

# R&D in New Cavity Shapes

Fumio Furuta  
Cornell University

LCWS11 AWG3 29Sept2011

# Introduction

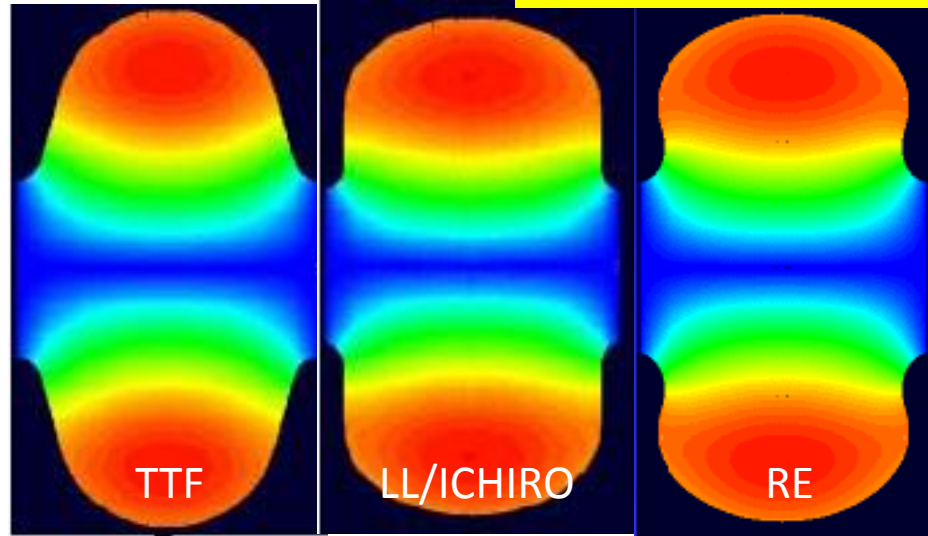
# New cavity shapes for high gradient

## New Cavity Shape with low $H_p/E_{acc}$

from J.Sekutowicz lecture Note

$$E_{acc} = \frac{H_{CR}^{RF}}{H_{pk} / E_{acc}}$$

**TTF: TESLA shape**  
**Reentrant (RE): Cornell Univ.**  
**Low Loss(LL): JLAB/DESY**  
**LL/ICHIRO: KEK**



shape	TTF	LL/ICHIRO	RE
Iris Diameter [mm]	70	60	60
$E_p/E_{acc}$	1.98	2.36	2.28
$H_p/E_{acc}$ [Oe/MV/m]	41.5	36.1	35.4
$G \cdot R/Q$ [ $\Omega^2$ ]	30840	37970	41208
$E_{acc}$ [MV/m]	42.0	48.5	49.4

# ILC Baseline/Alternative cavity shapes

---

ILC main linac cavity		BCD: Baseline	ACD: Alternative
Cavity Shape		TESLA	Low loss Reentrant
<u>Acceptance</u> Performance	Eacc[MV/m]	35	40
	Qo	0.80E10	0.80E10
<u>Operation</u> Performance	Eacc [MV/m]	31.5	36
	Qo	1.0E10	1.0E10

