

# An improvement of strip calorimeter reconstruction

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- 15mm=3x5mm
- we use 0.5 mm thick scintillator layers to avoid detail tuning of PandoraPFA in this talk. ILD\_03\_v05+ilcsoft version v01-16

#### Energy Spectrum of 250 GeV two jets



#### Two Jet Energy Resolution depending on the jet energy



- JER is significantly improved by SSA (●→●) especially for high energy.
  - Comparison of JER between
    45 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> ECAL with SSA and
    15 x 15 mm<sup>2</sup> ECAL ( ●→ ●)
    shows also good performance of SSA.
  - Performance of 45 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> ECAL with SSA is close to that of 5 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> ECAL (  $\circ \rightarrow \circ$  ).
- Still a room to be improved

#### More improvement 45 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> + 5 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> alternate



Configuration of (45x5 + 5x5)mm<sup>2</sup>; tile-stripX-tile-stripZ-... all layers are scintillator sensors

- One of the reason of degrading JER with strip ECAL + SSA comes from the two fold ambiguity (ghost).
- Easiest way to avoid this phenomenon is to put 5 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> segmentation layers in between strip layers.
  - The 5 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> layers between strip layers improve JER well.
  - but 5 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> is difficult:
    - → use Si-layers for 5 x 5  $mm^2$
  - → use  $10 \times 10$  or  $15 \times 15$  mm<sup>2</sup> cells with a special algorithm.

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## How to use 15 x 15 mm<sup>2</sup> tile layers

In case we use 5 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> tile scintillator, every strip energy is split into the virtual 5 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> cells, by referring 5 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> cells in the nearest layers.

we do not use the merit of this location of layers.







also OK, but this means that we lose some information.

1st step: tile hits are split by referring strip hits

2nd step: strip hits are split by referring virtual tile hits



## **Ghost rejection and Separation**



#### # of photons are improved. ghosts are prevented.

 $\mu$ - $\gamma$  separation on barrel 500 GeV, 10 GeV Ratio <u>></u> one photon events (%) 100 80 60 40 ScECAL 5mm x 5mm ScECAL 45mm x 5mm SSAv2 20 ScECAL 45mm x 5mm SSA 0<sup>L</sup> 20 30 40 50 10 60

#### **Distance** $\mu$ **-photon** (mm)

Every method has 20 mm separation. SSA2 does not improve SSA.

Separation power is controlled<br/>width of 45 x 5 mm strips.7

### JER(100GeV)-strip length



- 30 mm long with SSAv2 is good choice(?)
- We even can make fiber ECAL(?)
  - Fiber scintillator is technologically realistic. ECFA LCWS2013 KK & TT

#### JER with 45 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> + 15 x 15 mm<sup>2</sup> alternate



JER is improved especially up to 200 GeV

effect decreases as jet energy increases.

10 x 10 mm<sup>2</sup> tile layers can be expected to make more effective improvement

#### Pandora PFA tune for 5x5mm<sup>2</sup> ScECAL



#### Applying to the strip HCAL An event of 100 GeV muon without SSA



#### 10 mm x 90 mm strips in HCAL. ECFA LCWS2013 KK & TT

## Application to the strip HCAL Clear muon track in HCAL appears with SSA



#### 10 mm x 90 mm strips in HCAL. ECFA LCWS2013 KK & TT

## We need some tunes for 10 x 10 mm<sup>2</sup> tile HCAL

ECAL : ILD SiECAL 100 GeV uds two jets were injected.

Even after calibration with 10 GeV photon and 10 GeV kaon, Jet energy resolution by our 10x10 mm<sup>2</sup> tile AHCAL has degradation from the default ILD\_o1\_V5(DBD version: 30 x 30 mm<sup>2</sup> tile AHCAL).

Our 30 x 30 mm<sup>2</sup> model by using the same way to make 10 x 10 mm<sup>2</sup> has similar JER to the default HCAL. .... This means that we need some PandoraPFA tune for 10 x 10 mm<sup>2</sup> tile HCAL.

pfoEnergyTotal {180<pfoEnergyTotal&&pfoEnergyTotal<220}



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## uds 100 GeV JER with 10 mm width scintillator strip HCAL

Despite the problem of degrading with 10 mm x 10 mm scintillator strip HCAL, once we tried to measure JER of 100 GeV uds jets changing the length of strips. Strip width is 10 mm or 30 mm.

So far, there is no discrepancy between w/ SSA and w/o SSA, or rather degradation with SSA for 10 mm width strip HCAL ( • , • ).

Surprisingly, JER is not so degraded with 30 x 60 mm<sup>2</sup> strip and  $30 \times 90 \text{ mm}^2$  strip HCAL even w/o SSA (  $\bigcirc$  ).



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#### Summary

- 1. With alternate strip and 5 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> square layers, jet energy resolution is almost the same as we use pure
- 5 x 5 mm<sup>2</sup> square SCECAL.
  2. With alternate strip and 15 x 15 mm<sup>2</sup> square layers, jet energy resolution is improved by using new split procedure.
  - power, but does not improve separation power.
  - 4. SSA was applied to the strip AHCAL.
- scHCAI 5. In current step PandoraPFA tune is more important than the granularity of HCAL.
  - $\rightarrow$  need better tuning of the PandoraPFA,
  - severer test condition



#### Plan:

- Study on alternate strip and 10 x 10 mm<sup>2</sup> tile cell layers.
- Study on alternate fiber scintillator layers (2 mm x 180 mm) with tile scintillator layers.
- 3. Study with severer conditions, for example more multiple jets events
- 4. PandoraPFA tune according to the John's method,
- 5. Test strip AHCAL with severer conditions.

#### Backup

## A famous plot in the LOI (this is the reason why AHCAL tiles: 30 x 30 mm<sup>2</sup>)

100 GeV Jets have a room to make evaluation to use 10 mm x 10 mm segmentation, so I will show the case we use 100 GeV uds jet events to evaluate the performance.





















