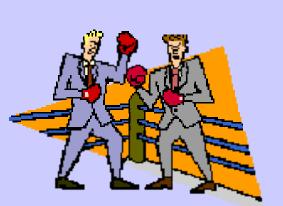


Value Engineering

What is it?

What Value Engineering Is Not!

- Cost Cutting
- Design Review
- Project Elimination
- Scope Reduction
- Quality Reduction
- Detailed Cost Estimating
- Redesign



What Value Engineering Is!

An organized study of FUNCTIONS to satisfy the USER'S NEEDS with a QUALITY PRODUCT at the LOWEST LIFE CYCLE COST through APPLIED CREATIVITY

Definition of Value Engineering

Terms used to describe "Value Engineering"

- Value Methodology
 - This is the "official" term used by SAVE International. It describes the overall body of knowledge.
- Value Analysis
 - This was the first term used when the process was originally developed for manufacturing
- Value Engineering
 - The term "engineering" was used to identify the process as it is applied to design and construction
- Value Management
 - This less commonly used term refers to its application to business processes

Definition of Value Engineering

The value of a function is defined as the relationship of cost to performance

Definition of Value Engineering

- "Good" Value is the lowest cost to reliably provide the required function with essential performance.
- Value is always increased by decreasing costs while maintaining essential performance.
- Value may also be increased if the customer needs, wants, and is willing to pay for greater performance.

Range of Application

- VE applies to everything because every project or process has a function
- VE can be applied at any point of the design or process
- VE is a problem solving technique
- VE can be used as a technique for developing design criteria

Reasons for Poor Value...

- Lack of and/or poor coordination among designers
- Failure to network
 with customer –
 poor definition of
 needs and wants
- Design based on habitual thinking or mistaken beliefs

- Not enough time for project formulation and/or design
- Failure to utilize latest technologies
- Negative attitudes

More Reasons for Poor Value...

- Poor communication in developing project scope
- Lack of consensus among project stakeholders with regard to project scope
- Outdated or inappropriate design standards
- Incorrect assumptions based on poor information
- Fixation with previous design concepts
- Honest wrong beliefs

Common Misconceptions

- "VE is something we do all the time."
 - No it isn't. VE requires the application of a specialized body of knowledge at the right time with the right people.
- "VE degrades project performance."
 - If applied properly, its should maintain or improve project performance.
- "VE is just another management fad."
 - VE was developed in 1943. It is required by federal and many state laws. It has a professional society and maintains professional standards and accreditation.
- "VE is really just cost cutting."
 - Really?

VE vs. Cost Cutting/Reduction

- VE seeks to maintain or improve performance while reducing TOTAL costs.
- VE is a pre-planned allocation of time and effort.
- VE is a highly structured process using a formal methodology.
- VE utilizes an objective, multi-disciplined team and a trained facilitator.
- VE provides an organized follow-up, implementation and reporting program.

- Cost reduction seeks to cut INITIAL costs, often at the expense of project quality.
- Cost reduction is usually a reaction to budget
- overruns.
 - Cost reduction is an informal process.
- Cost reduction generally involves only a few management personnel.
- Cost reduction does not.

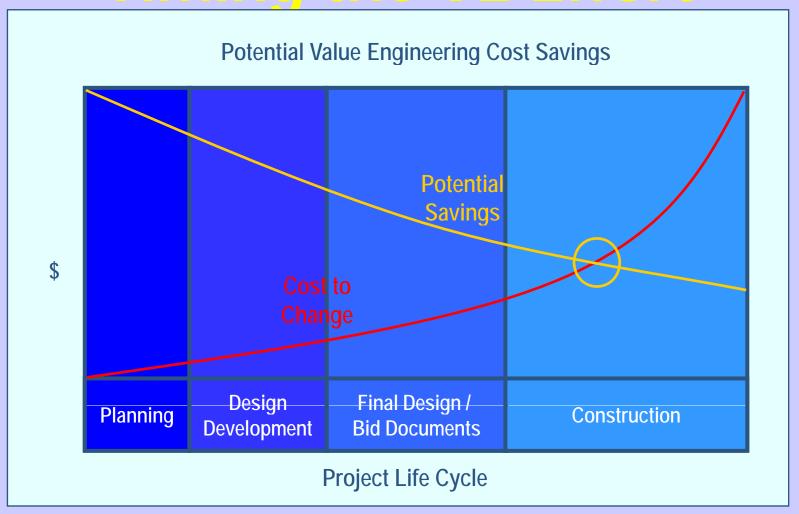
Value Engineering Quality

Value Engineering is a tool/method to enhance

QUALITY



Timing the VE Effort



Some VE Study Objectives

- Performance Improvement
- Significant Cost Savings/Avoidance
- Optimization of Resources (Time & Money)
- Review (Technical, QA) Optional Objective
- **Coordination** (In- House & Users)
- Transfer Innovative Technologies
- Have Fun!

