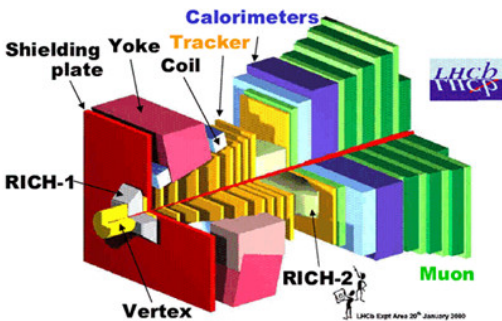
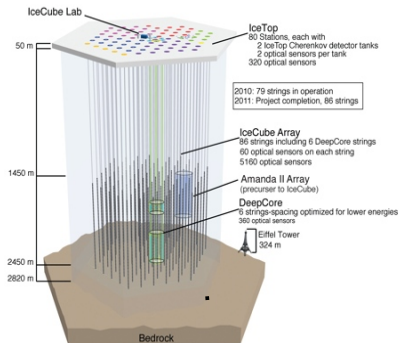


Dark Matter, Complementarity & pMSSM SUSY Searches

M. Cahill-Rowley, R. Cotta, A. Drlica-Wagner,
S. Funk, J. Hewett, A. Ismail, M. Wood &
T. Rizzo

1305.6291, 1307.8444 & to appear



The ILC & DM Complementarity

- LSPs can come in several 'varieties' in the MSSM even if they are restricted to being all neutralinos
- It may be difficult for the LHC to determine its EWK content
- But the LSP's EWK content is crucial to its nature as DM & we need to examine what the DM experiments themselves will be able to tell us (as will be discussed below)
- The ILC will play a critical role as such states can be studied there in detail to complete the whole DM picture
- What will we learn about DM beforehand? Use the pMSSM as a testing ground to address this question

The phenomenological MSSM

- The MSSM w/ R-Parity has >100 parameters--what do we do?
- Follow the data: CP, MFV, diagonal sfermion masses within 1st & 2nd generations (assumed degenerate, neglect Yukawa's)

$$100 \text{ GeV} \leq m_{L_{e1,3}} \leq 4 \text{ TeV}$$

$$400 \text{ GeV} \leq m_{Q_{ud12}} \leq 4 \text{ TeV} \quad 200 \text{ GeV} \leq m_{Q_{ud3}} \leq 4 \text{ TeV}$$

$$50 \text{ GeV} \leq |M_1| \leq 4 \text{ TeV}$$

$$100 \text{ GeV} \leq |M_2, \mu| \leq 4 \text{ TeV}$$

$$400 \text{ GeV} \leq M_3 \leq 4 \text{ TeV}$$

$$|A_{t,b,\tau}| \leq 4 \text{ TeV}$$

$$100 \text{ GeV} \leq M_A \leq 4 \text{ TeV}$$

$$1 \leq \tan\beta \leq 60$$

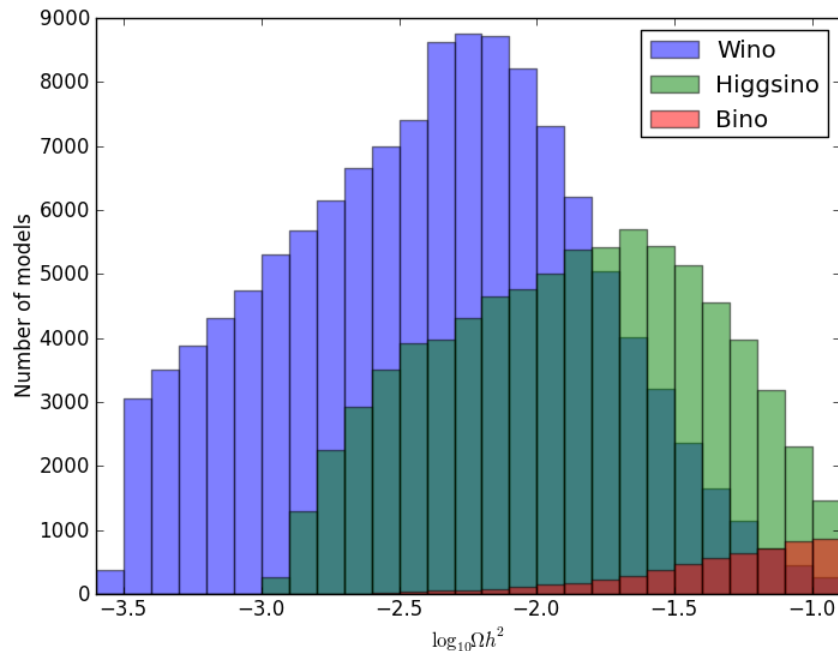
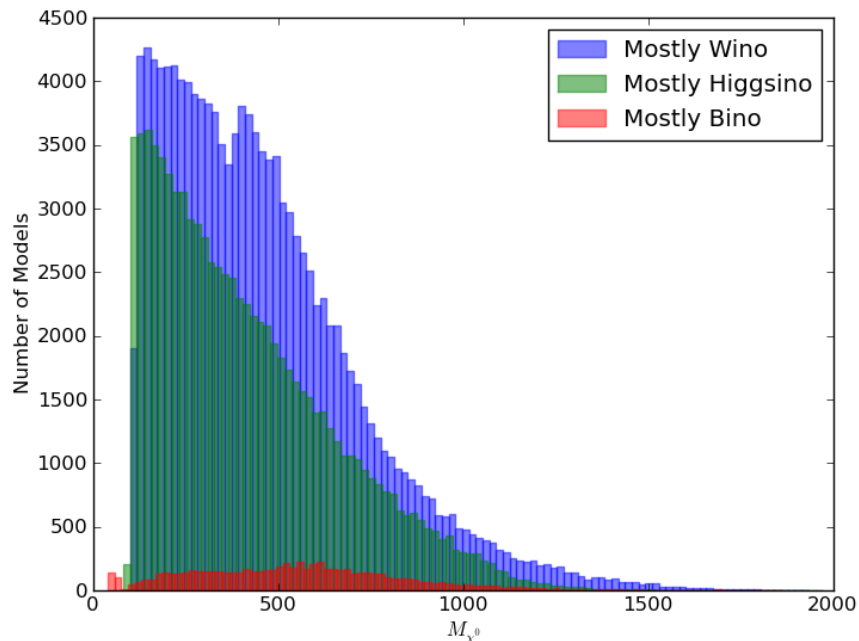


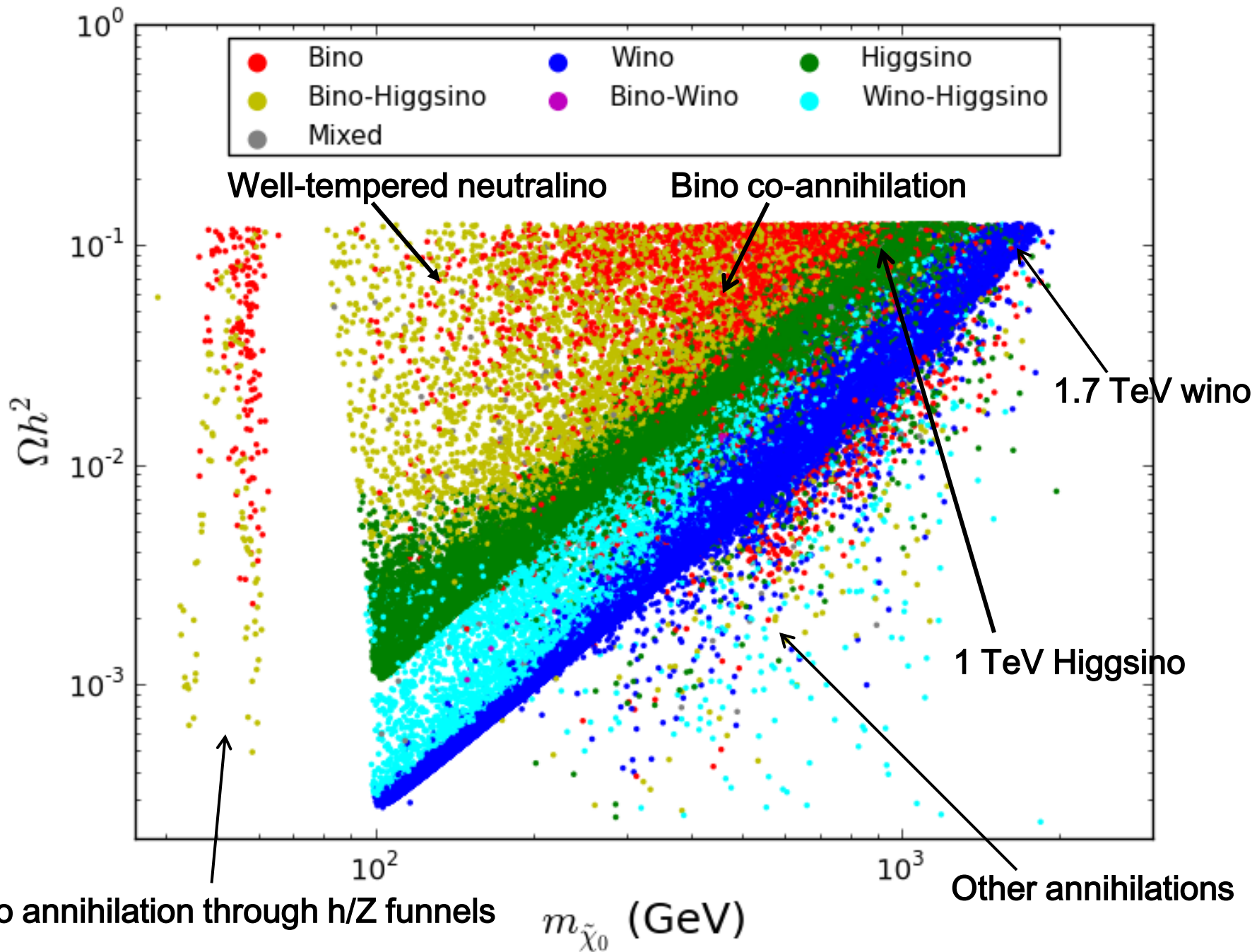
SOFTSUSY

- Throw darts into this 19-dim space looking for points satisfying EWK, flavor, DM & collider constraints $\rightarrow \sim 225k$ pts

The phenomenological MSSM

- Assume a thermal relic neutralino LSP treating the Planck relic density as an **upper bound** allowing for other possible DM, eg, axions...rescale rates appropriately.
- **No LSPs below ~ 30 GeV given model generation assumptions & experimental constraints**





Complementarity Study : Some Pieces

- 7 & 8 TeV LHC MET & non-MET → 14 TeV
 - DD w/ Xenon, LZ & COUPP
 - ID w/ FERMI & CTA
 - ICE³ /Deep Core
 - Complementarity
- What do these different experiments say about the LSP & the pMSSM in general ?
 - What happens when they are combined ?

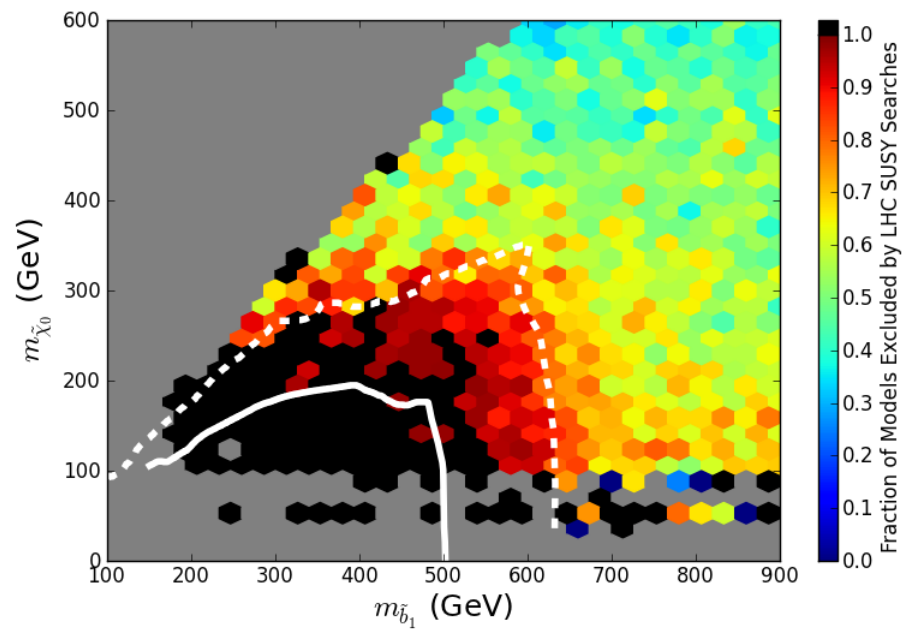
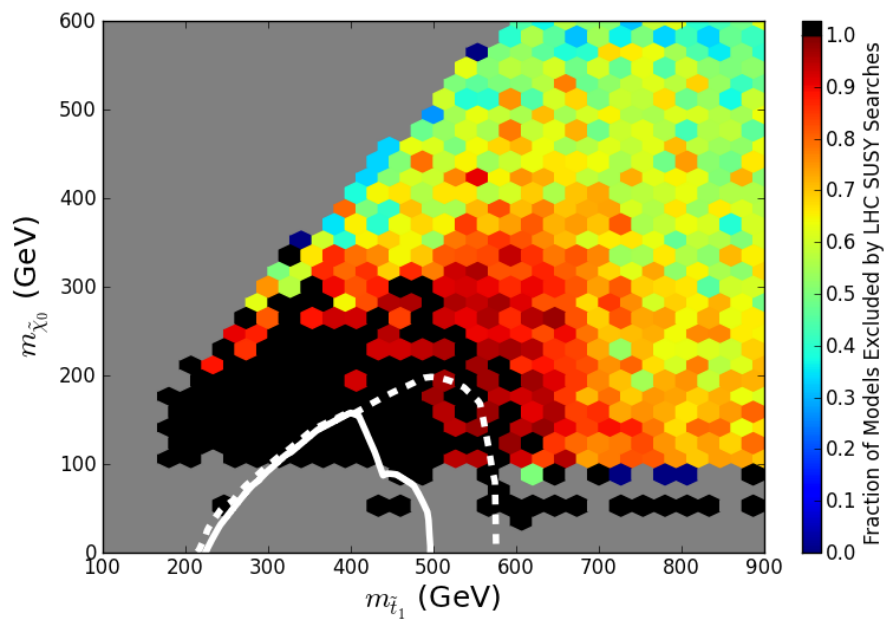
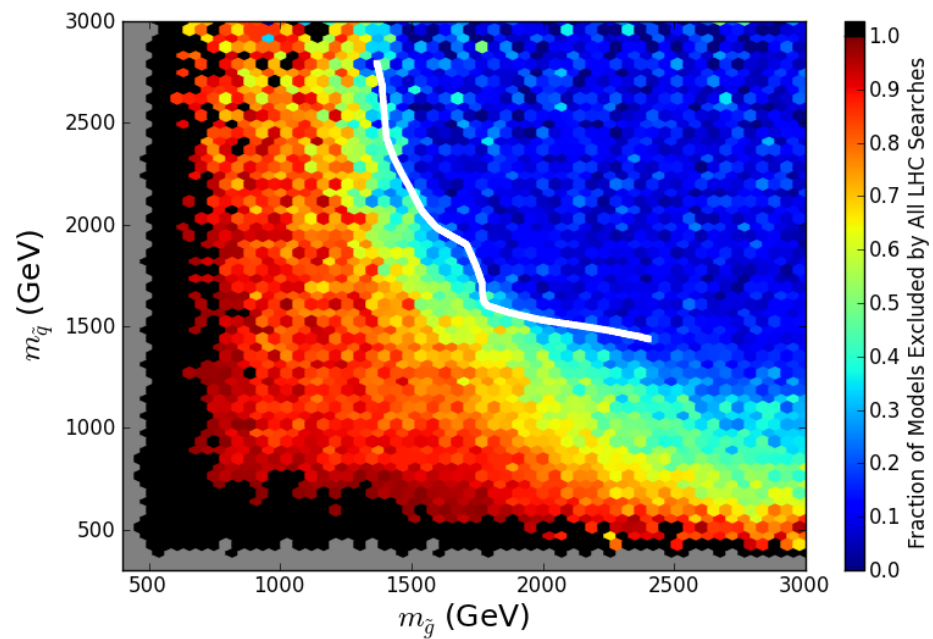
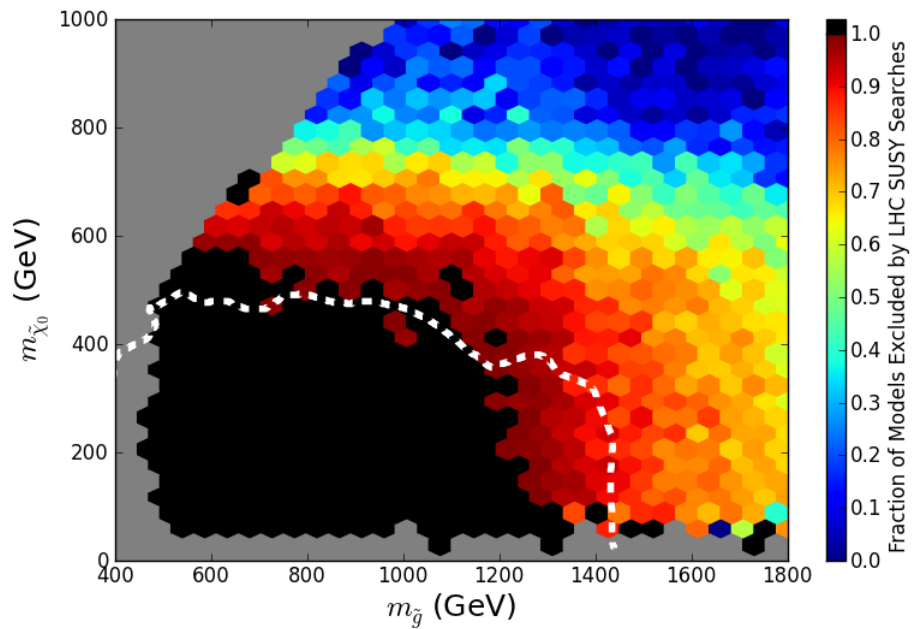
ATLAS SUSY Analyses @ 7 & 8 TeV

