



BDS way forward summary for GDE-BDS

Andrei Seryi, SLAC

Thanks to all participants of GDE-BDS and ACFA-MDI sessions
and to the BDS design team

TILC08, March 6, 2008, Sendai, Japan



Sessions & summaries:

- All sessions of ACFA-MDI were held jointly with GDE-BDS
- Most of the talks (~15) were in ACFA-MDI part
- GDE-BDS sessions were mostly devoted to discussion
- ACFA-MDI summary was given ~30min ago by Tauchi-san
- In this summary, will focus on next steps with some illustration from discussion (of GDE-BDS or ACFA MDI sessions)

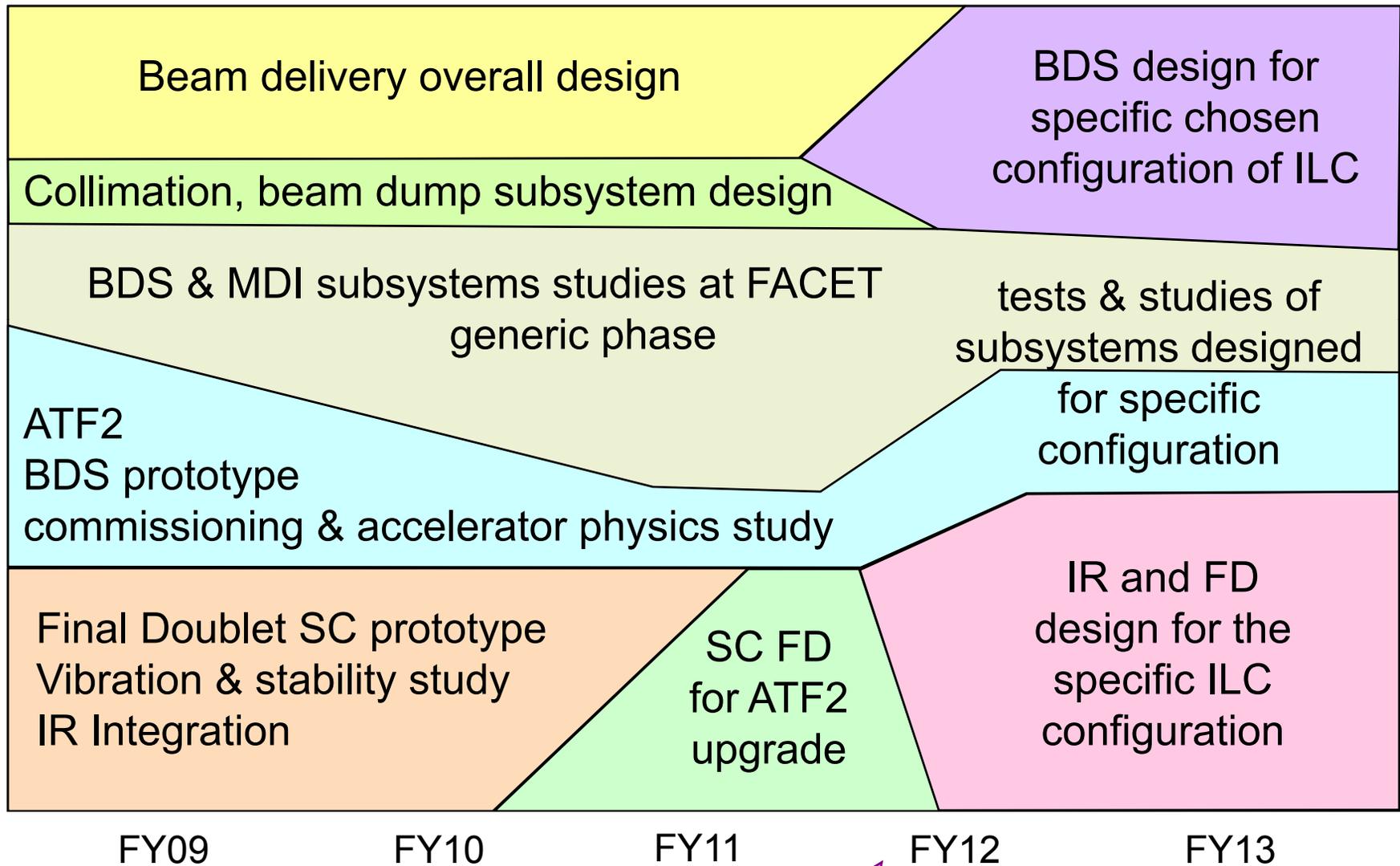


BDS planning strategy

- Do not proceed with:
 - **Design, or engineering of near-standard systems (e.g. beamline vacuum or magnets), or detailed consideration of requirements for CFS**
- Do focus on:
 - **Science, with emphasis on advanced ideas, which promise breakthroughs in performance/cost, reaching higher E, reduction of length, e.g.:**
 - BDS for CLIC, $\gamma\gamma$ design & system tests, crystal collimation, ...
 - **Critical areas of design**
 - IR & detector integration, FD, ATF2, ...
 - **Areas where new collaborators are joining**
 - Recent work at SLAC with BARC, India, on beam dump design
- Explore synergies
 - **LHC crab cavity design, ...**
- Expect to revise strategy:
 - **When LHC results will allow determining the specific configuration of ILC**



Beam Delivery 5yr plan, ART



Global Design E...
Global Design E...