VT results of new shapes

# Proof of high gradient w/ single cells (1)

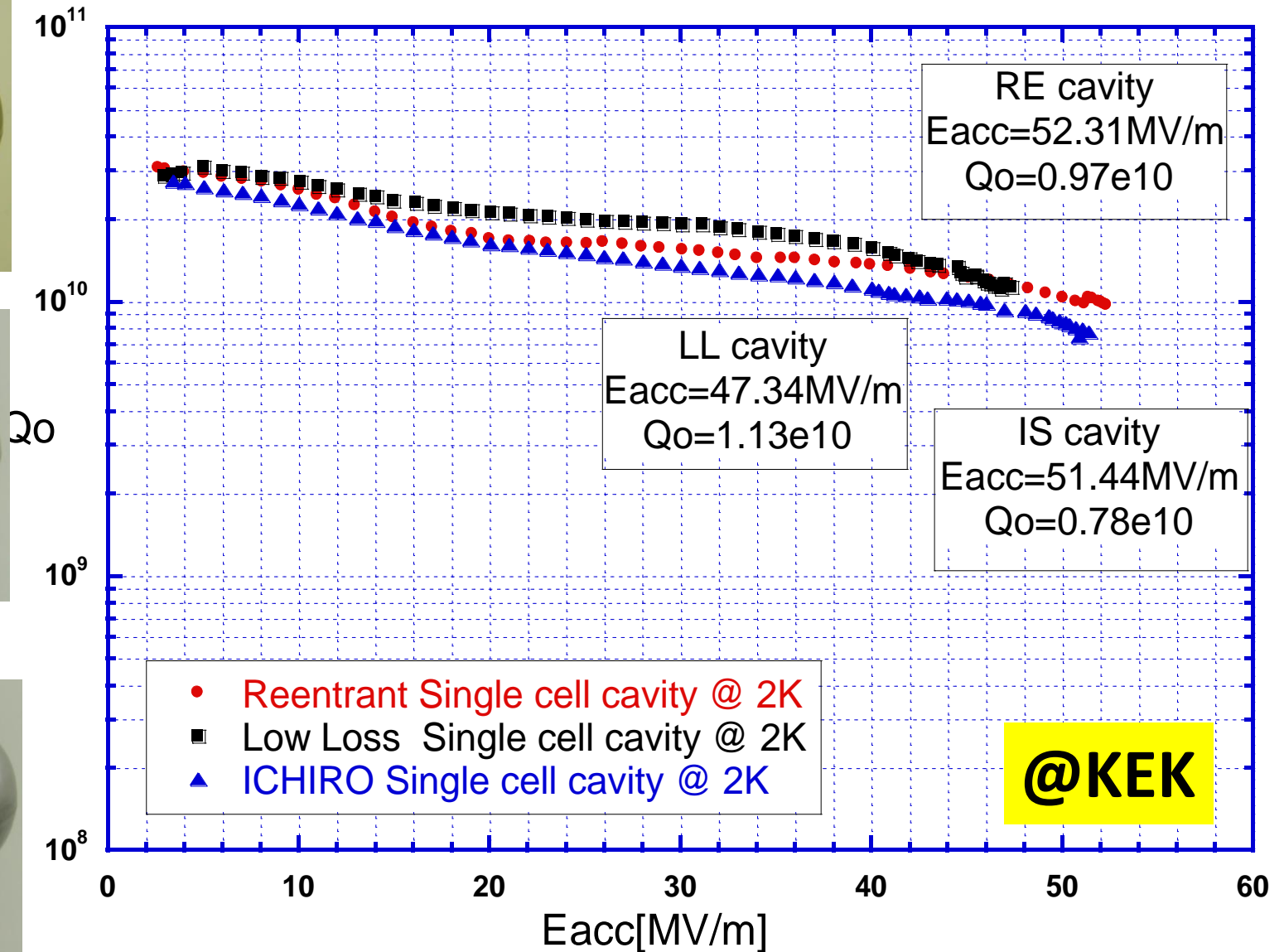
Reentrant



Low Loss

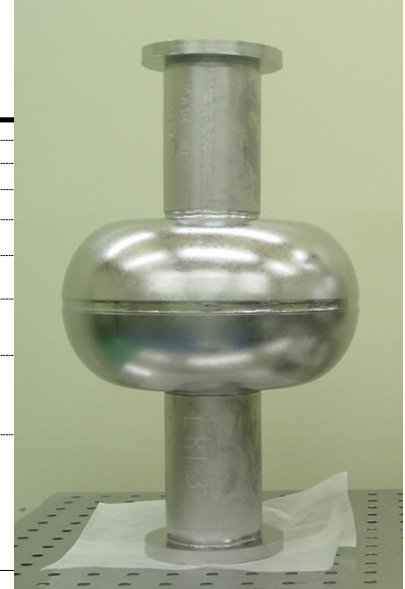
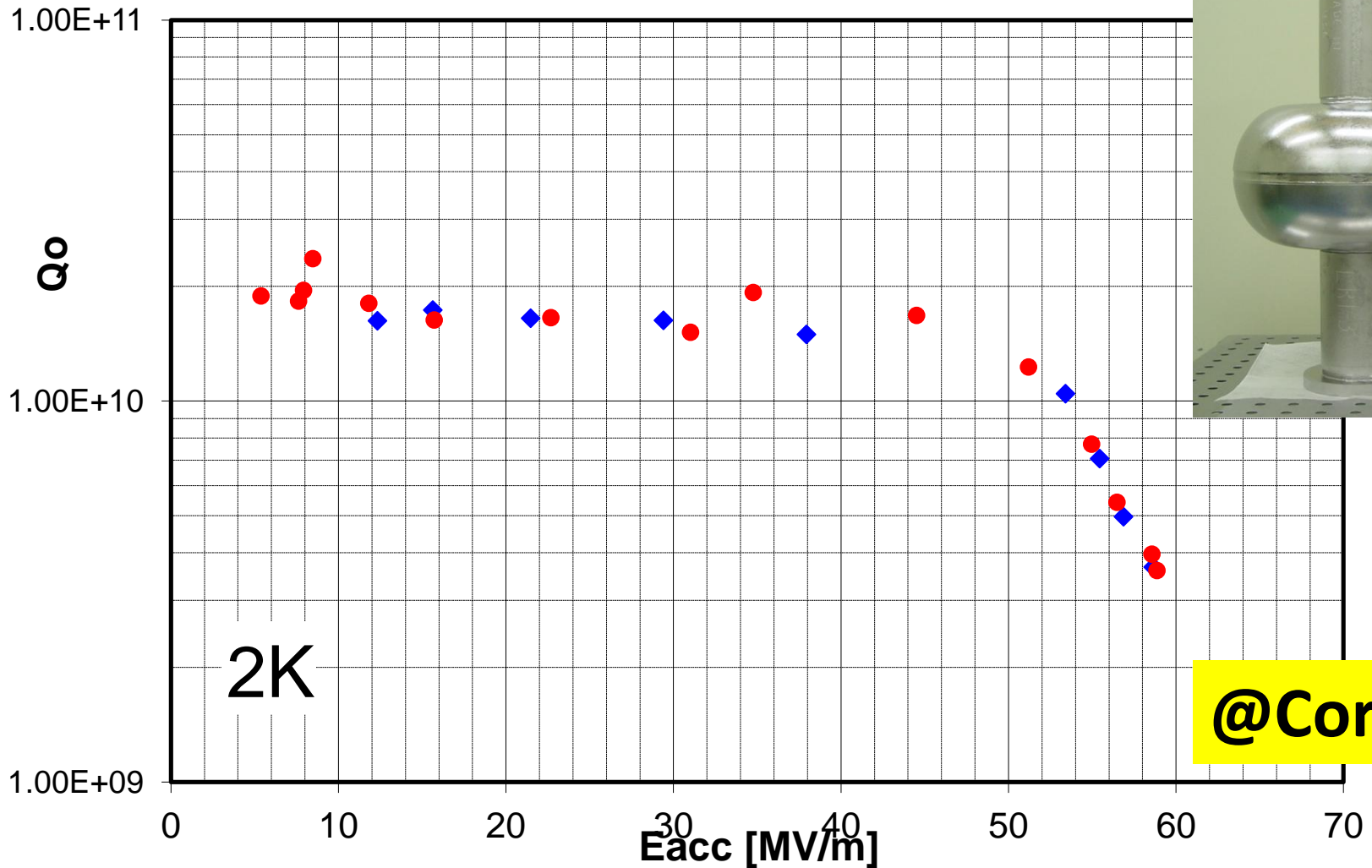