- We replicate the **ATLAS analysis suite** with fast MC (modified PGS/Pythia), validated using ATLAS MSSM benchmark points
- We determine which models are excluded by each analysis & then **combine** them to determine the total exclusion

Search	Reference	Neutralino	Gravitino	Low-FT
2-6 jets	ATLAS-CONF-2012-033	21.2%	17.4%	36.5%
multijets	ATLAS-CONF-2012-037	1.6%	2.1%	10.6%
1-lepton	ATLAS-CONF-2012-041	3.2%	5.3%	18.7%
HSCP	1205.0272	4.0%	17.4%	<0.1%
Disappearing Track	ATLAS-CONF-2012-111	2.6%	1.2%	<0.1%
Muon + Displaced Vertex	1210.7451	-	0.5%	-
Displaced Dilepton	1211.2472	-	1.1%	-
Gluino \rightarrow Stop/Sbottom	1207.4686	4.9%	3.5%	21.2%
Very Light Stop	ATLAS-CONF-2012-059	<0.1%	<0.1%	0.1%
Medium Stop	ATLAS-CONF-2012-071	0.3%	5.1%	2.1%
Heavy Stop (0l)	1208.1447	3.7%	3.0%	17.0%
Heavy Stop (1l)	1208.2590	2.0%	2.2%	12.6%
GMSB Direct Stop	1204.6736	<0.1%	<0.1%	0.7%
Direct Sbottom	ATLAS-CONF-2012-106	2.5%	2.3%	5.1%
3 leptons	ATLAS-CONF-2012-108	1.1%	6.1%	17.6%
1-2 leptons	1208.4688	4.1%	8.2%	21.0%
Direct slepton/gaugino (2l)	1208.2884	0.1%	1.2%	0.8%
Direct gaugino (3l)	1208.3144	0.4%	5.4%	7.5%
4 leptons	1210.4457	0.7%	6.3%	14.8%
1 lepton + many jets	ATLAS-CONF-2012-140	1.3%	2.0%	11.7%
1 lepton + γ	ATLAS-CONF-2012-144	<0.1%	1.6%	<0.1%
$\gamma + b$	1211.1167	<0.1%	2.3%	<0.1%
$\gamma\gamma + MET$	1209.0753	<0.1%	5.4%	<0.1%
$B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$	1211.2674	0.8%	3.1%	*
$A/H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	CMS-PAS-HIG-12-050	1.6%	<0.1%	*

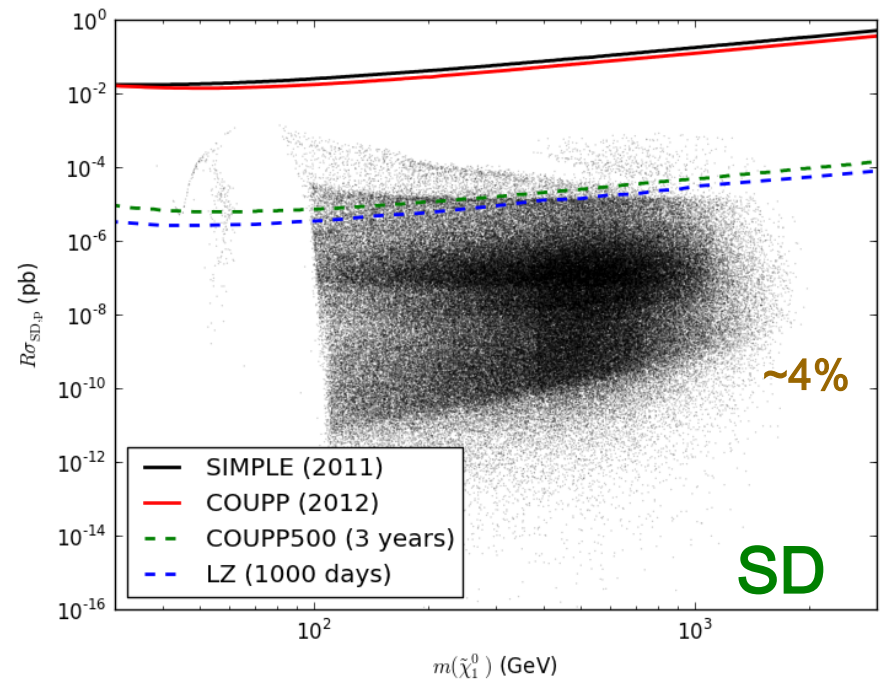
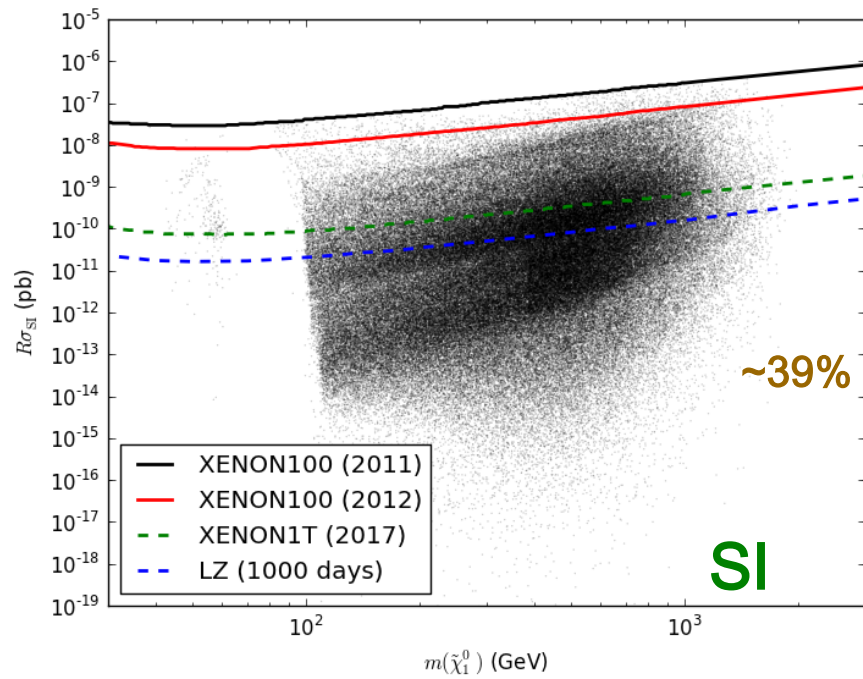
Search	Lumi	Reference	Neutralino	Gravitino	Low-FT
2-6 jets	6 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2012-109	26.7%	21.6%	44.9%
multijets	6 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2012-103	3.3%	3.8%	20.9%
1-lepton	6 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2012-104	3.3%	6.0%	20.9%
SS dileptons	6 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2012-105	4.9%	12.4%	35.5%
2-6 jets	20 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2013-047	38.0%	-	-
Medium Stop (2l)	13 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2012-167	0.6%	8.1%	4.9%
Medium/Heavy Stop (1l)	13 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2012-166	3.8%	4.5%	21.0%
Direct Sbottom (2b)	13 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2012-165	6.2%	5.1%	12.1%
3 rd Gen. Squarks (3b)	13 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2012-145	10.8%	9.9%	40.8%
3 rd Gen. Squarks (3l)	13 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2012-151	1.9%	9.2%	26.5%
3 leptons	13 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2012-154	1.4%	8.8%	32.3%
4 leptons	13 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2012-153	3.0%	13.2%	46.9%
Z + jets + MET	6 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2012-152	0.3%	1.4%	6.8%

→ many of the neutralino models are excluded by LHC searches



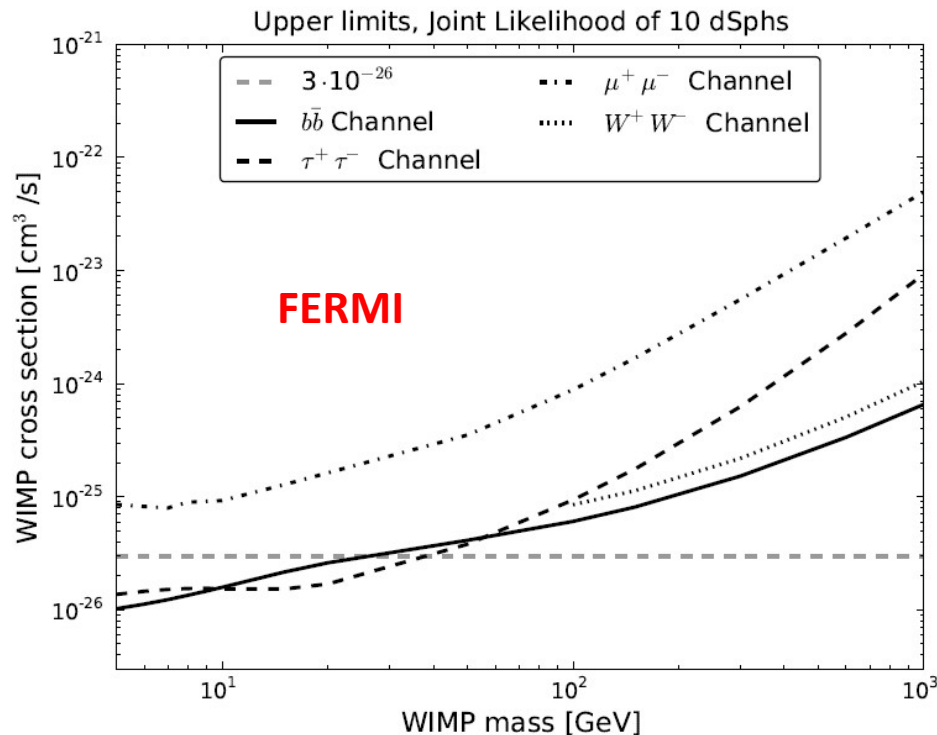
DM : Direct Detection

- SD & SI DD searches **both** probe regions of the pMSSM parameter space but not necessarily the **same** ones..
- The potential coverage is quite significant for SI searches but less so for SD. They are, however, complementary especially at lower masses



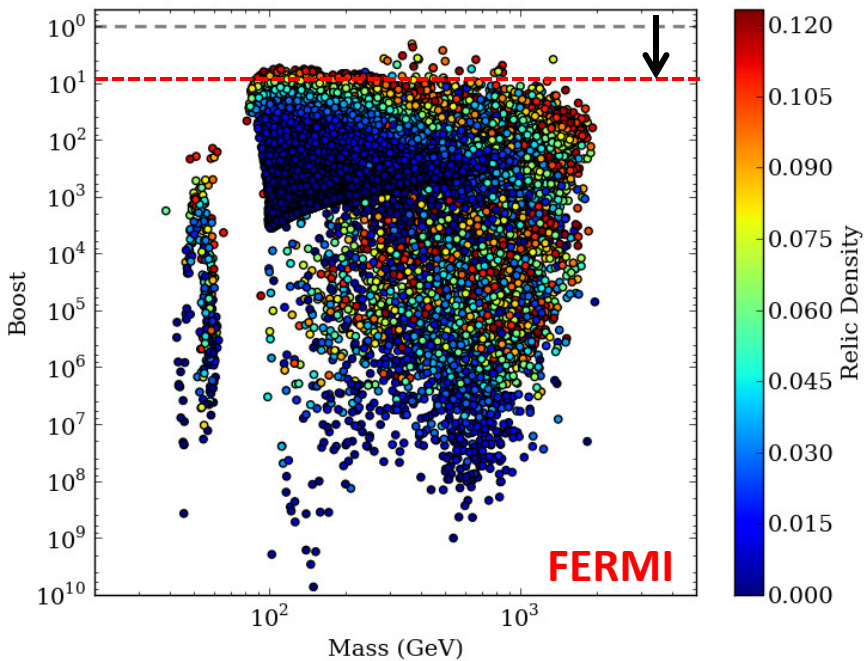
Indirect Detection: FERMI & CTA

- Conventionally, IDM searches assume that WIMPs annihilate into only one final state & quote a cross section limit based on the corresponding flux limit



