

Requirements for LLRF Control

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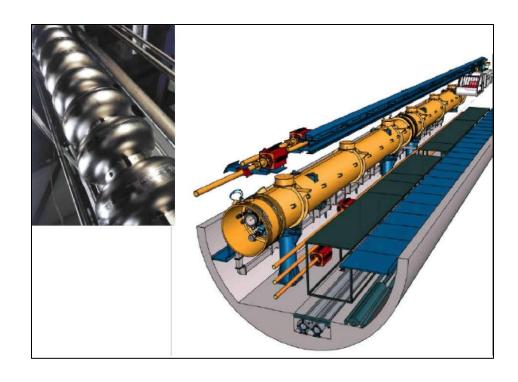
Requirements for ILC

- CM energy: 500 GeV. Range 200-500 GeV. Upgradable to 1 TeV
- Luminosity and reliability of the machine should allow L_{eq} = 500 fb⁻¹ during first four years
- Energy scans between 200 GeV and 500 GeV.
 Energy change should take less than 10% of data taking time
- Beam energy stability <u>and</u> precision should be below the tenth of percent level



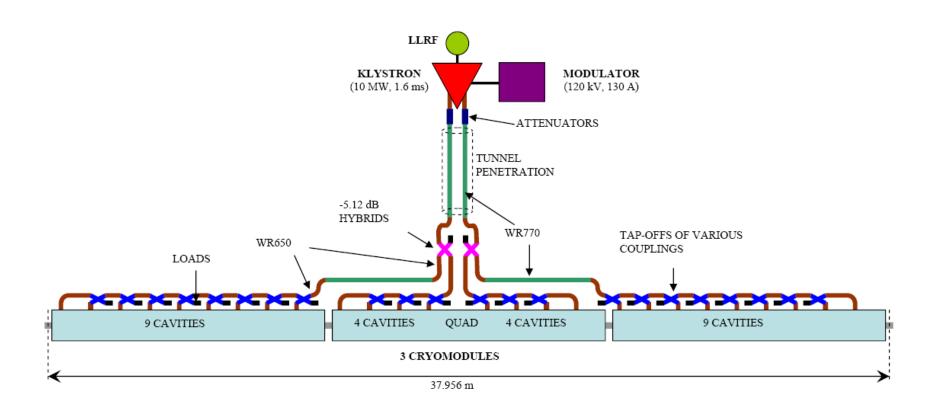
RF Systems for ILC

- e- and e+ source
- Injectors
- Damping Rings
- Main Linacs
- Crab cavities at IP