Interaction region detector-machine integration

Discussion of IR Beam Space Real Estate

led by: Brett Parker, BNL

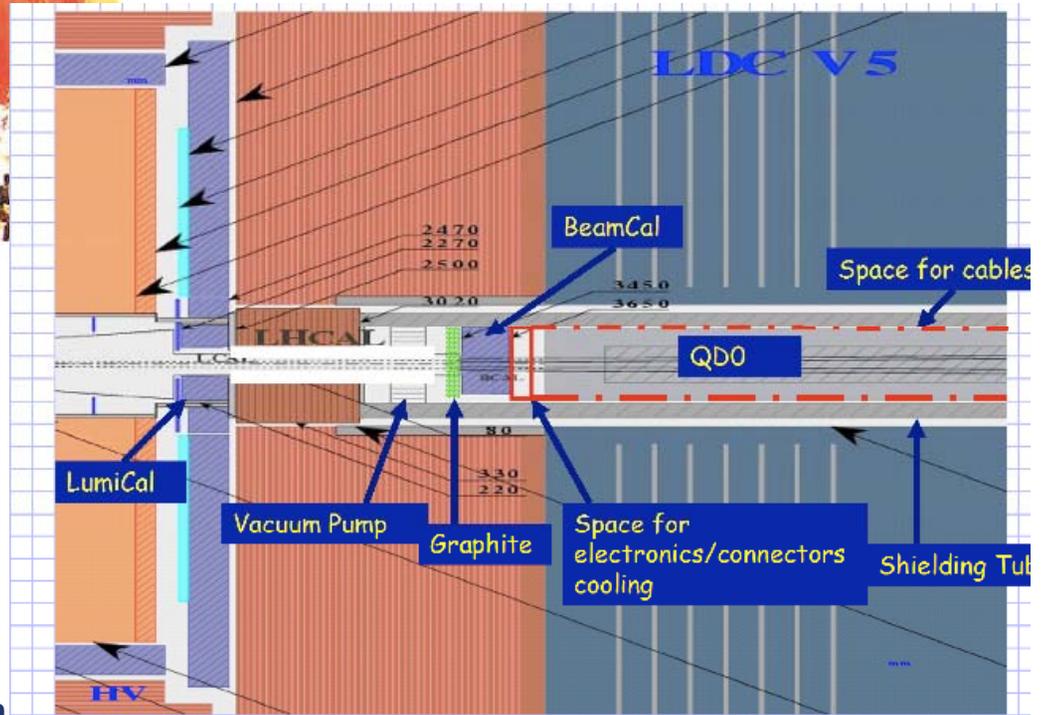


Highly Complex physics/engineering issues

Totally integrated design between machine & detector

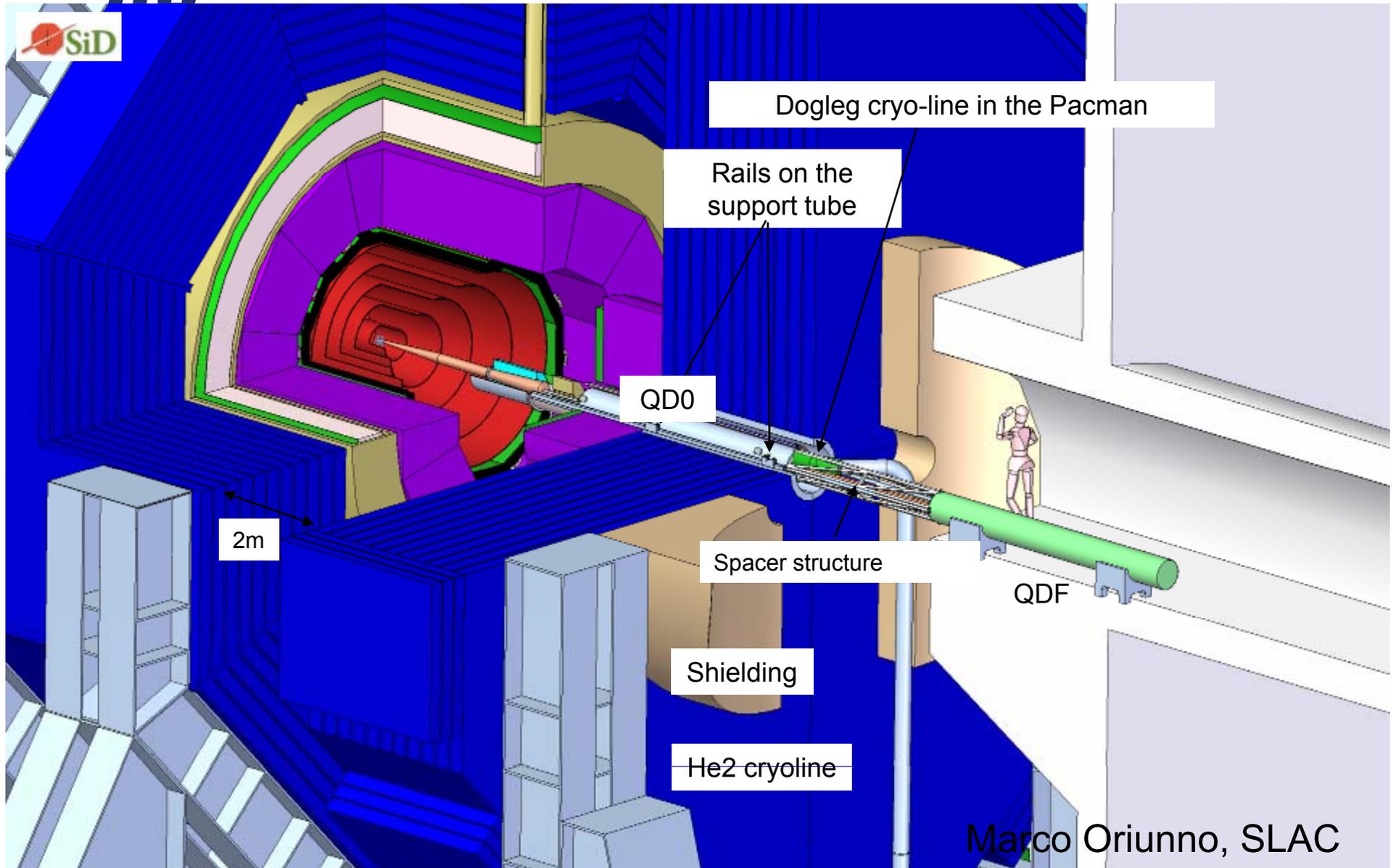
Critically important for detector design