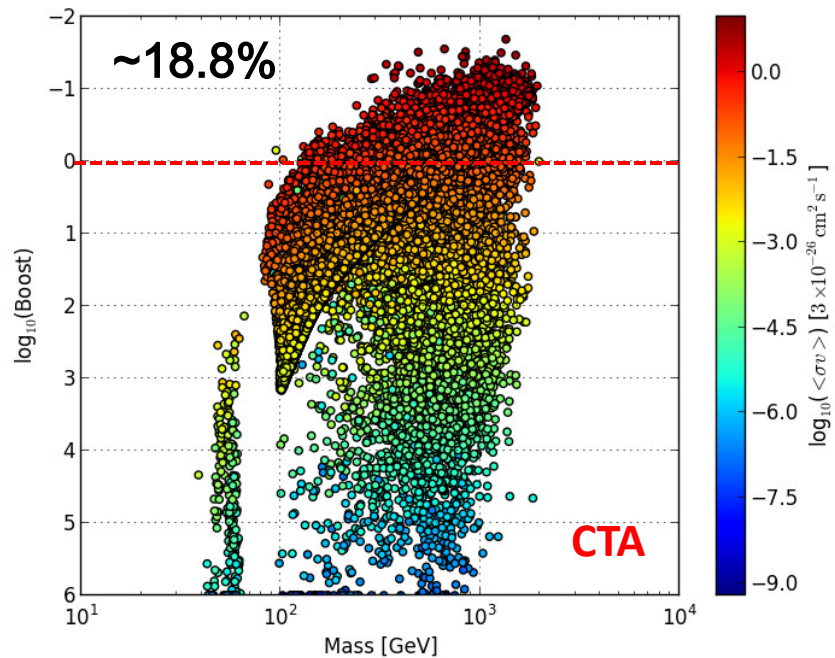
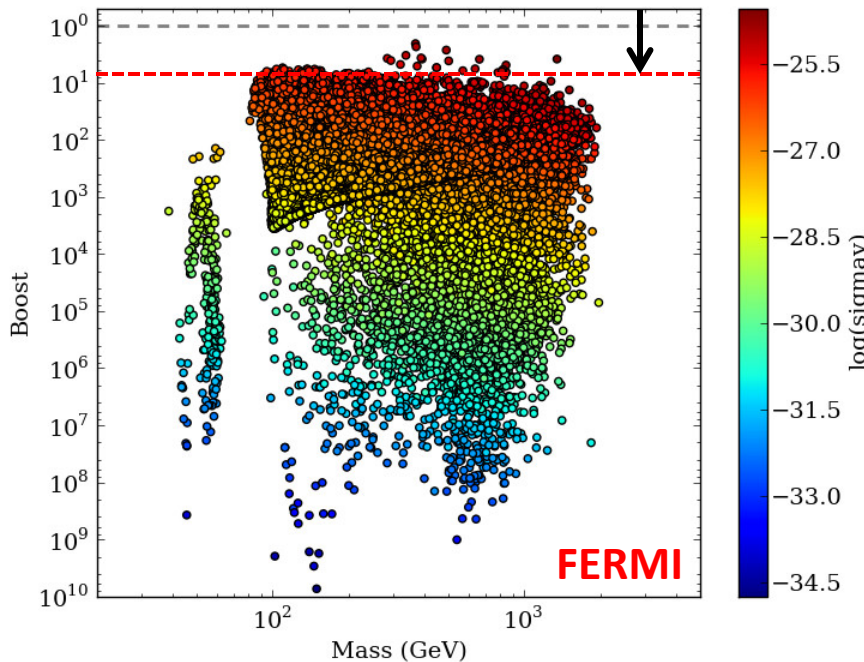
- **However** in the pMSSM the LSP properties & SUSY mass spectra are more complicated so that multiple final states will contribute to the γ flux

- Thus the flux **itself** is the quantity of interest & must be calculated for each model to obtain a limit



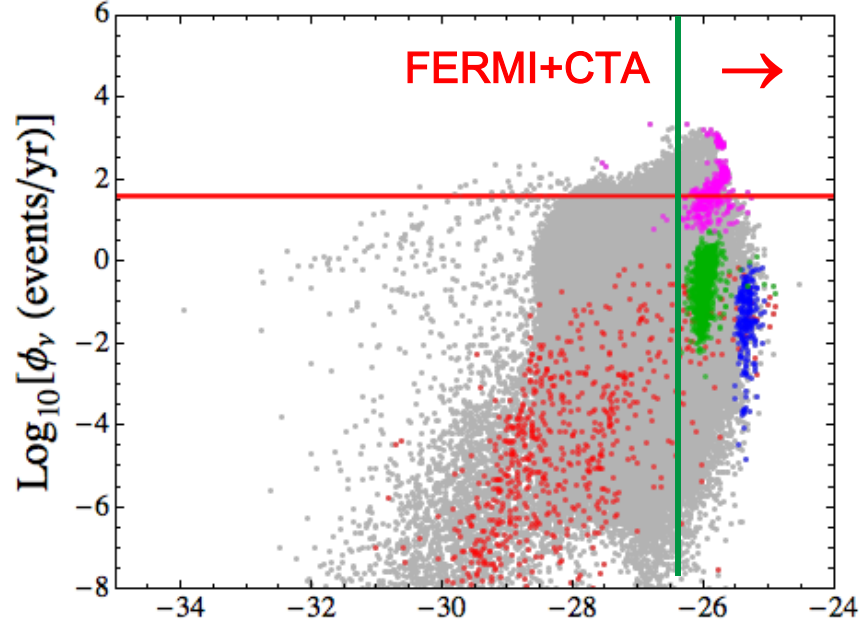
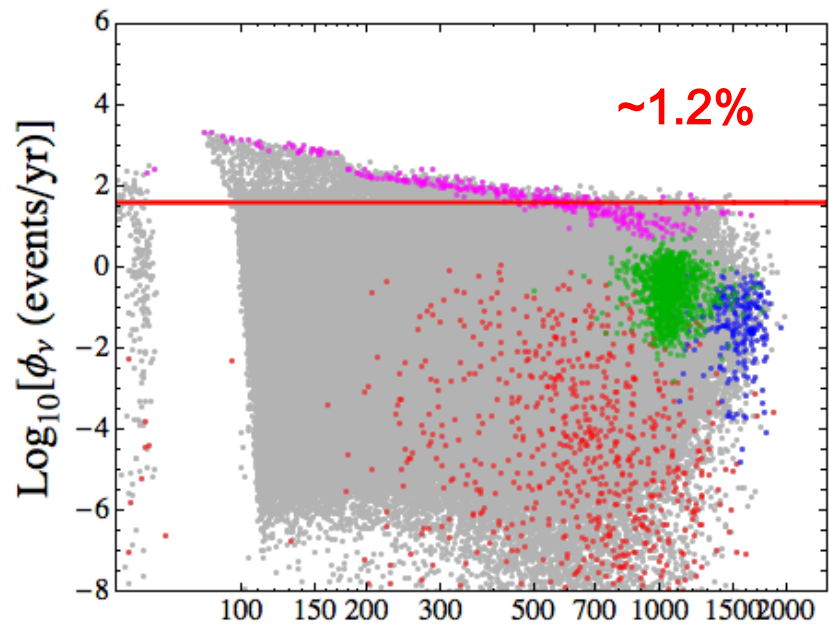
- FERMI 2-yr Dwarfs are still a factor of a few away from this model set but they should soon go down by ~ 10

- CTA @ 500 hrs GC will have access to a reasonable fraction of these models

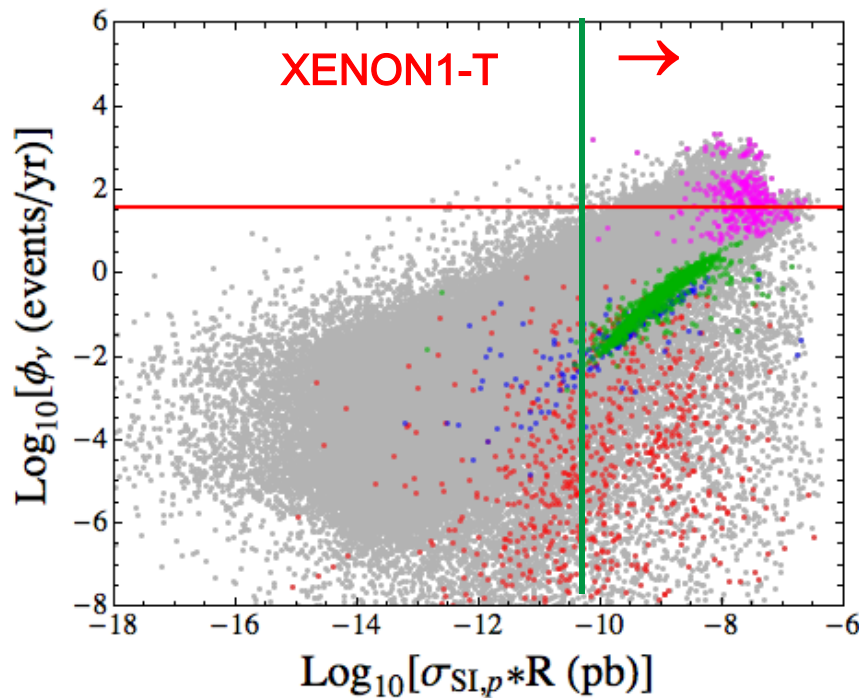
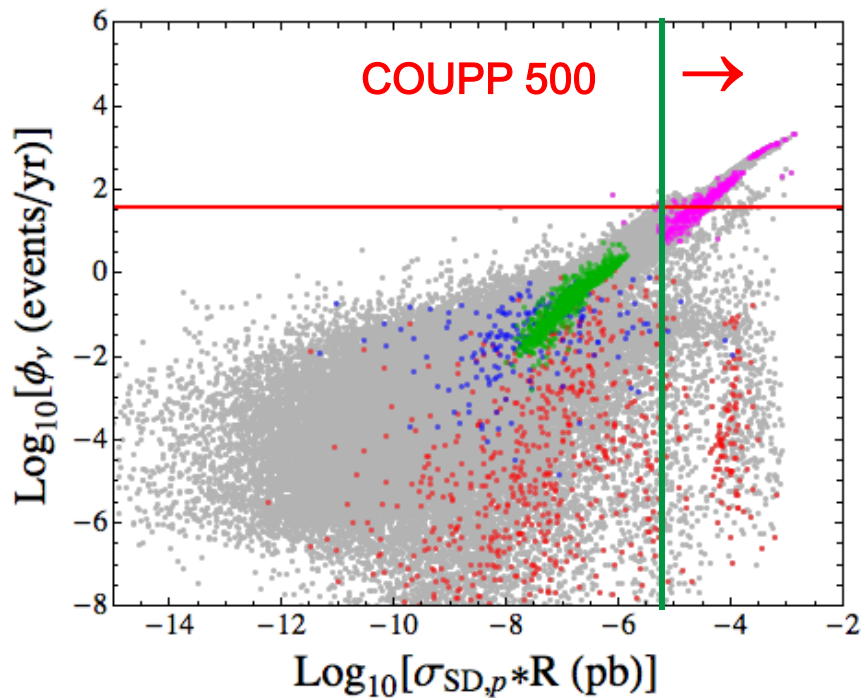


ICE³ /Deep Core @ 10yrs

- DM swept up by the sun can collect & then pair-annihilate in the core producing high-E neutrinos from the decay of the various annihilation products
- As in the case of FERMI & CTA, the potential flux must be calculated for each model separately & then compared with the expected limit
- Models not in equilibrium in capture/annihilation ($\sim 1/2!$) are not well-probed by ICE³. Mostly mixed bino-Higgsino LSP combinations are visible & have large relic densities.