The Value Engineering Job Plan

- Provides a systematic approach
- Divides the study into distinct work elements



Value Engineering 1s: Step 1 – Preparation/Organization

Step 2 - Information

Step 3 - Function Analysis

Step 4 – Speculation/Creativity

Step 5 - Evaluation

Step 6 - Development

Step 7 – Presentation/Report

Step 8 – Implementation & Audit

Information Phase

Purposes



- To determine user needs
- To gather and tabulate information concerning the item as presently designed
- To build team knowledge and understanding of the project
- To completely understand the specific use of function requirements of the item
- To visit the site (preferable)
- Process continues throughout remainder of the study

Information Phase

Techniques

- Get all the facts from the best possible sources (e.g. design team)
- Develop cost models
- Determine and evaluate the function(s) of the present design
- Prepare a *FAST* diagram
- Identify & define project Performance Criteria
- Develop project Performance Ratings
- Determine present design objectives & constraints
- What does the customer want?

USE GOOD HUMAN RELATIONS



Why is Functional Analysis Important?

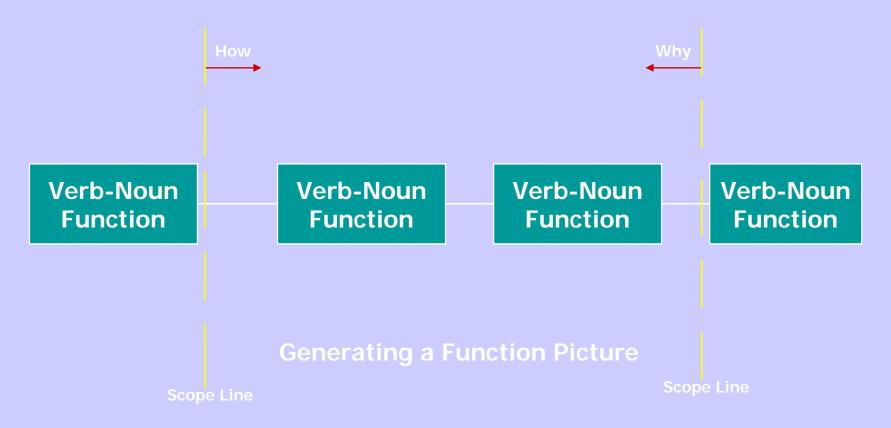
- You can't always get what you want!
- You can't always get what you want!
- You can't always get what you want!
- BUT if you try, somehow you just might, from time to time, get what you need!
- Function Analysis defines user's needs through verb-noun pairings

Function — The

- Specific purposes or intended use of an item (What is this? What is it supposed to do? What else can it do?)
 - Function is that which makes a product, process or project work or sell.
 - All cost is for function.
 - Primary functions posses value and are required to make a product work or sell.
 - Secondary functions have no value and are present due to the current design of the product.
- That characteristic that makes a product or service have value
- Determine by considering the user's actual needs

