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Measurements of ultra-low emittances using a vertical undulator

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Turning bright ideas into brilliant outcomes

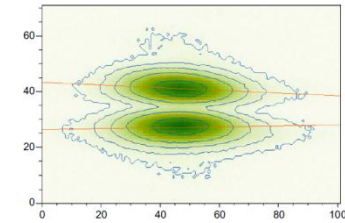
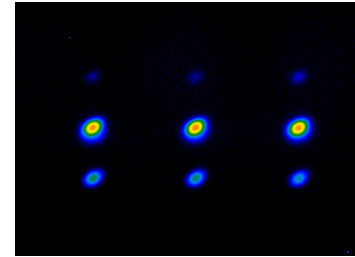




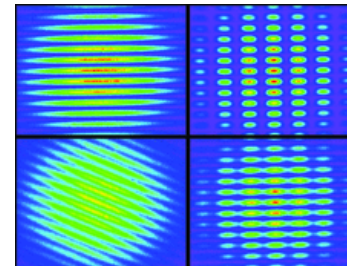
- Collider damping rings and Super B-factory storage rings demand $\varepsilon_y = 0.5\text{-}2.0$ pm rad
- Collective effects lead to growth
 - Intra-beam scattering, electron cloud
- Storage ring light sources as test accelerators
 - SLS, ATF2, CESR, ASLS, Diamond, ...
- Need measurements of vertical emittance
 - I want your beamline!



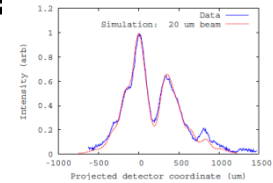
- Three main approaches:
 - Imaging
 - Interferometry
 - Projection
- Quick diagnostic of storage ring
- Typically bending magnet
 - $\$$\downarrow, \beta_y\uparrow, \eta_x\downarrow$
- Visible light, hard x-ray



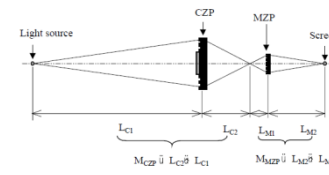
Andersson, NIMA 591, 437-446 2008



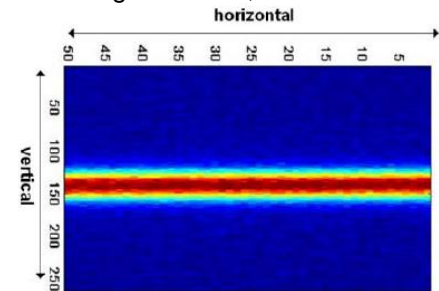
Masaki DIPAC01, PS17



Flanagan PAC09, TH5RFP048

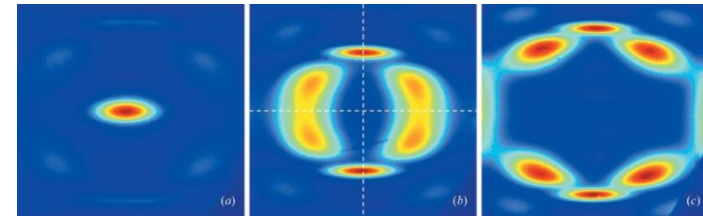


Nakamura PAC01, TPAH307

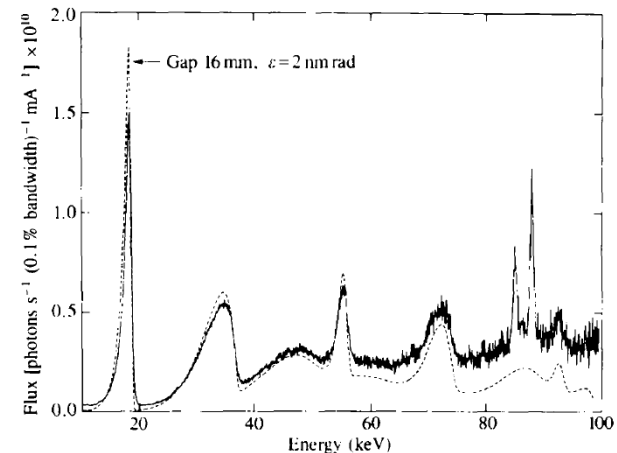


Scheidt, DIPAC05 CTWM01

- Focus on odd (useful!) harmonics
- **Horizontal undulators**
 - Imaging
 - Projection
 - Absolute spectral brilliance (pinhole flux)
- Energy spread, dispersion, ‘large’ emittance



Moreno JSR, 19 179-84 (2012)



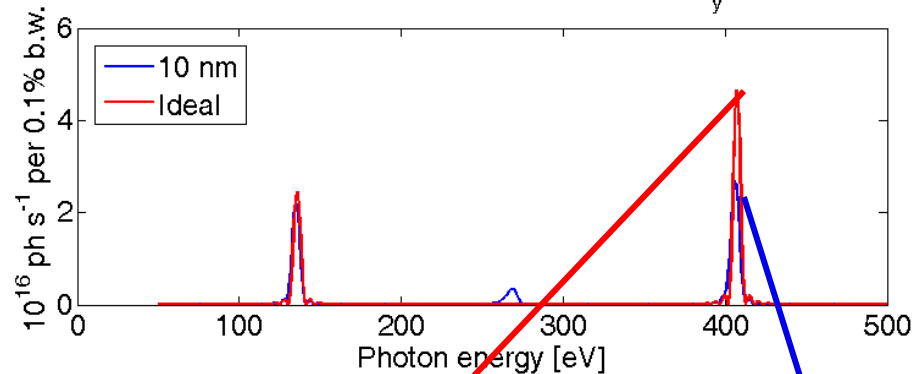
Hahn JSR 4, 1-5 (1997)

