

Overview of enhancement cavity work at LAL/Orsay

INTRO:

- Optical cavity developments at LAL
- Results on optical cavity in picosecond regime
- Polarised positron source R&D effort
- Developments for compact Compton X-ray source (ThomX)

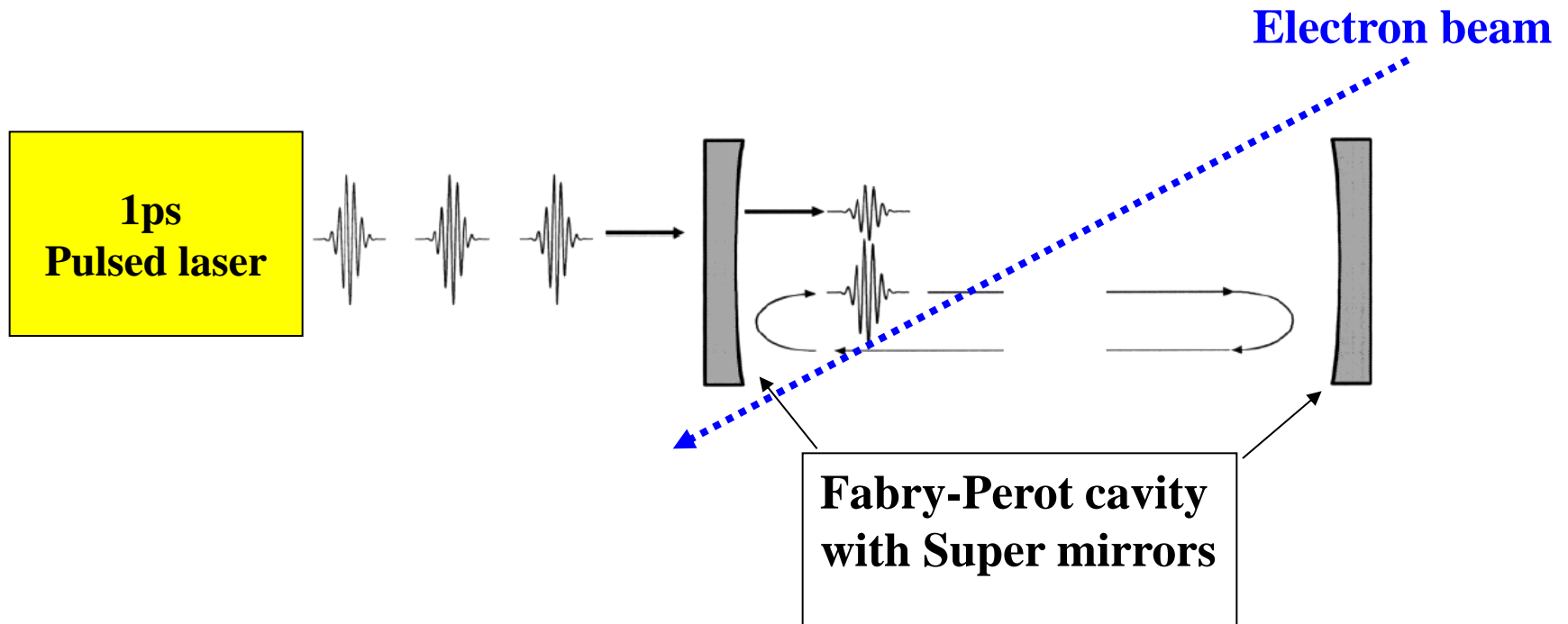
Introduction

- Instrumentation developments around laser-electron beam interaction at LAL since ~2000 (accelerator physics applications)
 - 2000: cw 30000 cavity finesse for the 30GeV electron beam at HERA/DESY (Coll. DESY, CEA)
 - ~2005 we started an R&D on Optical cavities in picosecond regime for a polarised positron source
 - 2006: start collaboration with ATF group of KEK
 - 2008: optical cavity for gamma-ray production on ATF/KEK
 - Coll. CELIA/KEK/LMA
 - 2011: optical cavity for X-ray production for the equipex ThomX/LAL

