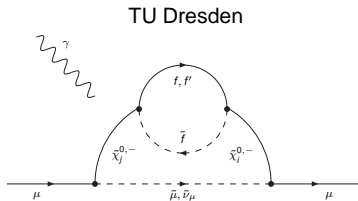


$(g - 2)_\mu$ at the two-loop level — large contributions from heavy squarks

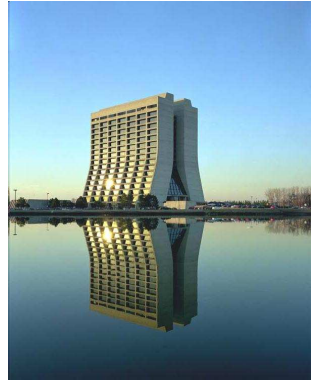
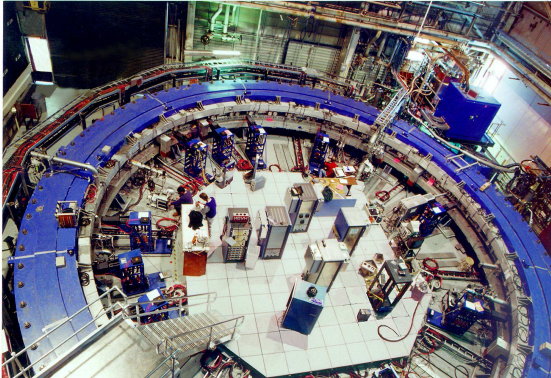
Dominik Stöckinger

with H. Fagnoli, C. Gnendiger, S. Passehr, H. Stöckinger-Kim

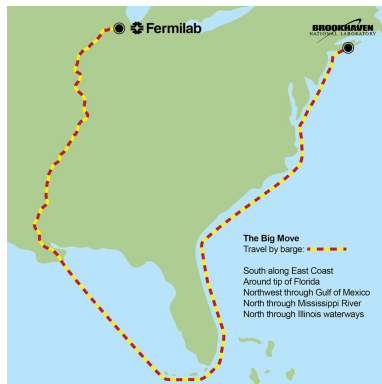


ECFA LC 2013, Hamburg

The opportunity



becomes reality



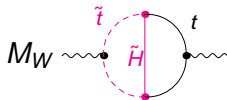
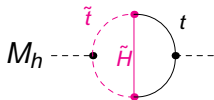
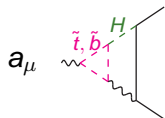
Data in 2016:

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{Exp-SM}} = 28(8) \times 10^{-10}$$
$$\rightarrow a_{\mu}^{\text{Exp-SM}} = ???(1.6)_{\text{Exp}}(3)_{\text{SM}} \times 10^{-10}$$

Outline

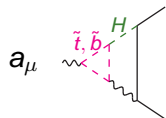
- 1 Motivation
 - $g - 2$ is complementary to LC
 - $g - 2$ is still important and can be explained by low-energy SUSY
- 2 Evaluation of $f\tilde{f}$ -loop contributions
- 3 Large numerical effects
- 4 Constraints on new physics and complementarity

Complementarity $g - 2 - LC$ precision observables



- EWPO, M_h will be measured more precisely at the LC \rightarrow test of quantum structure of SUSY models
- a_μ motivates light SUSY now — more precise measurement soon

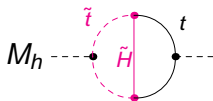
Complementarity $g - 2 - LC$ precision observables



$\mathcal{O}(\text{SM} \times \text{SUSY})$

[Heinemeyer, DS, Weiglein '03,'04]

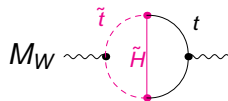
Aim: full 2-loop



$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t \alpha_{S,t})$

[FeynHiggs '98-...]