FAST Diagram

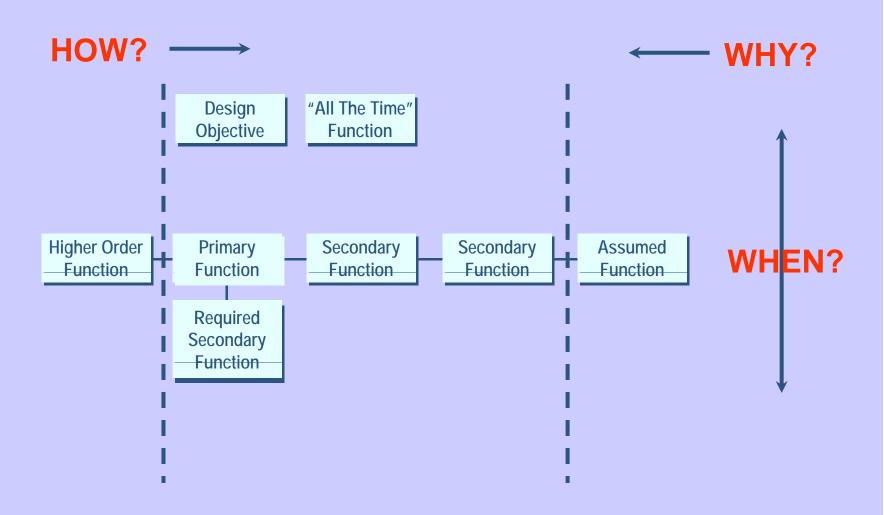
Function Analysis System Technique



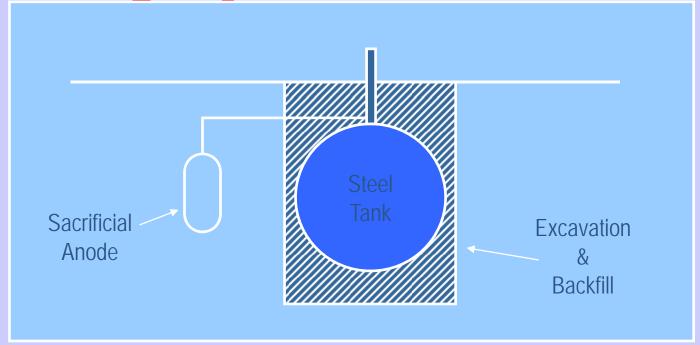
The Purpose of a FAST Diagram is

- Show specific relationships of all functions with respect to each other
- Deepen the understanding of the problem to be solved
- Promote discussion and information gathering team building
- Support the process of creativity