High Finesse Fabry-Perot cavity in 2ps & 200fs regime

Experiments at LAL
with E. Cormier & K. Osvay

Fabry-Perot cavity in pulsed regime

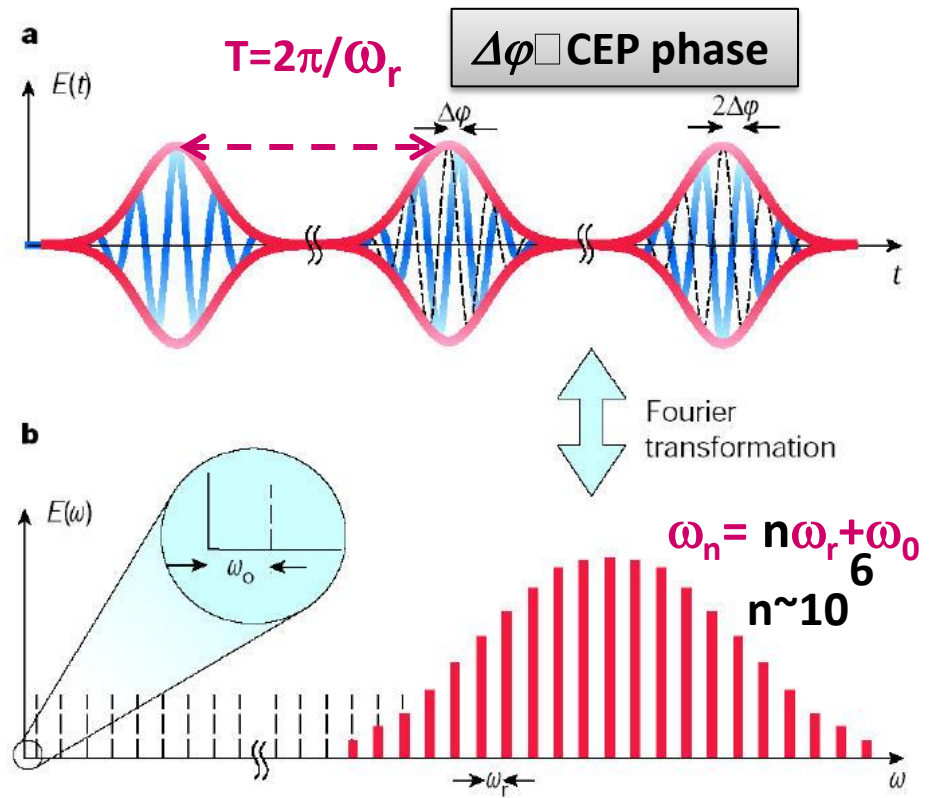


Pulsed_laser/cavity feedback technique

Specificity → properties of passive mode locked laser beams

Frequency comb → all the comb must be locked to the cavity

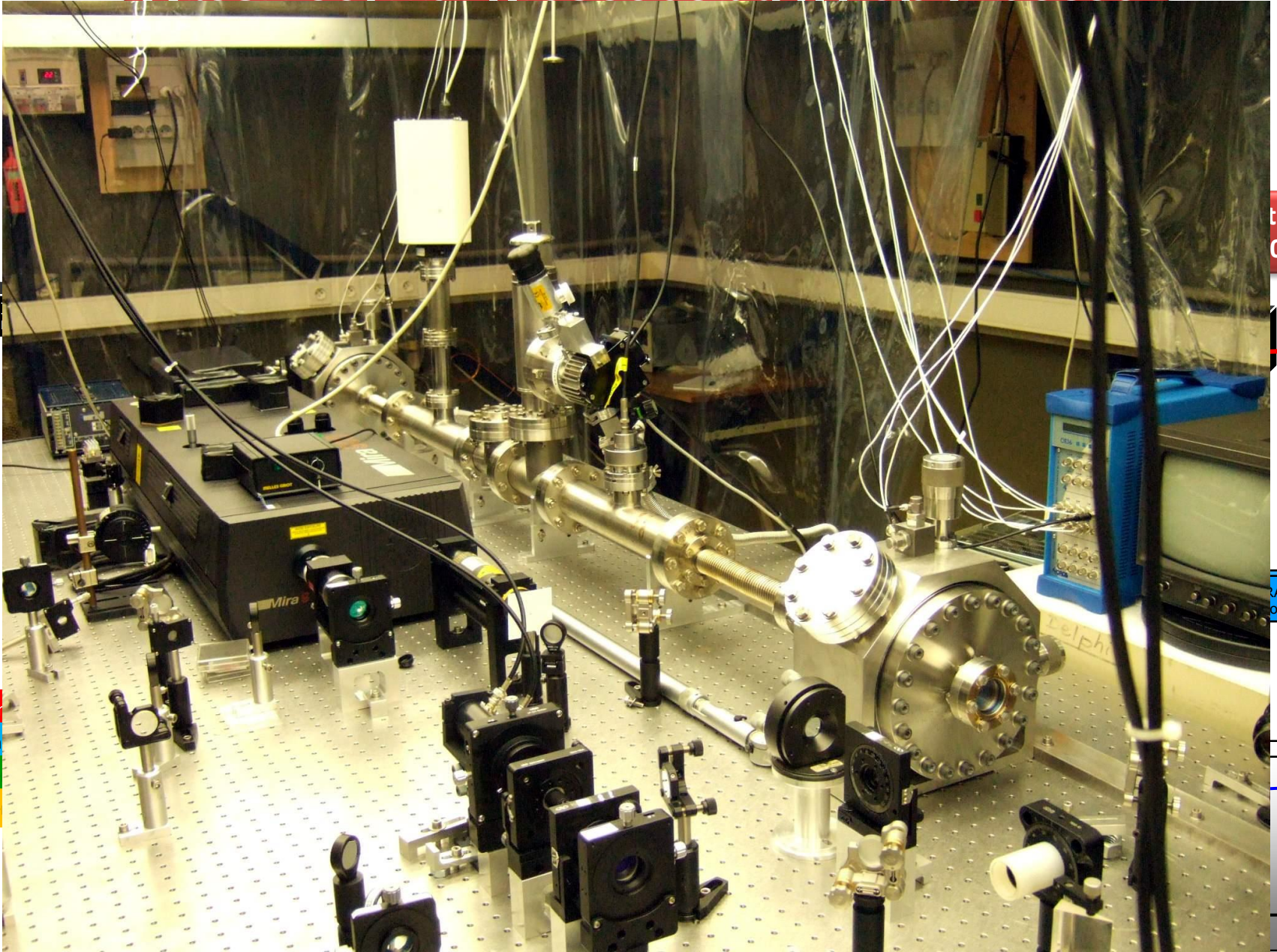
→ Feedback with 2 degrees of freedom :
control of the Dilatation (frep) & translation (CEP phase)



T. Udem et al. Nature 416 (2002) 233

State of the art (Garching MPI) : ~70kW, 2ps pulses @78MHz, stored in a 6000 finesse cavity (O.L.35(2010)2052)
 ~20kW, 200fs pulses @78MHz

Optical Diagnostics Unit



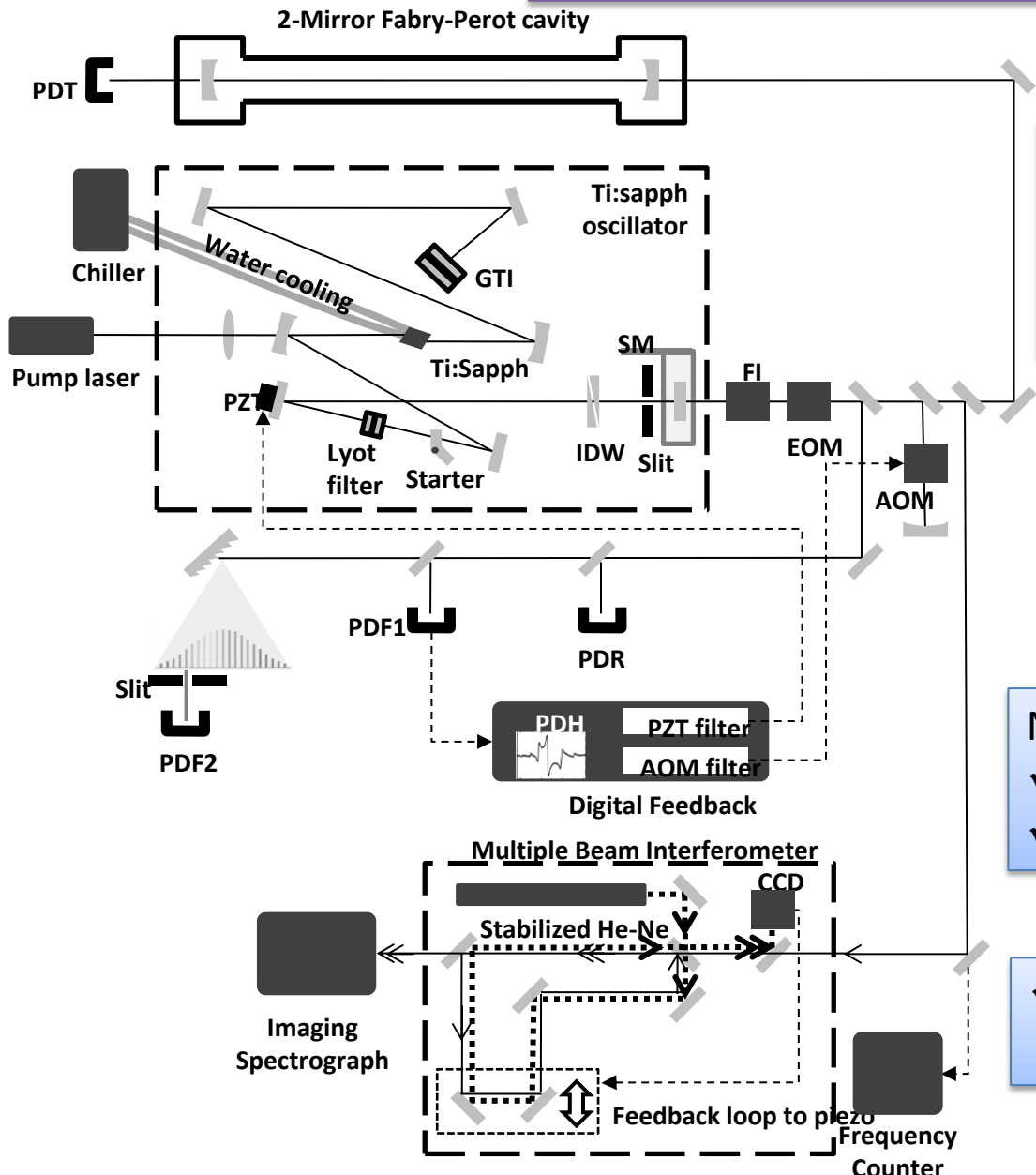
VERD
532

Pour
Tran
Lase
Lase

at cavity
0



CEP effects measurement in picosecond/high finesse regime
 CELIA, LAL, SZEGED Univ.



