Scintillation ECAL R&D Status

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Scintillator ECAL: Institutes



- Strip unit
- MPPC
- EBU



- Strip unit
- EBU



- MPPC
- Simulation



Simulation







• Hybrid



Scintillator ECAL in a Nutshell

- Based on scintillator strips readout by SiPM (MPPC)
- Virtual segmentation (~5×5mm²) with strips in x-y configuration
- Reduced number of readout channels : $10^8 \rightarrow 10^7$
- Reconstruction with Strip Splitting Algorithm (SSA)
- Performance comparable to pure 5×5mm² pixel
- Timing resolution < **1ns**
- Low cost







ScECAL R&D: Brief History

Physics Prototype

- Scintillator strip (45×10×3mm) readout by WLS fibre+MPPC
- Demonstrated good performance (energy resolution and linearity) using 2-32GeV electron at Fermilab





Technological Prototype

- Scintillator strip (45×5×2mm) readout by MPPC
- Strips are assembled on PCB with integrated readout electronics ("EBU")





Test Beam at DESY in 2012/2013

- Technological prototype tested at DESY test beam
- Two EBU layers in x-y configuration
 - 144 strips/EBU readout by 4 ASICs (SPIROC2b)
 - Bias control for individual channels
 - TDC
 - Power-pulsing capability (not yet demonstrated)

Pseudo-shower generated in W-absorber





Combined measurement with ECAL and AHCAL



"Scintillator ECAL R&D Status", W. Ootani

Previous

Improved

1600pixel





2500pixe





N/A 10000pixel 👖

Scintillation



Photosensor

- Requirements for ScECAL photosensor
 - Compact
 - High gain/PDE
 - Low dark count rate
 - Wide dynamic range to cover up to BhaBha event ($\leq \sim 30$ k p.e.)
 - I ow cost
- Current best candidate: **Hamamatsu MPPC** (active area: 1×1mm)
- Recent progress for Hamamatsu MPPC
 - Lower dark count rate <100kHz/mm²
 - Lower after-pulse rate
 - Improved active area coverage by using metal quench resistor
 - Lower cross-talk rate (not yet applied to 10k-pix MPPC)
- 10k-pix MPPC is now being tested.
 - Showed much wider dynamic range
 - Drawback: lower gain/PDE



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120

100

80

60

40

20



Scintillator strip

Baseline design

Strip-MPPC Unit Design

• Further optimisation of design of scintillator strip-MPPC unit

- Bottom-side readout at wedge-shaped strip end
- Yet another design











Bottom-side MPPC Readout

Bottom-side readout with wedge-shaped strip end

- No dead area due to MPPC package
- Reasonably high light yield
- Good uniformity
- Readout by surface-mount MPPC embedded in PCB



Charged particle





Scintillation Photon Simulation

- A Geant4-based simulation tool for scintillation photon tracking in strip unit is under development for optimisation study.
- Parameters to be tuned
 - Light yield
 - Attenuation length
 - Reflection model at surface
 - . . .
- Optimal parameters roughly reproduces the measurement.



			Iniformit	alifuse · 10%
		# of p.e.(PDE:0.3)		Simulation result
				asymmetric wedge2 5mm (MPPC:0.5mm)
wedge		24(MPPC position:1.0mm)	good	40 wedge size:5mm
tapered wedge		27(MPPC position:1.5mm)	good	
single_side tapered		25(MPPC position:1.5mm)	not good	
single_side tapered2	1:1: Tra	33(MPPC position:0.5mm)	very good	T. Tsuzuki



CERN Test Beam 2014

• Joint test beam experiment of AHCAL and ScECAL at CERN PS

- 1st period: 8-22 Oct. 2014
 - EUDET steel stack
- 2nd period: 26 Nov. 8 Dec. 2014
 - Tungsten stack
- Purpose from ScECAL viewpoint
 - Shower start finder for AHCAL layers
 - Test three EBU layers incl. two new ones.
 - $2 \times$ standard strip-MPPC unit + $1 \times$ bottom-side readout
 - Test 10k pix MPPC
 - Test some mass-production conscious assembly procedures







CERN Test Beam 2014

Configuration of EBU/HBU layers





2nd/3rd EBU

- EBU with baseline readout method
 MPPC
 - 2nd EBU: 1.6k-pix + 10k-pix
 - 3rd EBU: 1.6k-pix
 - 1.6k-pix: S10362-11-025p
 - 10k-pix: S12571-010p
- Scintillator: Kuraray SCSN38 (2mm thick)
- Reflector: Kimoto Ref-white
- Light yield: ~15 p.e. (Sr-90)

Baseline design (side view)

Longitudinal EBU, 2nd layer EBU + MPPC + Scintillator 18cm Transverse EBU, 3rd layer **MPPCs** MPPC

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1st EBU



- EBU with bottom-side readout method
- MPPC: 10k-pix (S12571-010p)
- Scintillator: Eljen EJ-204 (1.8mm thick)
- Reflector: 3M ESR
- Secondary PCB where surface-mount MPPC is embedded.
 - Temporary solution just to use existing EBU
 - MPPC will be embedded directly into EBU in the real detector.
- Light yield: ~11p.e. (Sr-90)



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Realistic Simulation

• Realistic simulation of ScECAL for reliable performance study

- N.B. only energy deposit in DBD study
- Response parameters still to be optimised.
- Effect on the performance is being evaluated.

Response of scintillator strip to muon (LY=7 p.e./MIP)





Mass Production Model

Mass production model is now under study including estimates of

- Schedule
- Cost
- Manpower





Summary and Perspectives

- R&D on scintillator-based ECAL is in progress.
- Further optimisation studies are ongoing.
 - New10k-pix MPPC was successfully tested and showed a much wider dynamic range.
 - New designs of strip-MPPC unit are under study.
 - Plan to test new EBUs in CERN TB in autumn 2014 (joint exp. with AHCAL)
- Simulation with more realistic detector response
- Mass production model is under study.
- We are now shifting to R&D to be ready for construction.

2 - 32 GeV electron (at Fermilab)



Energy resolution (σ_{E}/E) = (12.9±0.4/ $\sqrt{E} \oplus 1.2^{+0.4}$ -1.2)%

Max deviation from linear < 2%



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