Ichiro Single



# Proof of high gradient w/ single cells (2)

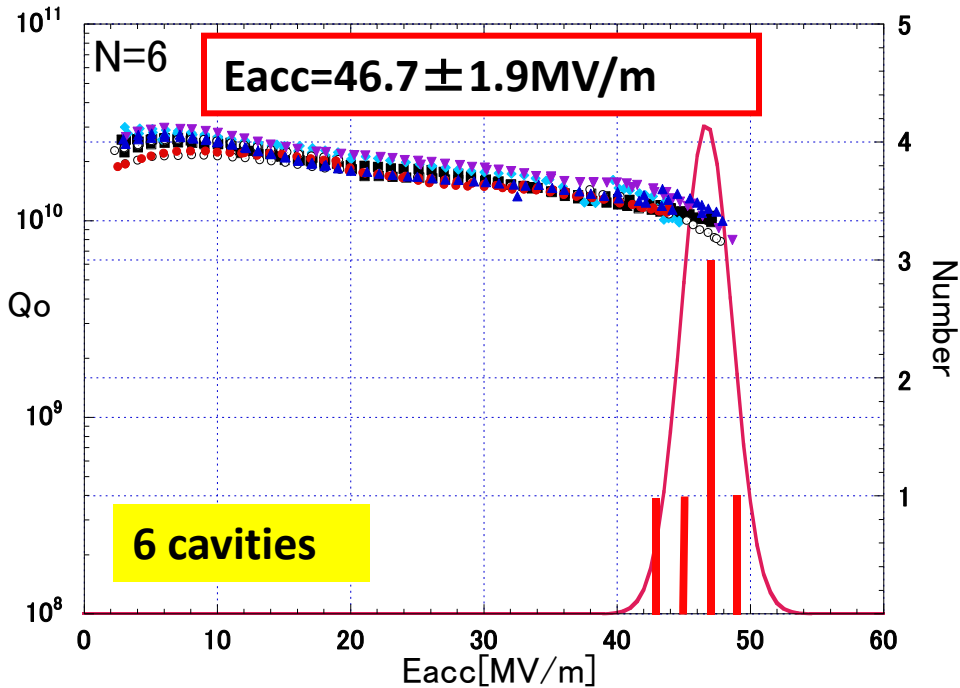
Cornell Re-entrant cavity LR1-3 March 14, 2007