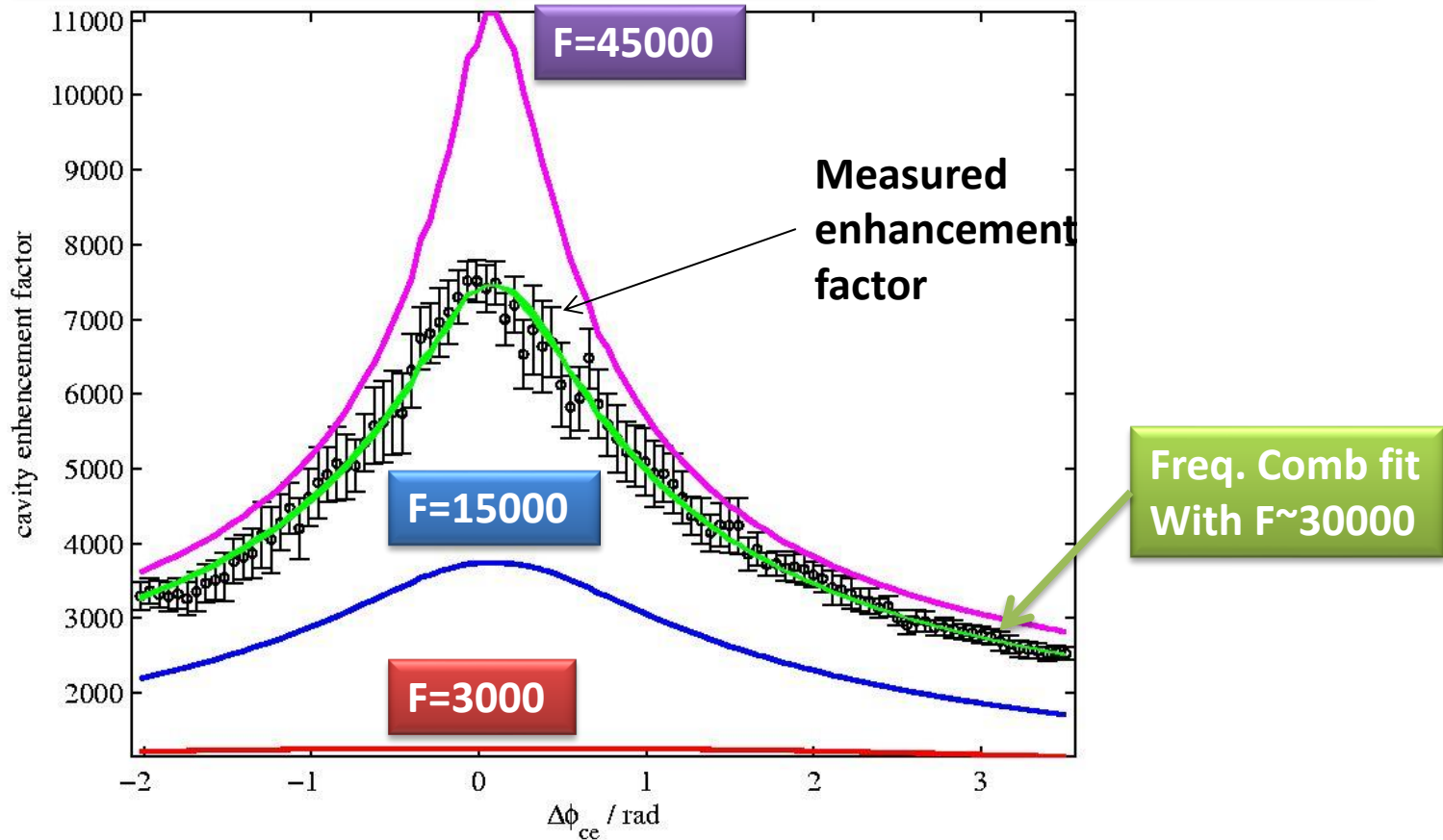
✓ 2ps Ti:Sapph (75MHz) Locked to a ~30000 finesse cavity
 ✓ No control of the CEP drift in the feedback loop

Numerical feedback loop
 ✓ BW=100-200kHz
 ✓ BW ~1MHz under development

✓ CEP measured with Karoly's interferometer

Variation of the pump power

- laser/cavity coupling measurement → effective enhancement factor
- CEP measurement



- 60% enhancement factor variation if CEP phase $\square [0, 2\pi]$ for 2ps & ~ 30000 Finesse
- CEP phase must be also controled in high Finesse/picosecond regime
- Feedback loop BW must be $> 200\text{kHz}$ (on F_{rep} at least)

Same experiment with Yb fiber laser at Orsay (8nm spectrum)

4 mirror non planar cavity

Fiber yb laser



Cavity mirrors: $T \sim 20\text{ppm}$

→ Finesse ~ 25000

Fiber laser

→ frequency noise issues

→ feedback bandwidth $> 1\text{MHz}$

Very stable laser/cavity Locking

'Secondhand' vacuum vessel

→ We had dust issued

→ laser/cavity coupling $\sim 50\%$

(→ Net power gain $\sim 7500 * 50\%$)

Next week:

→ new mirrors $T \sim 8\text{ppm}$ (→ $F \sim 43000$)