[many others]



$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t^2)$

[Haestier, Heinemeyer, DS, Weiglein '05]

[Heinemeyer, Hollik, DS, Weber, Weiglein '06]

- EWPO, M_h will be measured more precisely at the LC \rightarrow test of quantum structure of SUSY models
- a_μ motivates light SUSY now — more precise measurement soon

The tension is increasing

LHC:

$$m_{\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}} > \sim 1 \text{TeV}$$

a_μ

$$m_{\tilde{\mu}, \chi} < \sim 700 \text{GeV}$$

$$m_h = 126 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_{\tilde{t}} > \sim 1 \text{TeV}$$

finetuning

$$m_{\tilde{t}}, \mu \text{ small}$$

The tension is increasing

LHC: $m_{\tilde{q},\tilde{g}} > \sim 1\text{TeV}$	a_μ $m_{\tilde{\mu},\chi} < \sim 700\text{GeV}$
$m_h = 126\text{ GeV}$ $m_{\tilde{t}} > \sim 1\text{TeV}$	finetuning $m_{\tilde{t}}, \mu$ small

Tension motivates non-traditional models: [Endo, Hamaguchi, Ibe, Yanagida, D.P. Roy, et al]

sleptons \ll squarks [1303.4256, 1210.3122]

2nd gen \ll 3rd gen [1303.6995]

non-universal gauginos [1303.5830]

more generic gauge mediation [1201.2611]

new extra matter or $U(1)'$ (e.g. $\rightsquigarrow M_2 \ll \mu$) [1108.3071, 1112.6412]

The tension is increasing

LHC: $m_{\tilde{q},\tilde{g}} > \sim 1\text{TeV}$	a_μ $m_{\tilde{\mu},\chi} < \sim 700\text{GeV}$
$m_h = 126\text{ GeV}$ $m_{\tilde{t}} > \sim 1\text{TeV}$	finetuning $m_{\tilde{t}}, \mu$ small

Tension motivates non-traditional models: [Endo, Hamaguchi, Ibe, Yanagida, D.P. Roy, et al]

sleptons \ll squarks [1303.4256, 1210.3122]

2nd gen \ll 3rd gen [1303.6995]

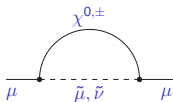
non-universal gauginos [1303.5830]

more generic gauge mediation [1201.2611]

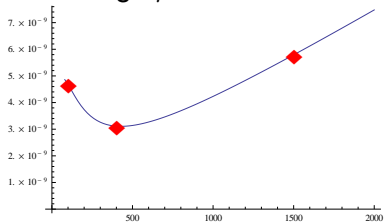
new extra matter or $U(1)'$ (e.g. $\rightsquigarrow M_2 \ll \mu$) [1108.3071, 1112.6412]

\Rightarrow split/hierarchical spectra

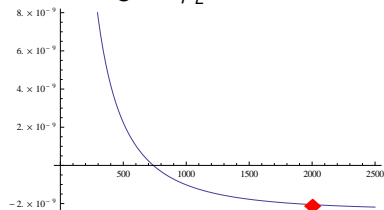
SUSY one-loop contributions



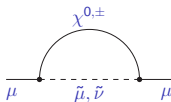
small/large μ



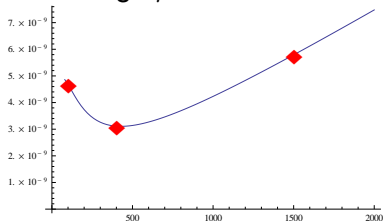
small/large $M_{\tilde{\mu}_L}$



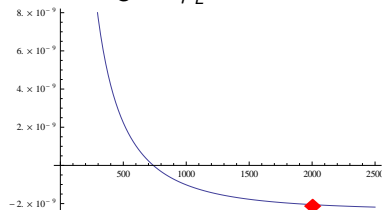
SUSY one-loop contributions



small/large μ



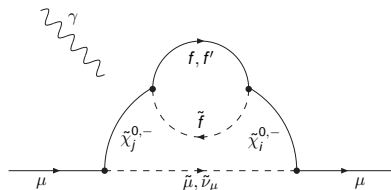
small/large $M_{\tilde{\mu}_L}$



- Current deviation $a_{\mu}^{\text{Exp-SM}} \approx 28(8) \times 10^{-10}$ important constraint on SUSY
- Motivates light SUSY particles
- Motivates split/hierarchical spectra

The new contributions

New



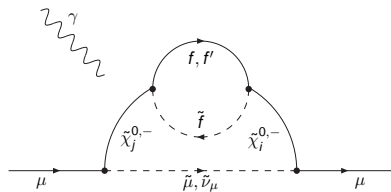
Motivation 1: Split spectra

● Questions:

- ▶ influence of light/heavy stop/sbottom masses and mixings?
- ▶ Enhancements possible?