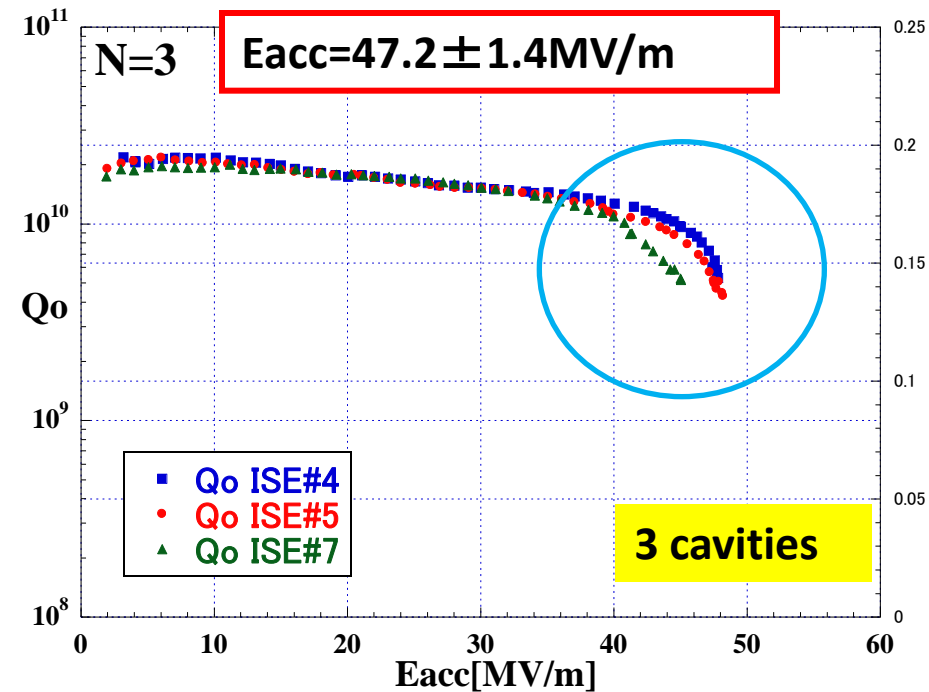
@Cornell

# Statistics for ICHIRO singles

## Center cell single



## Full end group single



Current best recipe for ICHIRO

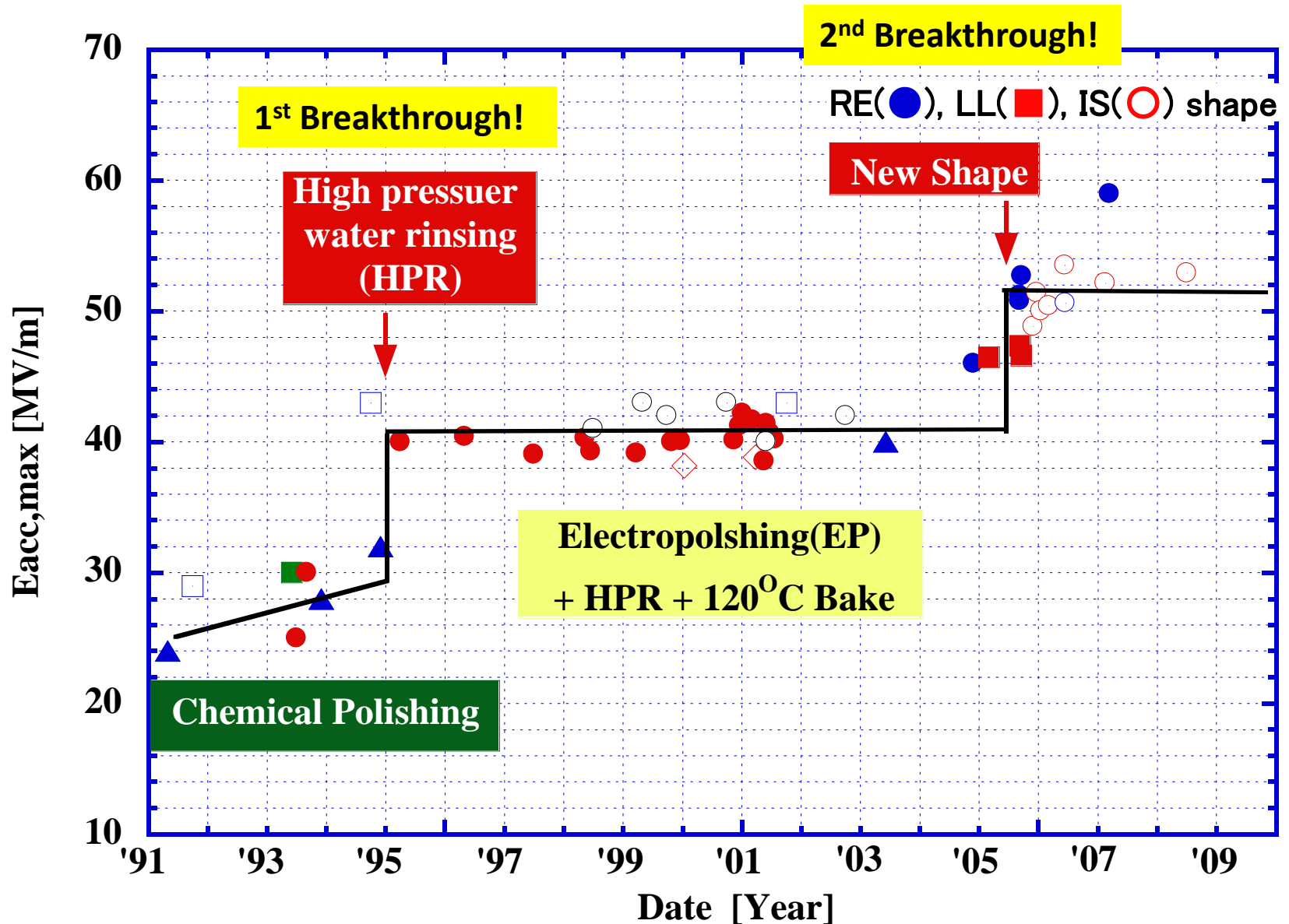
CBP+CP+AN+EP(80 $\mu$ m)+EP(20 $\mu$ m)+flash EP(3 $\mu$ m)  
+Ethanol rinsing+Wiping+HPR+Bake

Q-slope issue remains.  
►R&D for post EP cleaning  
►new design, DDC.





# Eacc vs. Year, single cell



# **Status of new shape singles**

---

KEK had successfully demonstrated  $>50\text{MV/m}$  with new shape cavities of Low loss, ICHIRO, and Reentrant.

Cornell had achieved  $59\text{MV/m}$  with Reentrant.

