



# CLIC Physics & detectors CDR

S. Poss for CLIC physics and detectors study

CERN

December 14, 2011

# Outline

Physics Motivations

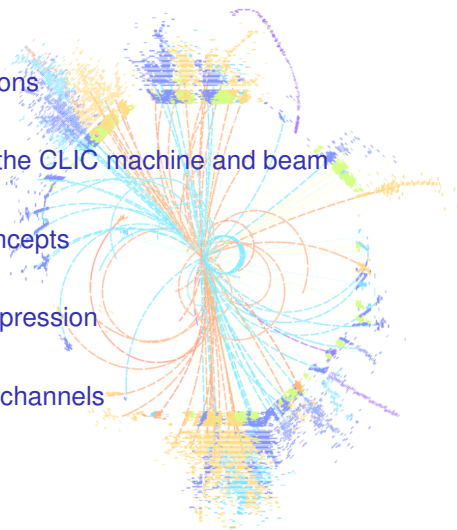
A few words on the CLIC machine and beam

The detector concepts

Background suppression

The benchmark channels

Summary



# Outline

Physics Motivations

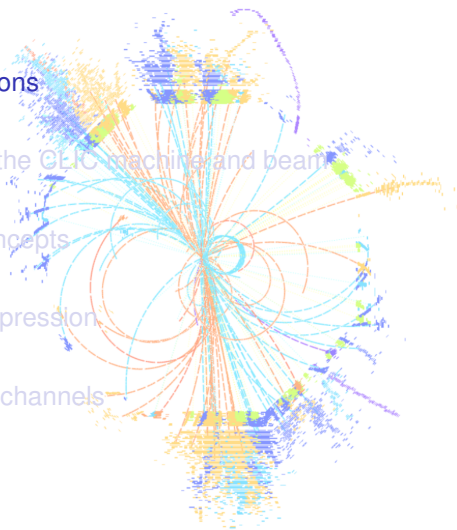
A few words on the CLIC machine and beam

The detector concepts

Background suppression

The benchmark channels

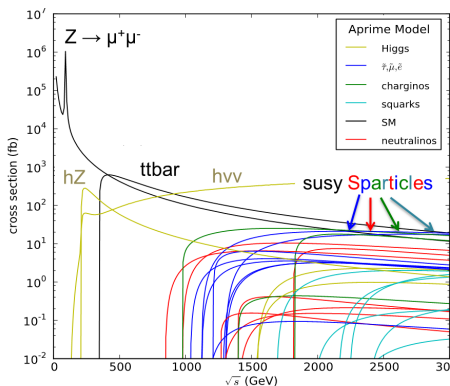
Summary



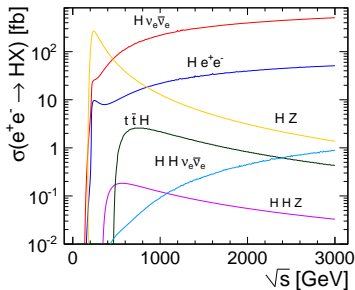
# Physics Motivations

- Complementary to the LHC
- Complementary to the ILC (500 GeV)

Use the clean environment to study hard-to-reach processes



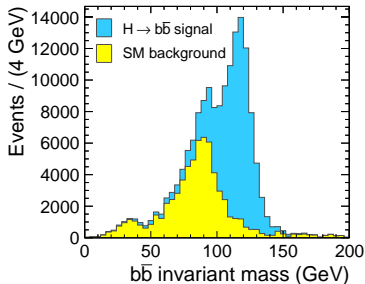
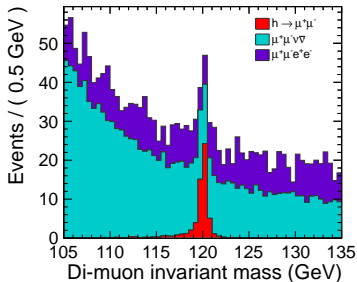
# Higgs measurements