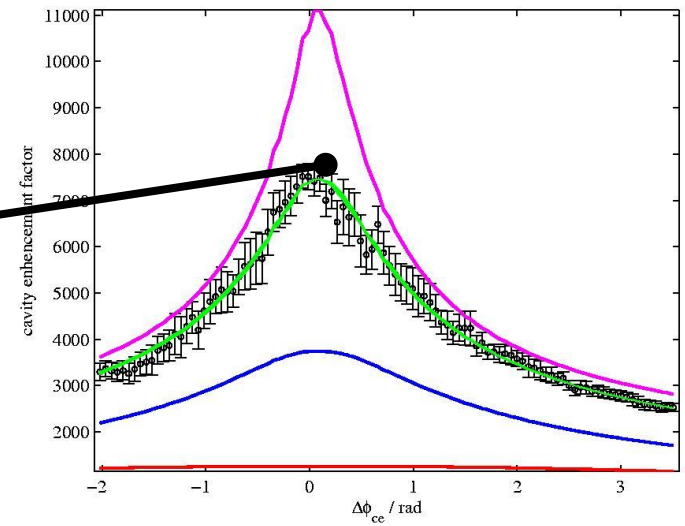
→ fiber amplifier (CELIA) : 50W

Summer 2013

→ installation of ATF at KEK

Towards 1 MW average power

$G = 10000$



150 W fiber laser
CELIA



$F = 30\,000$
FP cavity
LAL



Stored average power of 100 kW to 1 MW

Polarised positron source

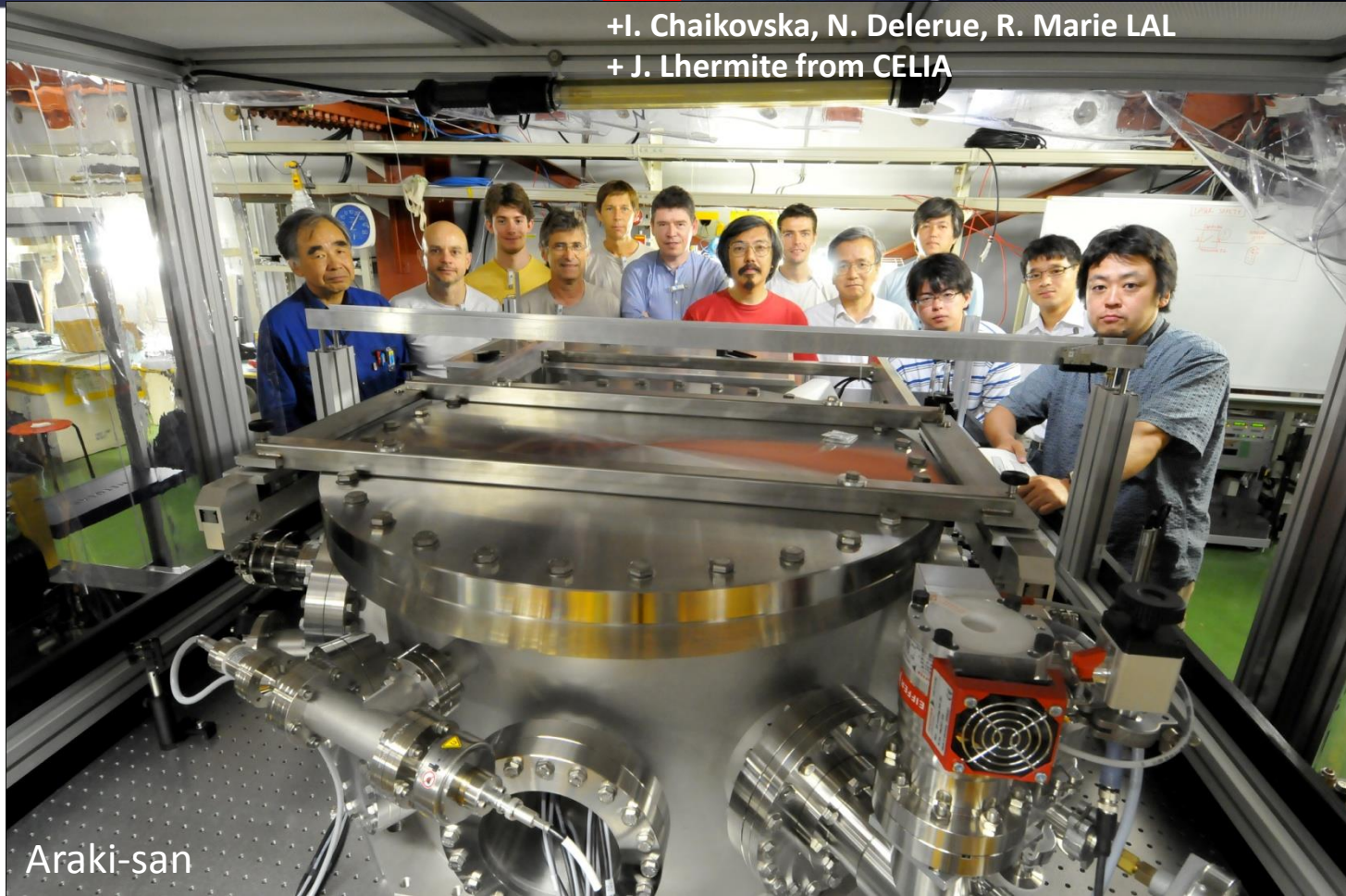
Experiment at KEK

Collaboration with ATF/KEK and CELIA
to provide Yb fibre amplifier
(10W → 60W average power)

KEK cavity French Japanese Collaboration

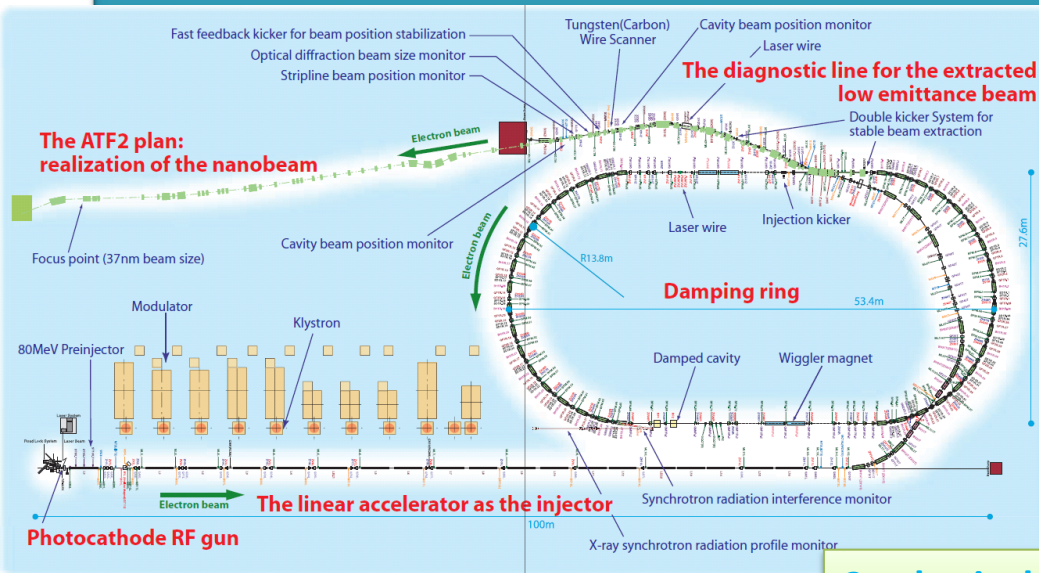
F. Labaye, E. Cormier, CELIA CNRS Université Bordeaux I, Bordeaux, France
T. Akagai, S. Miyosohi, S. Nagata, T. Takahashi, Hishoshima University, Hiroshima, Japan
S. Araki, S. Funahashi, Y. Honda, T. Omori, H. Shimizu, T. Terunuma, J. Urakawa, KEK, Tsukuba, Japan
J. Bonis, R. Chiche, R. Cizeron, M. Cohen, J. Colin, E. Cormier, P. Cornebise, D. Jehanno, F. Labaye, M. Lacroix,
Y. Peinaud, V. Soskov, A. Variola, F. Zomer, LAL CNRS/IN2P3 Université Paris-Sud 11, Orsay, France
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+I. Chaikovska, N. Delerue, R. Marie LAL
+ J. Lhermite from CELIA