The new contributions

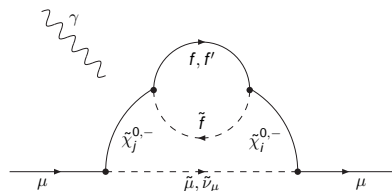
New



Motivation 2: Big step towards full two-loop calculation!

The new contributions

New

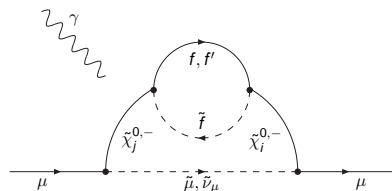


Motivation 2: Big step towards full two-loop calculation! Status before:

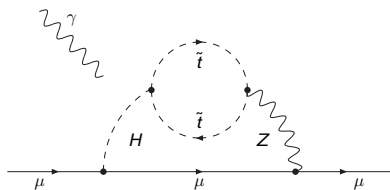
- known:
 - ▶ SUSY corrections to SM 1L diagrams [Heinemeyer, DS, Weiglein '03,'04]
 - ▶ $\tan^2 \beta$ -corrections to SUSY 1L diagrams [Marchetti, Mertens, Nierste, DS '08]
 - ▶ photonic corrections to SUSY 1L diagrams [v. Webershausen, Schäfer, Stöckinger-Kim, DS '10]
- unknown: remaining corrections to SUSY 1L diagrams
- resulting theory error $\approx 3 \times 10^{-10}$ [DS '06]

The new contributions

New



Old



Motivation 2: Big step towards full two-loop calculation! Status before:

- known:

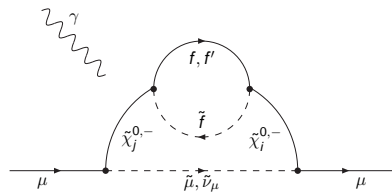
- ▶ SUSY corrections to SM 1L diagrams [Heinemeyer, DS, Weiglein '03,'04]
- ▶ $\tan^2 \beta$ -corrections to SUSY 1L diagrams [Marchetti, Mertens, Nierste, DS '08]
- ▶ photonic corrections to SUSY 1L diagrams [v. Webershausen, Schäfer, Stöckinger-Kim, DS '10]

- unknown: remaining corrections to SUSY 1L diagrams

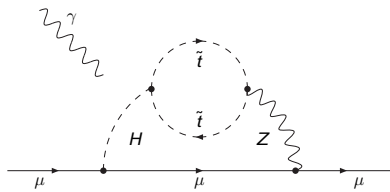
- resulting theory error $\approx 3 \times 10^{-10}$ [DS '06]

The new contributions

New



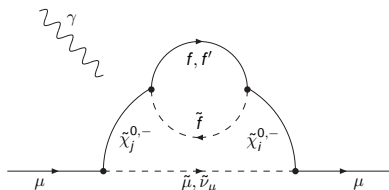
Old



Properties:

- subclass of remaining corrections to SUSY 1L diagrams
- only class with dependence on squarks
- maximum complexity: 5 different heavy masses + 2 light scales
- computed exactly, including required renormalization

Computation



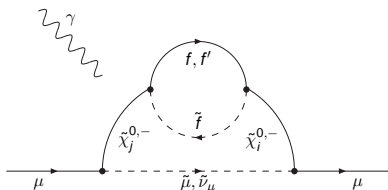
Computation 1

- “standard”
- FeynArts, TwoCalc
- projection operator
- Large mass expansion
- IBP reduction to master integrals

Computation 2

- “Barr-Zee”, “by hand”
- inner loop as integral representation
- insert into outer loop
- elegant full result