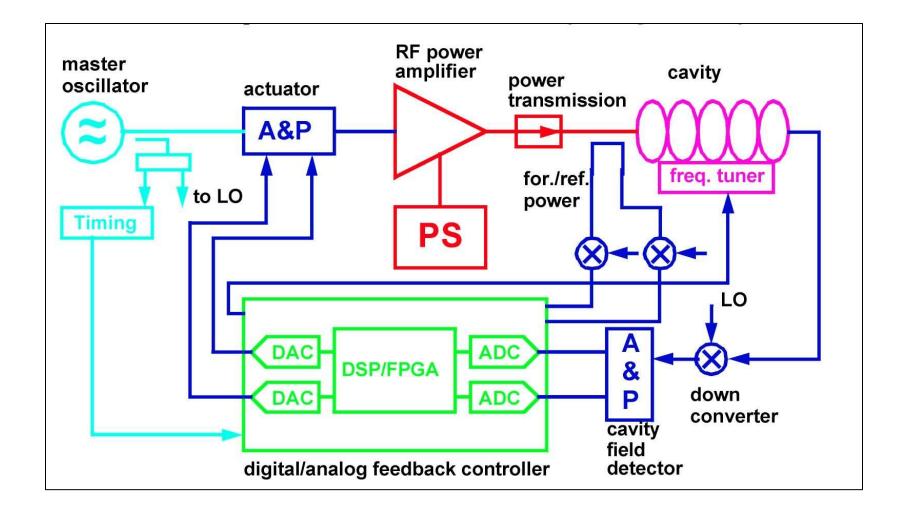


RF Station at Main Linac





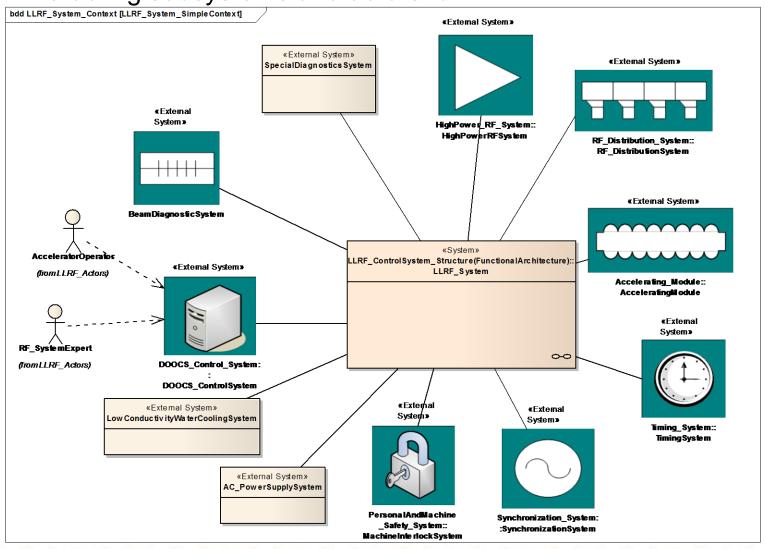
RF System Architecture





LLRF System Context

Interacting subsystems and actors to LLRF





Scope of Main Linac RF

total number of klystrons / cavities per linac	~ 280/ 7,280
per rf station (klystron):	
# cavities / 10 MW klystron	~ 26
# of precision vector receivers (probe, forward, reflected power, reference line, beam)	~78
# piezo actuator drivers / motor tuners	~ 26/26
# waveguide tuner motor controllers	~ 26
# vector-modulators for klystron drive	1
Total # of meas. /control channels per linac	~22,000 / ~22,000



LLRF System Requirements Overview

- Maintain Phase and Amplitude of the accelerating field within given tolerances
 - up to 0.07% for amplitude and 0.24 deg. for phase
- Minimize Power needed for control
- RF system must be reproducible, reliable, operable, and well understood.
- Other performance goals
 - build-in diagnostics for calibration of gradient and phase, cavity detuning, etc.
 - provide exception handling capabilities
 - meet performance goals over wide range of operating parameters

LLRF System Requirements – Field Stability

- Derived from beam properties
 - energy spread
 - Emittance
 - bunch length (bunch compressor)
 - arrival time
- Different accelerators have different requirements on field stability (approximate RMS requirements)
 - 1% for amplitude and 1 deg. for phase (example: SNS)
 - 0.1% for amplitude and 0.1deg.for phase (linear collider)
 - up to 0.01% for amplitude and 0.01 deg. for phase (XFEL)
- Note: Distinguish between correlated and uncorrelated errors



Field Stability Requirements for Main Linac

TABLE 3.9-1

Summary of tolerances for phase and amplitude control. These tolerances limit the average luminosity loss to <2% and limit the increase in RMS center-of-mass energy spread to <10% of the nominal energy spread.

Location	Phase (degree)		Amplitude (%)		limitation
	correlated	uncorr.	correlated	uncorr.	
Bunch Compressor	0.24	0.48	0.5	1.6	timing stability at IP
					(luminosity)
Main Linac	0.35	5.6	0.07	1.05	energy stability $\leq 0.1\%$

- Field stability requirements (@ ML and BC) are < 0.24deg. for phase and 0.07% for amplitude
- In order to satisfy these requirements, feedback (FB) with proper feed forward (FF) control will be carried out.



Functional Requirements

- Measurements
 - Signals
 - Conditions
 - Components characterization
- Control actions
- Diagnostics
- Generate events
- Exception detection and handling
- Automation (of operational procedures)
- •



Non-Functional Requirements

Reliability

- not more than 1 LLRF system failure / week
- minimize LLRF induced accelerator downtime
- Redundancy of LLRF components
- **–** ...

Operability

- "One Button" operation (State Machine)
- Momentum Management system
- Automated calibration of vector-sum
- **–** ...

Reproducibility

- Restore beam parameters after shutdown or interlock trip
- Recover LLRF state after maintenance work
- ...



Non-Functional Requirements (C'tnd)

Maintainability

- Remote diagnostics of subsystem failure
- "Hot Swap" Capability
- Accessible Hardware
- ...

Well Understood

- Performance limitations of LLRF fully modelled
- No unexpected "features"
- ...

Meet (technical) performance goals

- Maintain accelerating fields defined as vector-sum of 26 cavities within given tolerances
- Minimize peak power requirements
- **–** ...



Summary

In this part, we have learnt:

- The basic ILC requirements
- The RF system architecture and LLRF context
- LLRF functional and non-functional requirements



Reference

- [1] ILC_RDR_Volume_3 Accelerator
- [2] The ISO/IEC 9126 Standard for the evaluation of software quality
- [3] Tim Weilkiens. Systems Engineering With SysML/UML:

Modeling, Analysis, Design. Elsevier Science & Technology Books, 2008