Access to low cross section and small BR processes

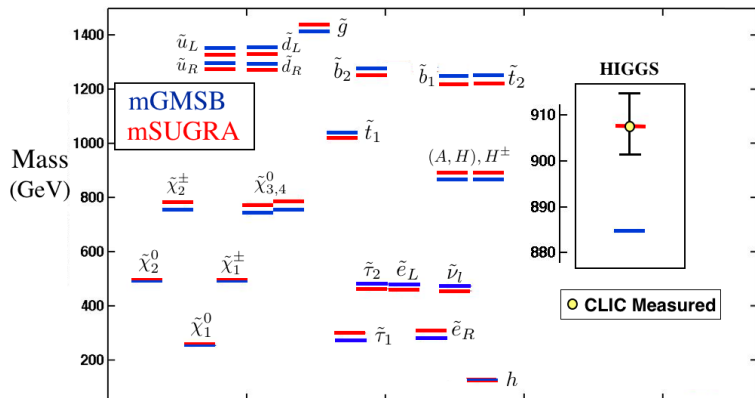
$$\sigma(h \rightarrow \mu\mu) \rightarrow \pm 15\%$$

$$\sigma(h \rightarrow b\bar{b}) \rightarrow \pm 0.2\%$$



# SUSY

CLIC resolving power for SUSY breaking models:



# New physics scenarios

New particle Luminosity	LHC14 $100\text{fb}^{-1}$	SLHC $1\text{ab}^{-1}$	LC800 $500\text{fb}^{-1}$	CLIC3 $1\text{ab}^{-1}$
squarks [TeV]	2.5	3	0.4	1.5
sleptons [TeV]	0.3	-	0.4	1.5
$Z'$ (SM couplings) [TeV]	5	7	8	20
2 extra dims $M_D$ [TeV]	9	12	5-8.5	20-30
TGC (95%) ( $\lambda_\gamma$ coupling)	0.001	0.0006	0.0004	0.0001
$\mu$ contact scale [TeV]	15	-	20	60
Higgs compos. scale [TeV]	5-7	9-12	45	60

# Outline

Physics Motivations

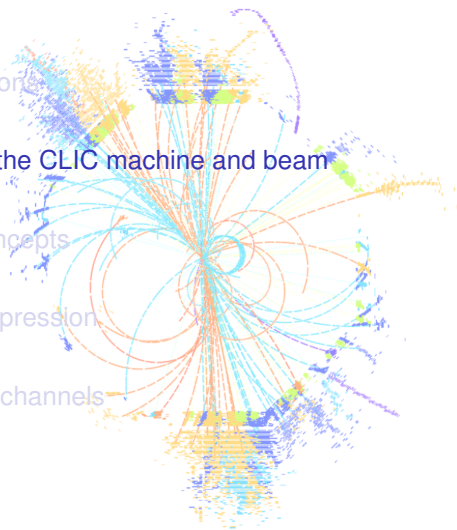
**A few words on the CLIC machine and beam**

The detector concepts

Background suppression

The benchmark channels

Summary





## A particular beam structure

- CLIC: trains at 50Hz, 1 train is 312 bunches, 0.5ns apart: **156ns for full bunch train**
- ILC: trains at 5Hz, 1 train is 1300 bunches, 700ns apart

	ILC 0.5TeV	CLIC 3TeV
L [ $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ ]	$2 \times 10^{34}$	$5.9 \times 10^{34}$
Crossing angle	14mrad	20mrad
BX separation	700ns	<b>0.5ns</b>
Nb $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{had}/\text{BX}$	0.2	<b>3.2</b>
Nb incoherent pairs/BX	$1 \times 10^5$	<b><math>3 \times 10^5</math></b>