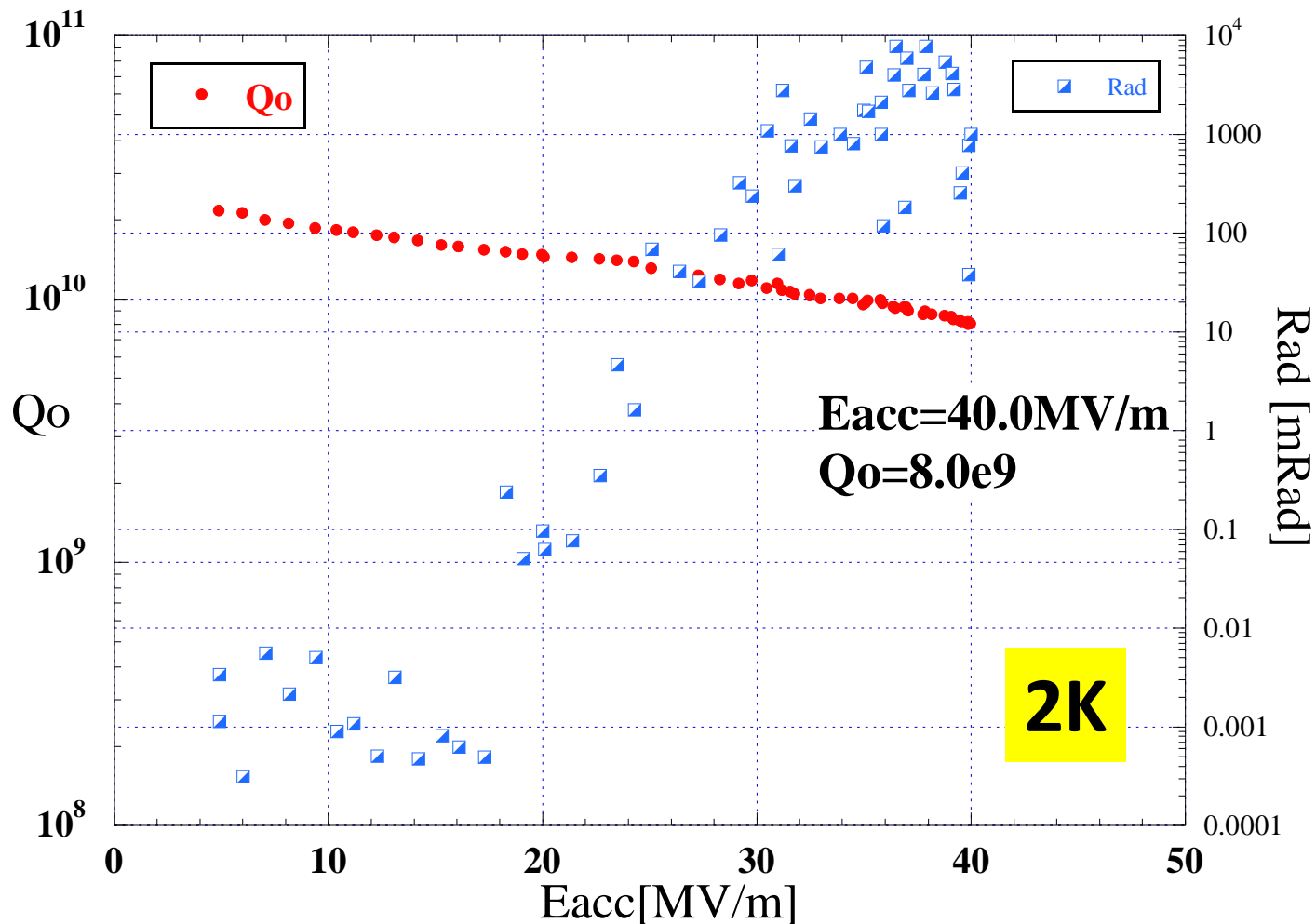
These singles were processed by CBP and horizontal EP.

Reentrant cavities were also done by high temp anneal at Cornell before CBP.