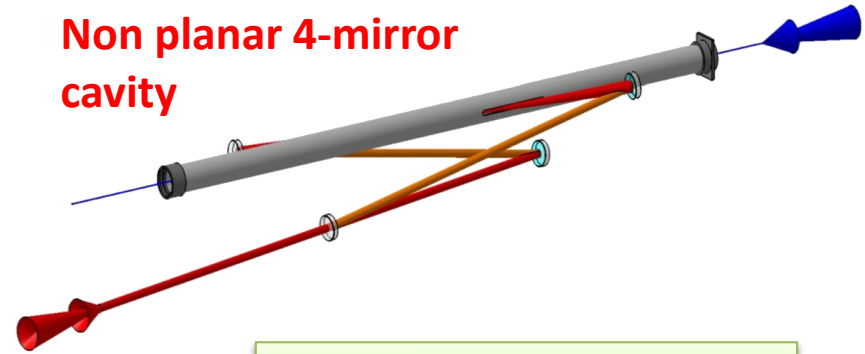


Araki-san

Results at KEK

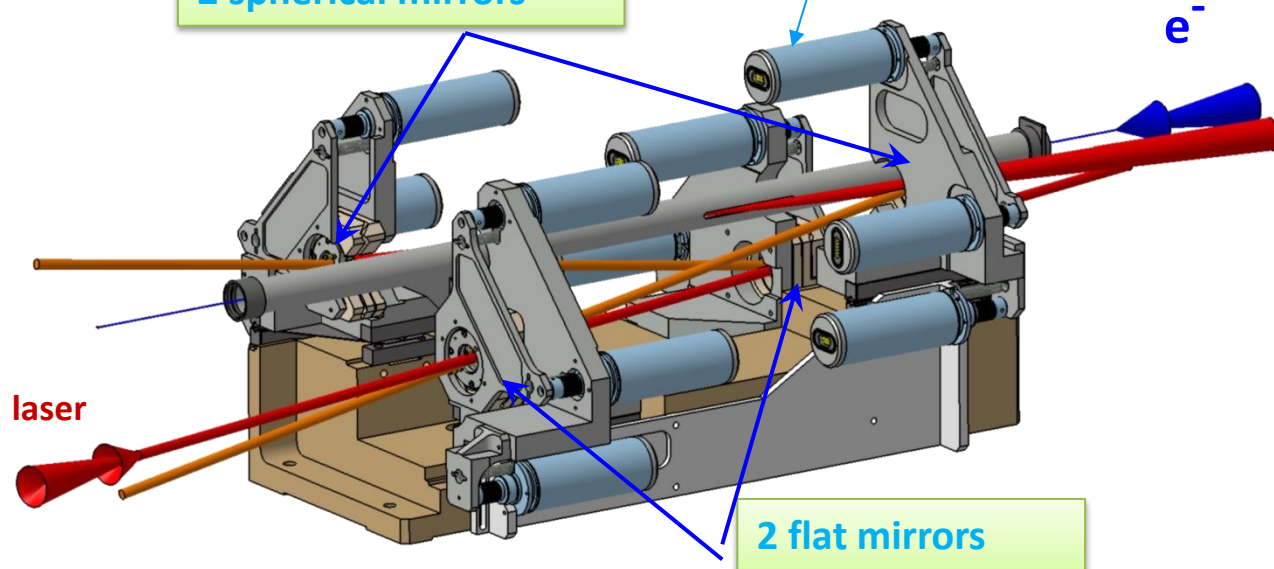


Non planar 4-mirror cavity



12 encapsulated Motors

2 spherical mirrors



mechanical stability

→ **4-mirror cavity**

circularly polarised eigenmodes

→ **Non-planar geometry**

2 flat mirrors



Four mirror non-planar cavity

Results before the earthquake

- ✓ Finesse 3000 & 10W incident laser power
- ✓ Detection of ~ 30 MeV gamma-rays

Re installation during summer 2013

New fiber Laser

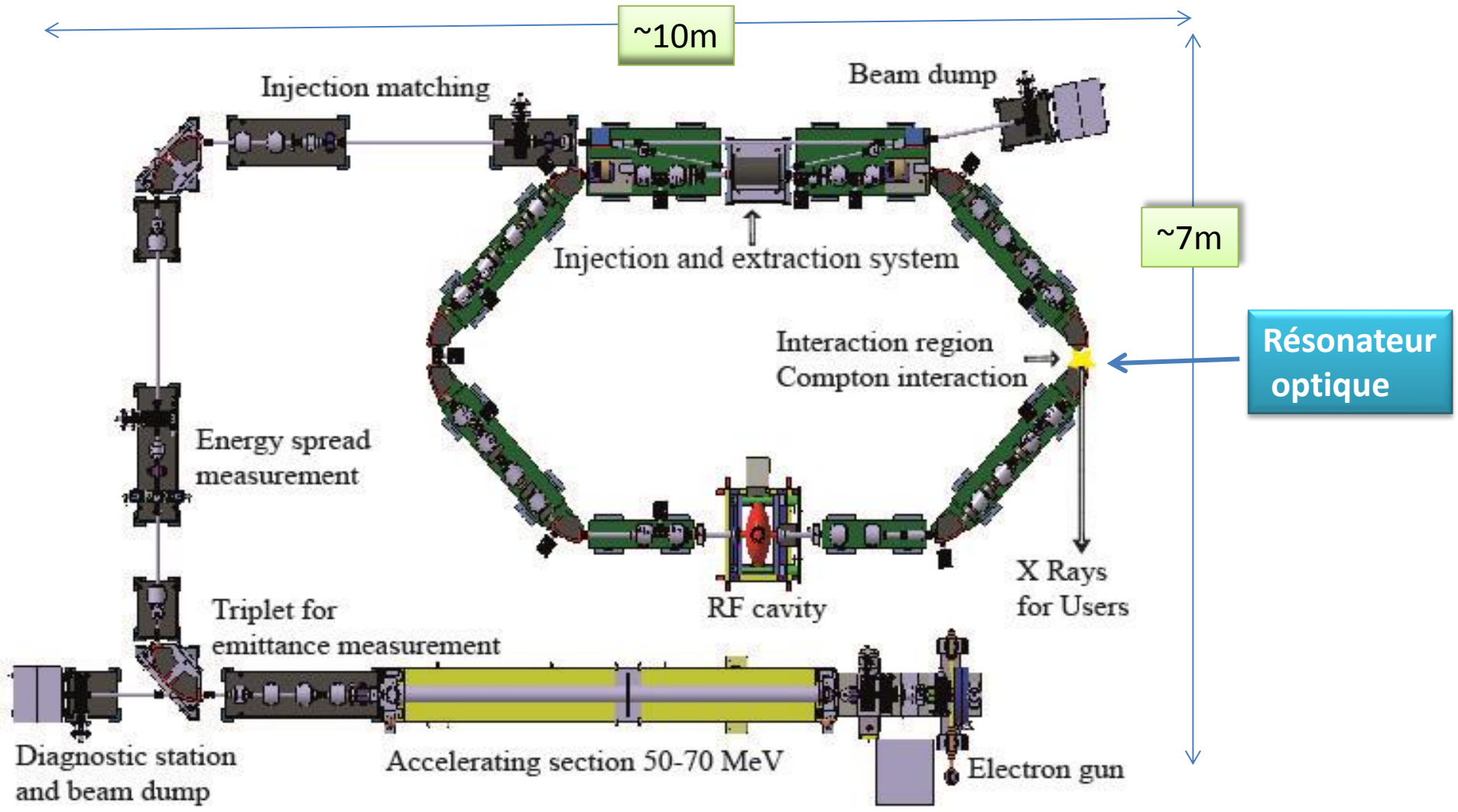
- Cavity Finesse 25000 \rightarrow 45000
- Laser power 50W \rightarrow 100W