**Very large machine induced background rate and very short time between bunches!**

# Outline

Physics Motivations

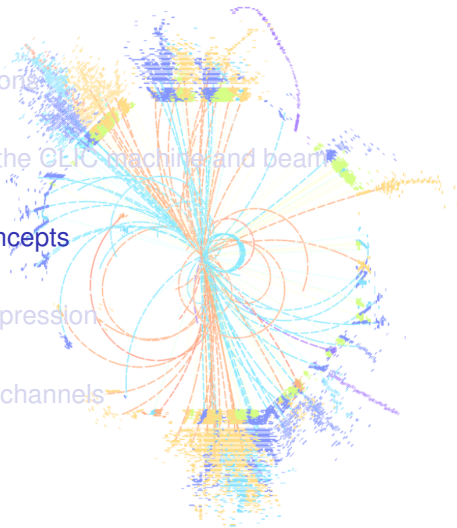
A few words on the CLIC machine and beam

**The detector concepts**

Background suppression

The benchmark channels

Summary



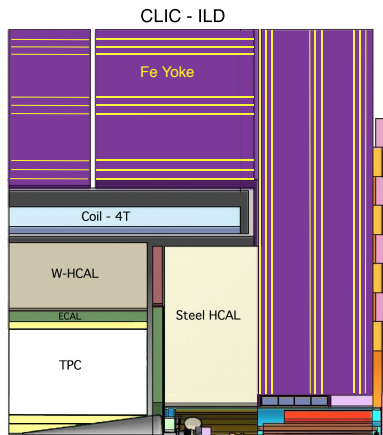
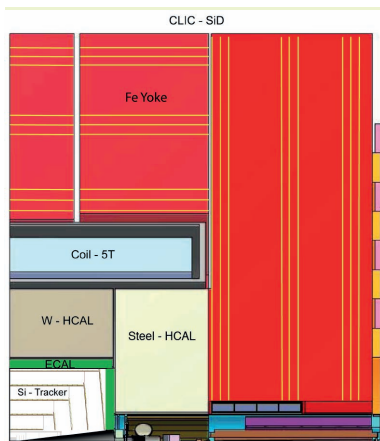
## The detector requirements

- Trigger less readout of full train: time stamping, multi-hit capacity, filtering algorithms during reconstruction
- High resolution pixel detector for displaced vertices identification:  
     $p = 1 \text{ GeV} \quad \sigma_{d0} \sim 20 \mu m$   
     $p = 100 \text{ GeV} \quad \sigma_{d0} \sim 5 \mu m$
- Momentum resolution:  
     $\sigma(p_T)/p_T^2 \sim 10^{-5} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$
- Good jet-energy resolution (W/Z separation)  
     $\sigma(E_j)/E_j = 3.5\% - 5\%$  for  $E_j = 50 \text{ GeV} - 1 \text{ TeV}$

# The CLIC detectors

Main differences with ILC concepts:

- Denser barrel HCAL, using tungsten,  $7.5\lambda_I$
- Redesign of the vertex detector and forward region



# Outline

Physics Motivations

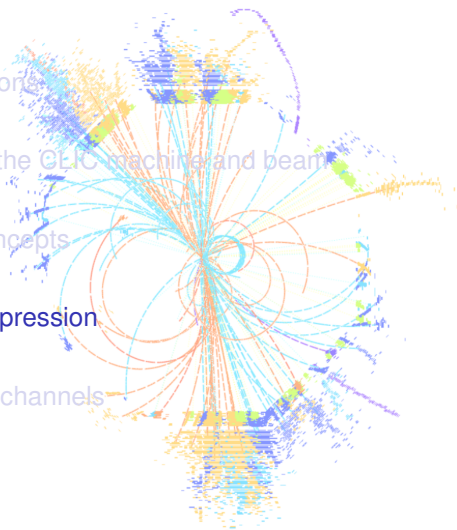
A few words on the CLIC machine and beam