Undulator beam projection

Horizontal
Undulator
25 periods
75 mm period
 $K = 3.85$

Pinhole
50 x 50 μm
15m distance

Photon beam brilliance, horizontal undulator $B_y = 0.55 \text{ T}$



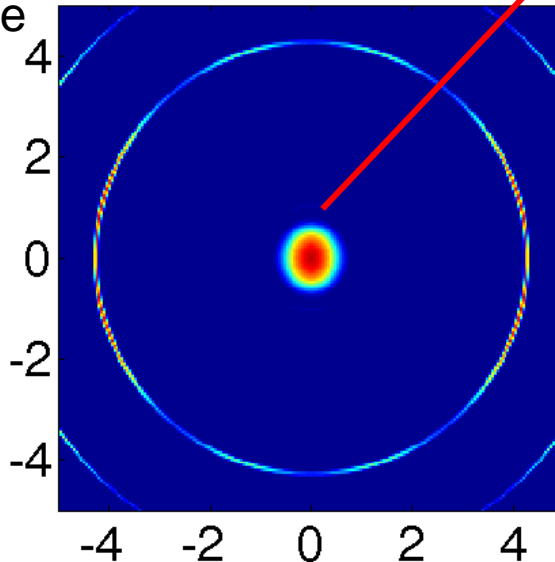
Electron beam

$$\varepsilon_x = 10 \text{ nm}$$

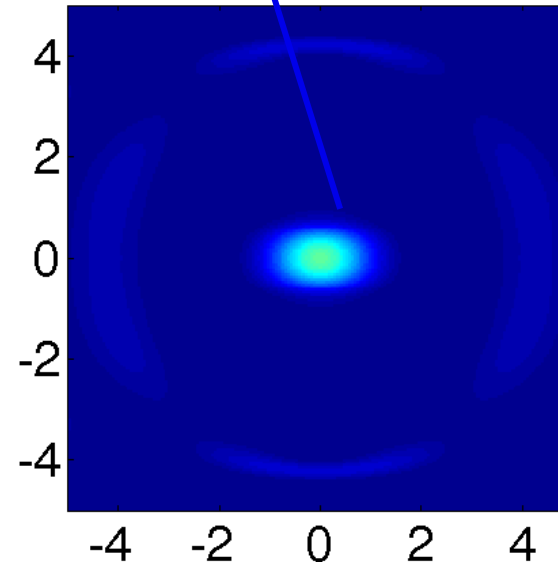
$$\varepsilon_y = 100 \text{ pm}$$

$$\sigma_E = 0.11\%$$

Ideal emittance

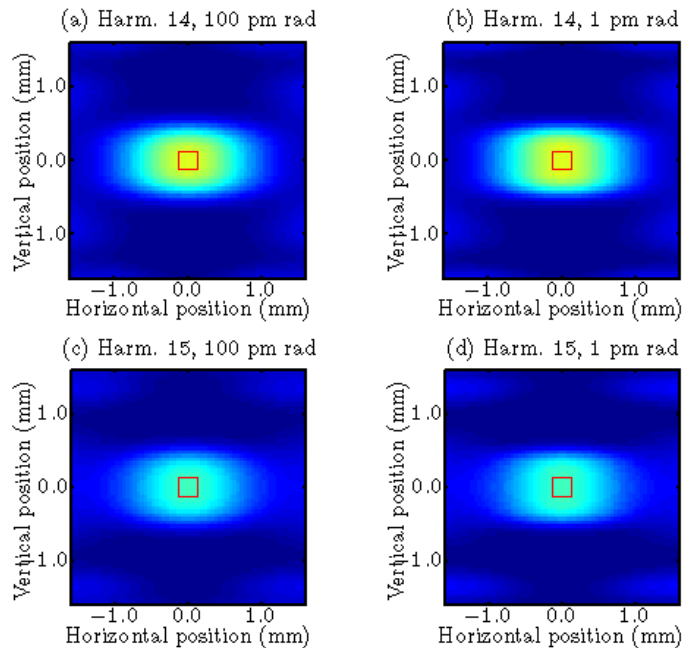


Normal emittance

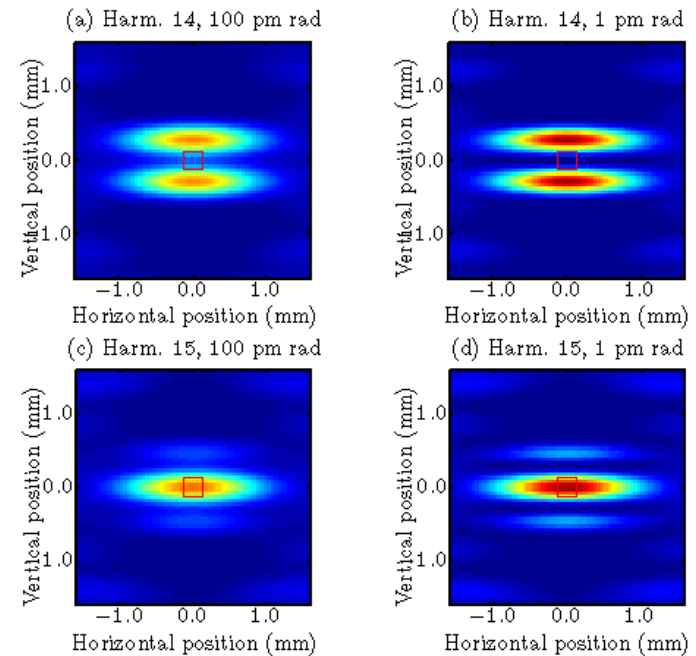


Tanaka & Kitamura, JSR 8 1221 (2001)

Horizontal undulator



Vertical undulator



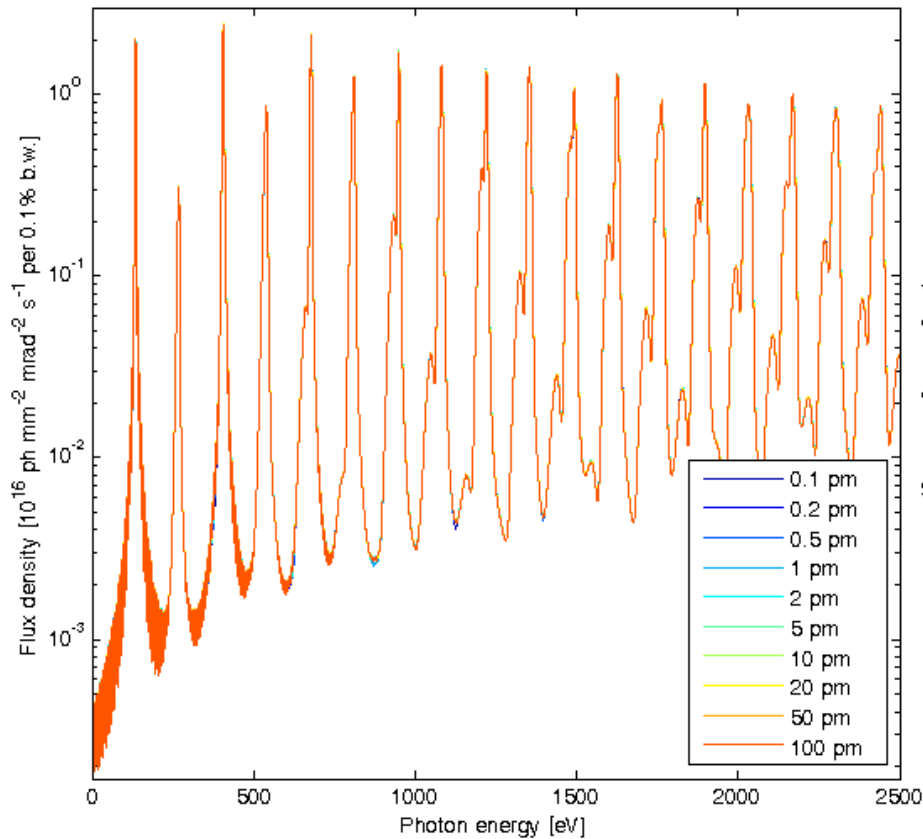
Undulator
25 periods
75 mm period
K = 3.85