Monochromatic X-ray source ThomX

Experiment at Orsay
CELIA in charge of high average
power amplifier

ThomX



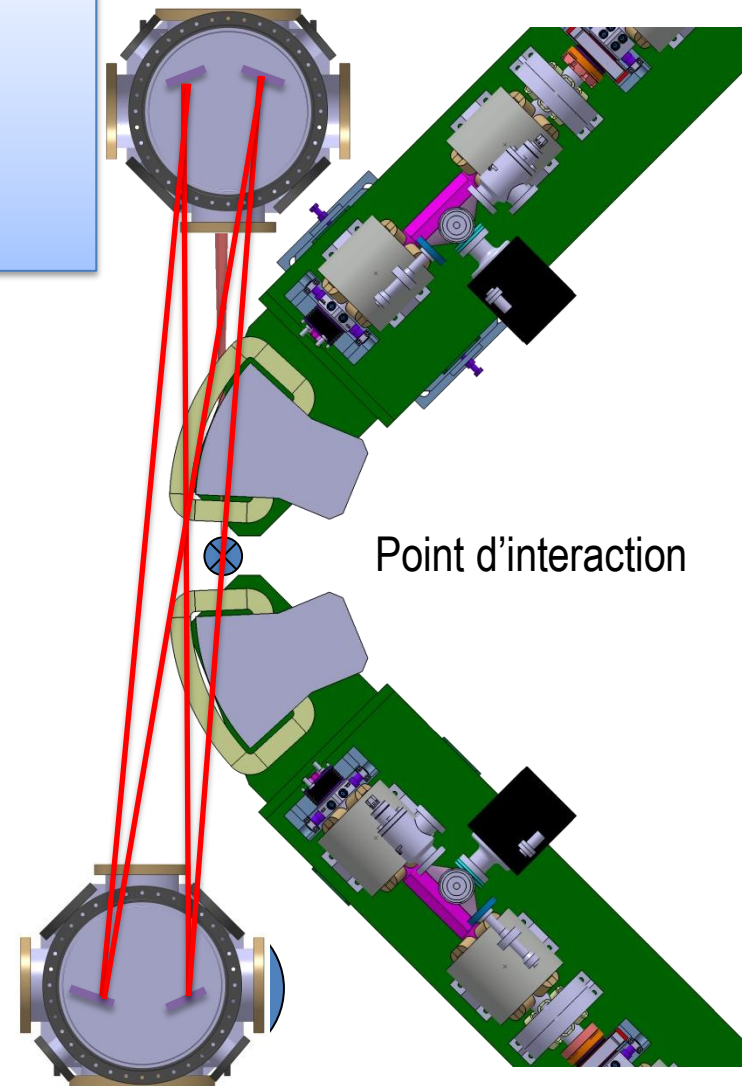
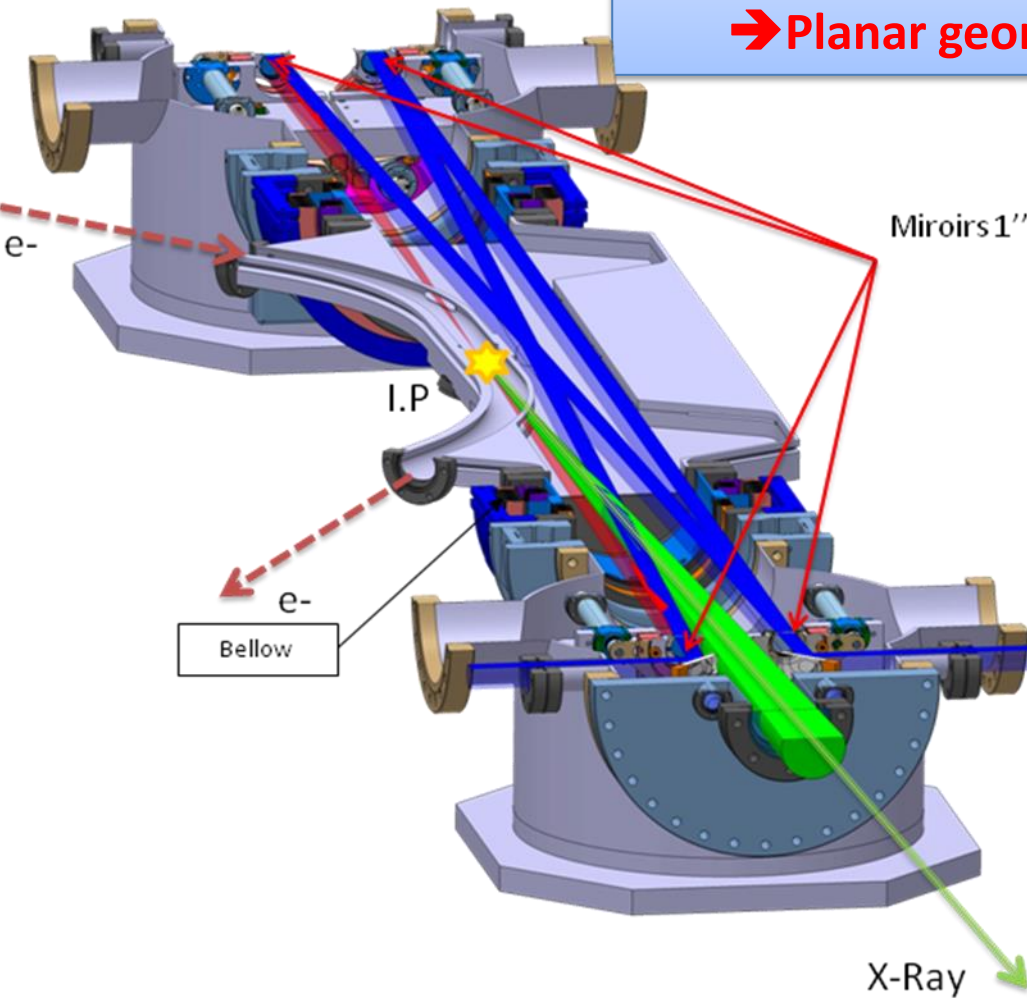
Geometry for ThomX