Brett Parker and Tom Markiewicz, leaders of GDE-BDS IR Integration work, had opportunity for detailed discussion and planning with RD and detector concepts





IR integration, SiD example

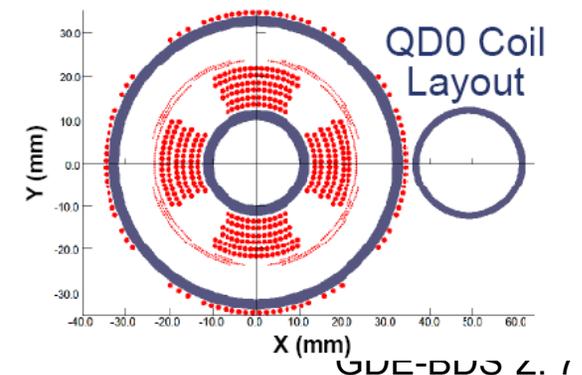
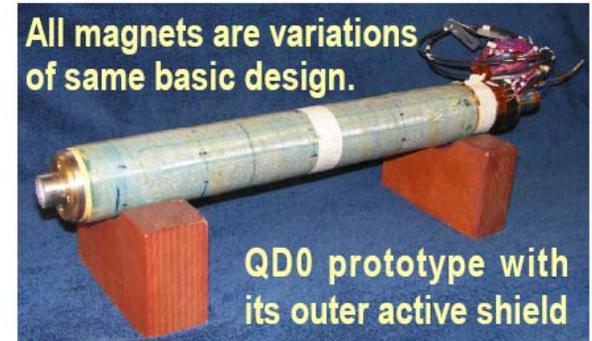
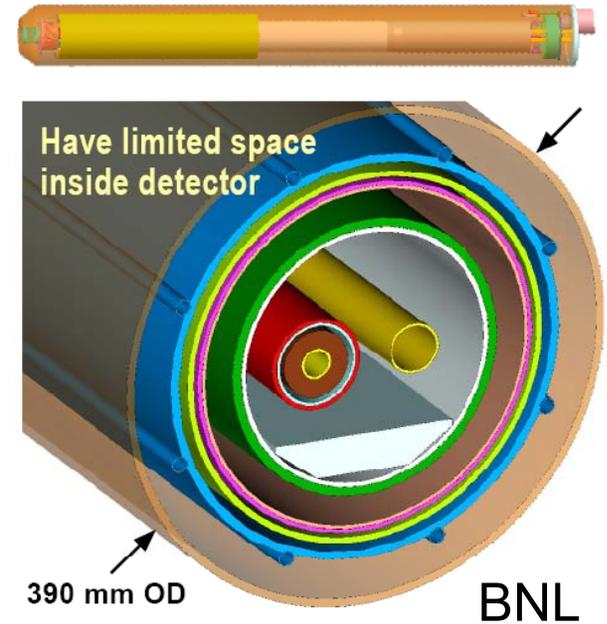