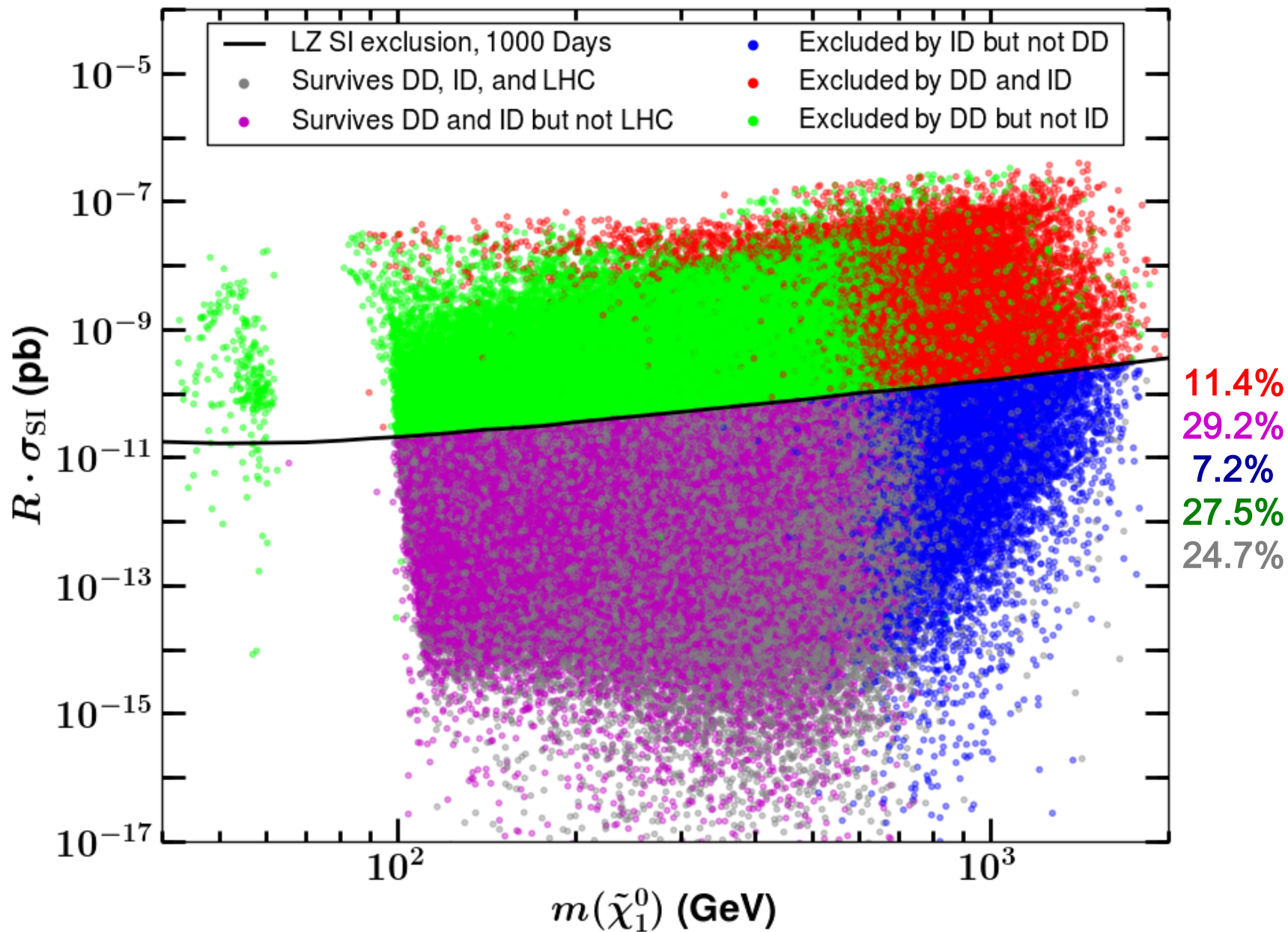


WMAP saturated red=bino, bl=wino
gr = Higgsino, magenta=highly mixed



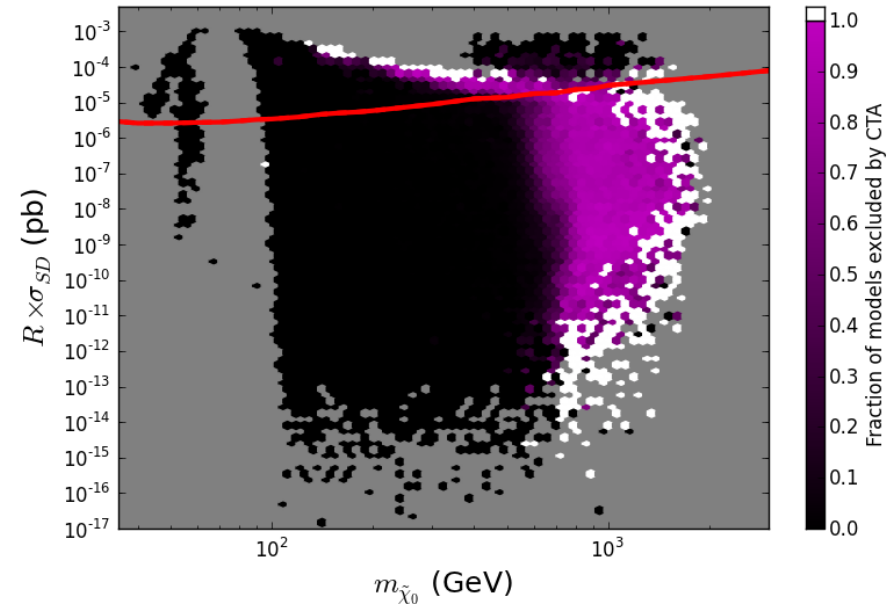
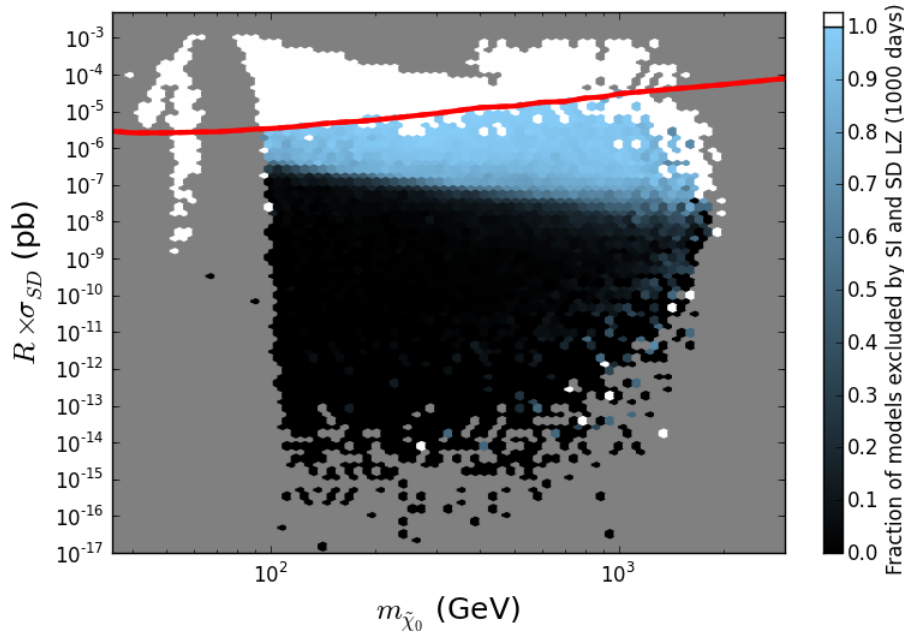
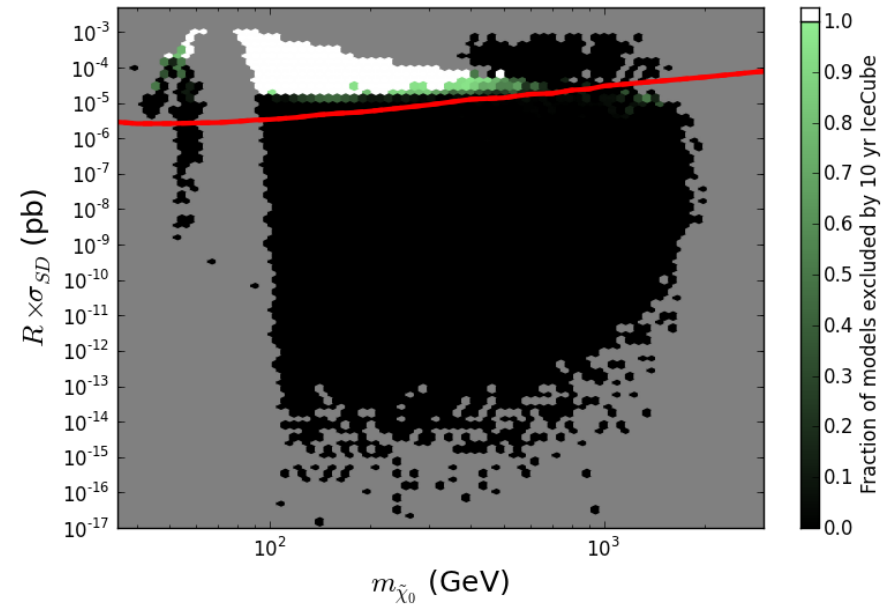
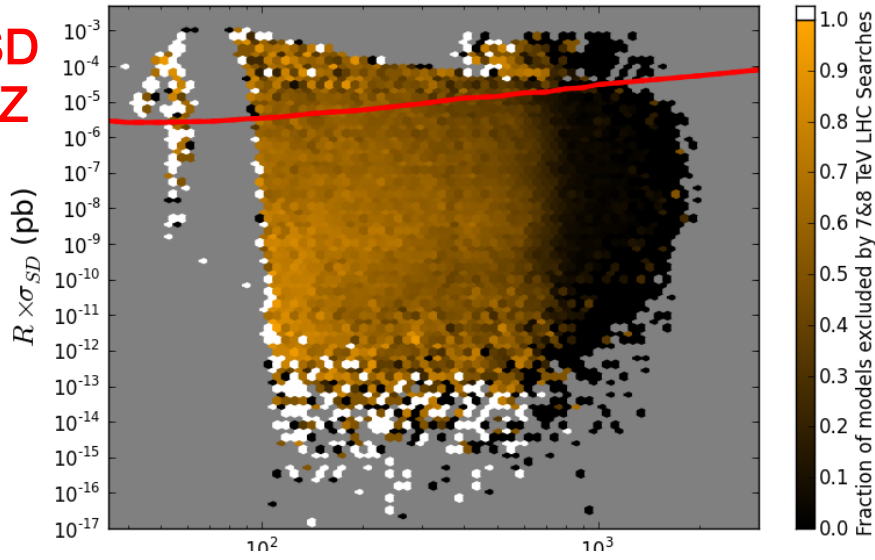
DD = LZ both SI + SD

ID = FERMI + CTA

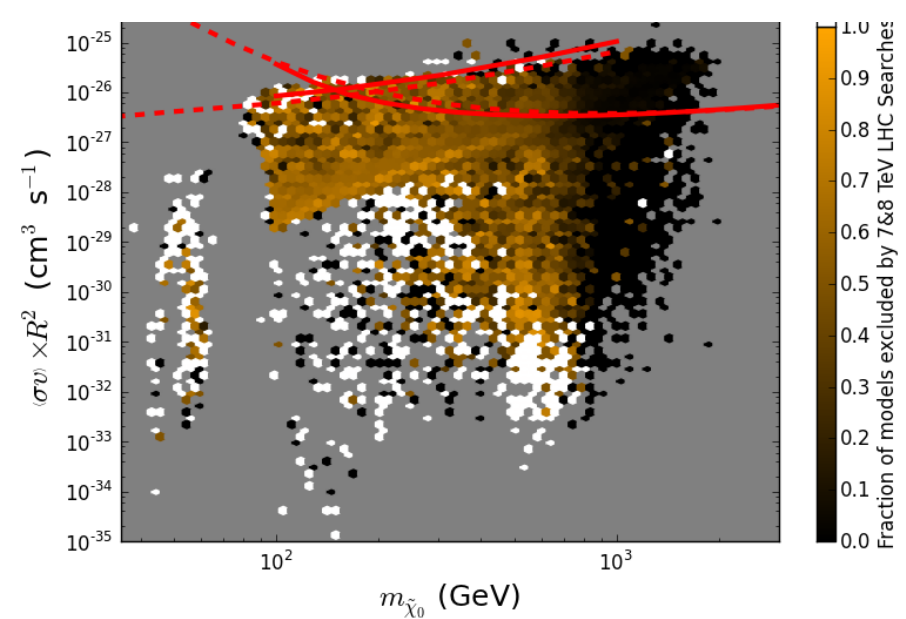
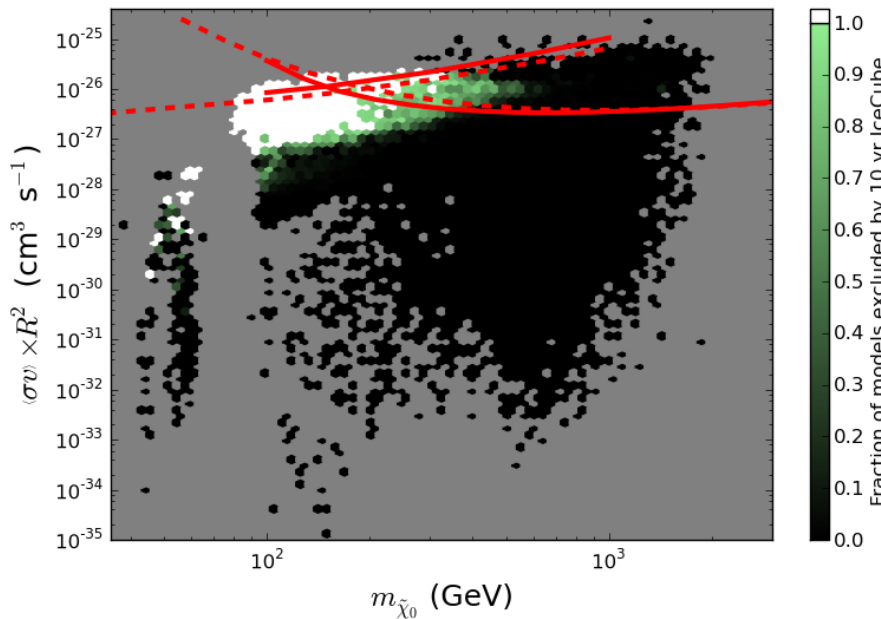
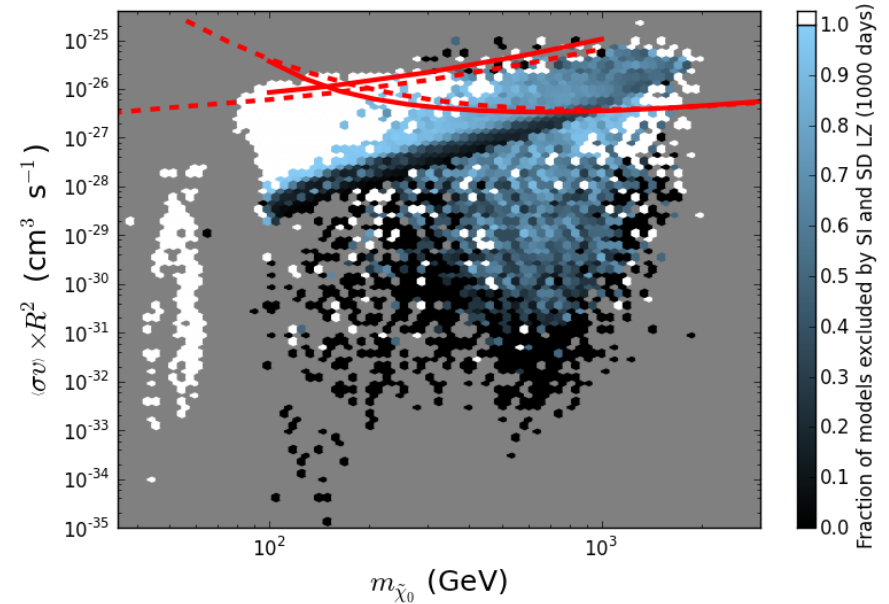
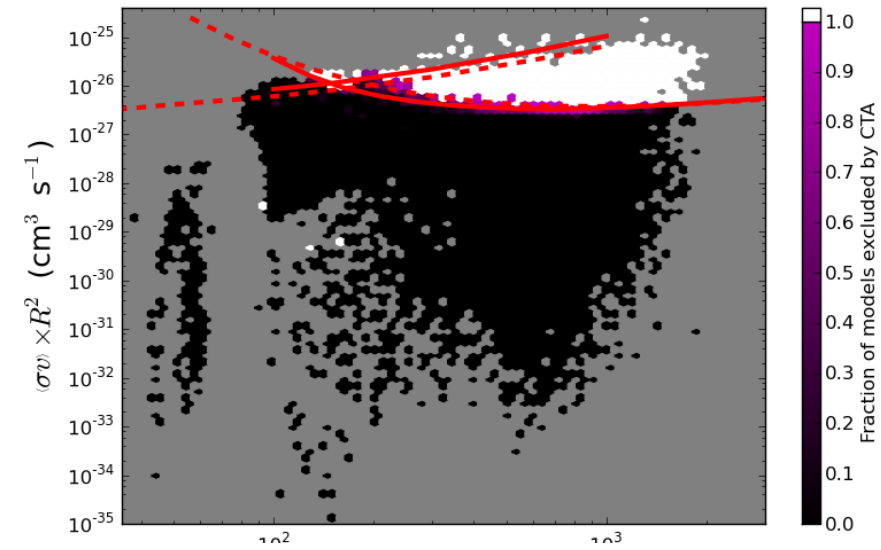