Electron beam
 $\varepsilon_x = 10 \text{ nm}$
 $\varepsilon_y = 100 \text{ pm}$
 $\sigma_E = 0.11\%$

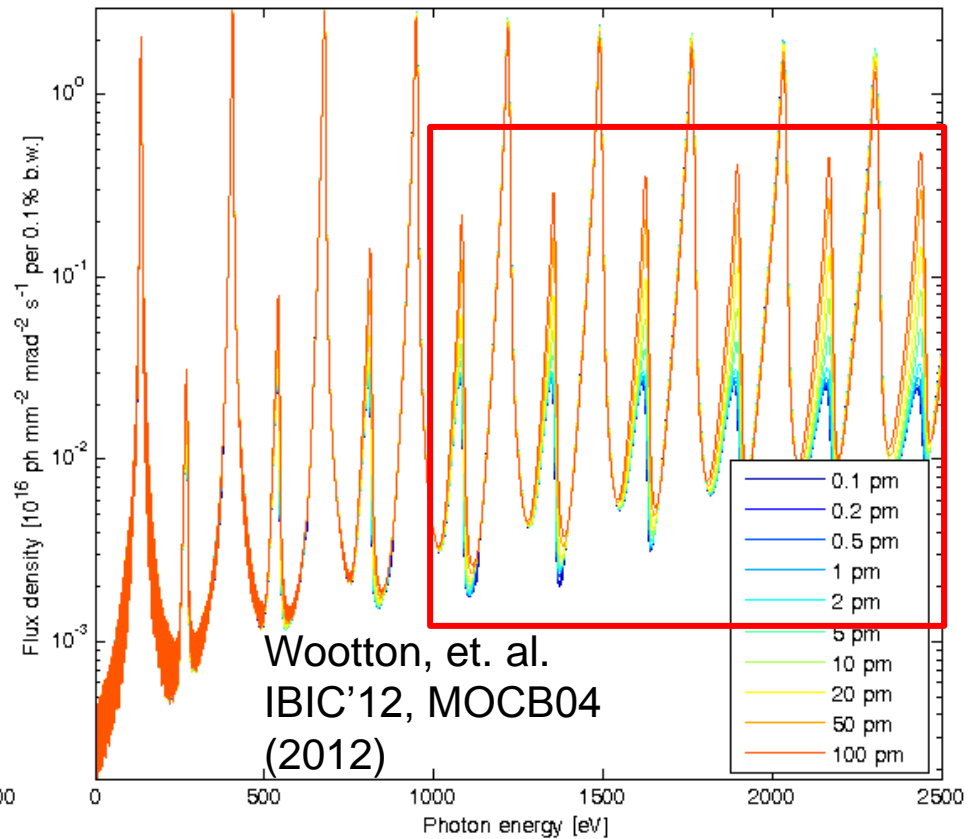
- Horizontal undulator
 - No contrast

- Vertical undulator
 - Even harmonics

Photon beam brilliance, horizontal undulator $B_x = 0.55$ T



Photon beam brilliance, vertical undulator $B_y = 0.55$ T



- ‘It is evident that the second-harmonic brightness is proportional to the beam emittance ...’
Dattoli PRE 52(6) 6809-17 (1995)
- I add to this: ... the emittance in the direction of undulations
 - How do we measure photon beam brilliance?

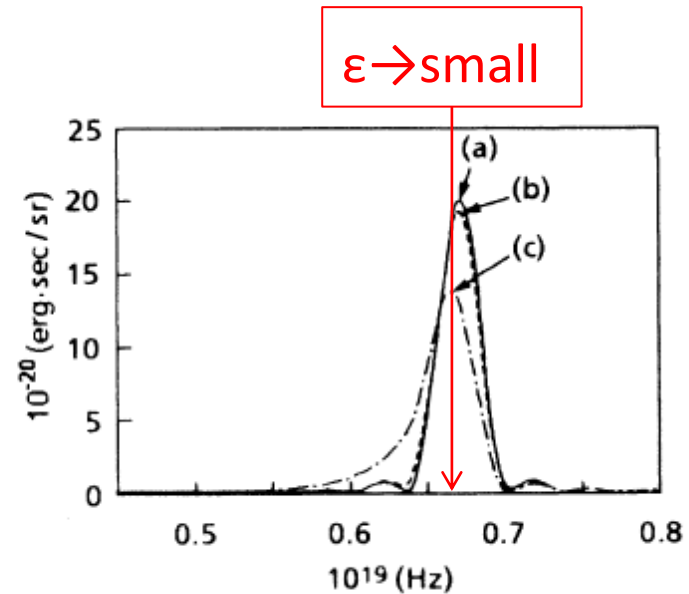
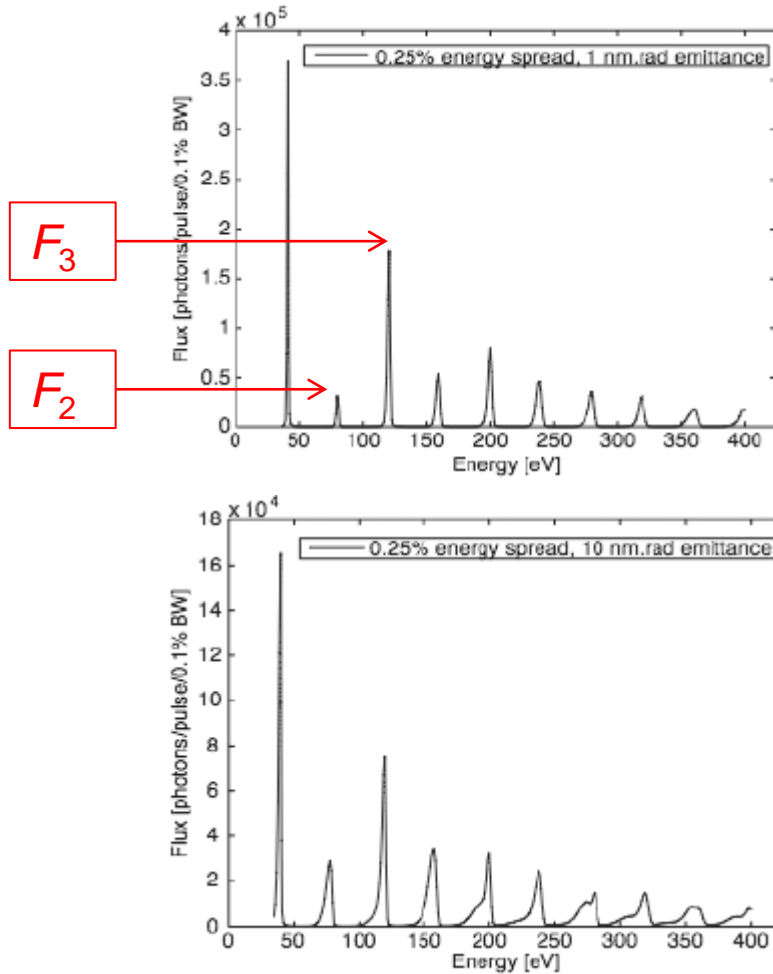


