
14	rubuilder::fu::Application_0	Enabled
15	rubuilder::ru::Application_0	Enabled

Help

OK Cancel

# Monitoring

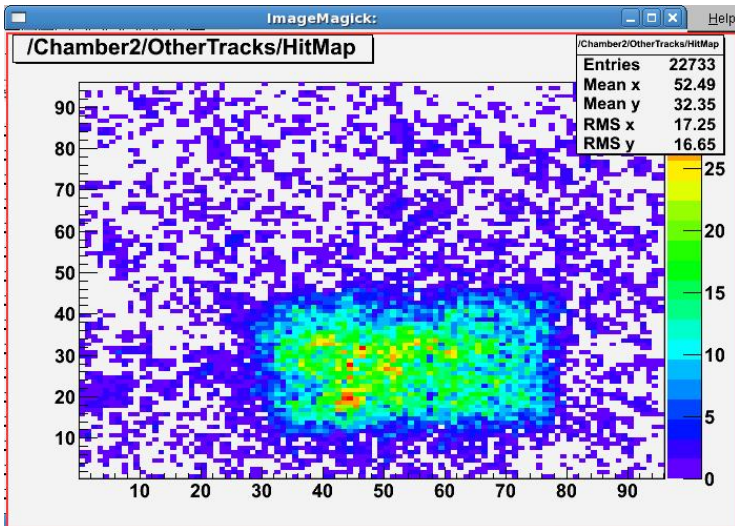
The screenshot displays the 'Monitoring' tab of the Online DAQ Status application. The interface is divided into several sections:

- Navigation Tabs:** Setup Access, Run Setup, Run Status, Monitoring (selected), Tab.
- Histo List:** A tree view showing the hierarchy of detector components. The 'HitMap' component under 'Chamber2' is selected and highlighted in blue. The tree structure is as follows:
  - Column 1
  - EventTime
  - LaProb
  - PlanInTrack
  - SpillDif
  - SynchronizedMinimum
  - TimeDif
  - Top
    - Chamber1
    - Chamber2
      - EventTime
      - OffTime
      - OtherTracks
        - ClusterMap
        - ClusterMapBig
        - ClusterMapX
        - ClusterMapY
        - ClusterSize
        - HitMap (selected)
        - LastHitMap
      - Synchronised
    - Chamber3
      - EventTime
      - OffTime
      - OtherTracks
        - ClusterMap
        - ClusterMapBig
        - ClusterMapX
        - ClusterMapY
        - ClusterSize
        - HitMap

- Draw Options:** A panel on the right containing:
- LOGY
- 2D options: COLZ (dropdown)
- Draw last track off time
- Draw Synchronised event
- Prompt Efficiencies
- Buttons:** Help, OK, Cancel, and Refresh Histogram list.



# ROOT Access



# DataBase: Two steps development

## Currently, SQLITE

- Simplified schema with global versionning
- File based , easy backup
- Tools to populate and update (C,python) or browse (SQLITE browser extension in Firefox) the DB
- Interface in XDAQ done

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The screenshot shows the SQLite browser interface with a table named 'TABLE 002'. The table has 17 columns: 'ch', 'st', 'ch1', 'ch2', 'ch3', 'ch4', 'ch5', 'ch6', 'ch7', 'ch8', 'ch9', 'ch10', 'ch11', 'ch12', 'ch13', 'ch14', 'ch15', 'ch16'. The rows contain numerical data for each channel across multiple rows.

ch	st	ch1	ch2	ch3	ch4	ch5	ch6	ch7	ch8	ch9	ch10	ch11	ch12	ch13	ch14	ch15	ch16
0	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	11	111	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



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## Final version:ORACLE (G.Beaulieu)

- Keep full history (versions) of all parameters sets
- Multi-partitions
- Run database
- Interface to XDAQ via sqlite generated file

PARAM	VAL	PARAM	VAL	PARAM	VAL	PARAM	VAL	PARAM	VAL	PARAM	VAL	PARAM	VAL	PARAM	VAL	PARAM	VAL	PARAM	VAL
01	11	02	11	03	11	04	11	05	11	06	11	07	11	08	11	09	11	10	11
11	11	12	11	13	11	14	11	15	11	16	11	17	11	18	11	19	11	20	11
21	11	22	11	23	11	24	11	25	11	26	11	27	11	28	11	29	11	30	11
31	11	32	11	33	11	34	11	35	11	36	11	37	11	38	11	39	11	40	11
41	11	42	11	43	11	44	11	45	11	46	11	47	11	48	11	49	11	50	11
51	11	52	11	53	11	54	11	55	11	56	11	57	11	58	11	59	11	60	11
61	11	62	11	63	11	64	11	65	11	66	11	67	11	68	11	69	11	70	11
71	11	72	11	73	11	74	11	75	11	76	11	77	11	78	11	79	11	80	11
81	11	82	11	83	11	84	11	85	11	86	11	87	11	88	11	89	11	90	11
91	11	92	11	93	11	94	11	95	11	96	11	97	11	98	11	99	11	100	11

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# Slow Control: Hardware foreseen

## Low Voltage

ZUP power supplies 6V - 200 A. RS232 & RS485 remote control

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## P,T,H

Meteo station readout via USB ADC



# Software solution

## Existing software

Existing C/C++ programs to access any of the baseline hardware. No remote control developed yet.