Search Exclusion Efficiencies: ICE^3 -axis

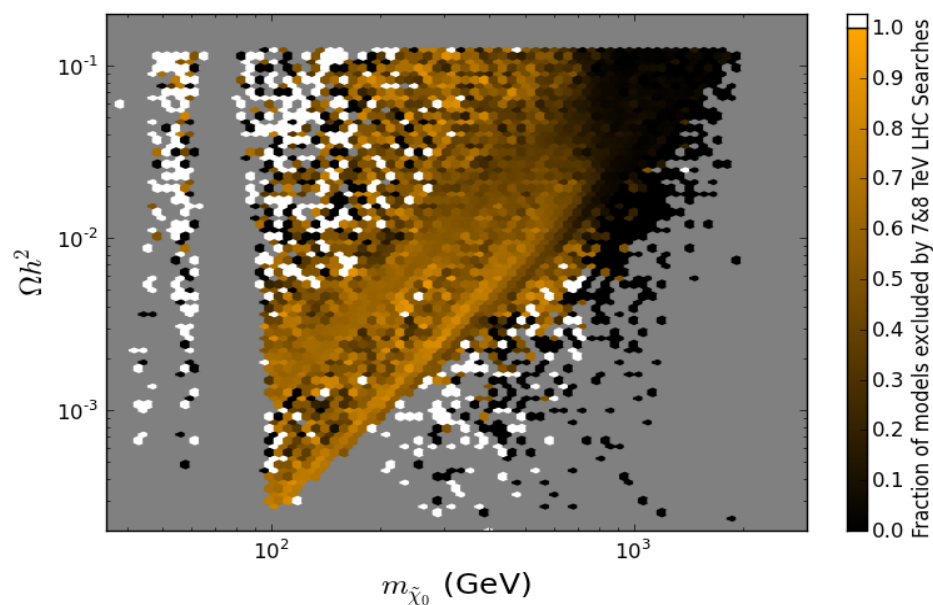
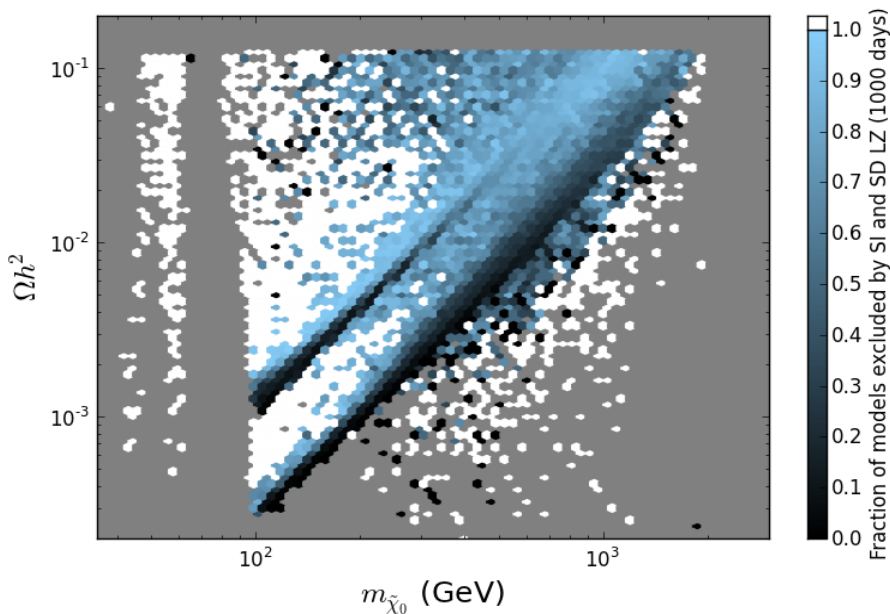
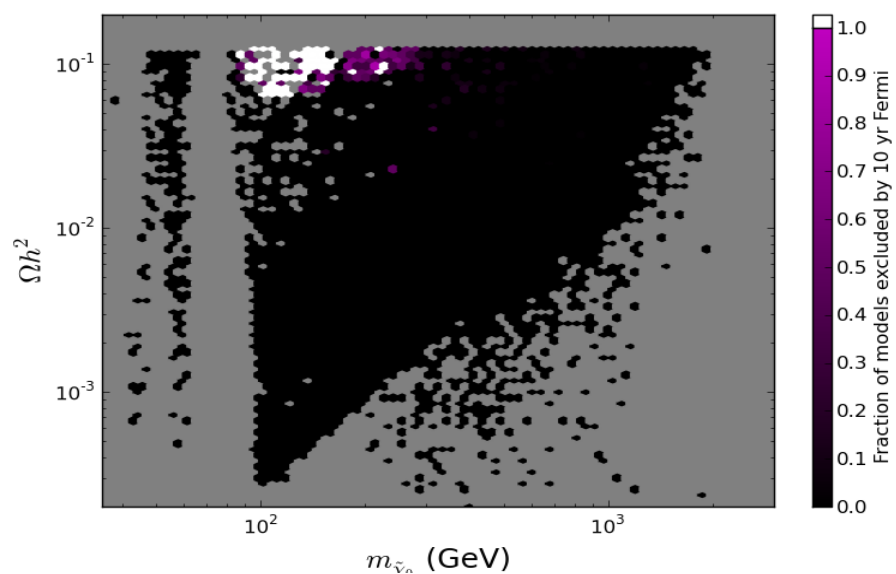
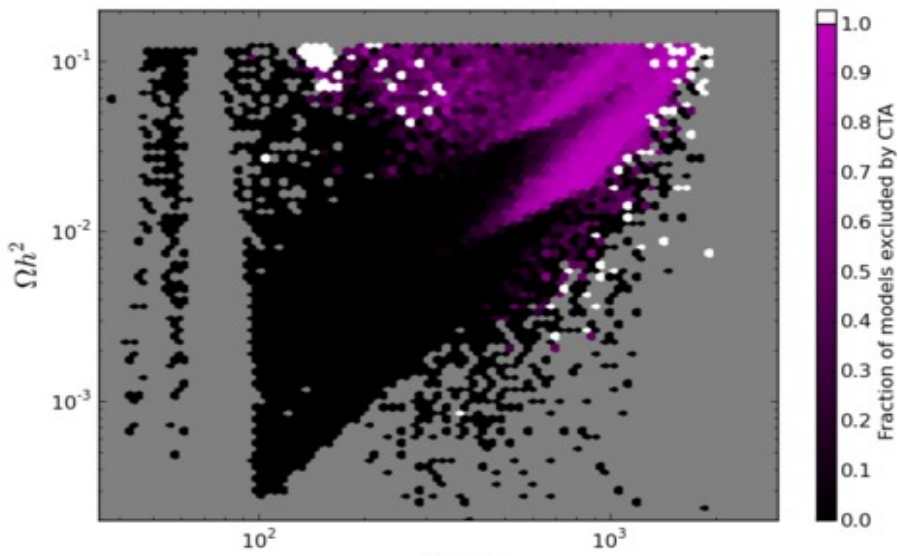
SD
LZ

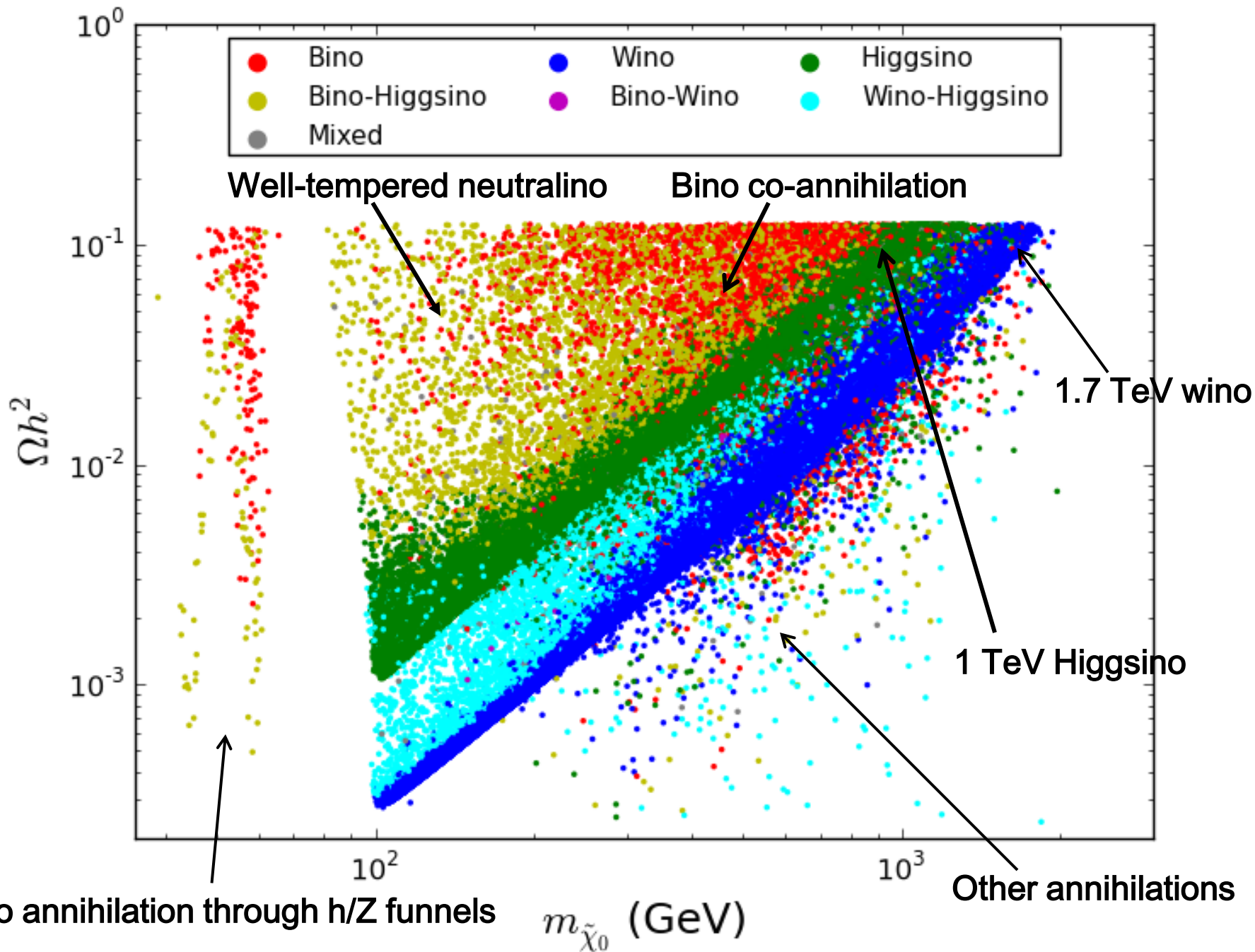


Search Exclusion Efficiencies: CTA-axis

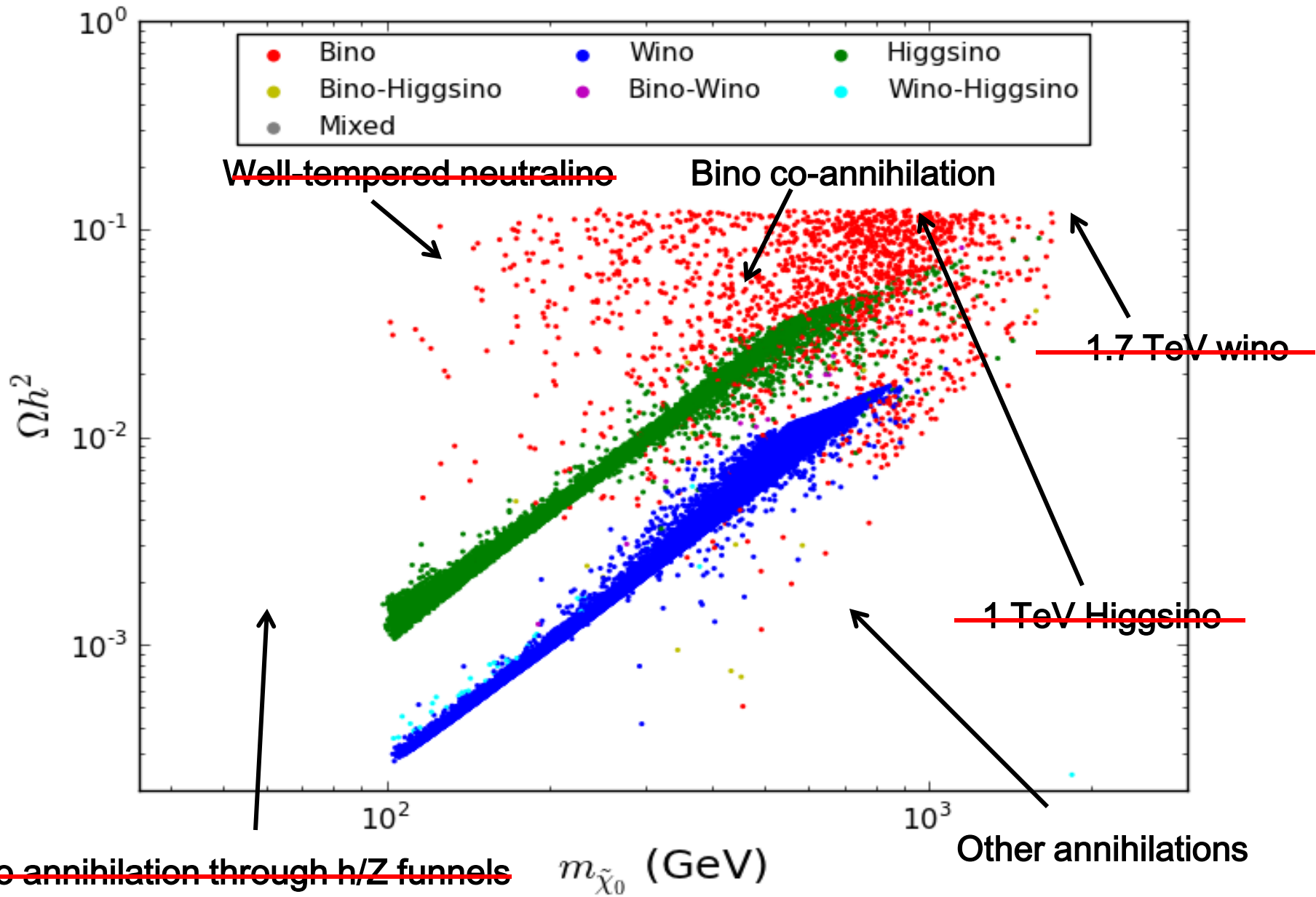


Search Exclusion Efficiencies: Ω -axis





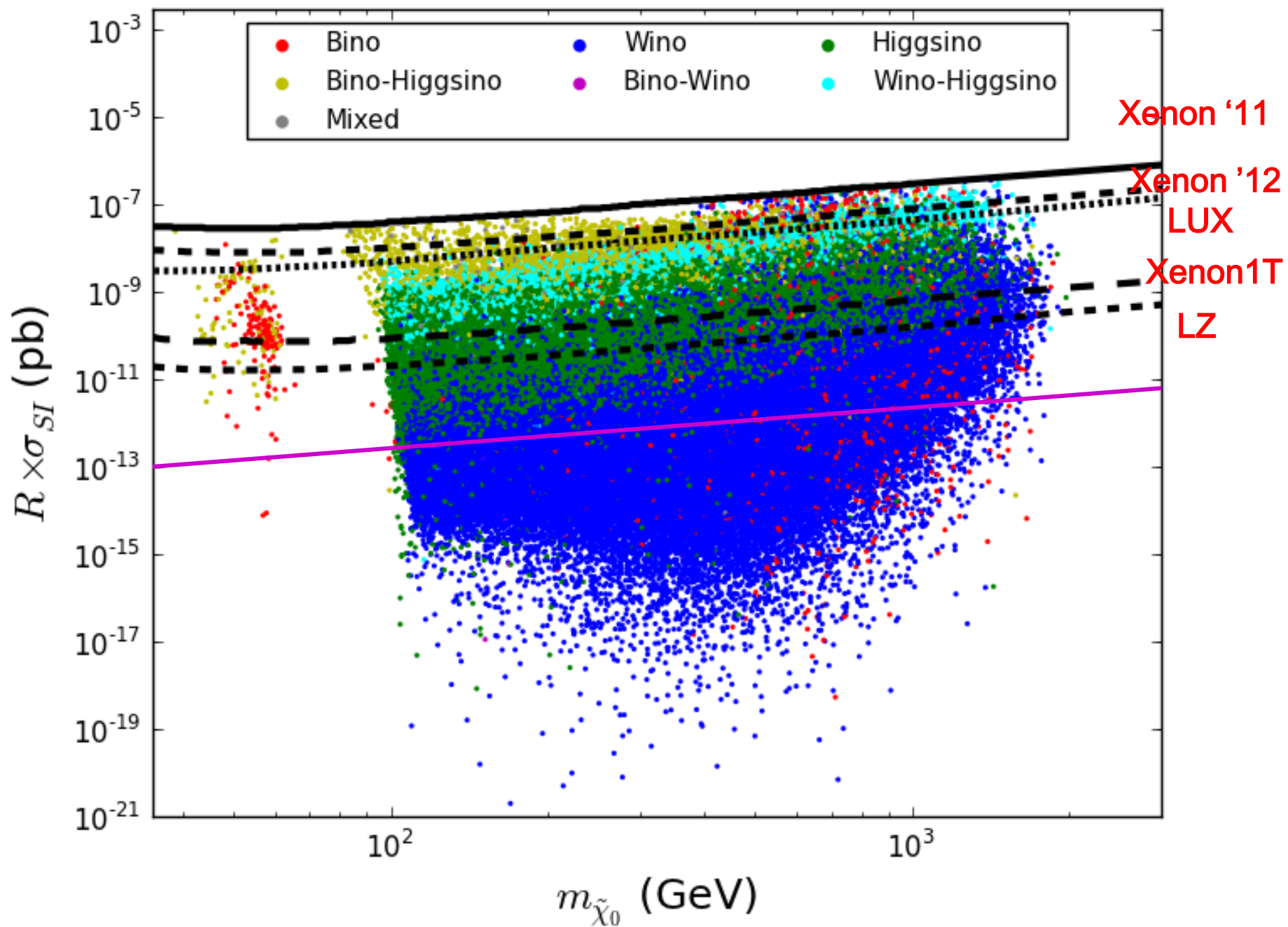
Where did all the models go ???