FIG. 1. First-harmonic brightness vs frequency parameters

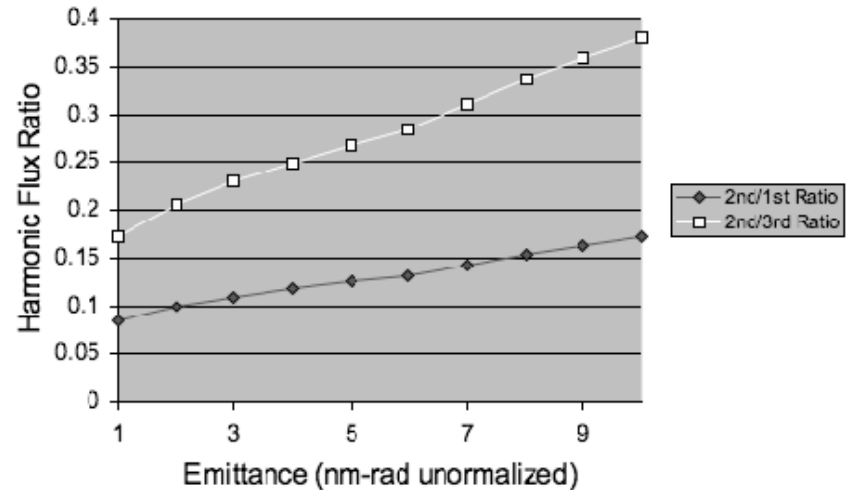
Dattoli PRE 52(6) 6809-17 (1995)

Pinhole flux ratio



- Electron wakefield accelerator
- Flux ratio F_{n-1} / F_n

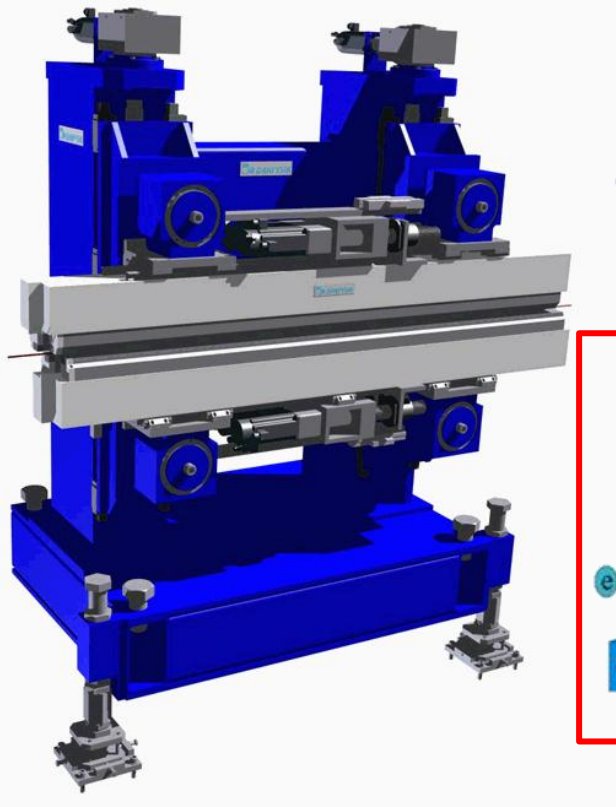
Flux Ratio vs. Emittance



M. Bakeman et al., PAC 2009, WE6RFP074
M. Bakeman, et al., PAC 2011, MOP161

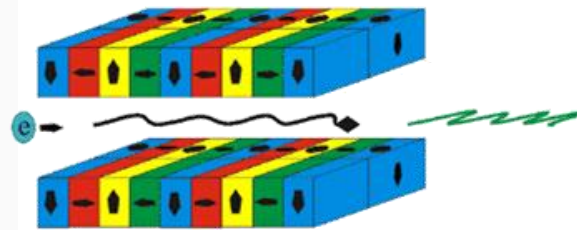
Advanced Planar Polarised Light Emitter-II

Modes of operation



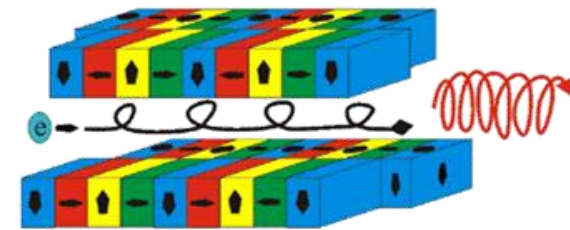
1. mode: linear horizontal polarization

Linear: $S_1=1$ Shift=0



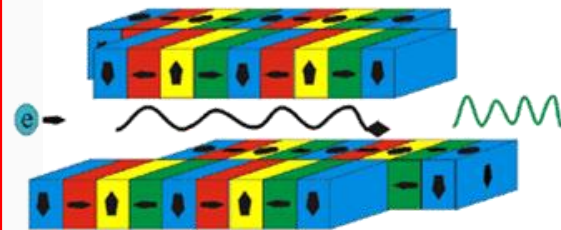
2. mode: circular polarization

Circular: $S_3=1$ Shift= $\lambda/4$

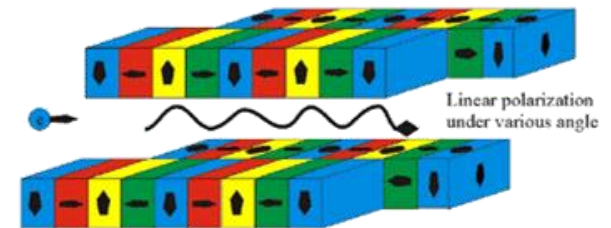


3. mode: vertical linear polarization

Linear: $S_1=-1$ Shift= $\lambda/2$



4. mode: linear polarization under various angle
shift of magnetic rows antiparallel