Final Doublet

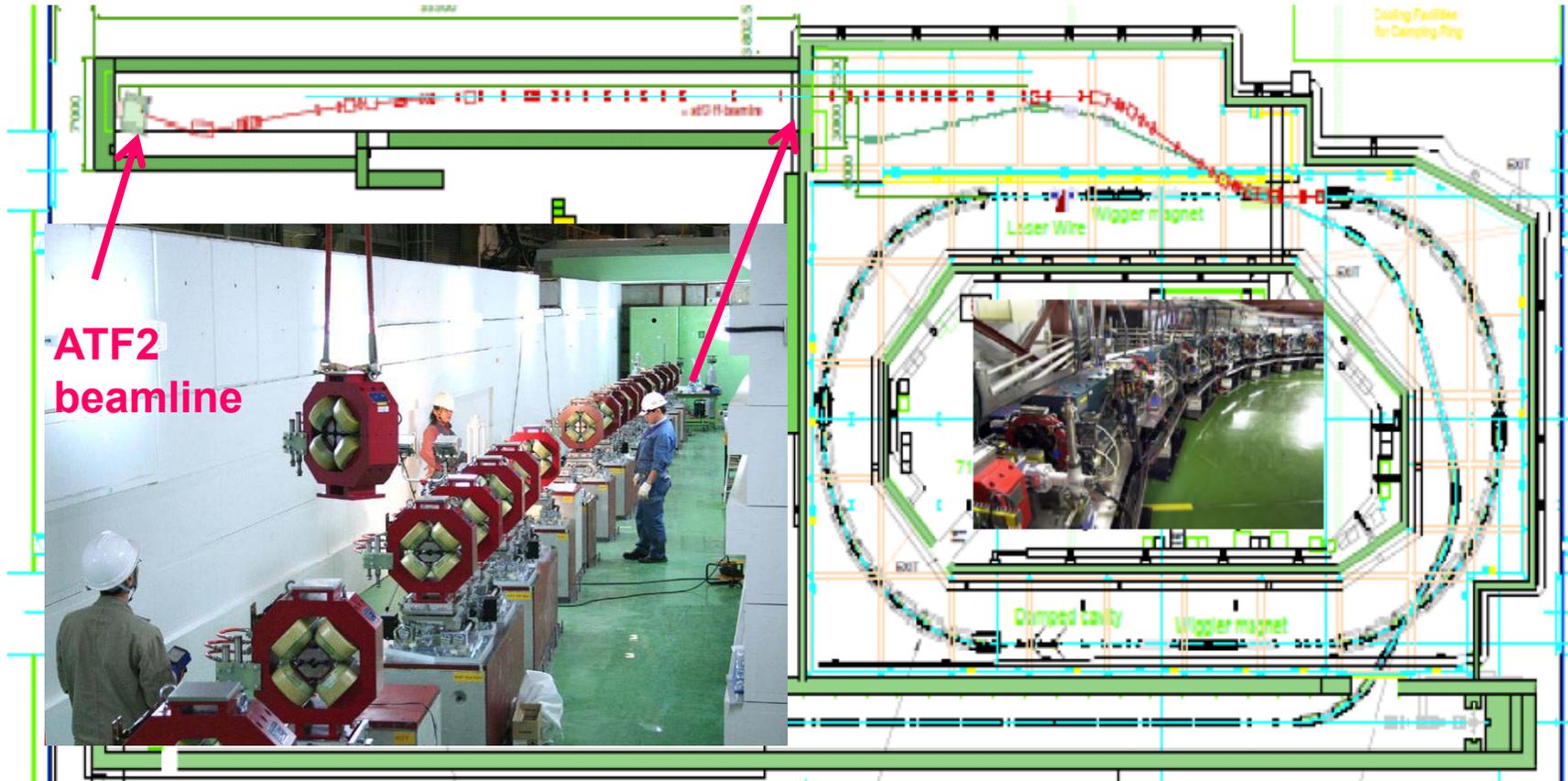
- Design: address tight space constraints, the need for versatile beam orbit and aberration correction, challenging mechanical stability
- Full length prototype: address performance and system level integration

QD0 Cryostat design for $L^* = 4.5$ m.





ATF2: Beam delivery model

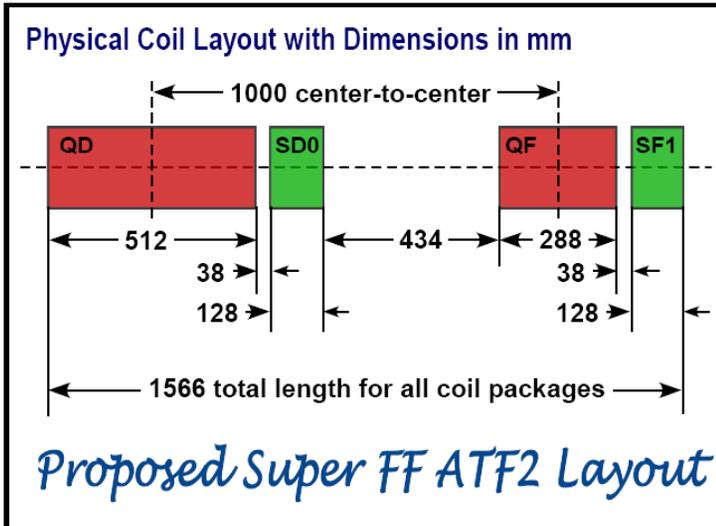


Built for ILC. Advanced accelerator study and beam handling applicable to any single path beamlines such as LCLS, XFEL.

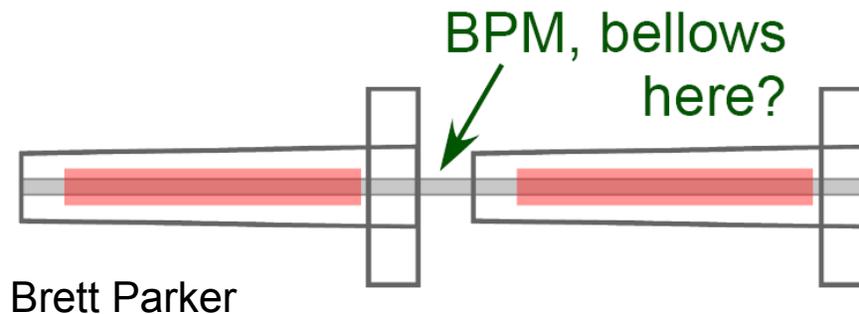
ATF collaboration: >200 scientists. ATF MOU: 20 institutions worldwide