# ICHIRO 9-cell #7 (w/ HOM) at KEK/Jlab

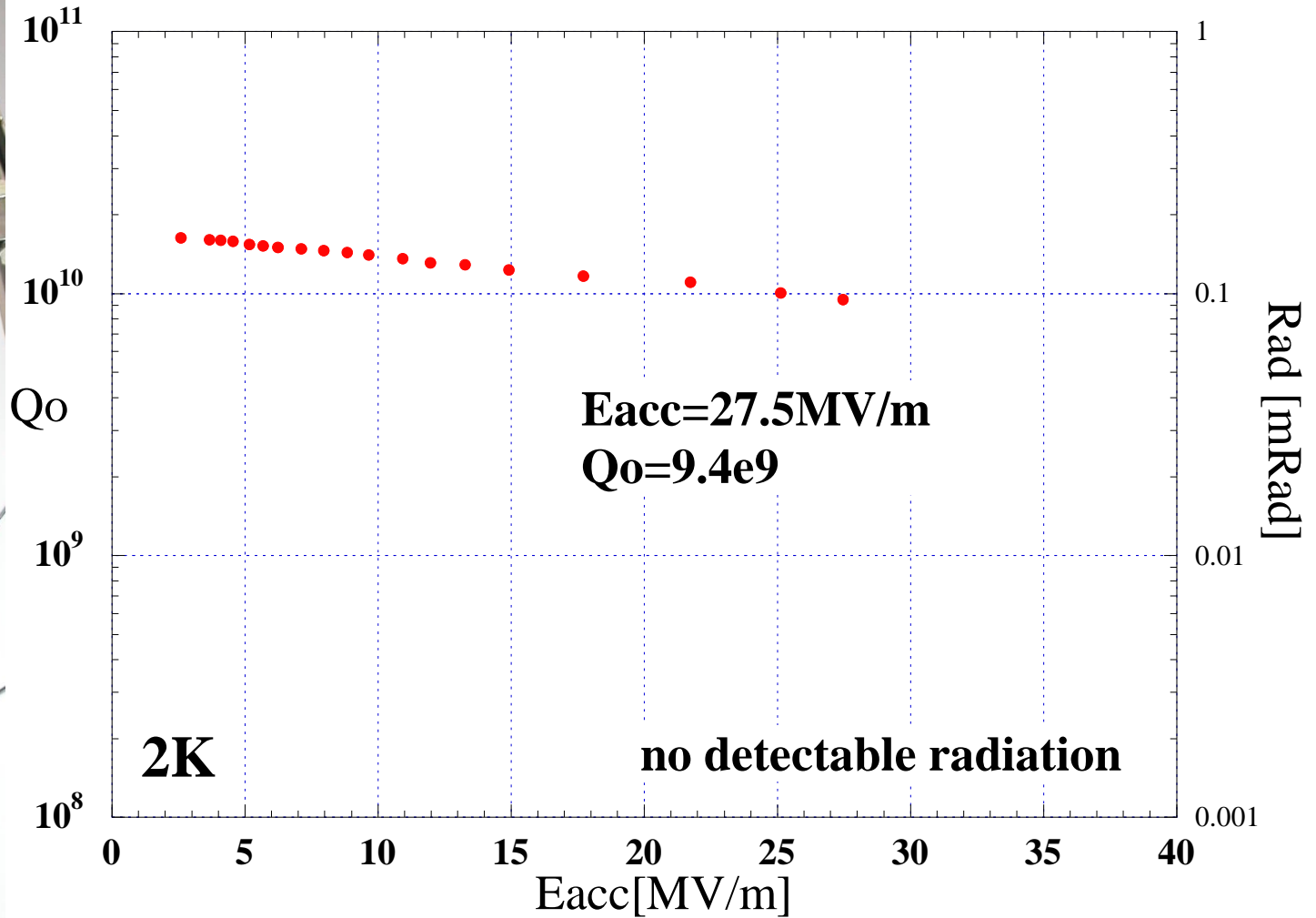
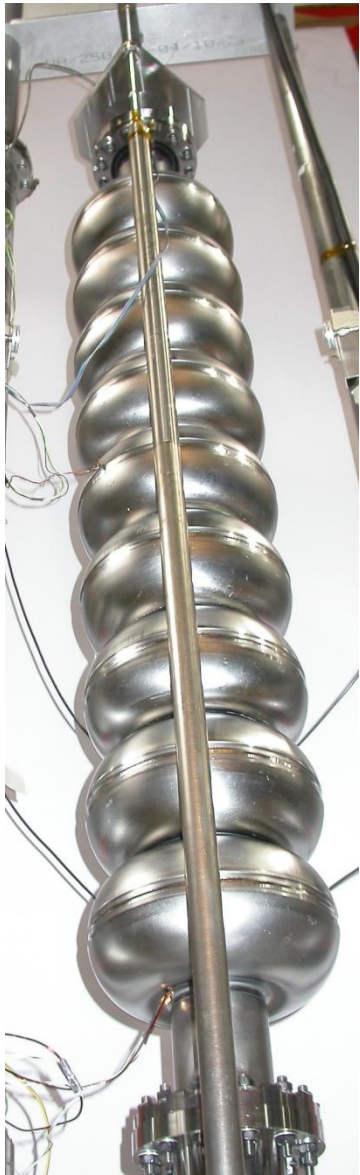