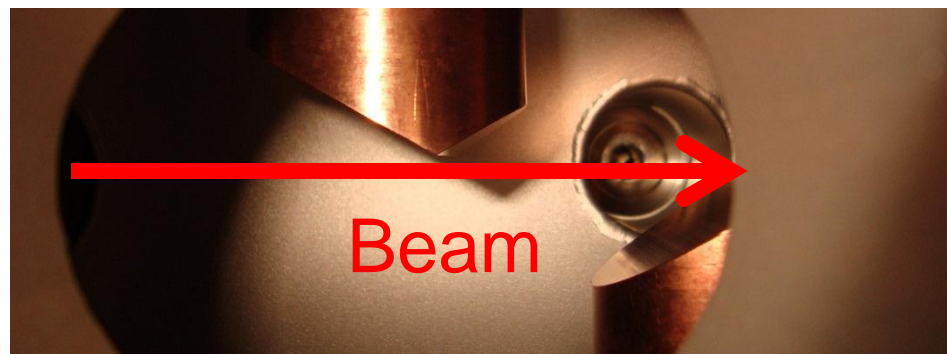
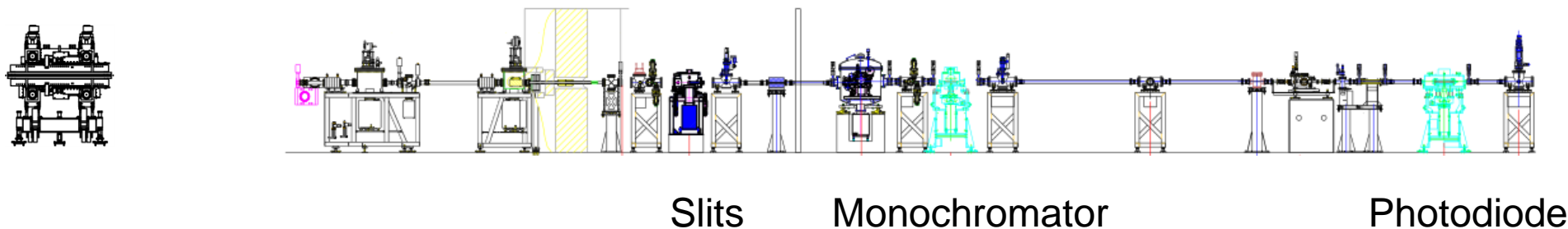
Sasaki, Nucl. Instrum. Methods A **347**, 83 (1994)



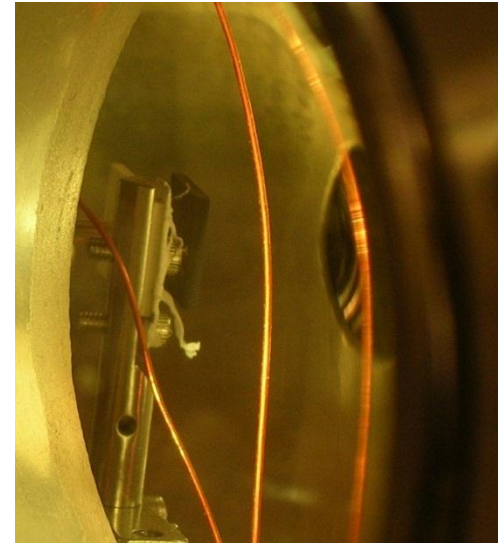
Soft x-ray undulator beamline



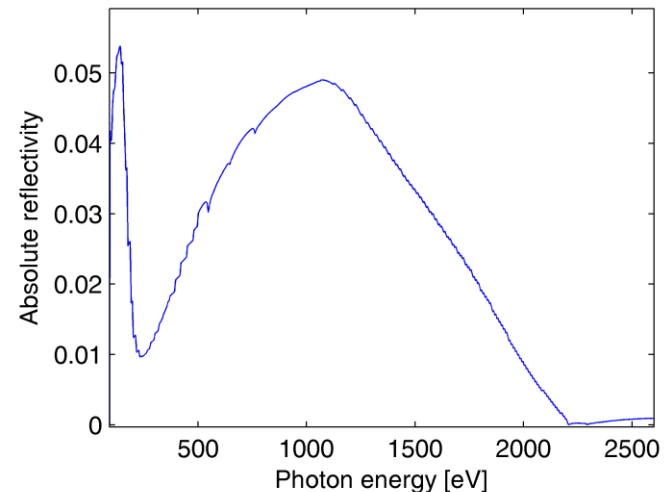
- APPLE-II undulator
- White beam slits first optical element
- All focussing, monochromator downstream



- Measuring vertical emittance with one large pixel!
 - Beamline optics
 - Grating monochromator
 - Au-coated mirrors
 - Energy-defining slit
 - Photodiode (GaAsP, Si)
- B.C.C. Cowie, et al., AIP Conf. Proc. 1234, 307 (2010)
- Au-coated mirrors
 - Transmission varies with photon energy



Beamline optics reflectivity



- Early experiments
 - Hamamatsu GaP/Au
- Wootton, et. al. IBIC'12, MOCB04 (2012)
- Ratio of peaks
- Absorption edges
 - Silicon photodiode
- Keithley picoammeter
 - Spans many orders of magnitude in current