SC FD for ATF2

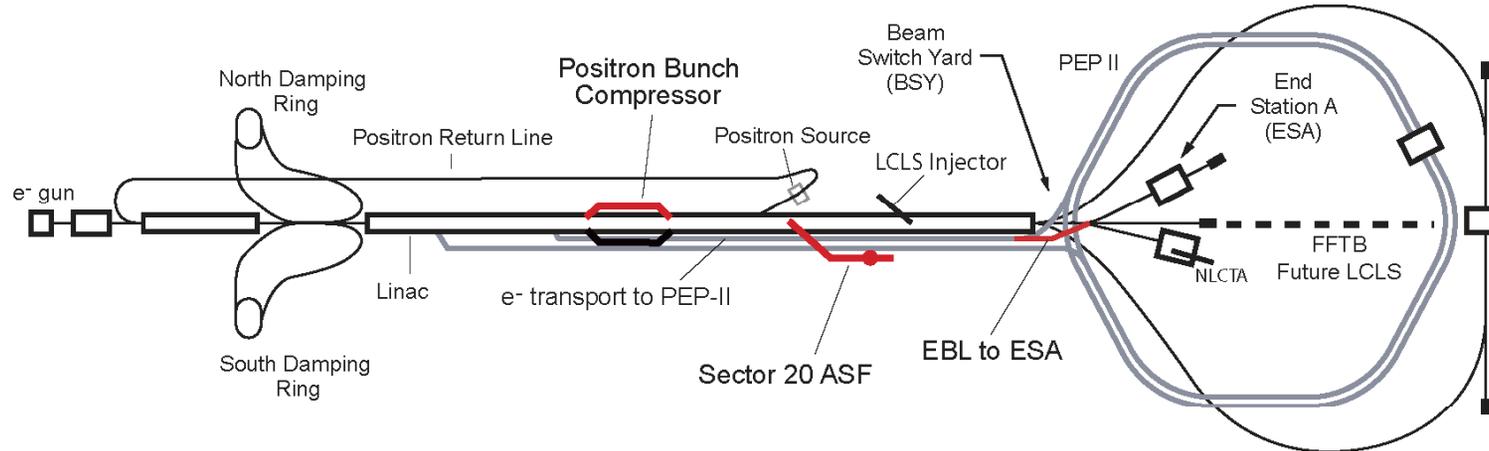


- Test of SC FD at ATF2 recommended by MAC
- With stretched schedule, ATF2 SC FD comes too late, if do it after full ILC FD prototype
- Investigating other options for schedule & tests, as well as using Hera-II GG magnets built by similar method





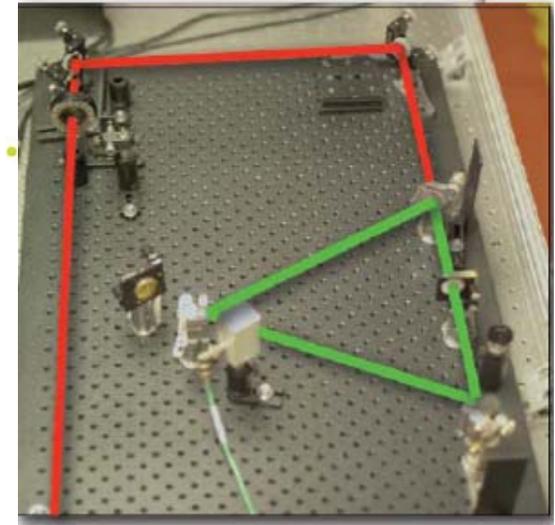
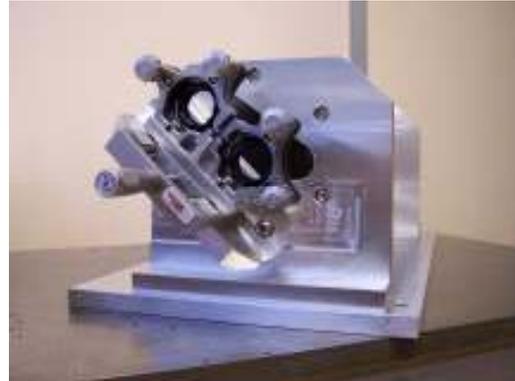
BDS & MDI at FACET



- Proposed FACET includes ESA area primarily dedicated for BDS/MDI subsystem tests
 - **Energy spectrometers and collimation system tests**
 - **Beam diagnostics**
 - **Detector component studies**
 - **System test of $e \Rightarrow \gamma$ conversion for $\gamma\gamma$ option**
 - **Study forward region detector and GAMCAL ...**



Options for $e \rightarrow \gamma$ cavity



I. Jovanovic, LLNL

Pulse Stacking Cavity

(R&D for Positron source KEK-LAL-Hiroshima-Waseda-Kyoto-IHEP)

enhancement: 300-1000
tight motion tolerances

RING (Recirculation Injection by Nonlinear Gating) Cavity LLNL

recirculation of a pulse ~50 times
compensation of circulated pulse decay

- Developing R&D plan for $e \rightarrow \gamma$ considering ATF2 and FACET (ESA) for the system test