The detector concepts

**Background suppression**

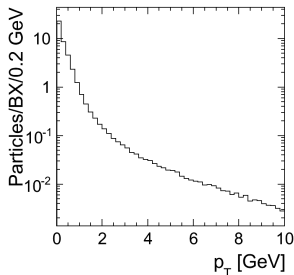
The benchmark channels

Summary



# Background properties

Main problematic background:  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$



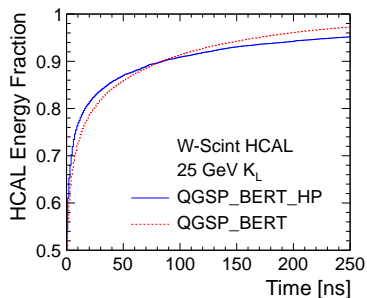
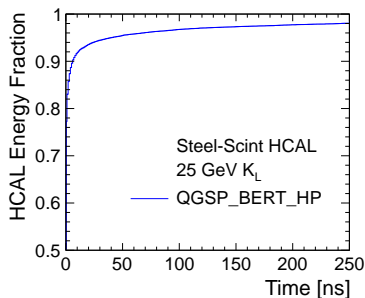
$$\theta > 8^\circ$$

Entire bunch train (312BX):

- 5000 tracks  $\rightarrow$  total track momentum: **7.3TeV**
- Total calorimetric energy (ECAL+HCAL): **19TeV**

Mostly low  $p_T$

## Background suppression: timing

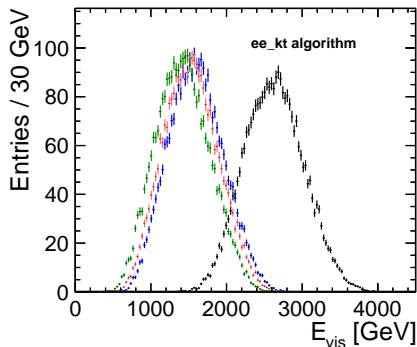


Subdetector	Reco. window	hit resolution
ECAL	10 ns	1 ns
HCAL Endcaps	10 ns	1 ns
HCAL Barrel	100 ns	1 ns
Silicon Detectors	10 ns	$10/\sqrt{12}$ ns

## Background suppression: jet finder

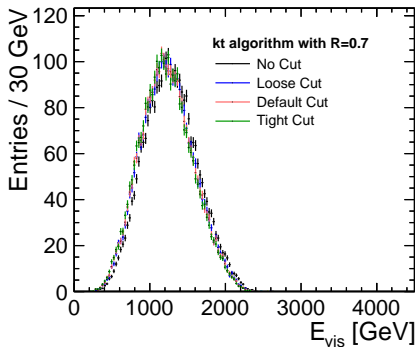
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{q}_R \tilde{q}_R \rightarrow q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0: 2 \text{ jets} + \text{missing energy}$$

Durham  $k_T$  à la LEP:



- All particle clustered
- Timing cuts effective

Hadron collider  $k_T$ :

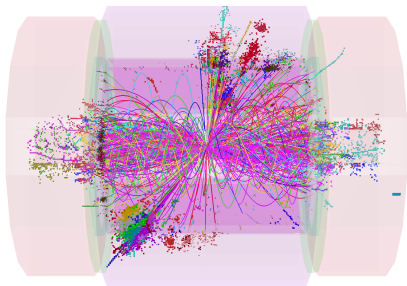


- Much of Bkg clustered with beam axis
- Timing cuts do less work
- Impact depends on event topology

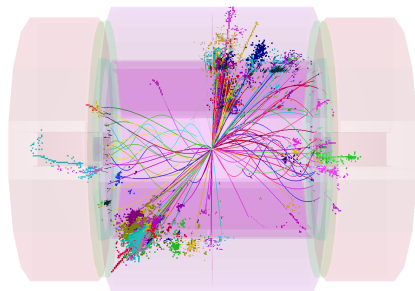


## Background suppression

E.g.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow HH \rightarrow t\bar{b}b\bar{t}$ :