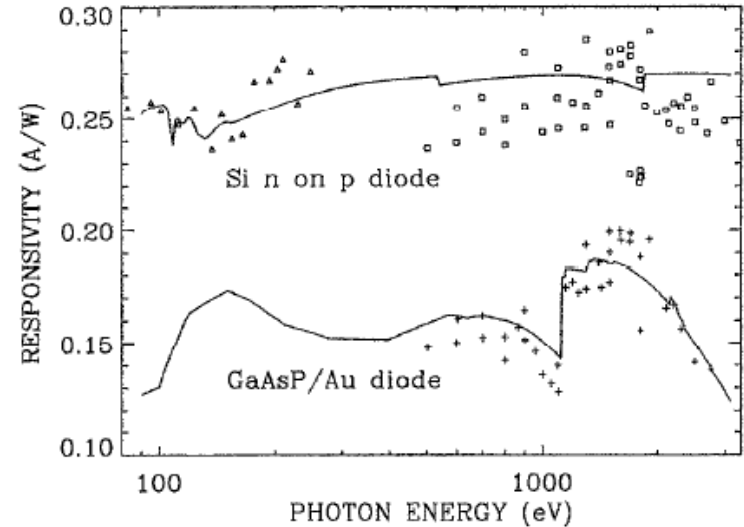


FIG. 2. Spectral responsivity of a Si *n* on *p* diode and a GaAsP/Au diode

Krumrey, Tegeler (1992)
Rev Sci Instrum 63 (1), p.
797-801

Measured undulator spectrum

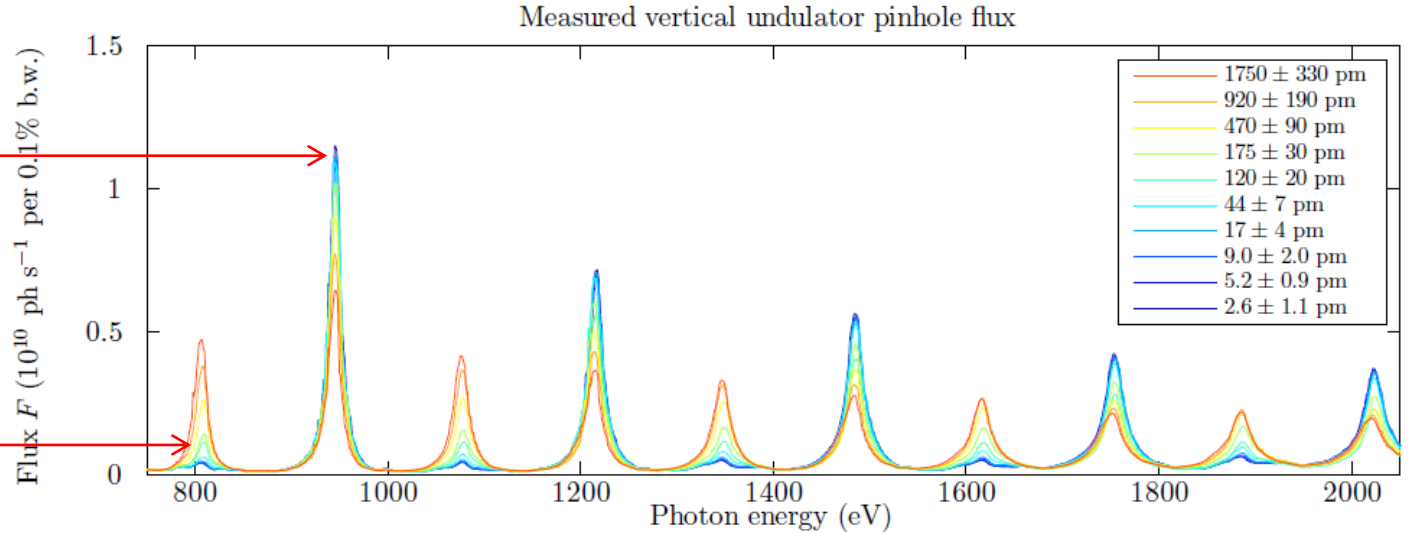
- Measured

F_7

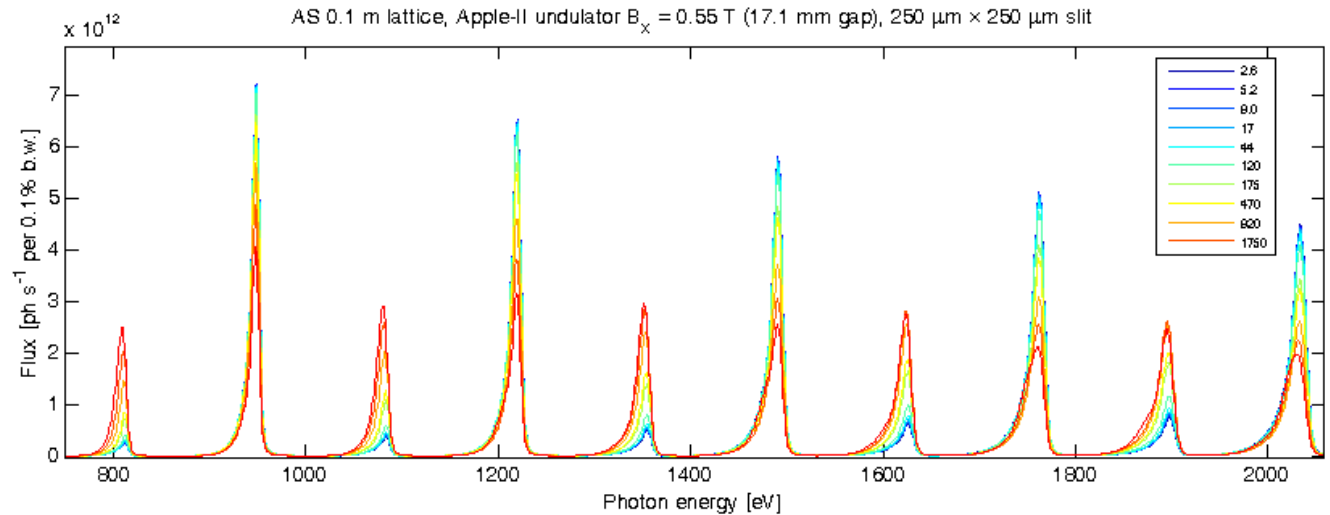
Flux ratio

$$F_{n-1} / F_n$$

F_6

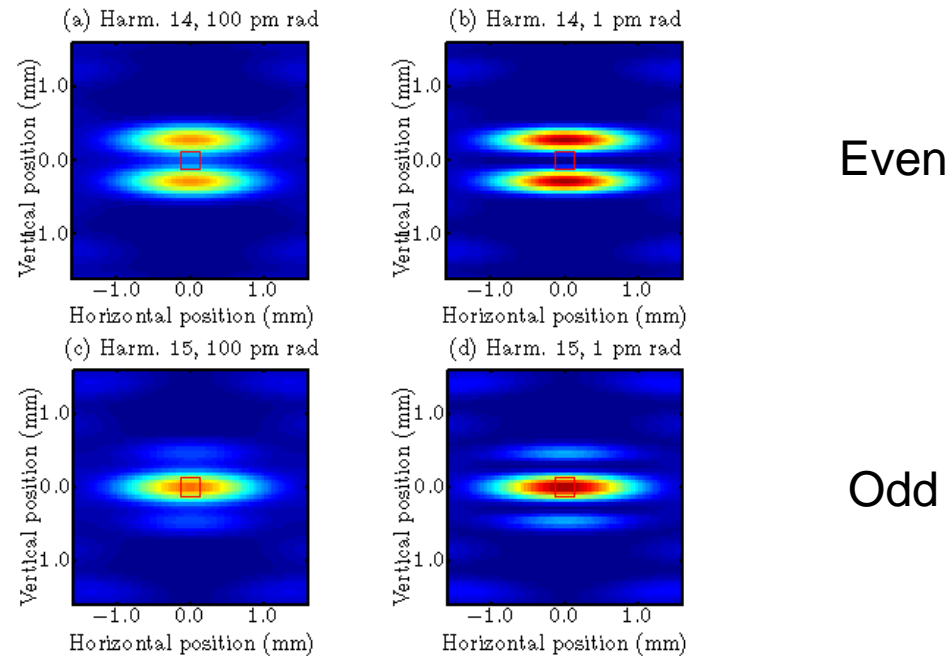


- Modelled



K.P. Wootton, M.J. Boland, R. Dowd, Y.-R.E.Tan, B.C.C. Cowie, Y. Papaphilippou, G.N. Taylor, R.P. Rassool
'Observation of picometer vertical emittance with a vertical undulator' Phys. Rev. Lett. (in press).

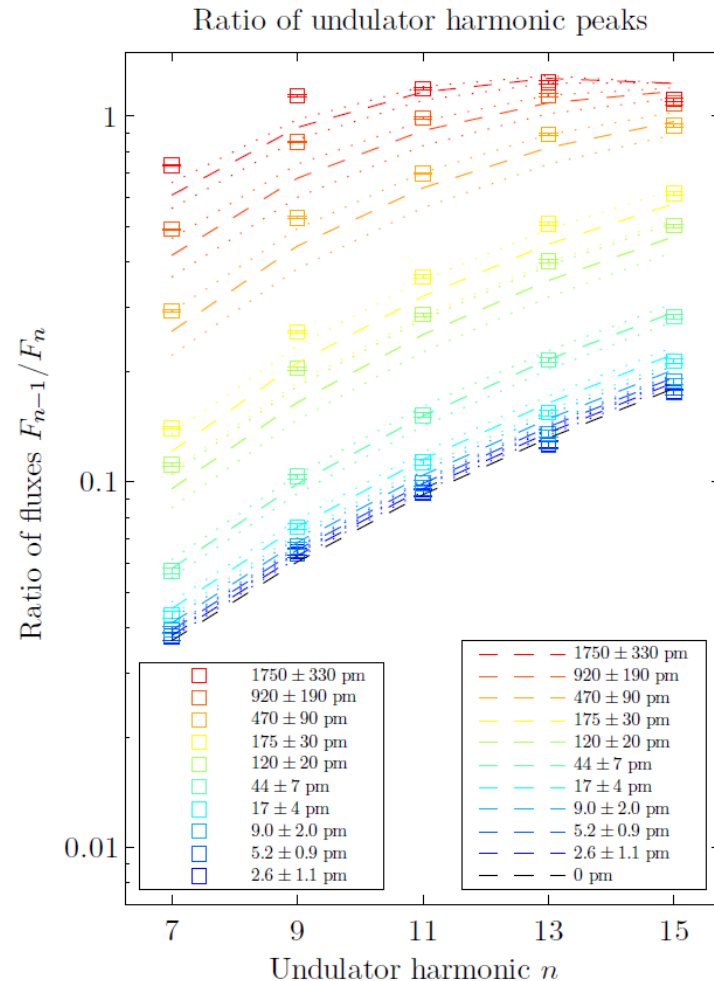
Vertical undulator



Undulator
25 periods
75 mm period
K = 3.85

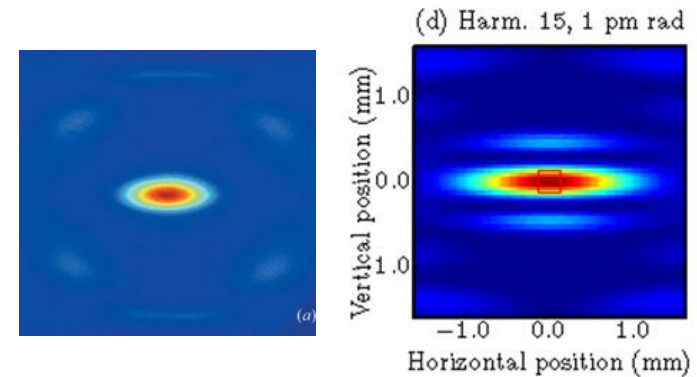
Electron beam