Computation



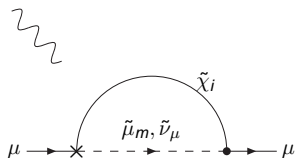
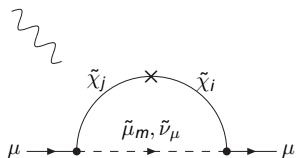
$$a_{\mu}^{ns}(i, j, \tilde{f}_k) = \int_0^1 dw \left\{ \mathcal{A}_{j\tilde{i}\tilde{k}}^{n+} \left(\tilde{\mathcal{A}}_{j\tilde{i}\tilde{k}}^{n+} \mathcal{T}_{AA}^{ns+} + \tilde{\mathcal{B}}_{j\tilde{i}\tilde{k}}^{n+} \mathcal{T}_{AB}^{ns+} \right) + \mathcal{B}_{j\tilde{i}\tilde{k}}^{n+} \left(\tilde{\mathcal{A}}_{j\tilde{i}\tilde{k}}^{n+} \mathcal{T}_{BA}^{ns+} + \tilde{\mathcal{B}}_{j\tilde{i}\tilde{k}}^{n+} \mathcal{T}_{BB}^{ns+} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \mathcal{A}_{j\tilde{i}\tilde{k}}^{n-} \left(\tilde{\mathcal{A}}_{j\tilde{i}\tilde{k}}^{n-} \mathcal{T}_{AA}^{ns-} + \tilde{\mathcal{B}}_{j\tilde{i}\tilde{k}}^{n-} \mathcal{T}_{AB}^{ns-} \right) + \mathcal{B}_{j\tilde{i}\tilde{k}}^{n-} \left(\tilde{\mathcal{A}}_{j\tilde{i}\tilde{k}}^{n-} \mathcal{T}_{BA}^{ns-} + \tilde{\mathcal{B}}_{j\tilde{i}\tilde{k}}^{n-} \mathcal{T}_{BB}^{ns-} \right) \right\}.$$

$$\mathcal{T}_{BB}^{ns1} = - \left(\frac{(2w-1)x_{BZ} - x_{mf} + x_{msf}}{1-w} \frac{2}{x_{BZ} - x_j} \right) \frac{F_2^N(x_{BZ})}{24},$$

$$\mathcal{T}_{BB}^{ns2} = \left[-4L(m_{MS}) - l_j - 2l_{msf} + \frac{1}{2x_j} + 2 + \frac{x_j}{2} \right. \\ \left. + \left(\frac{(2w-1)x_j - x_{mf} + x_{msf}}{1-w} \frac{2}{x_{BZ} - x_j} \right) \right] \frac{F_2^N(x_j)}{24} + \frac{-1 - x_j}{16x_j}.$$

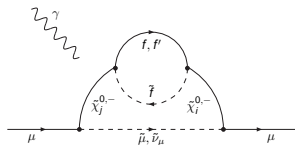
Computation of counterterms

- at $\chi^{0,\pm}$ propagator
cancel 2L divergences
insertions to $\delta\mu, \delta M_{1,2}, \delta Z_\chi, \dots$
from $f\tilde{f}$ -loops
- at muon vertex
no corresponding 2L diagrams \Rightarrow finite
insertions to $\delta g_{1,2}, \delta y_\mu, \delta S_W, \dots$
from f or \tilde{f} -loops



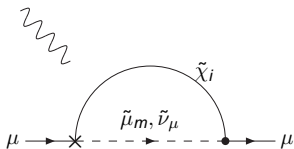
Result contains large logs, $\Delta\rho$

1



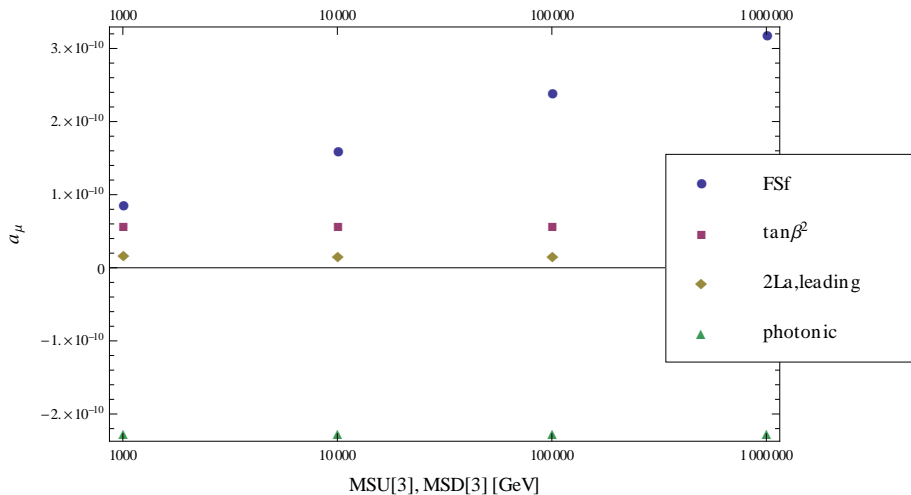
$$\rightarrow a_{\mu}^{1L} \times \log(m_{\tilde{f}})$$