Summary

- **Models remaining after all searches saturating Planck are bins that co-annihilate (mostly w/ sleptons) many within reach of the ILC. Winos & Higgsinos only survive with subdominant densities but can be accessed by the ILC in many cases**
- **Even if the LSP does not make up all of the DM it can still be seen in either ID- & DD-type experiments**
- **The pMSSM nicely shows the complementarity of the various searches for SUSY DM. All play important roles.**
- **Multiple searches will allow for extensive parameter space coverage.. The ILC will be very important after DM discovery to help determine self-consistent model parameters**

BACKUPS



Why No Light LSPs Below ~ 30 GeV ?

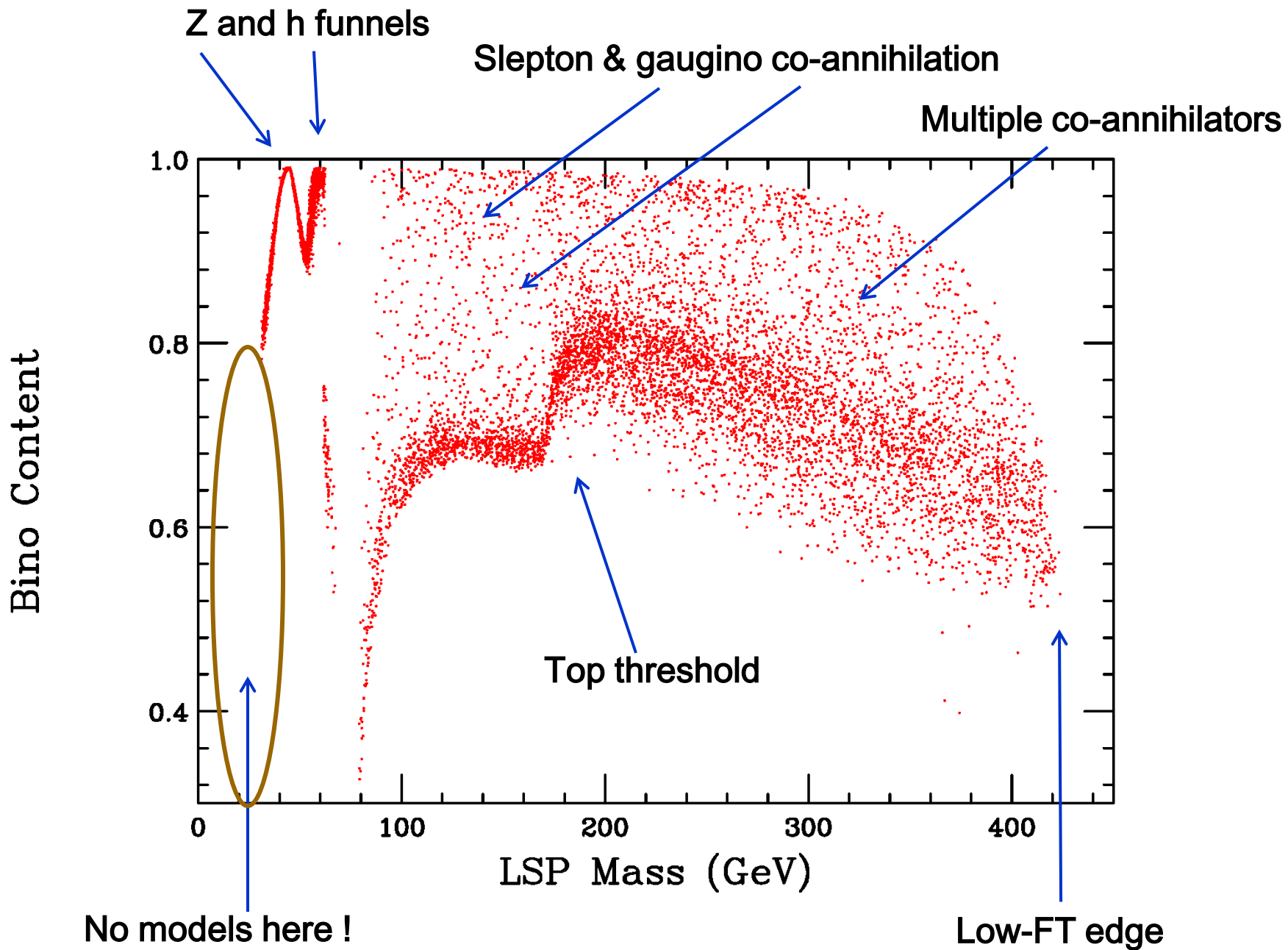
To get LSPs that satisfy the Planck relic density constraint in the pMSSM (assuming a thermal relic as well as a Higgs mass of 126 ± 3 GeV) one of the following must be true:

- The LSP is a \sim wino with a mass below ~ 2.5 TeV or an \sim Higgsino with a mass below ~ 1 TeV
- The LSP must have a mass $\sim 1/2$ of Z, h or A so it can have a resonantly enhanced 'funnel' pair annihilation
- There must be a nearby sparticle for the LSP to co-annihilate
- The LSP is a 'well-tempered' bino-Higgsino admixture

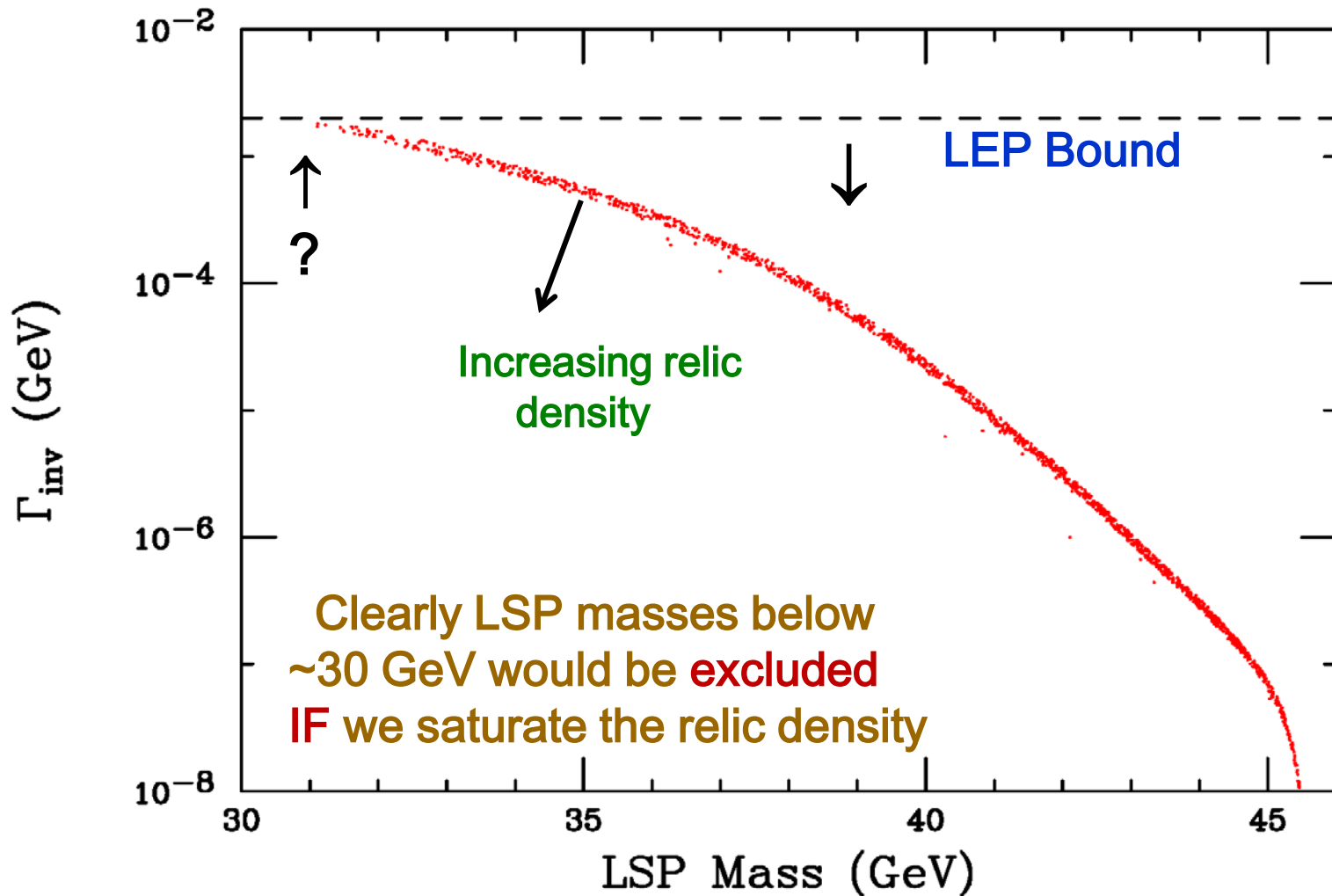
Why No Light LSPs Below ~ 30 GeV ?

- Light LSPs (below ~ 40 GeV) can't be \sim wino or \sim Higgsino as in those cases a nearby charged state must exist which is excluded by LEP
- Similarly there can't be a nearby sparticle for co-annihilation
- Below ~ 40 GeV the LSP is too far from the Z/h for resonant annihilation to be important
- To satisfy the relic density constraint the bino-Higgsino mix must be adjusted as the LSP mass decreases becoming more Higgsino-like

But then there is another constraint we need to consider..



$$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \chi\chi) < 2 \text{ MeV}$$



Low-FT models w/ relic density saturated

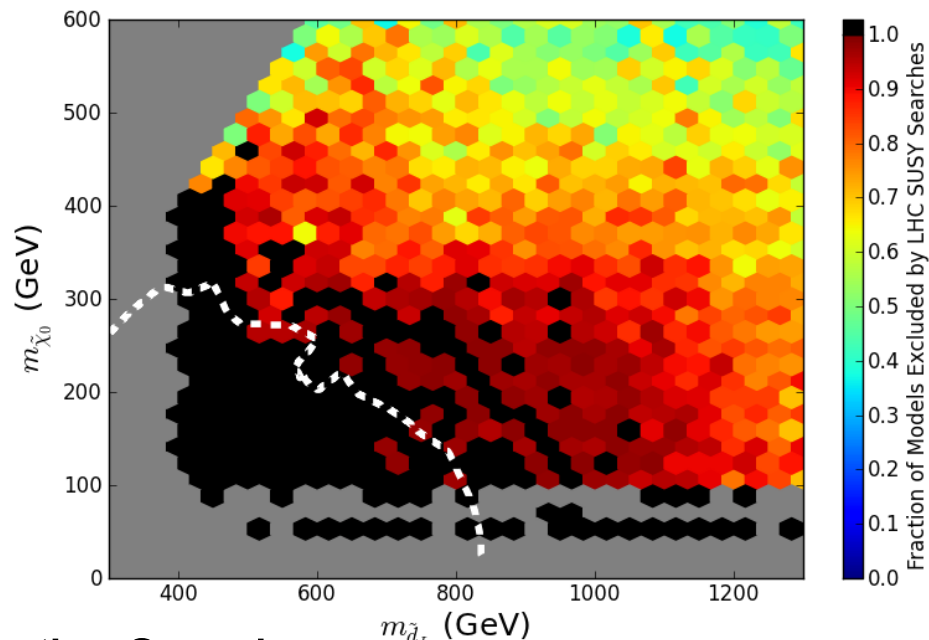
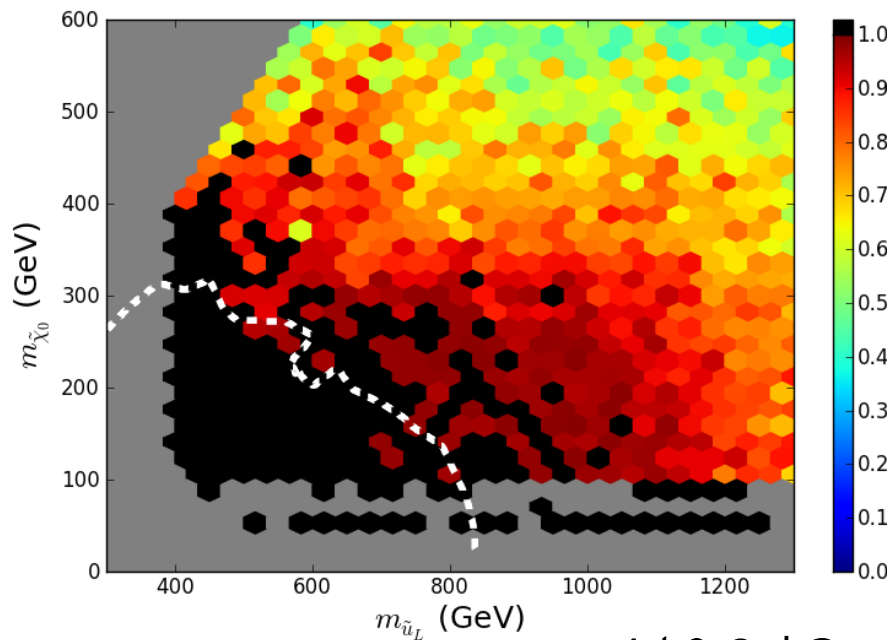
Electroweak Content of χ_1^0

Lightest Neutralino	Definition	Neutralino LSP	Gravitino LSP
Bino	$ N_{11} ^2 > 0.95$	0.024	0.313
Mostly Bino	$0.80 < N_{11} ^2 < 0.95$	0.002	0.012
Wino	$ N_{12} ^2 > 0.95$	0.546	0.296
Mostly Wino	$0.80 < N_{12} ^2 < 0.95$	0.022	0.019
Higgsino	$ N_{13} ^2 + N_{14} ^2 > 0.95$	0.340	0.296
Mostly Higgsino	$0.80 < N_{13} ^2 + N_{14} ^2 < 0.95$	0.029	0.029
All other models	$ N_{11} ^2, N_{12} ^2, N_{13} ^2 + N_{14} ^2 < 0.80$	0.036	0.035

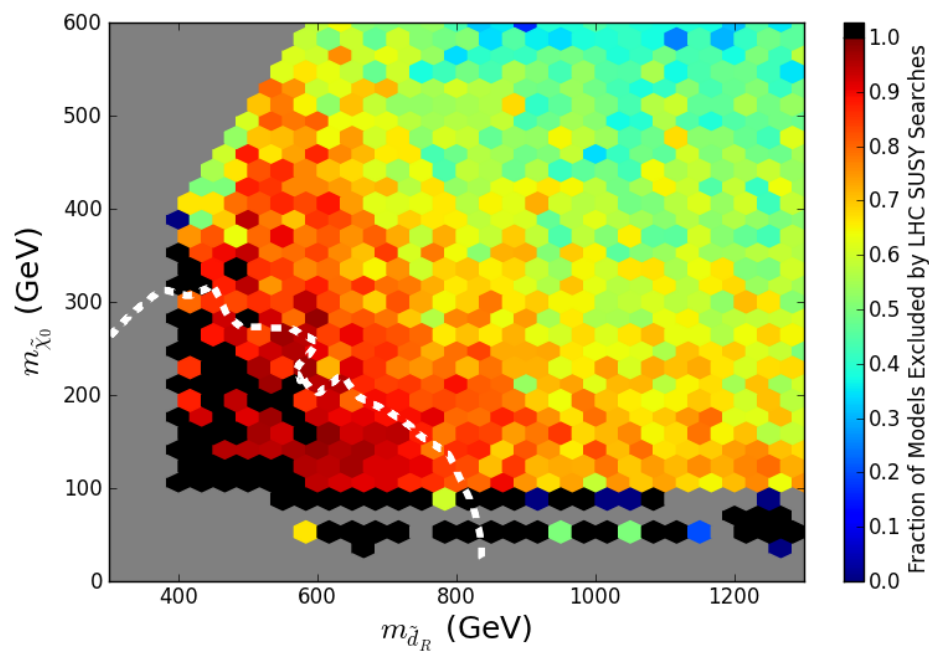
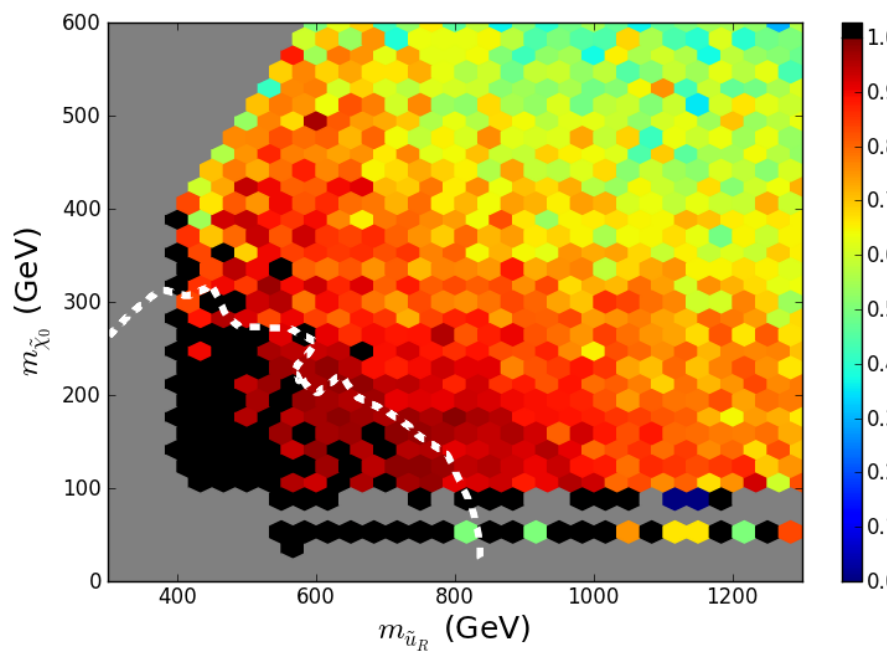
With most of the neutralino parameters ~ 1 TeV the mass & electroweak eigenstates are generally quite close !