 $\varepsilon_x = 10 \text{ nm}$
 $\varepsilon_y = 100 \text{ pm}$
 $\sigma_E = 0.11\%$

- Measured ratio of adjacent peaks
- F_{n-1}/F_n
- Fitted envelopes of emittance
 - Fitted pinhole size of $260 \times 260 \mu\text{m}^2$
 - χ^2 minimisation using Matlab and SPECTRA 9.0
- 0 pm rad
 - Ratio is non-zero



K.P. Wootton, M.J. Boland, R. Dowd, Y.-R.E.Tan, B.C.C. Cowie, Y. Papaphilippou, G.N. Taylor, R.P. Rassool
 ‘Observation of picometer vertical emittance with a vertical undulator’ Phys. Rev. Lett. (in press).

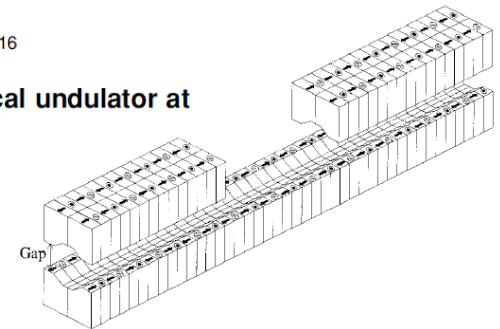
- Fixed pinhole diameter
- SOLEIL DiagOn (fixed energy 367.5 eV)
- SPring-8 BL45XU (vertical IVU)
- Higher undulator K
- Rejection of horizontal polarisation
- 1.5 GeV for IBS



Moreno JSR, 19 179-84 (2012)