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## Slow Control: Future developments

- Interface the current drivers in a distributed framework: DIM -PVSS/LabView interfaces- or XDAQ
- Add configuration table (at least for HV) in the configuration database
- Define a minimal condition database to store monitoring data

# Analysis: Current Status and issues

## Data Storage

- All Filter Unit's provide their data to one *MarlinAnalyzer* responsible for data formatting and monitoring
- Two data collections stored: *RU\_XDAQ* (raw) and *DHCAIRawHits*
- All noise frames kept: Possible huge data size

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## Monitoring

- One unique monitoring process (*MarlinAnalyzer*) handling all events
- Large number of Histograms per chamber: well-suited for few chambers beam test or comsic data taking. Not scalable at  $m^3$  level

# Hints for the $m^3$ beamtests

## Data Storage ( March 2011)

- Distributed *MarlinAnalyzer's* on all PC's. Run file splitted.
- Keep in separate files raw data and **good**, i.e synchronised, hits

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## Monitoring and Event Display (LLR+IPNL May 2011)

- Keep only DAQ related monitoring histograms in the *MarlinAnalyzer*
- Build a (non-XDAQ) publish-subscribe mechanism in the *MalinAnalyzer* to distribute events on request
- Independant monitoring MARLIN process requesting events
- Possible DRUID event display using the same mechanism

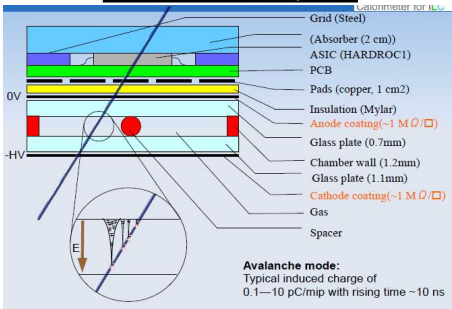
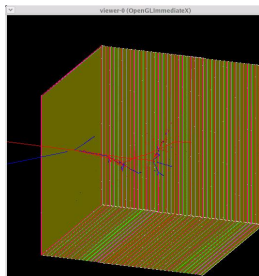
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# Geant4 Based Prototype Simulation

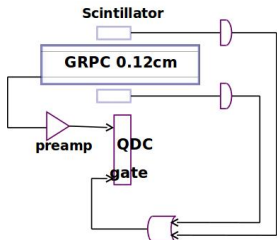
## Why

- 1 Simulate the performance of the SDHCAL GRPC and validate using beam test data (Including dead zones and edge effects, Obtaining the same efficiency and multiplicity as for data)
- 2 Perform the digitization of SDHCAL in Mokka model
- 3 Prepare adding the prototype model to ILC software

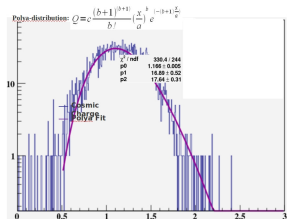




# Cosmic Ray Charge Spectrum



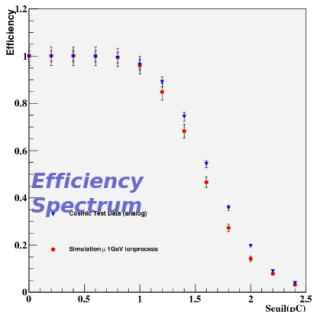
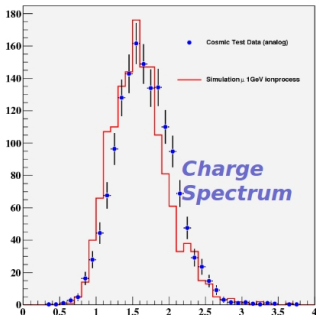
**Figure:** Charge Spectrum Cosmic Test Set Up. 64 Channels, trigger area smaller than Channel area. Analog readout



**Figure:** Avalanche signal charge spectrum in pC (Cosmic Ray)

# Simulation Charge Spectrum

In prototype simulation : 10GeV mu, the parameters are got from Polya fitting

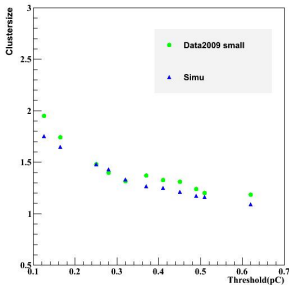
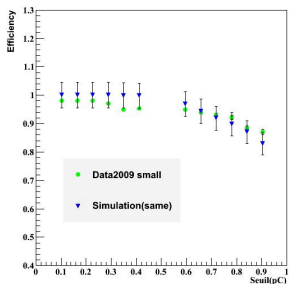


**Notice!** Plot show the **average induced charge spectrum** for all pads, it is more important to know the **induced charge distribution on each pad**, especially for pad multiplicity calculation.

# Small RPC's beam test data

## Measurement

Compare Efficiency and cluster size with real data



# Future

## Digitization

Check process with different angle of incoming cosmic data

## Simulation

Improve simulation for multiple particles going through one cell with test beam data