Some Constraints

- $\Delta\rho$ / W -mass
- $b \rightarrow s \gamma$
- $\Delta(g-2)_\mu$
- $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{invisible})$
- Meson-Antimeson Mixing
- $B \rightarrow \tau \nu$
- $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$
- Direct Detection of Dark Matter (SI & SD)
- WMAP Dark Matter density upper bound
- LEP and Tevatron Direct Higgs & SUSY searches
- LHC stable sparticle searches
- BBN energy deposition for gravitinos
- Relic ν 's & diffuse photon bounds
- No tachyons or color/charge breaking minima
- Stable vacua only

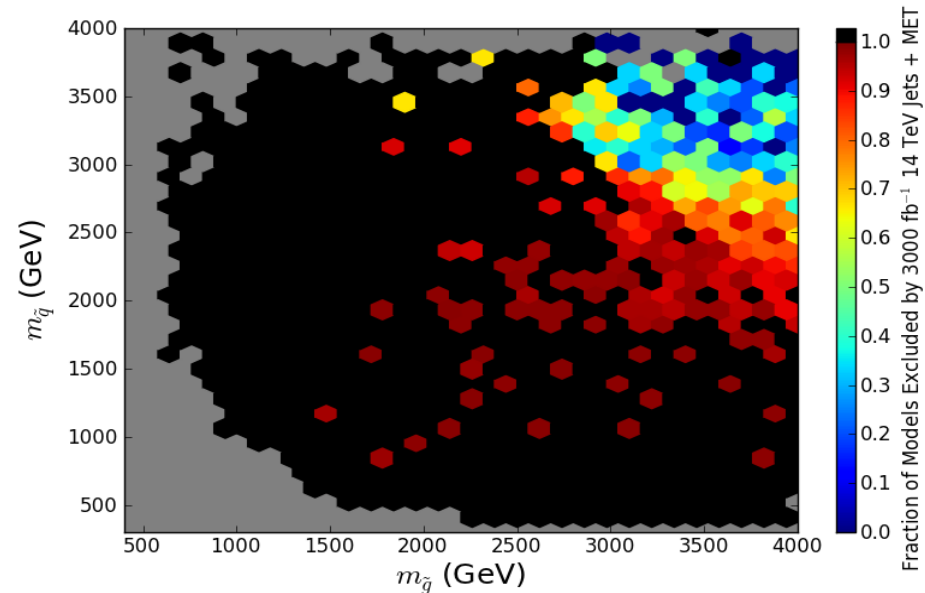
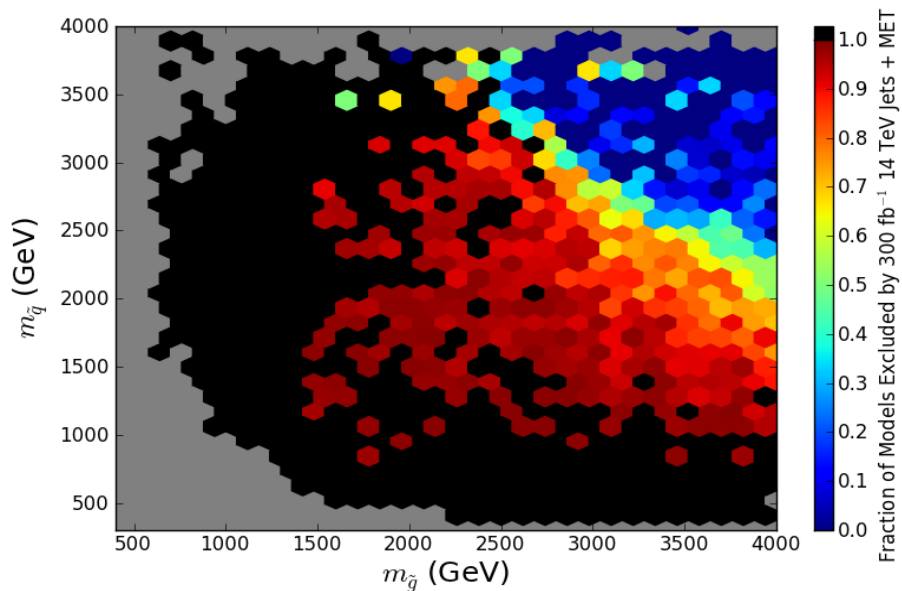


1st & 2nd Generation Squarks



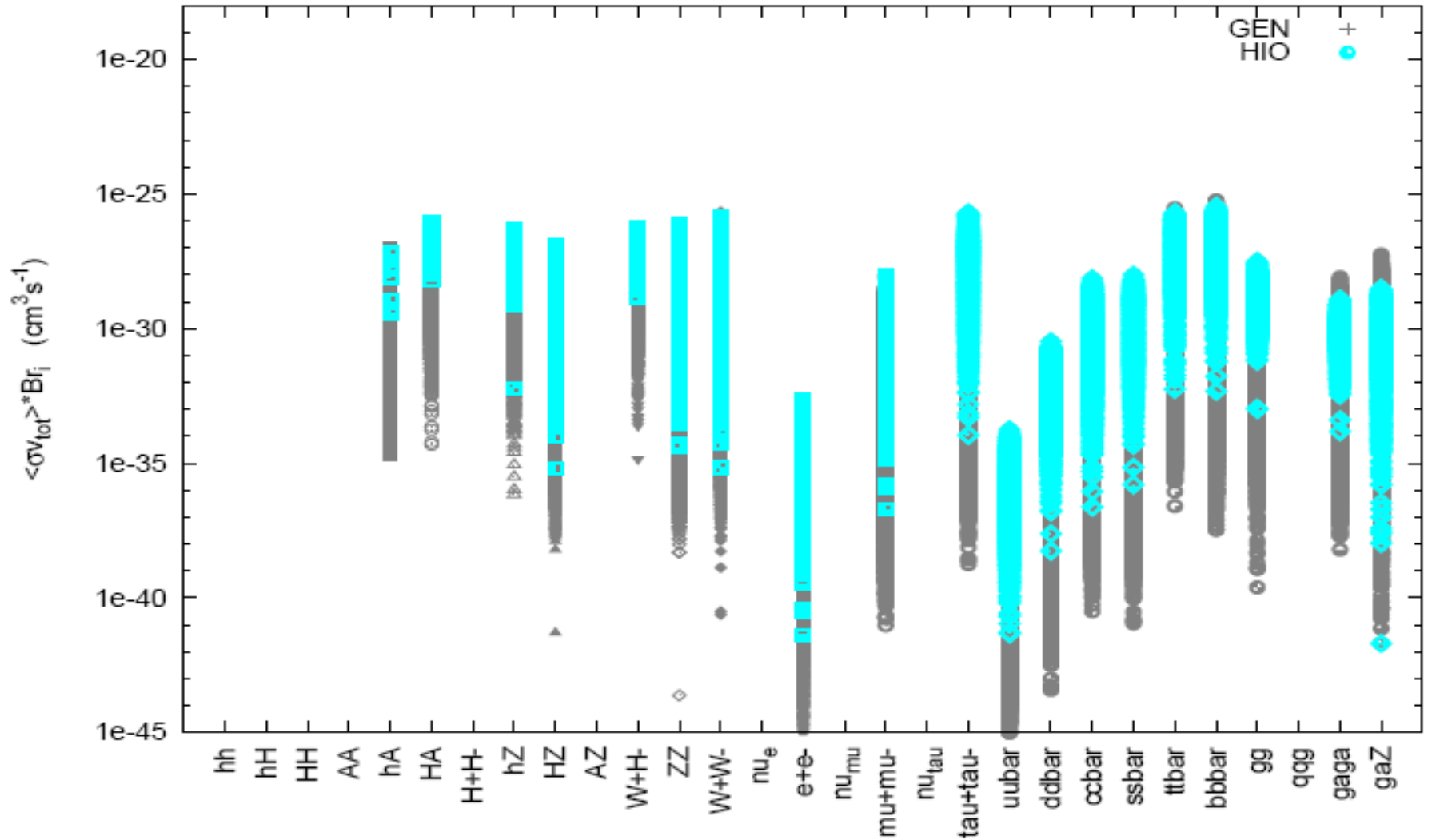
Extrapolation of the LHC pMSSM Coverage for Both 0.3 & 3 ab^{-1}

This is **JUST** the 0-1, jets+MET analysis results for the subset of models surviving the 7&8 TeV searches with the correct Higgs mass. The 0,1-1 stop analysis is now underway. The coverage is already **VERY** good !

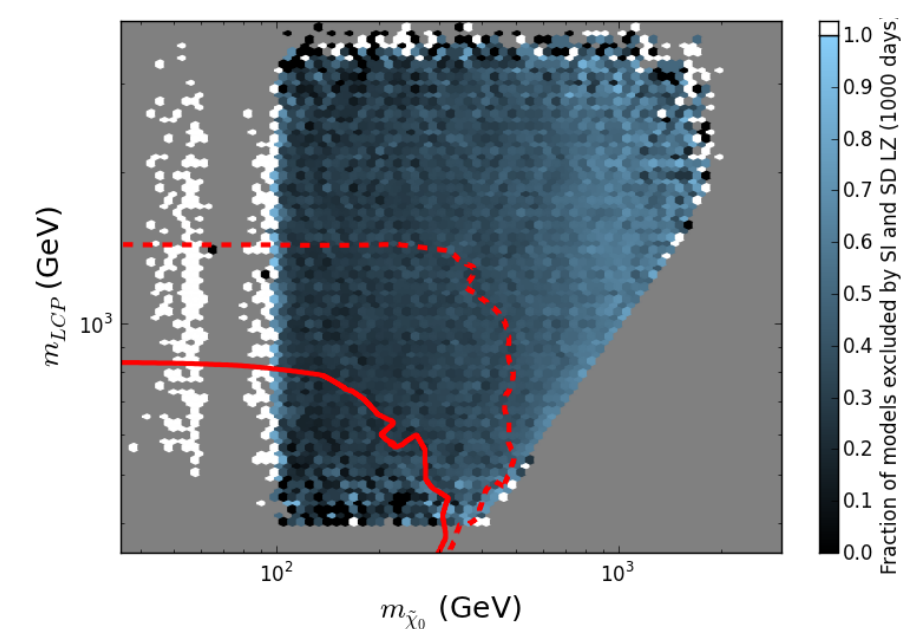
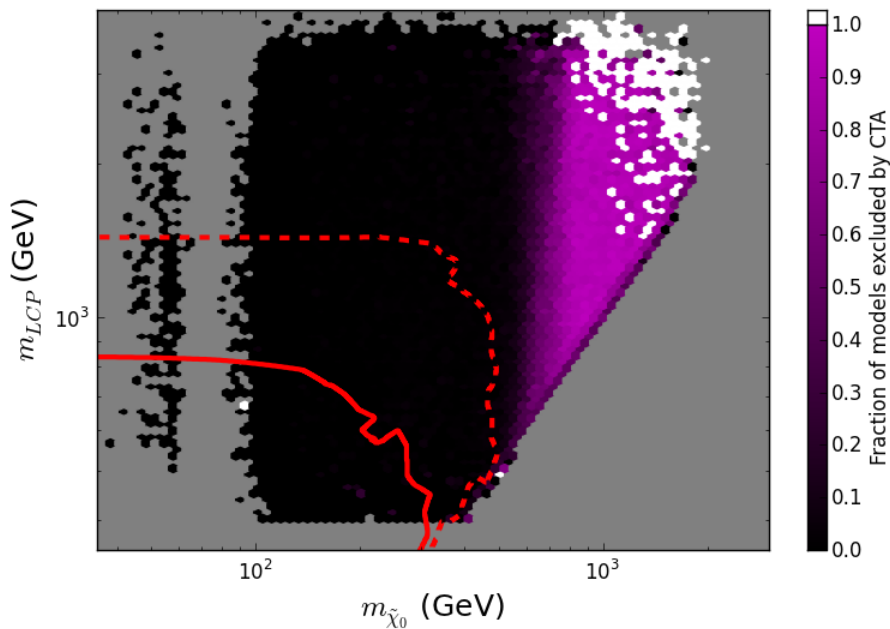
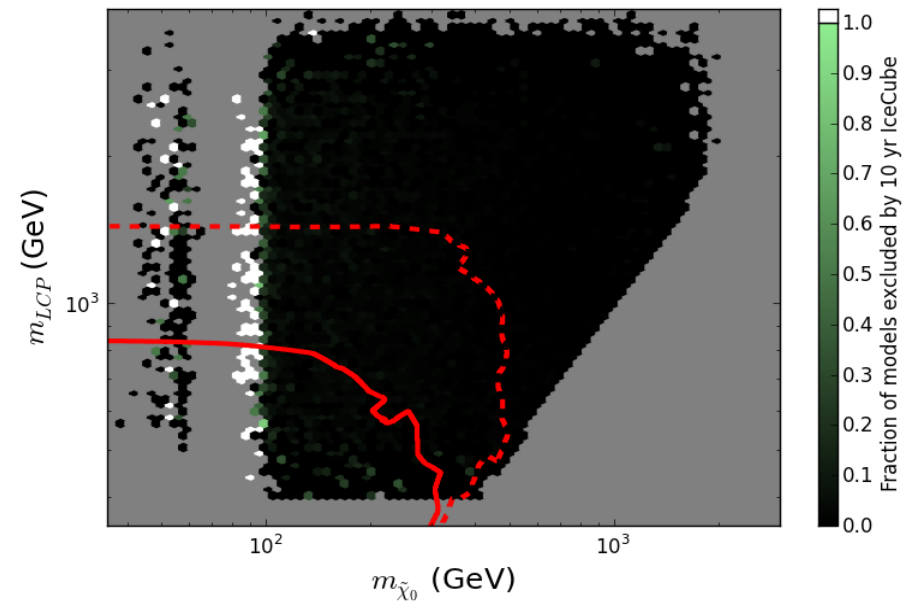
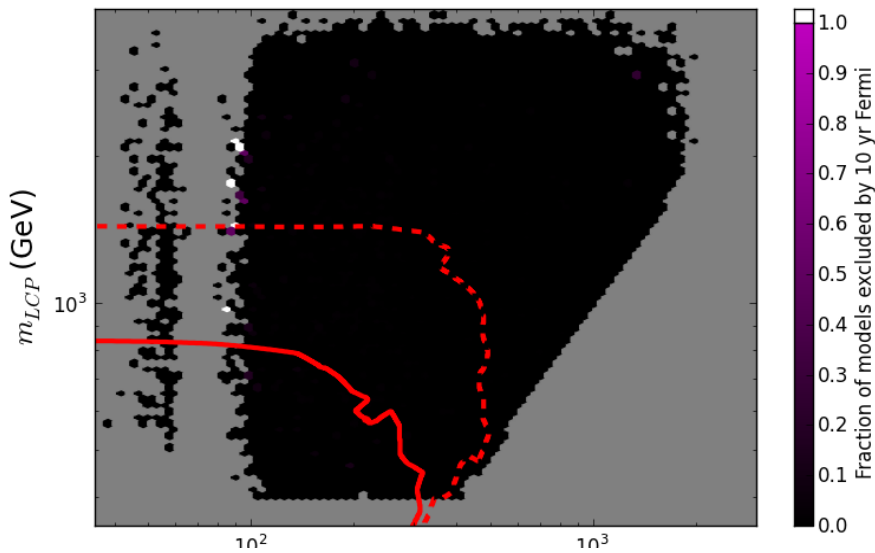


Weighted σ 's cover an enormous range...