No cuts:  
 $\sim 1.2\text{TeV}$   
10ns window



Tight timing cuts and jet finding:  
 $\sim 100\text{GeV}$

Using timing cuts and jet finding removes most of the background

# Outline

Physics Motivations

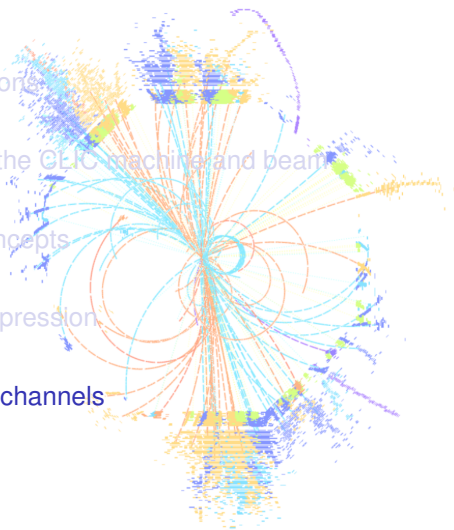
A few words on the CLIC machine and beam

The detector concepts

Background suppression

The benchmark channels

Summary



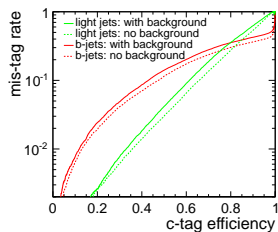
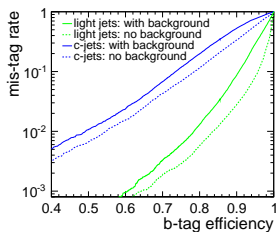
## The benchmark channels

The benchmark channels used to assess detector performance:

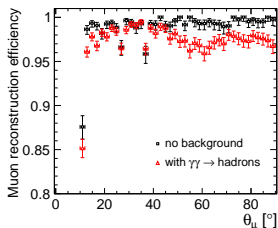
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow h\nu_e\bar{\nu}_e, h \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-, h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  (SID),
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^+H^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$  (ILD),  
 $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0A \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$  (ILD),
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{q}_R\tilde{q}_R \rightarrow q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (ILD),
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}\tilde{\ell} (\ell = e, \mu, \nu_e)$  (ILD),
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\mp \rightarrow W^+W^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (SID),  
 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow h\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (SID),
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}$  (500 GeV, ILD).

# SM Higgs decays

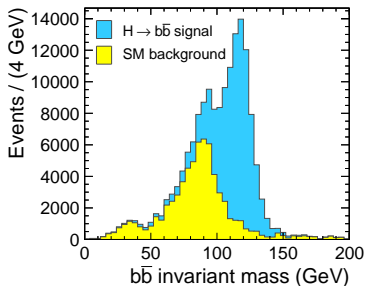
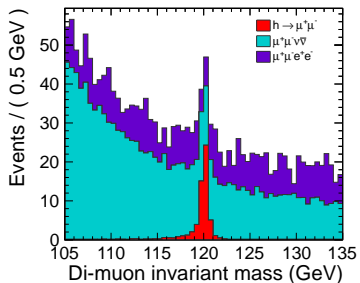
Flavour tagging ( $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ ):



Muon reconstruction efficiency ( $h \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ):



# SM Higgs decays

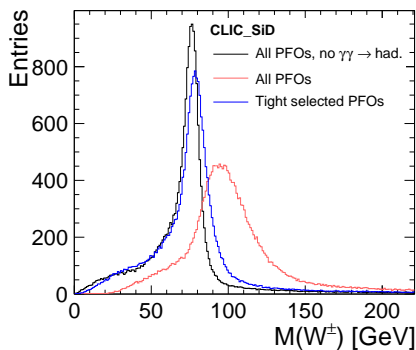


Cross section measurements:

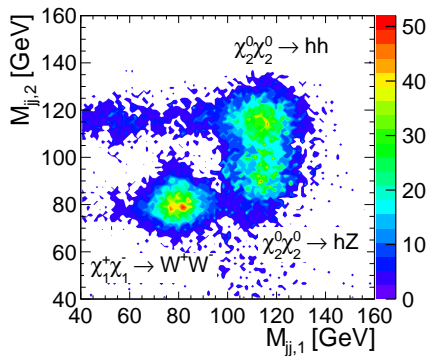
- $\sigma(\sigma_{h \rightarrow b\bar{b}}) / \sigma_{h \rightarrow b\bar{b}} = 0.22\%$  stat.
- $\sigma(\sigma_{h \rightarrow \mu^-\mu^+}) / \sigma_{h \rightarrow \mu^-\mu^+} = 15.7\%$  stat.

# Gauginos

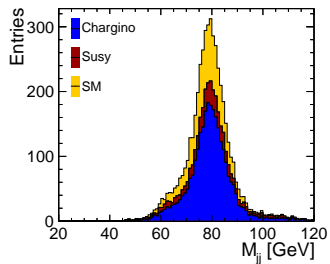
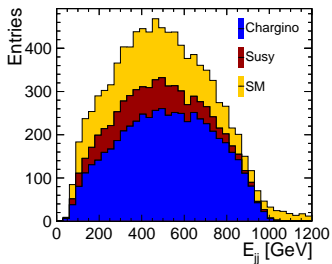
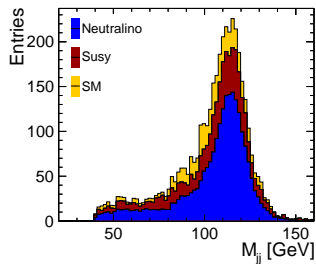
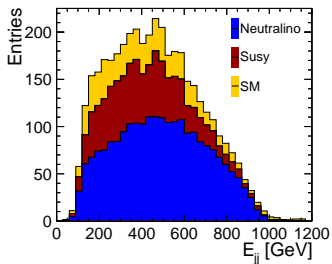
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^\pm_1 \tilde{\chi}^\mp_1 \rightarrow W^+W^- \tilde{\chi}^0_1 \tilde{\chi}^0_1 \text{ and } e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^0_2 \tilde{\chi}^0_2 \rightarrow hh \tilde{\chi}^0_1 \tilde{\chi}^0_1$$



Test of jet energy resolution



# Gauginos



# Gauginos

Parameter 1	Uncertainty	Parameter 2	Uncertainty
$M(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)$	6.3 GeV	$\sigma(\tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-)$	2.2%
$M(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$	3.0 GeV	$\sigma(\tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-)$	1.8%
$M(\tilde{\chi}_2^0)$	7.3 GeV	$\sigma(\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0)$	2.9%



# Outline

Physics Motivations

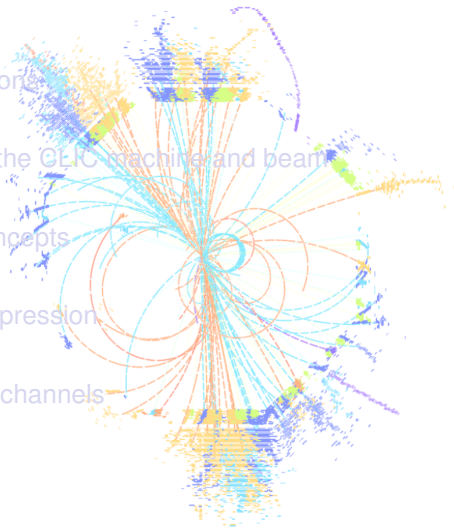
A few words on the CLIC machine and beam