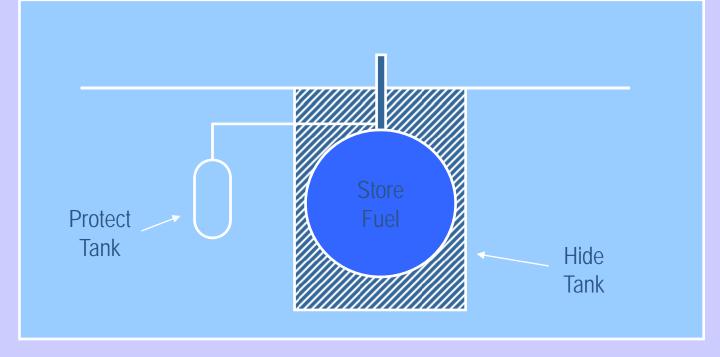
FAST Diagrams

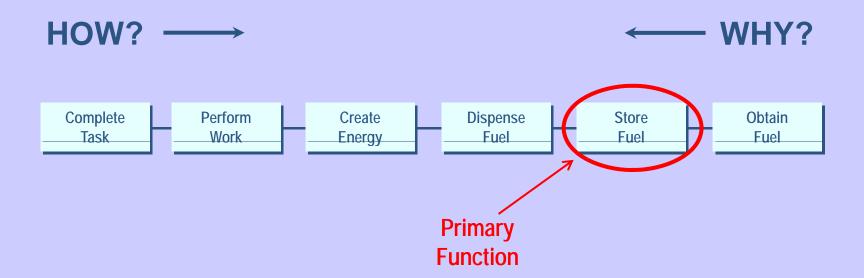


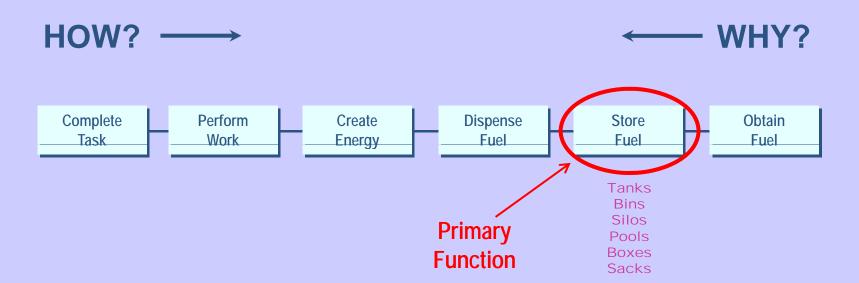
Fuel Storage System

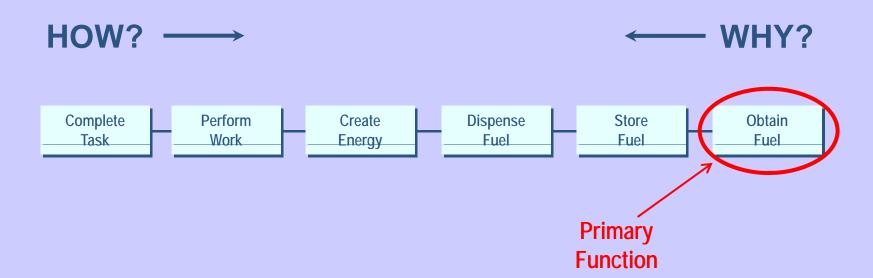


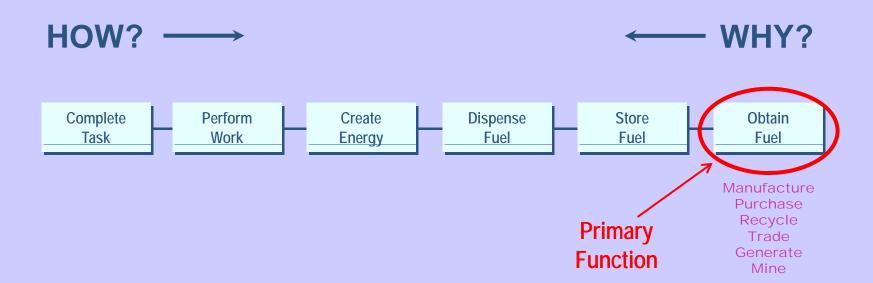
Identify the functions

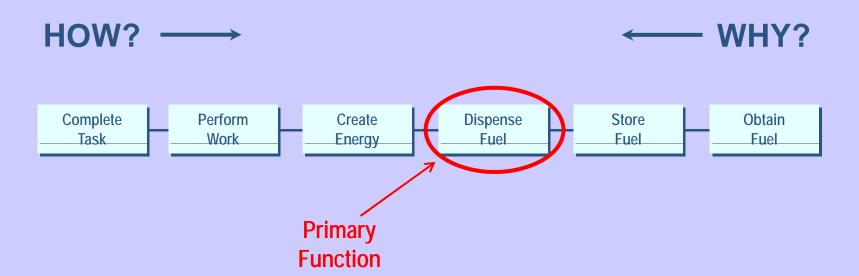


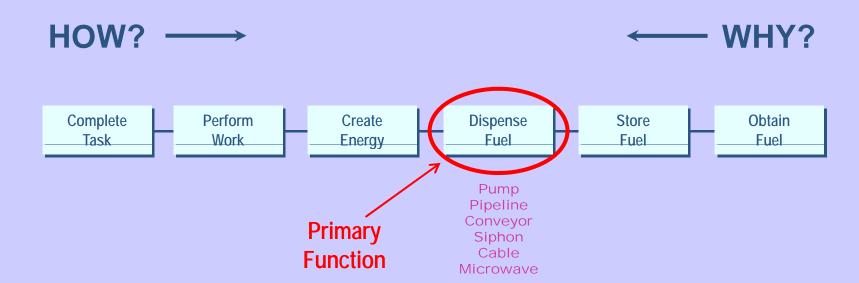












Speculation Phase Purposes



 To generate a large number of alternatives that provide the item's basic function(s) without considering their practicality

Speculation Phase

Techniques



- Use creative thinking
- No rules no limits
- Forget about scope, speculate on the FUNCTION not on the item
- Don't let regulations or people control your thinking
- If you don't look for the second right answer, you won't find it
- Eliminate/simplify: modify and/or combine alternatives
- Think get out of the comfort zone and enjoy it!
- Keep talking, keep generating, let the juices flow!
- Its about OstACOGE HUMAN RELATIONS

We'all'in's never done it that way before!!

Regulations and Guidelines are sacred!