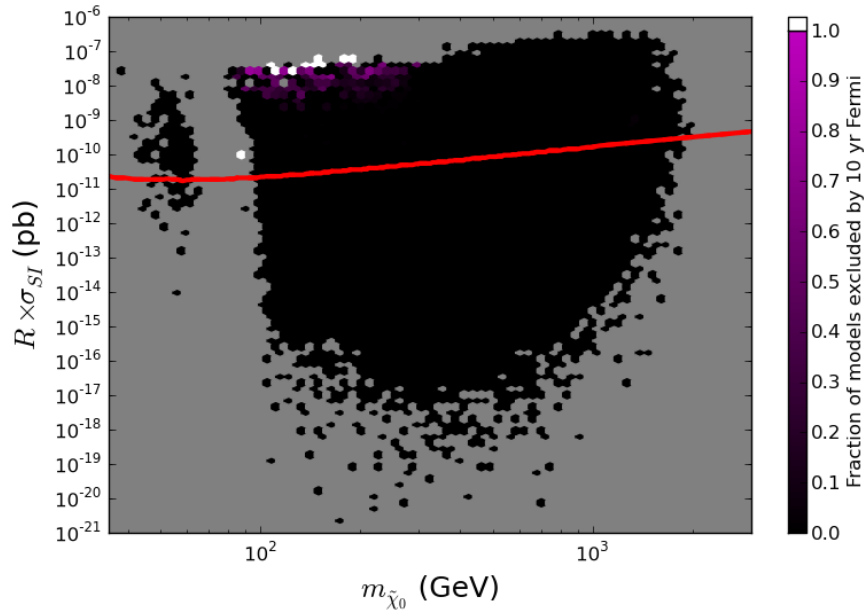
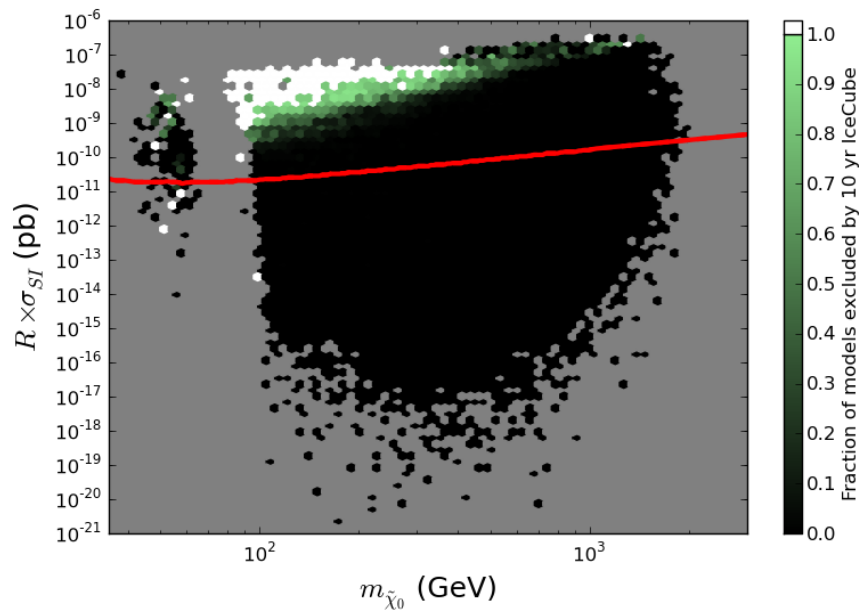
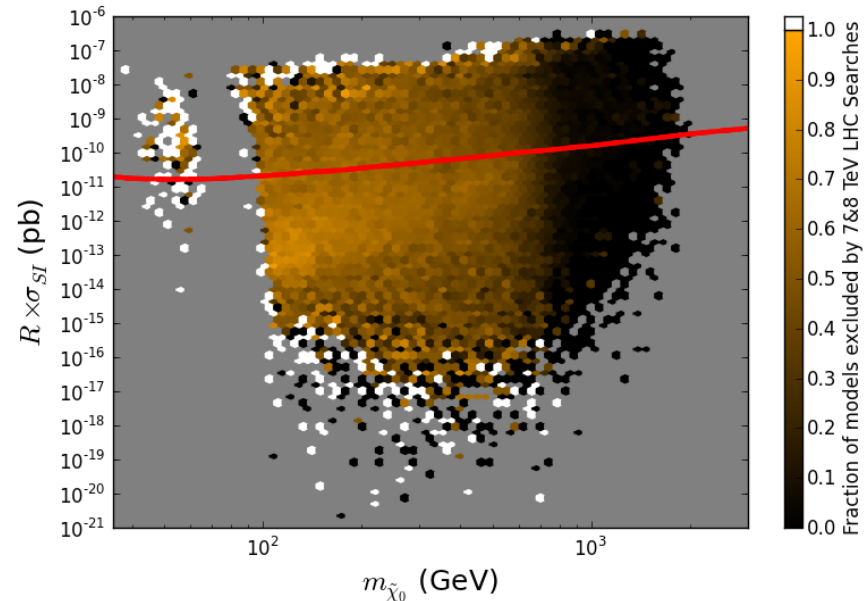
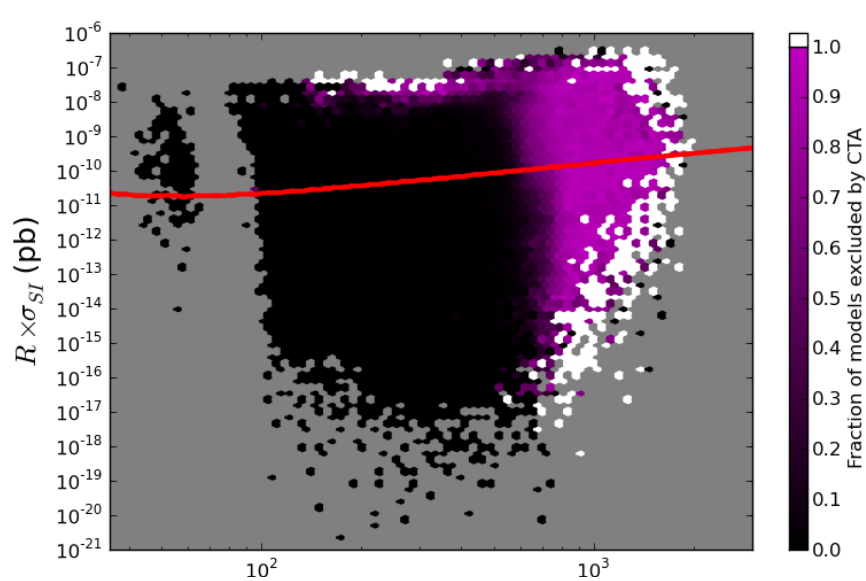
(An Older Model Set)



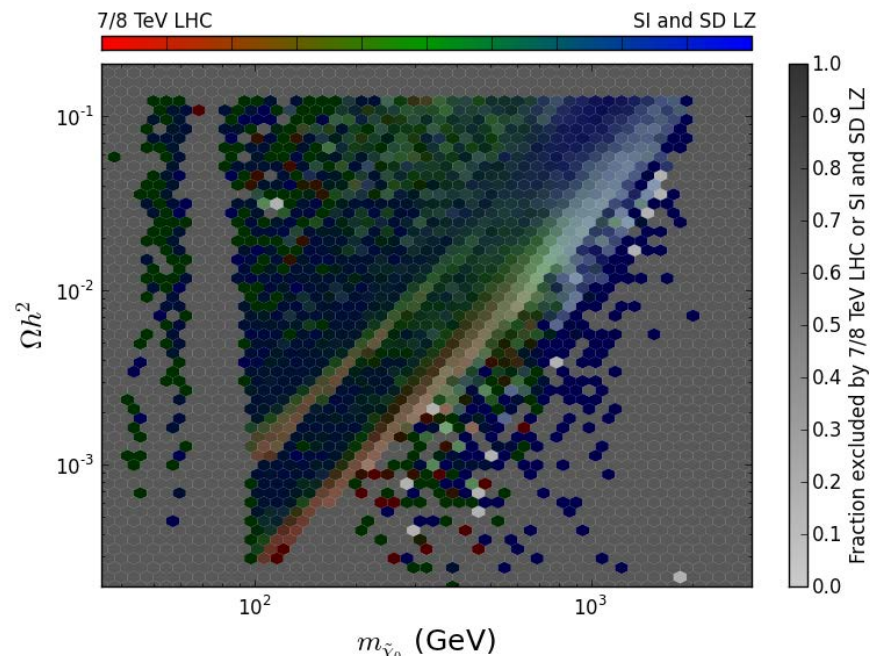
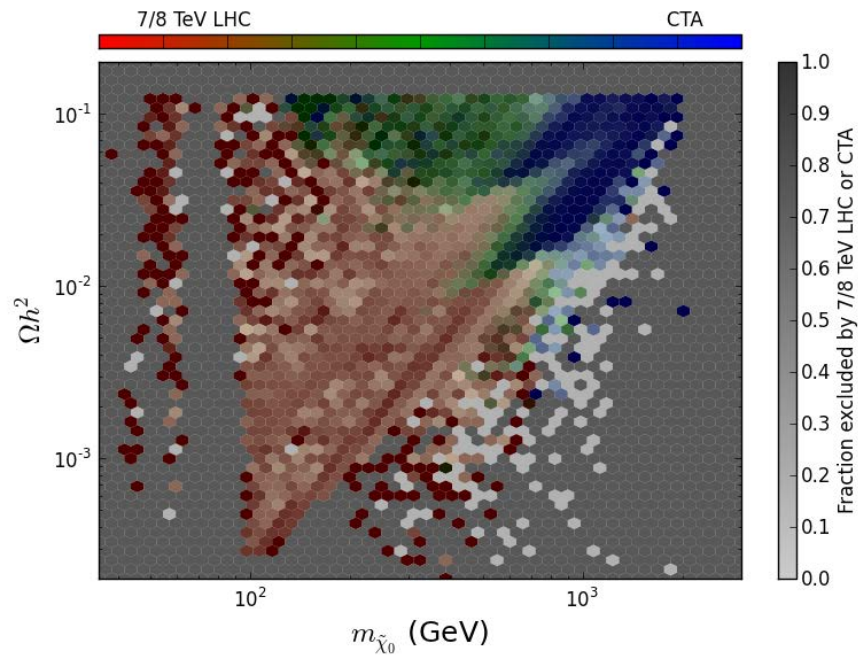
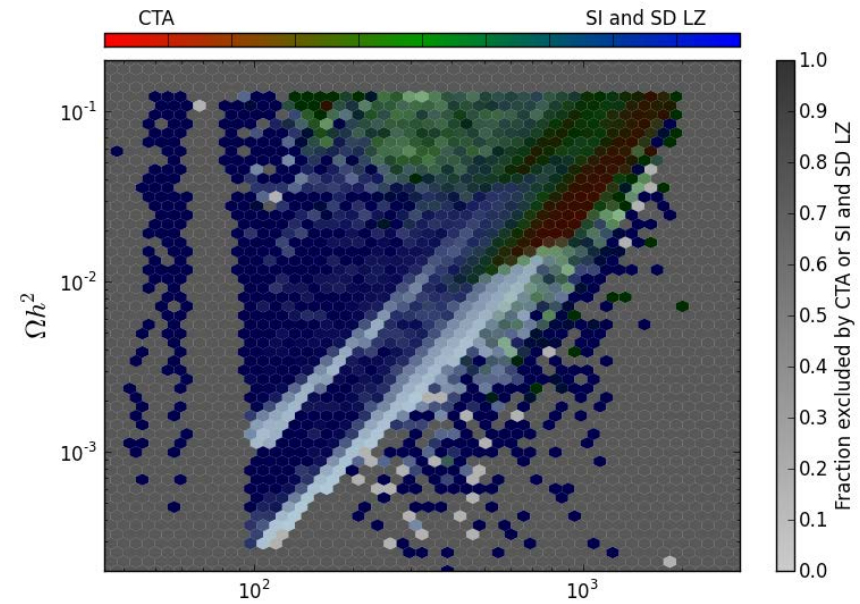
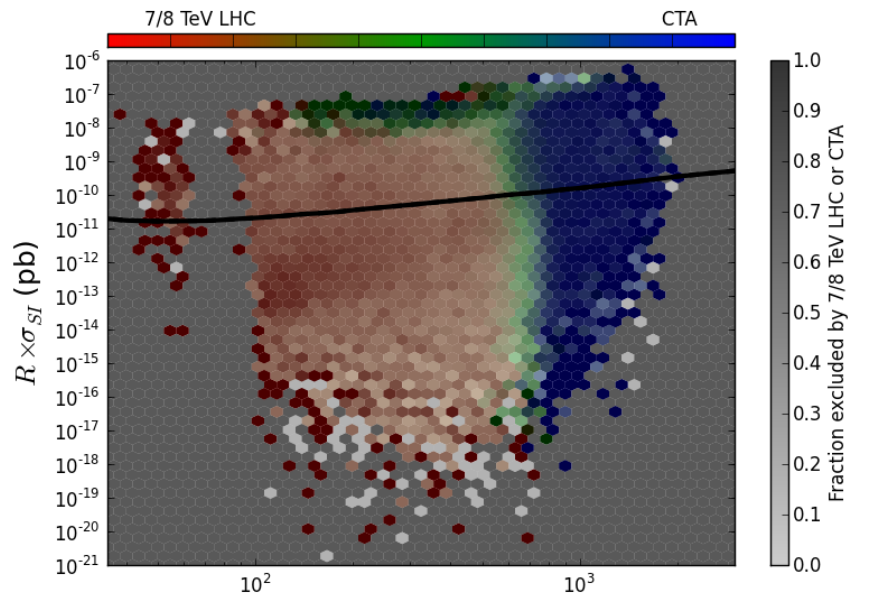
Search Exclusion Efficiencies: LHC-axis



Search Exclusion Efficiencies: LZ-axis



Pair-Wise Search Comparison



OVERALL Combined Search Efficiency