The detector concepts

Background suppression

The benchmark channels

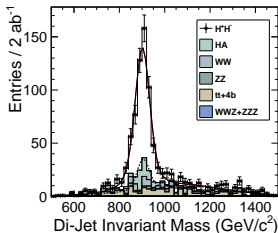
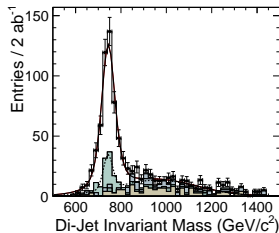
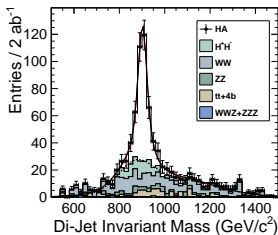
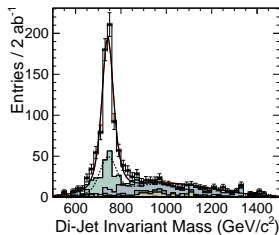
Summary



# Summary

- **Physics and detectors CDR is finalized:**  
<https://edms.cern.ch/document/1176246>
- **Signatories list is open, please show support:**  
<https://indico.cern.ch/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=136364>
- **Will be printed in Feb. 2012**
- **Additional volume next year: staged energy approach for 500GeV, 1.5TeV, 3TeV**

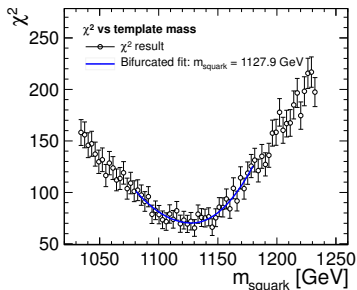
# Heavy Higgs: $H^0 A \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ , $H^+ H^- \rightarrow t\bar{b}b\bar{t}$



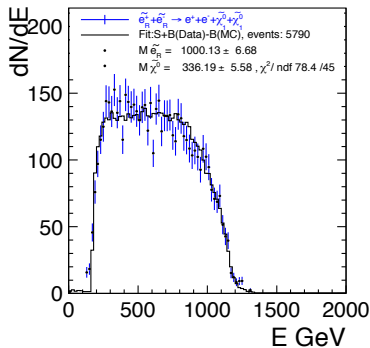
Statistical accuracy  $\sigma(M)/M \sim 0.3\%$ .

$\Rightarrow$  Evaluation of b-tagging and heavy jet reconstruction

# Squarks and Sleptons



$$\sigma(m_{\tilde{q}_R})/m_{\tilde{q}_R} = 0.5\%$$



$$\sigma(m_{\tilde{\mu}_R})/m_{\tilde{\mu}_R} = 0.6\%$$

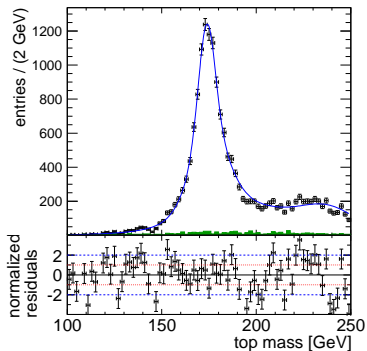
$$\sigma(m_{\tilde{e}_R})/m_{\tilde{e}_R} = 0.3\%$$

$$\sigma(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1 - 2\%$$

⇒ Tests of jet reconstruction and Particle ID

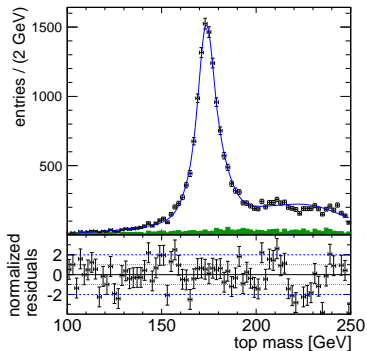
# Top physics at 500GeV

## Semi-leptonic decay:



Top mass (GeV)	Top width (GeV)
$174.28 \pm 0.09$	$1.55 \pm 0.26$

## Fully-hadronic decay:



Top mass (GeV)	Top width (GeV)
$174.07 \pm 0.08$	$1.33 \pm 0.22$

⇒ Compares well with ILC