2

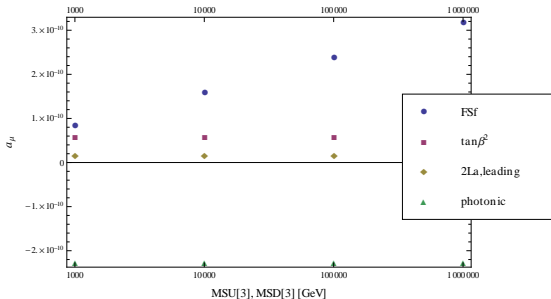


$$\rightarrow a_{\mu}^{1L} \times \Delta\rho$$

Large contributions from heavy squarks



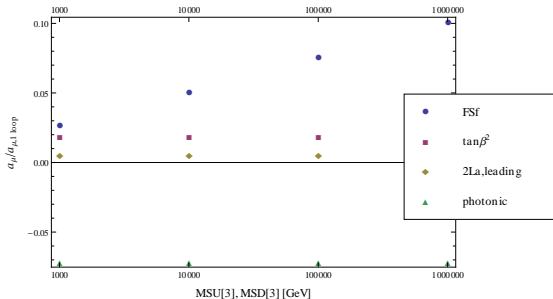
Large contributions from heavy squarks



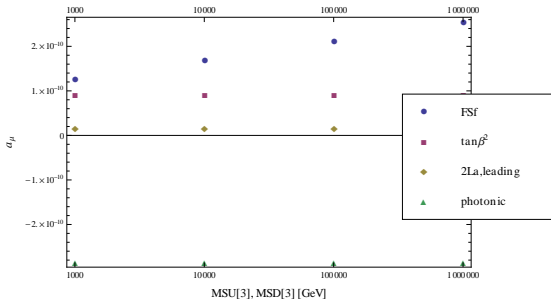
SPS1a + heavy squarks

competes with photonic,
 $\tan^2 \beta$ -corrections,

can be largest 2L
contribution $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$
(for very heavy squarks)



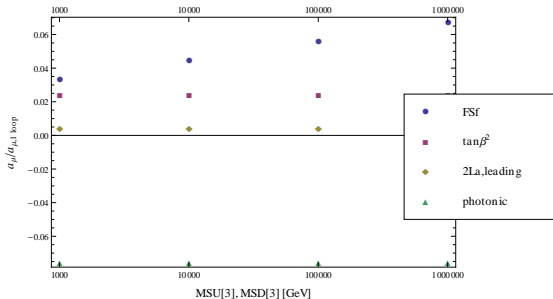
Large contributions from heavy squarks



Point 4 from

[Endo,Hamaguchi,Iwamoto,Yoshinaga '13]

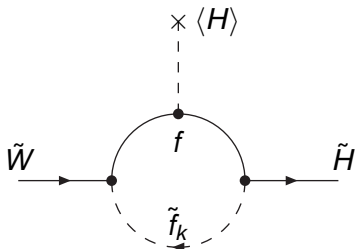
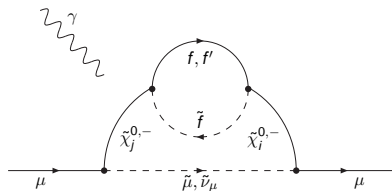
(large μ ; $M_2 = M_L = 300$)
+ heavy squarks



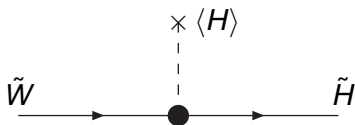
competes with photonic,
 $\tan^2 \beta$ -corrections,

can be largest 2L
contribution $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$
(for very heavy squarks)

Where do these logs come from?