14Dec2010



# Re-entrant 9-cell (no HOM) at Cornell

17Apr2010



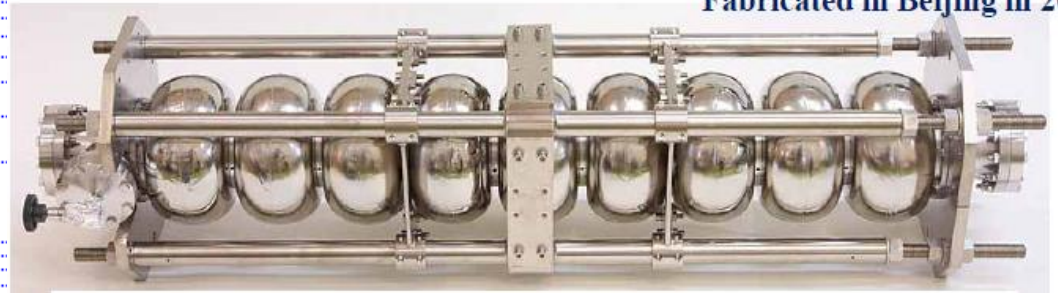
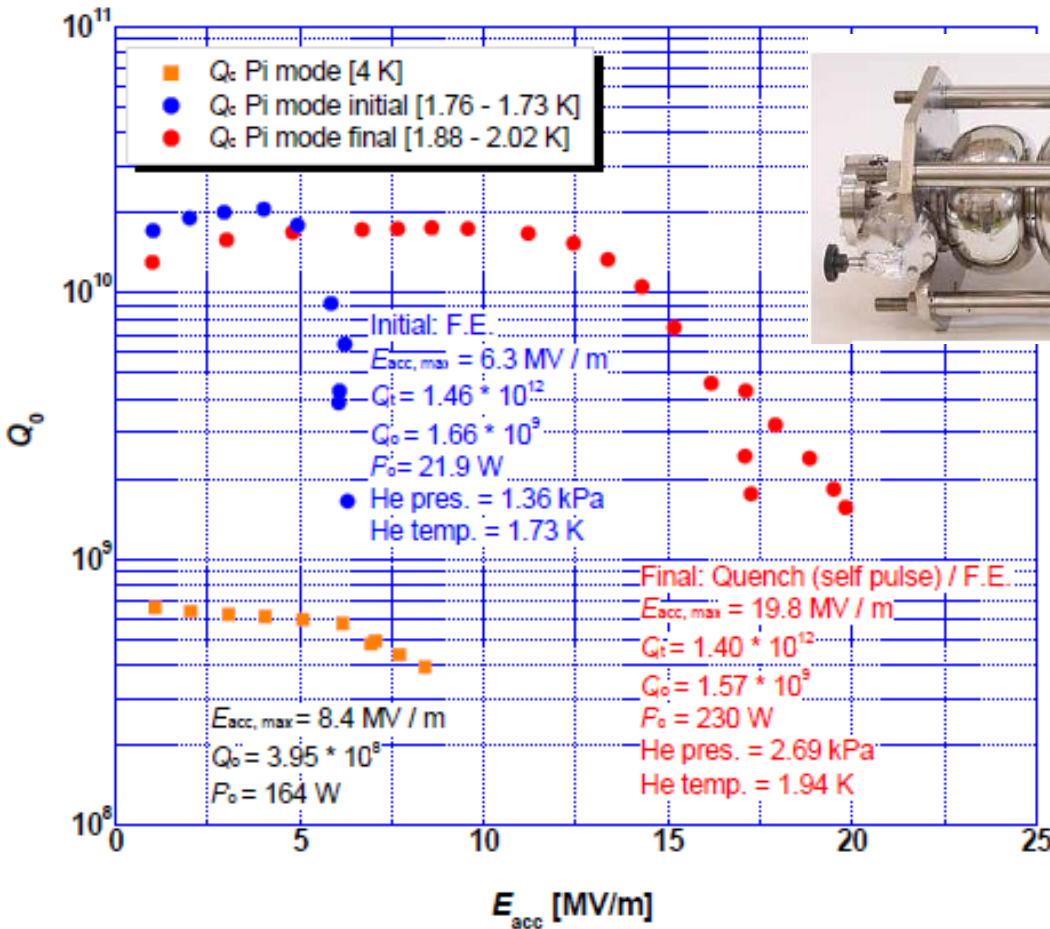
# IHEP-01 LG Low loss 9-cell at IHEP/KEK

IHEP-01 Large Grain Low Loss 9-cell Cavity (without HOM couplers)

1st Vertical Test, July 1, 2010

CBP (190  $\mu\text{m}$ ), BCP (110  $\mu\text{m}$ ), Annealing (750°C, 3 h), Pretuning (94 %), Ultrasonic (Micro-90 2%, 50°C, 3 h), BCP (20  $\mu\text{m}$ ), Ultrasonic (UPW), Low Pressure Rinsing @ IHEP  
 Ultrasonic (Liquinox 2%, 43°C, 3 h), HPR (8.5 h), Baking (105°C, 48 h), VT @ KEK