T.Takahashi, et al



Benefits for US of BDS R&D

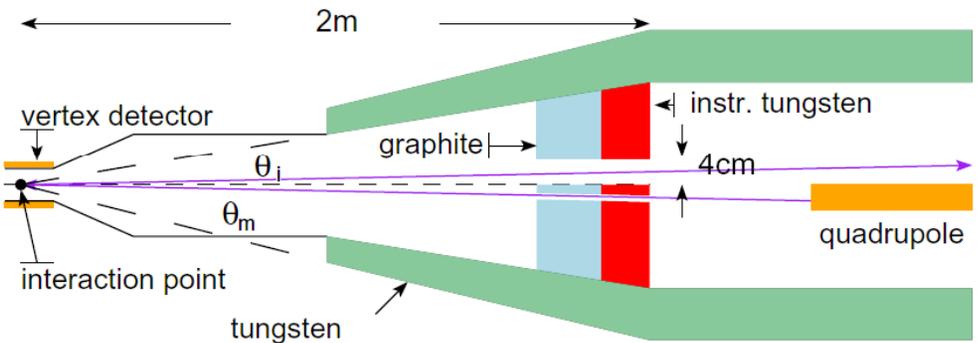
- Direct: maintain leadership in key areas of US expertise, needed to reach the energy frontier
- Indirect: synergy with US science
 - **ATF2: advanced accelerator study and beam handling applicable to any single path beamlines such as LCLS, XFEL...**
 - **Instrumentation, high availability power supplies, etc., are applicable to many future projects such as NSLS-2, LCLS...**
 - **Interaction region integration and FD design: synergy with LHC IR upgrade and Super-B IR**
 - **Collimation research: synergy with LHC, already engaged in design of LHC II-stage collimation system**
 - **Crab cavity design: already engaged in LHC crab.cav. study**
 - **FACET and ESA research: reach out to laser and plasma science communities, engaging them in our scientific quest, thus increasing scientific value of ILC**



Start of CLIC-ILC design work

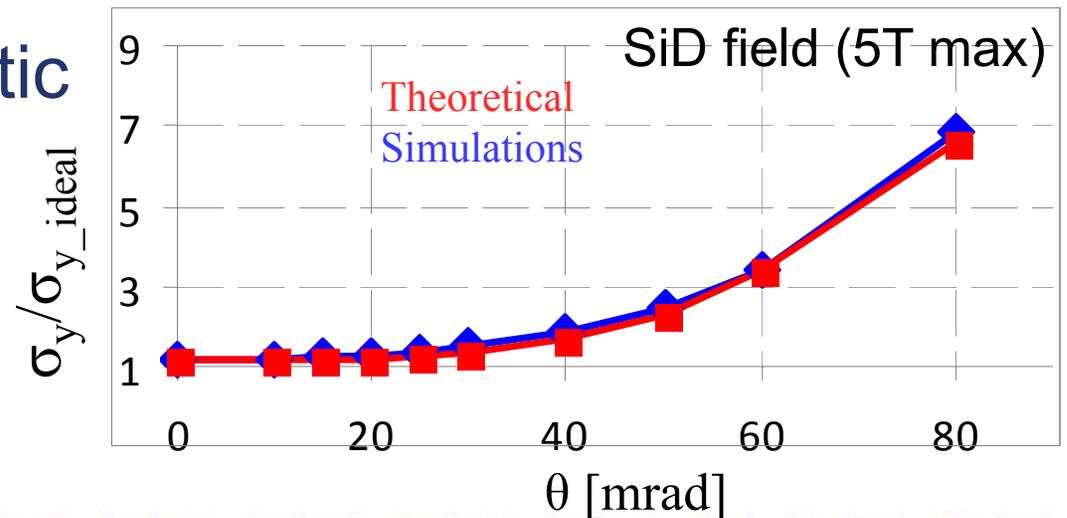
- Reviewed physics driving CLIC BDS design
 - coherent pairs; short train; post-collision measurements...**

- D.Schulte



- Started study SR size growth in realistic detector field using tools developed for ILC

