# External Si tracking: a review of the ILD system and its performance

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ILD workshop, Cracow, Sept 2013

### **Outline**

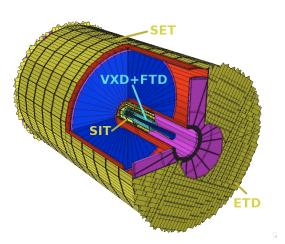
- Outline
- 2 Introduction
- Effects on detector performance
  - Effects on tracking performance
  - Effects on calorimeter performance
  - Effects on TPC performance
  - Effects on PFlow performance
- Effects on physics performance
- Needed studies
- Conclusions



External Si-tracking system: SET

- ETD

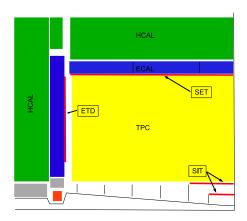
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- Combined PFlow ?
- What does this mean for Physics?
- What do we need to study to substantiate this?



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  - Amelioration at all angles for p=250 GeV.
  - Almost no effect on  $\Delta(D_0)$
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  - Very modest amelioration for p > 25 GeV.



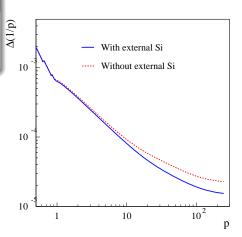
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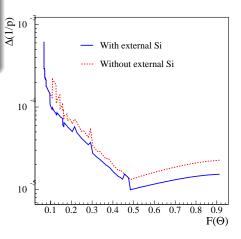
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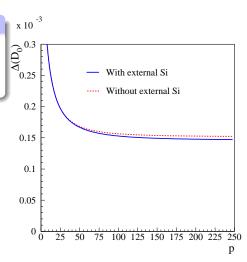
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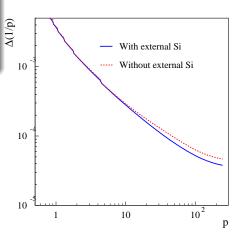
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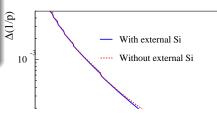
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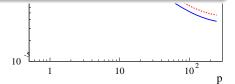
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### Effects on calorimeter performance

#### More material

- SET: 0.7 %  $X_0$ , but only 0.15 %  $\lambda$ .
- EM: expect very small effect from γ conversions and brems: low probability, short lever-arm → in the rare cases where there is an interaction, the clusters probably will be reconstructed as one with the same uncertainty on the total energy.
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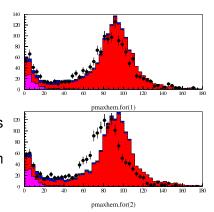
Likely that there would be neither benefits nor drawbacks.

- Assigning tracks to the right BX:
  - Bunch spacing: 554 or 366 ns and drift-velocity 6-8 cm/ $\mu$ s.
  - $\Rightarrow$  2.2 4.4 cm displacement. Cleraly separable  $\sigma_z$  < 1 mm in TPC.
  - Is the ECAL with 5mm pads enough to separate? Or scintilator strips?!
  - Or the SIT, with  $\sigma_z$  50  $\mu$ m ? Remember occupancy inside jets, decays in-flight, ghost hits !!

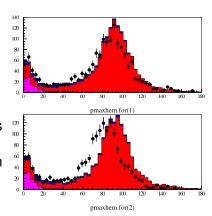
NB: This is an issue in the barrel only - in the forward, there would be a precise last point with drift-time  $\sim$  0 from the TPC itself !

- Study distortions: would having a very precise point outside be of use? DELPHI experience would indicate so.
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Realistic studies needed for both these features to answer.

### Effects on PFlow performance

- Better momentum measurement → better measurement of charged part.
- But: Doesn't matter for PFlow the uncertainty is completely dominated by the neutrals.
- Somewhat more interactions before the calorimeters.
- But: Very low probability, and short lever-arm.
- Question: Could the fact of having a precise point after the scattering in the TPC end-plat/field cage help Pandora?
  - In this context: Would a track-element in the forward region help?
  - If so, can it be formed by Last (zero-drift length) TPC point + one ETD layer + First ECal point ? le. by  $\sigma_{point}$  = 60-20  $\mu$ m + 10  $\mu$ m + 1.5 mm ?



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 $\Delta(p) \approx 100 \text{ MeV}$  at p = 100 GeV.

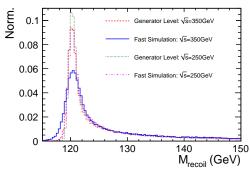
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    - resolution does
    - matter (at E<sub>CMS</sub>=350
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  - In any case:  $\Delta(m_h)$
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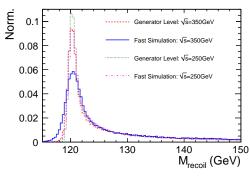
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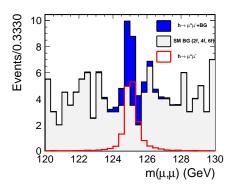
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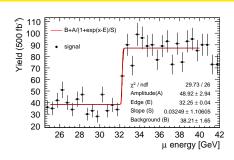
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  - system, eg. in cascade decays:
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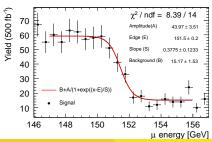


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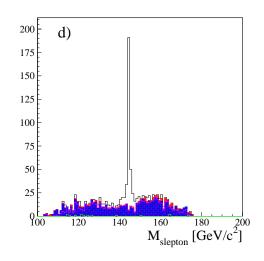




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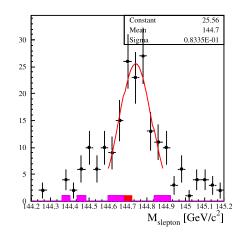
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Far from obvious that there would be any direct physics benefit.

### **Needed studies**

#### What do we need to do to substantiate the effects?

- The direct effect on momentum and ip resolution are clear.
  - Clear effect from SET, very marginal of ETD.
  - But: alignment ? If we believe SiD (which we should) it should be OK...
- The direct effects on physics, the case is fairly clear:
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SGV fast-sim is adequate for these questions. Just need to fold in alignment uncertainty.



- Calorimeter and PFlow:
  - Need serious FullSim on models with or without the measurements.
     material and geometry of the external Si system.
  - Need reconstruction studies by experts on the Si system.
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- FullSim models of ILD with and without SIT/ETD needed. No-Si model should exploit emptied space (bigger TPC/closer Calo's ?)
- Dedicated reconstruction and Pandora



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#### **Bottom line**

Given the modest impact on physics, the results of the PFlow and TPC studies are crucial to be able to make a rational decision.

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