

# Measuring very light gravitino with stau NLSP at the ILC

*Wednesday, 25 April 2012 09:35 (25 minutes)*

We report on the full simulation study of measuring the  $O(1 \text{ eV})$  mass of the stable very light gravitino. Such a light gravitino typically appears in GMSB scenarios and is attractive from the point of view of cosmological constraints. Assuming NLSP stau of  $\sim 120 \text{ GeV}$  mass and  $\sim 100 \text{ um/c}$  lifetime, we simulate stau pair creation events at  $E_{\text{cm}}=500 \text{ GeV}$  ILC with the ILD detector model. Tau decays are reconstructed in the 1-prong mode. Using the impact parameter distribution, the accuracy of the stau lifetime measurement is estimated. Two methods of stau mass reconstruction are compared: from the edge scan of the energy of tau decay products, and the cross section scan near the production threshold around  $250 \text{ GeV}$ . The accuracy of the gravitino mass is estimated using its relation with the NLSP mass and lifetime.

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**Session Classification:** ACFA Physics