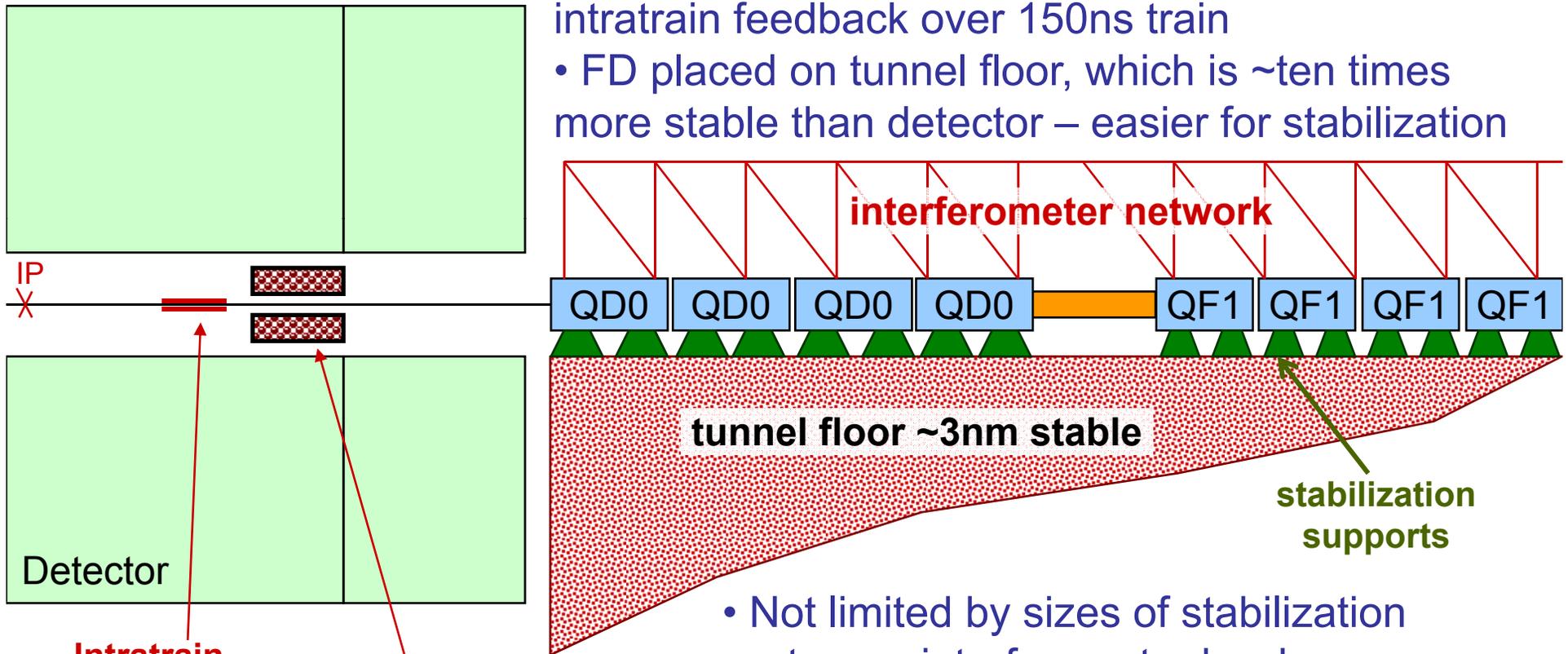
- S.Seletskiy





Discussed an approach to CLIC IR stability

- Slower than $1/L^*$ dependence of $L_{um} \Rightarrow \uparrow L^*$
- Reduced feedback latency – several iteration of intratrain feedback over 150ns train
- FD placed on tunnel floor, which is ~ten times more stable than detector – easier for stabilization



Intratrain feedback kicker & BPM 2m from IP

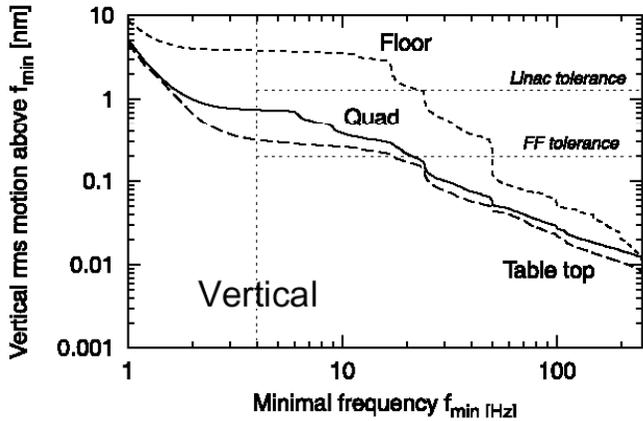
Feedback electronics and its shielding

- Not limited by sizes of stabilization system or interferometer hardware
- Reduced risk and increased feasibility
- May still consider shortened L^* for upgrade



L(L*); achievements & sizes of hardware

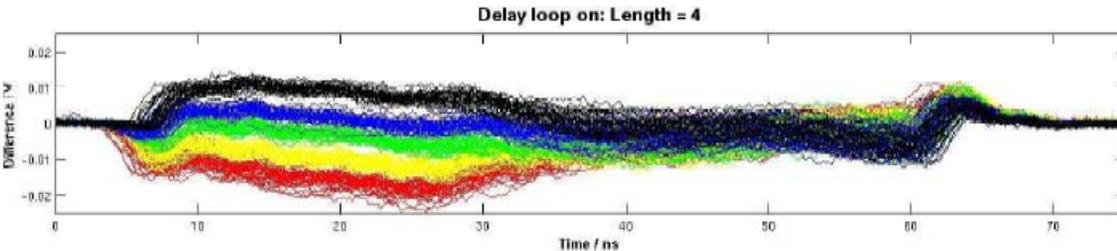
Quadrupole vibration:



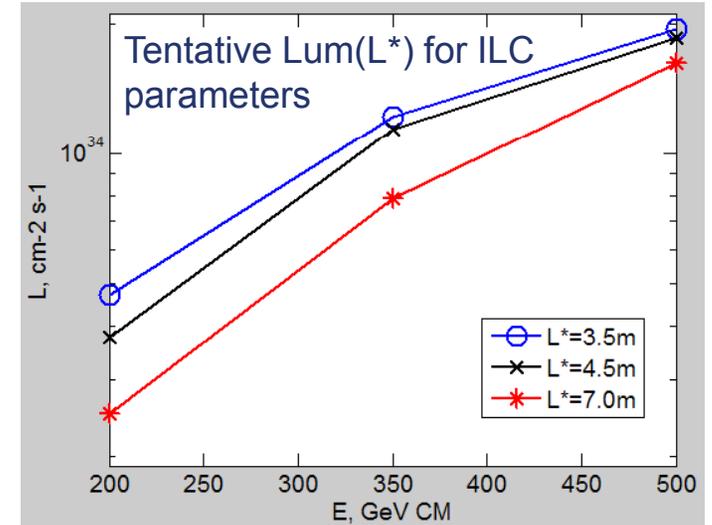
On magnet top:

- X: (0.4 ± 0.1) nm
 - Y: (0.9 ± 0.1) nm
(0.3 nm on table top)
 - Z: (3.2 ± 0.4) nm
- without cooling water.