Mechanical stability

→ 4-mirror cavity

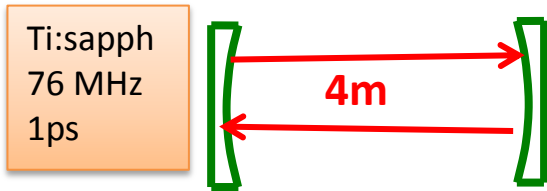
Linear polarised modes

→ Planar geometry



Summary

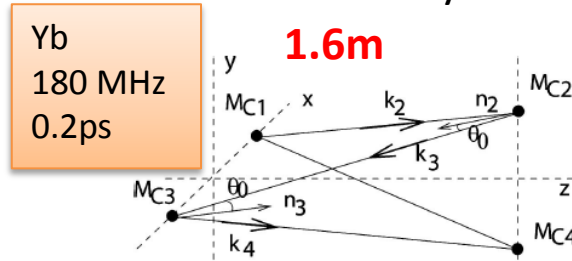
ORSAY



Achieved

Gain~10000
Laser coupling ~80%
Low laser power <1W

KEK cavity



Achieved at ATF in 2011-2012

Gain~1000
Laser coupling ~60%
laser 10W-50W
Laser amplification stability

Achieved at Orsay with new laser

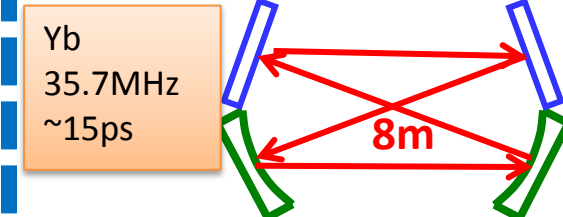
Finesse 25000
Coupling ~50%
Laser power<100mW

Immediate improvement

Finesse 43000
Coupling >50%
Laser power>50W

→ **Expected** stored power>300kW

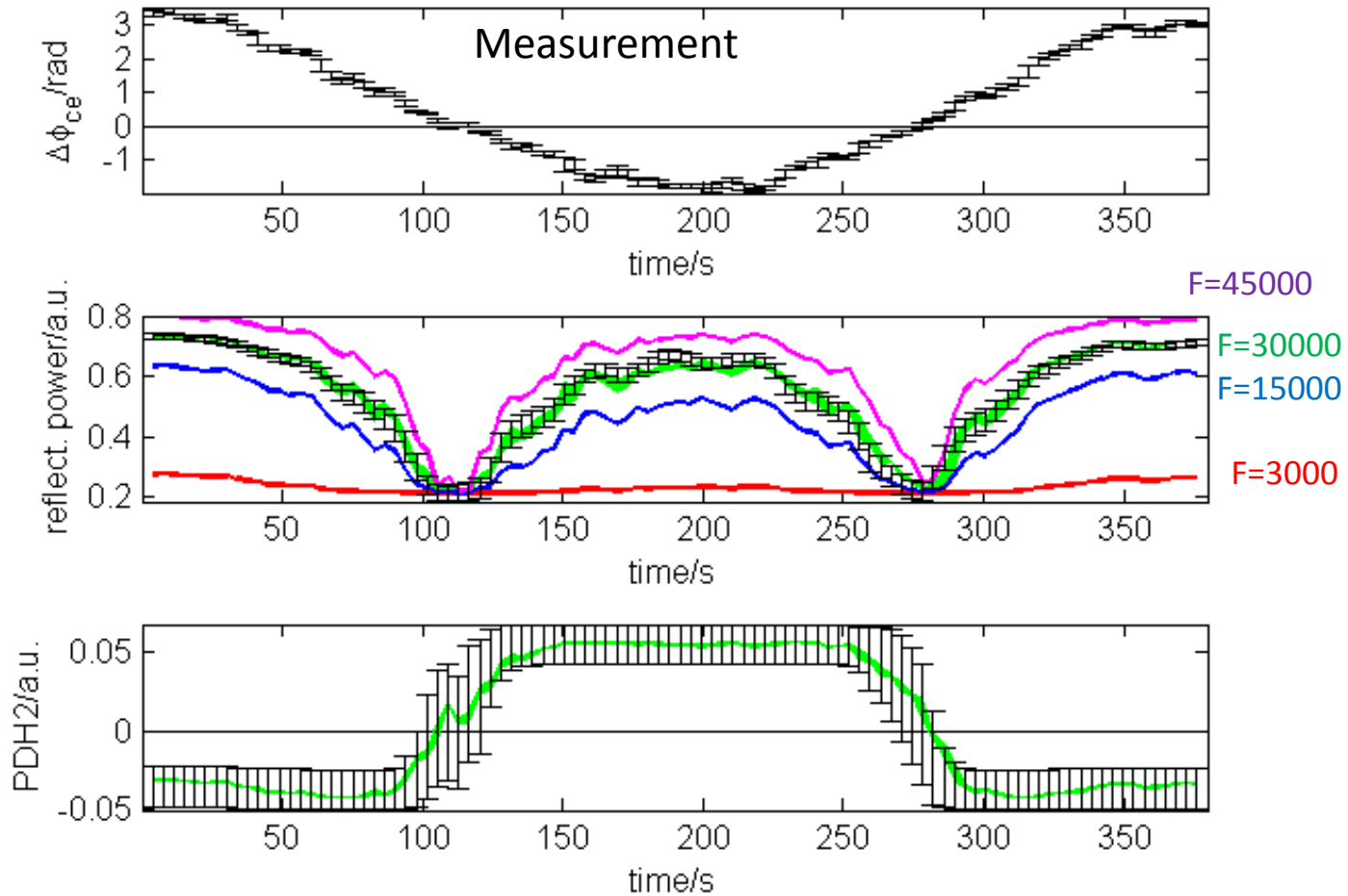
ThomX



Foreseen end 2013-2014

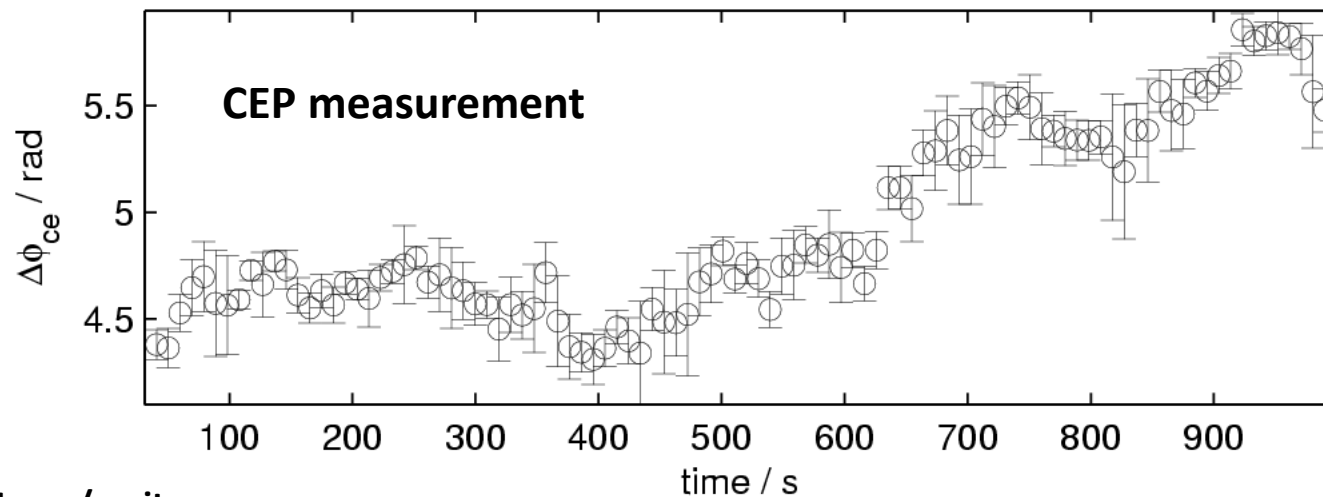
Gain ~10000
Laser coupling ~80%
Laser power 50-100W
→ 400kW