Fabricated in Beijing in 2009

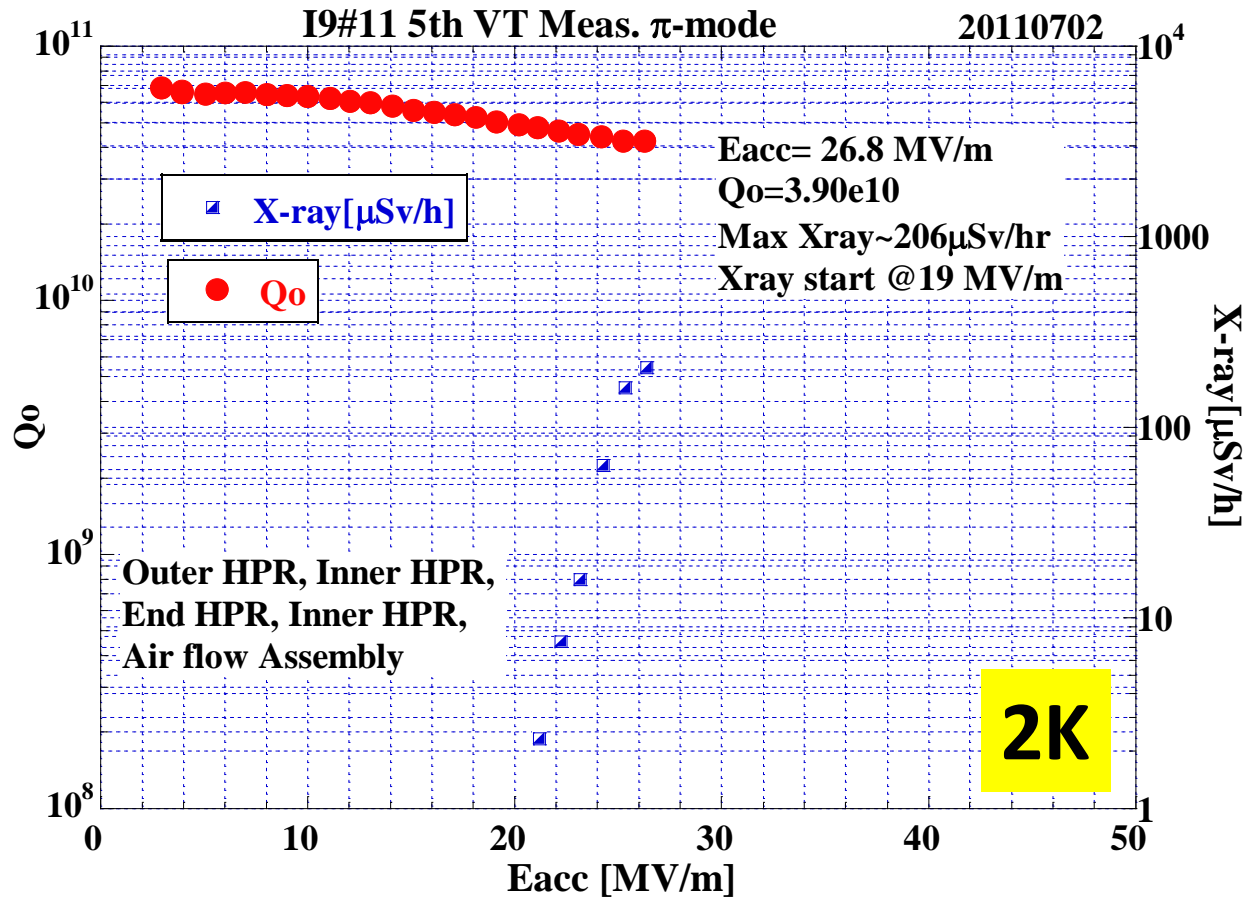


1 Jul 2010

# LG ICHIRO 9-cell #11(w/ HOM) at KEK



2Jul2011



# Status of new shape 9-cells

---

ICHIRO#7 achieved 40MV/m with  $Q_0$  of  $8e9$  in collaboration with Jlab and KEK so far.

Reentrant 9-cell achieved 27~30MV/m with vertical EP.

Demonstration of 50MV/m is current top priority for new shape 9-cells.

Large grain LL and ICHIRO cavities are processed and tested. These cavities are processed by BCP, not EP. So far 20~27MV/m are achieved.

# What are the issues of new shapes?

---

At the moment, available number of new shape multi cell cavities are very small.

ICHIRO =  $3(\text{FG})+2(\text{LG})$ ,  $\text{RE}=1(\text{FG})$ ,  $\text{Low loss}=1(\text{LG})$

So fabrication error like a defect in EBW seam might be big issue. But we have a tool to fix them, like CBP, local grinding, laser re-melting, etc..

It is expectable to improve performance more by them.

Other limitations like FE, Q-slope, quench, etc.. are same with baseline cavities. So feedbacks from them are also important.



# What are the issues of new shapes?

---

New shape cavities has also another challenges with challenge of 50MV/m.

- >ICHIRO #7 + MO seal.
- >Reentrant + vertical EP.
- >LG Low loss/ICHIRO + BCP.

For 50MV/m with new shapes,  
it is better to separate additional challenges and  
use most reliable ways.

# Future plan

---

ICHIRO activities at Jlab will continue.

ICHIRO#7 and another LG ICHIRO 9-cell are planned to be processed and tested at Jlab in future.

Cornell has a plan to try horizontal EP on Reentrant 9-cell. Cornell also has 3-cell Reentrant cavity. This cavity will be also processed and tested as a step of multi cell.

# R&D plan of Cornell SRF group after 2012

---

- 1) New shapes for high voltage cavities.  
\*we are involved in reentrant shapes, ICHIRO.
- 2) OST quench detection and other SRF test techniques.  
\*we have been involved in several techniques, e.g. T-maps.
- 3) Field emission detection.  
\*we have started a simulation effort for field emission, dark current, and radiation background.
- 4) New SRF materials.  
\*we are already producing Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn.
- 5) Nb/Cu Cavities.  
\*already investigating spun cavities from explosion bonded copper on niobium.
- 6) New production techniques: spinning and/or hydroforming.  
\*we are involved in spinning already.
- 7) Cut-cavity analysis of single cells.  
\*we have done much of this, e.g. in Alexander Romanenko's PhD.

# Summary

---

New shapes have successfully demonstrated high gradient of 50MV/m with single cells.

Demonstration of 50MV/m with multi-cell is top priority for new shapes. So far ICHIRO 9-cell achieved ACD requirement of 40MV/m with  $Q_0$  of  $8.0e9$  at VT.

After demonstration of 50MV/m with multi cell, high yield is also necessary. Feedbacks from baseline cavities are important.

We already have pieces for 50MV/m and high yield. New shapes, reliable vendors, procedures and facilities. 50MV/m with 9-cell will be in hand soon.