R.Assmann et al, Stabilization with STACIS give ~10 reduction of tunnel floor vibration



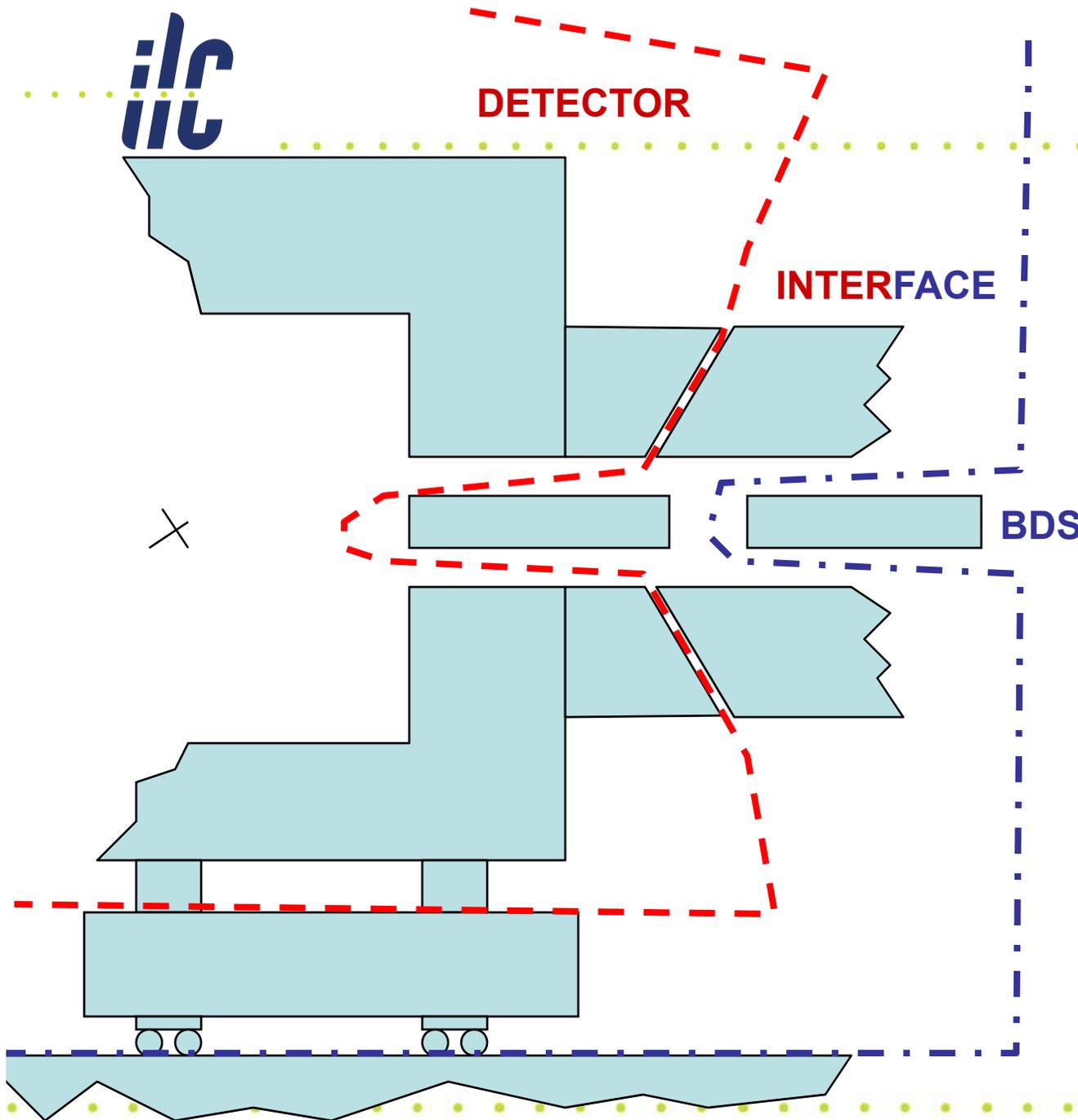
P.Burrows et al, FONT3 demonstrated latency of 23ns, including 10ns of irreducible time-of flight



D.Urner et al, MONALISA interferometer system for ATF2 final doublet: space availability matters

Monitoring Alignment & Stabilisation with high Accuracy





IR Interface boundaries

- Boundaries, parameters at interface will be defined in details and iterated
- Foresee larger shift of technical responsibility (e.g. for moving system) towards detectors, with the goal of achieving more cost effective design



IR integration timescale

- EPAC08 & Warsaw-08
 - **Interface document as of IRENG-07**
- LCWS 2008
 - **Interface document, draft**
- LOI, April 2009
 - **Interface document**
- Apr.2009 to ~May 2010
 - **design according to Interface doc.**
- ~May 2010: LHC & start of TDP-II
 - **design according to Interf. doc and adjust to specific configuration of ILC**



IR integration & topics for Dubna mtg

	Dubna?	Who?	
Items which interface each concept to the BDS			
Push-Pull Time Constraints			
Baseline IR Hall Model (Dimension, Cranes, Shafts, etc)	x	ILC CFS	
QF1 Support Model			
QD0 Alignment Specifications (coarse, fine)			
Where is detector vs. BDS dividing line		Names: tentative	
Pair monitor input to luminosity feedback system			
Machine/Detector DAQ compatibility			
DID or Anti-DID or nothing?			
MONALISA interferometer system through the detector			
Stray field outside of detector			
Items which are unique to each detector concept and which must be mutually compatible for push pull			
QD0 magnetic system (cryostat & feed boxes) for each L*			
QD0 support model			
Shielding schemes: walls, PACMAN	x	ILC/ILD team, Dubna	
Motion system: Platform versus rollers/air pads on floor	x	Dubna	
Cryogen distribution system	x	Emmanuel Tsesmelis	
Vacuum requirements and solutions	x	Emmanuel Tsesmelis	



Summary

- Priorities discussed
- Started re-planning
- Topics for Dubna GDE meeting identified