results

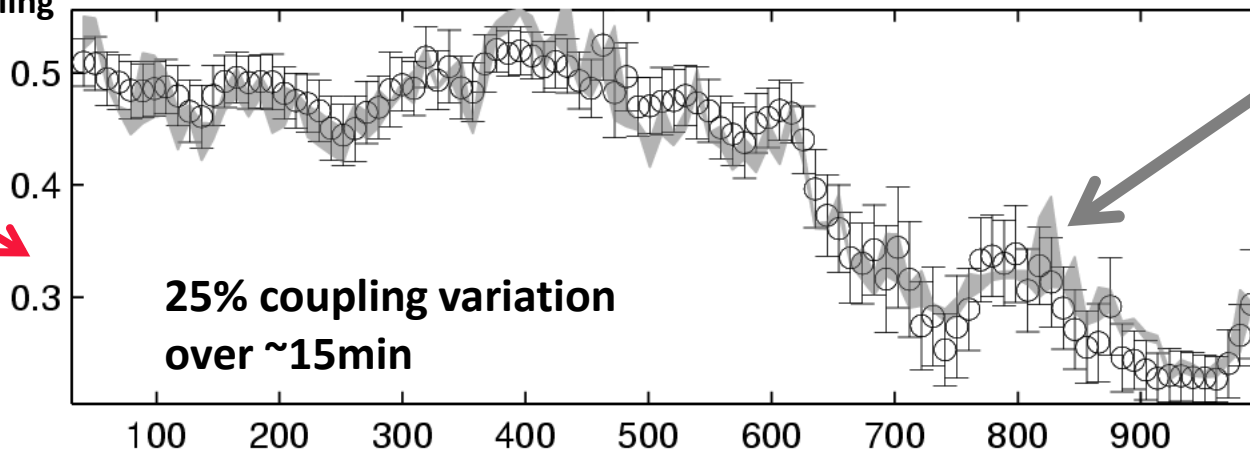


**Only 3 free parameters in the fit:
a normalisation factor, an offset and the Finesse**

**We observed strong free running laser/cavity coupling variations
(Finesse~30000)**



**Laser/cavity
coupling**



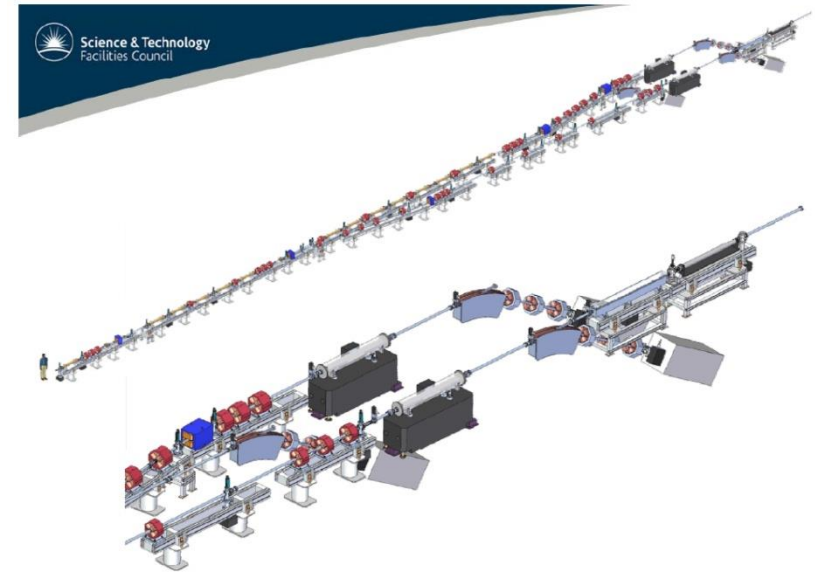
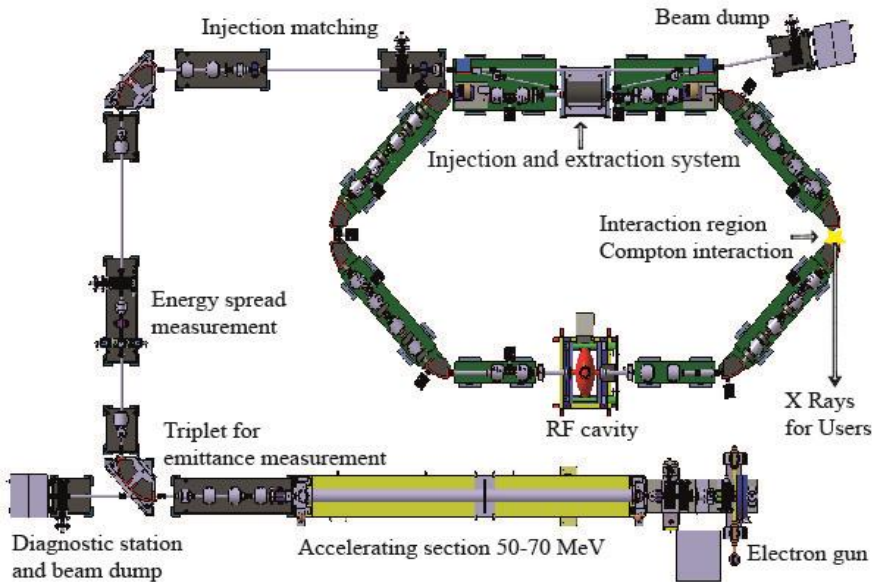
**Fit:
Frequency comb
+ $\Delta\phi_{ce}$ variations**

**Only 3 free
parameters in
the fit:
a normalisation,
an offset
the Finesse**

A technological issue: huge requested laser power

Priority : High X/g ray Flux
(spectral purity ~few %)
→ Electron ring (ThomX)

Priority : High X/g ray spectral
purity <1% ($\phi\nu$ applications)
→ LINAC (ELI-NP)



~20MHz e-beam/laser collision frequency
→ Optical resonator to increase the laser
power
→ High cavity gain & High laser average power

~100Hz e-beam/laser collision frequency
→ Optical recirculator of a high peak power
laser pulse
→ High laser peak power & high nb of passes