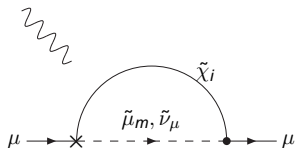


↓ decoupling



renormalizable but non-SUSY term in EFT

Contributions involving $\Delta\rho$

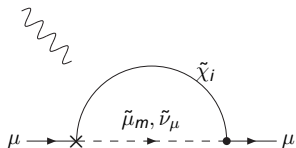


$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \mathbf{a}_\mu^{1L} \times \left(\dots + \frac{\delta(e^2/s_W^2)}{e^2/s_W^2} \right) \\
 &= \mathbf{a}_\mu^{1L} \times \left(\Delta\alpha - \frac{c_W^2}{s_W^2} \Delta\rho + \dots \right)_{f, \tilde{f}\text{-loops}}
 \end{aligned}$$

One-loop ambiguity

Fixed by full $2L\tilde{f}\tilde{f}$ calculation

Contributions involving $\Delta\rho$



$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \mathbf{a}_\mu^{\text{1L}} \times \left(\dots + \frac{\delta(e^2/s_W^2)}{e^2/s_W^2} \right) \\
 &= \mathbf{a}_\mu^{\text{1L}} \times \left(\Delta\alpha - \frac{c_W^2}{s_W^2} \Delta\rho + \dots \right)_{f, \tilde{f}\text{-loops}}
 \end{aligned}$$

One-loop ambiguity

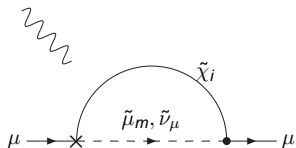
Fixed by full $2L\tilde{f}\tilde{f}$ calculation

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{a}_\mu^{\text{1L}} &= \alpha(0) \dots = 29.4 \\
 \mathbf{a}_\mu^{\text{1L}} &= \alpha(M_Z) \dots = 31.6 \\
 \mathbf{a}_\mu^{\text{1L}} &= \alpha(G_F) \dots = 30.5
 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

differ by $\Delta\alpha, \Delta\rho$: $2L\tilde{f}\tilde{f}$ -terms

(for SPS1a, unit: 10^{-10})

Contributions involving $\Delta\rho$



$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \mathbf{a}_\mu^{\text{1L}} \times \left(\dots + \frac{\delta(e^2/s_W^2)}{e^2/s_W^2} \right) \\
 &= \mathbf{a}_\mu^{\text{1L}} \times \left(\Delta\alpha - \frac{c_W^2}{s_W^2} \Delta\rho + \dots \right)_{f, \tilde{f}\text{-loops}}
 \end{aligned}$$

One-loop ambiguity

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{a}_\mu^{\text{1L}} &= \alpha(0) \dots = 29.4 \\
 \mathbf{a}_\mu^{\text{1L}} &= \alpha(M_Z) \dots = 31.6 \\
 \mathbf{a}_\mu^{\text{1L}} &= \alpha(G_F) \dots = 30.5
 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

Fixed by full $2L\tilde{f}\tilde{f}$ calculation

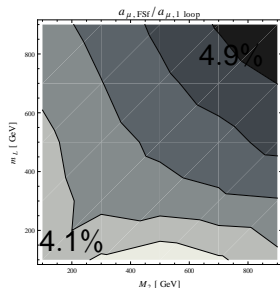
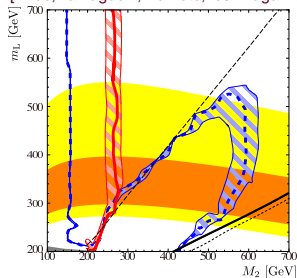
$$\mathbf{a}_\mu^{\text{1L}+2L\tilde{f}\tilde{f}} = 32.2$$

differ by $\Delta\alpha, \Delta\rho$: $2L\tilde{f}\tilde{f}$ -terms

(for SPS1a, unit: 10^{-10})