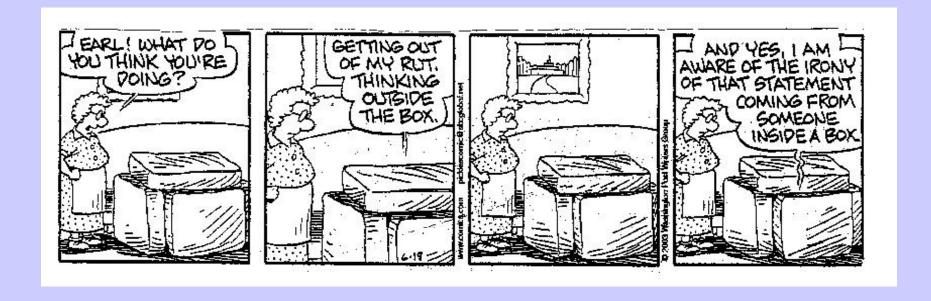


What will my boss think?



What if it doesn't work?

Creativity



Creativity

Brainstorming Rules & Objectives...



- Criticism/evaluation is prohibited (at this time)
- Free-wheeling is welcomed and encouraged –
 be uninhibited and think as a child
- Be spontaneous rapid fire 'gut feels'
- Quantity is desired over quality cover the walls
- Combine and add to ideas
- Build upon another person's ideas
- How do others solve similar problems
- Record <u>all</u> ideas

There Are No Dumb Ideas!



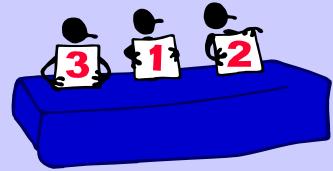
OK, so some of the ideas were dumb! Which leads us to......

Analysis Phase

Purposes



- To evaluate, criticize, and rank alternatives
- Identify advantages and disadvantages as compared to the baseline project
- Which alternatives offer the best combination of:
 - Design-ability
 - Construct-ability
 - Operational ease
 - Quality assurance
 - Customer satisfaction
 - And... low life-cycle cost
- To develop alternatives that offer the greatest increase in value



Analysis Phase

Techniques

- Prior experience
- Collective 'Gut" feels
- Stakeholder input
- Use cost references
- Apply matrix techniques
 - Define performance measure
 - Weight and rank measures
 - Evaluate alternatives
- Make sketches
- Consult experts
- Use your own judgment USE GOOD HUMAN RELATIONS

You gotta also consider... Life Cycle Cost Analysis! (LCC)

A definition... "The systematic evaluation of alternative designs and the comparison of their projected development/design, construction, operation/maintenance and disposal costs or salvage value over a specified time period."

In other words, LCC is...

- Simply put... Consider all the costs!
- Total LCC = Initial Cost + Ownership
 Cost + Salvage value/disposal costs
- Deceptive... For example, security was typically a minor cost, but can now be a major consideration.
- LCC gives decision makers a complete awareness of Big Picture

Development Phase



Purposes

- To select the best alternative(s)
- To develop complete written and oral proposals

Development Phase

Techniques

- Recommend specifics, not generalities
- Make sure your report describes the disadvantages as well as the advantages
- Gather convincing facts
 - Assure technical adequacy
- Spend your client's money as you would your own
 - Complete order-of-magnitude cost estimate w/LCC
- Prepare Proposal
 - Finalize *FAST* diagram for proposal
 - Sell the idea through the justification
 - You <u>are</u> selling something uncomfortable to most people – CHANGE!
- Misteaks will cast doubt on your validity

USE GOOD HUMAN RELATIONS

Presentation Phase

Purposes



- To present value engineering study proposal(s) to the decision makers/stake holders
- To obtain approval/support
- To enhance potential implementation

Presentation Phase

Techniques



- Again, you are selling CHANGE!
- Your enthusiasm will sell your proposal
- Use FAST diagram as a communication tool – Are the most important functions satisfied?
- Be brief, pertinent and convincing
- Keep it simple

USE GOOD HUMAN RELATIONS

Presentation Phase

Techniques



- Anticipate/remove road blocks understand their point of view
- Network with people and gain support
- BUT you can't please everybody

■ AND – don't overlo much information USE GOOD HUMAN RELATIONS



How to find out more about VE...





- A Value Engineering Professional Society
- Information about becoming a Certified Value Specialist
- Professional journals, annual conference
- Web site lists local chapters
- Also lists VE consultants and specialists

Important Links

- SAVE International
 - www.value-eng.org

Questions



Don't be shy!