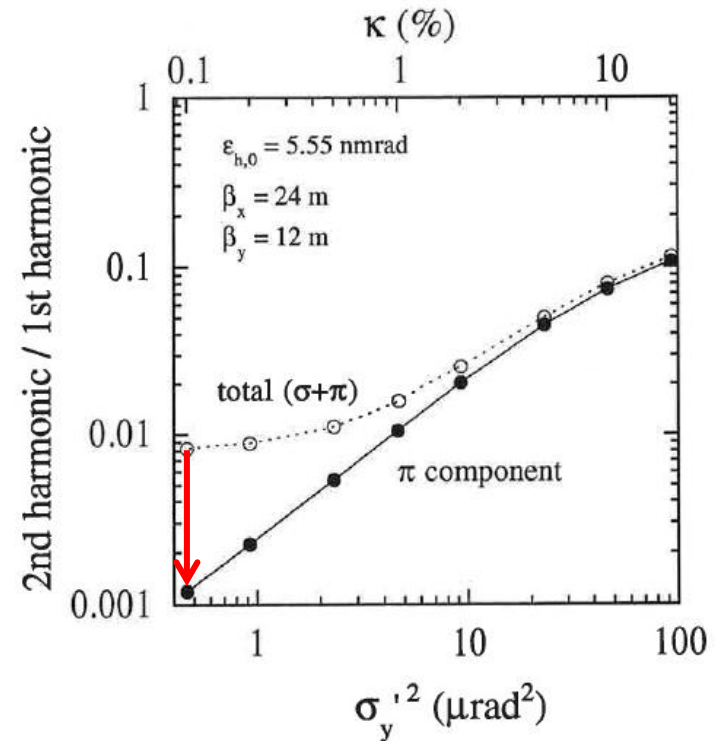
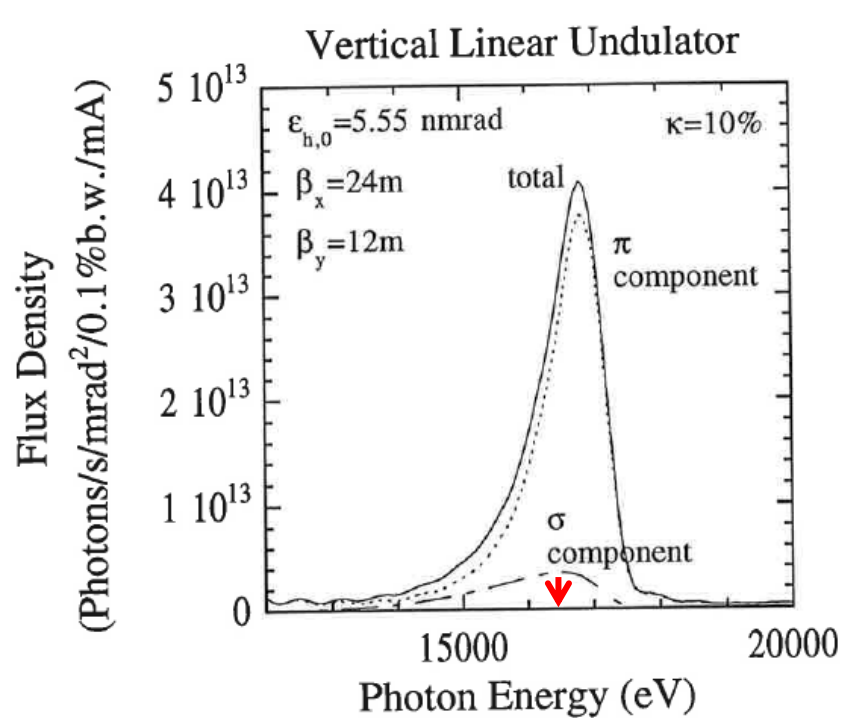
J. Synchrotron Rad. (1998). 5, 414–416

Construction of a vertical undulator at SPring-8



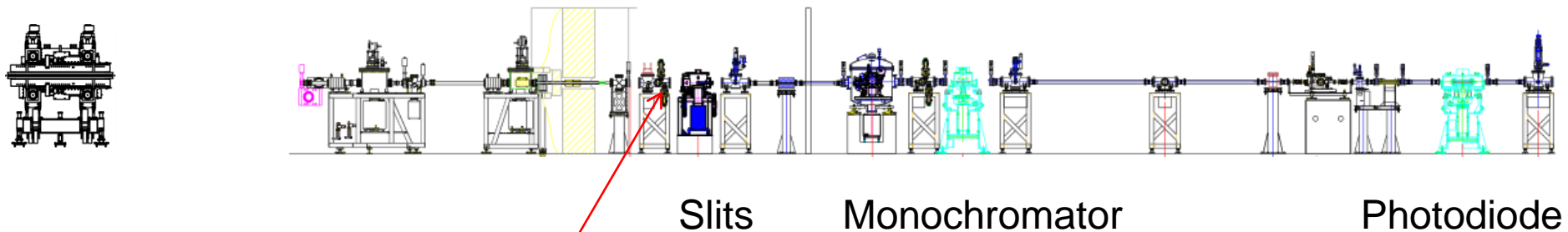
Tanaka JSR 5, 414 (1998)

Rejection of horizontal polarisation



S. Takano, EMIT' 97, KEK Proceedings 97-20 (1997)

- Looking for beamlines!
- APPLE-II or vertical undulator (EM-EPU?)
- High undulator K (4?), lots of harmonics
- White beam slits first optical element
- All focussing, monochromator downstream
- Rejection of horizontal polarisation a plus



Would like a
pinhole we can
scan vertically

Interested?
k.wootton@student.unimelb.edu.au

- Undulator measurement of emittance is an old technique
 - Usually use horizontal undulator, horizontal emittance
 - Introduce vertical undulator, vertical emittance
- Measure pinhole spectra for different emittances
 - Pinhole much smaller than $1/\gamma$ undulator cone.
- Evaluate ratios of adjacent harmonics
 - Simulations of undulator flux
 - Knowing pinhole size, would fit for beam emittance
- New vertical emittance measurement for many electron storage rings



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- Bakeman, et al., PAC 2009, WE6RFP074
- Bakeman, et al., PAC 2011, MOP161
- Cowie, et al., AIP Conf. Proc. 1234, 307 (2010)
- Dattoli PRE 52(6) 6809-17 (1995)
- Hahn JSR 4, 1-5 (1997)
- Krumrey, Tegeler Rev Sci Instrum 63 (1), 797 (1992)
- Moreno JSR, 19 179-84 (2012)
- Sasaki, NIM:A 347, 83 (1994)
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- Takano (1997) 'On Emittance diagnostics of electron beam by observing synchrotron radiation from a vertical undulator'. KEK Proceedings 97-20.
- Talman NIM:A 489, 519 (2002)
- Tanaka, et al., JSR 5, 414 (1998)
- Tanaka & Kitamura, JSR 8 1221 (2001)
- Wootton, IBIC'12, MOCB04 (in press)
- Wootton et al. 'Observation of picometer vertical emittance with a vertical undulator' Phys. Rev. Lett. (in press) [[link](#)]