Further numerical examples

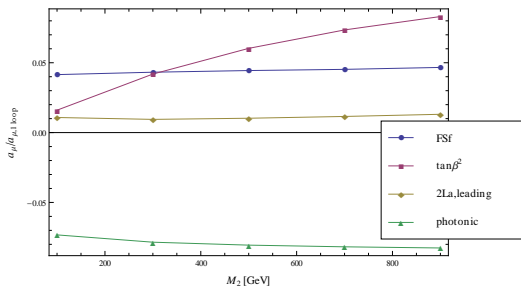
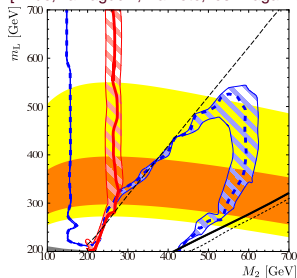
Point 4 from [Endo,Hamaguchi,Iwamoto,Yoshinaga '13]



- $2L\tilde{f}\tilde{f}$ contributions under control, two very different calculations
- decreases theory uncertainty
- numerically significant particularly for split spectra

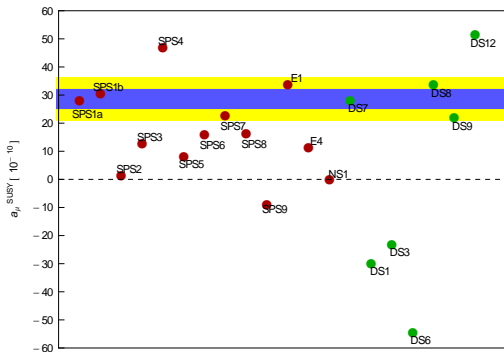
Further numerical examples

Point 4 from [Endo,Hamaguchi,Iwamoto,Yoshinaga '13]



- $2L\tilde{f}\tilde{f}$ contributions under control, two very different calculations
- decreases theory uncertainty
- numerically significant particularly for split spectra

a_μ central complement for SUSY parameter analyses

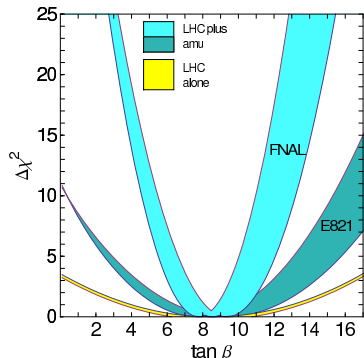


SPS benchmark points

LHC Inverse Problem (300fb^{-1})
can't be distinguished at LHC
[Sfitter: Adam, Kneur, Lafaye,
Plehn, Rauch, Zerwas '10]

- a_μ sharply distinguishes SUSY models
- breaks LHC degeneracies (before Linear Collider!)

a_μ central complement for SUSY parameter analyses



[Hertzog, Miller, de Rafael, Roberts, DS '07]

$\tan \beta = \frac{v_2}{v_1}$
central for understanding EWSB

LHC: $(\tan \beta)^{\text{LHC, masses}} = 10 \pm 4.5$ bad
[Sfitter: Lafaye, Plehn, Rauch, Zerwas '08, assume SPS1a]

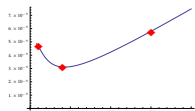
a_μ improves $\tan \beta$ considerably
Also complementary to LC!

vision: test universality of $\tan \beta$, like for $\cos \theta_W = \frac{M_W}{M_Z}$ in the SM:

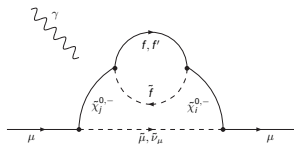
$$(t_\beta)^{a_\mu} = (t_\beta)^{\text{masses}} = (t_\beta)^H = (t_\beta)^b?$$

Summary

- a_{μ} still viable, complementary constraint on SUSY
 - ▶ motivates split scenarios



- $a_{\mu}^{2L f \tilde{f}}$ computed
 - ▶ first full calculation of a_{μ}^{SUSY} 2L 5-scale diagrams
 - ▶ elegant results



- New contributions are relevant particularly for heavy squarks
 - ▶ fix 1L ambiguity $\alpha(0) \leftrightarrow \alpha(M_Z) \leftrightarrow \alpha(G_F)$
 - ▶ $\log(m_{\tilde{f}})$ -enhanced
 - ▶ up to $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$

